

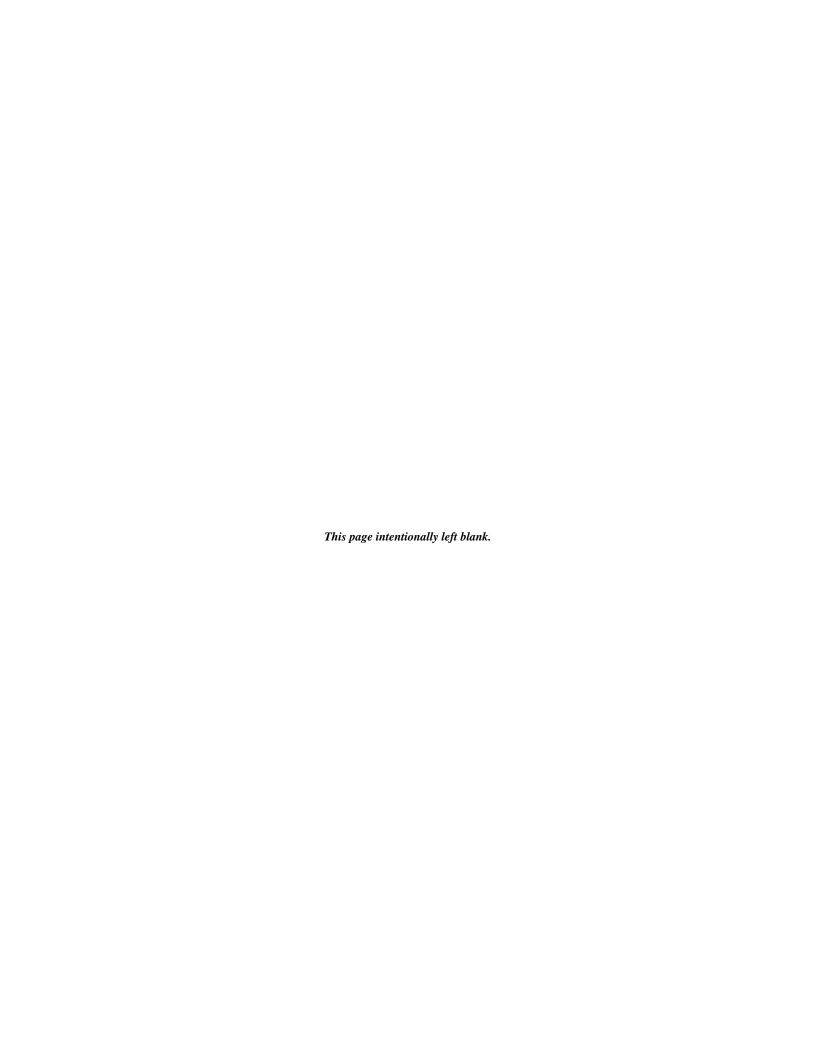








ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

CITY OF TRACY, CALIFORNIA

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department

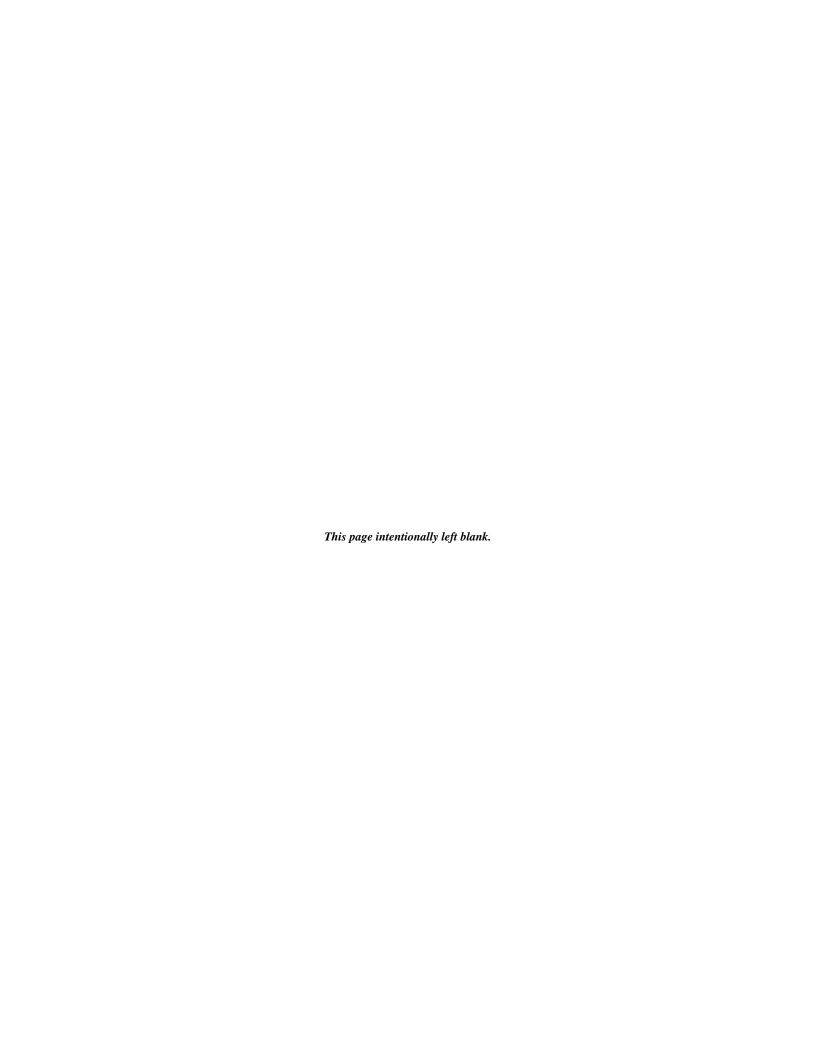
KARIN SCHNAIDER
Finance Director

SARA COWELL Accounting Manager

ROBERT HARMON, CPA Senior Accountant

> FELICIA GALINDO Budget Officer

GUADALUPE PENA
Senior Accountant



Introductory Section



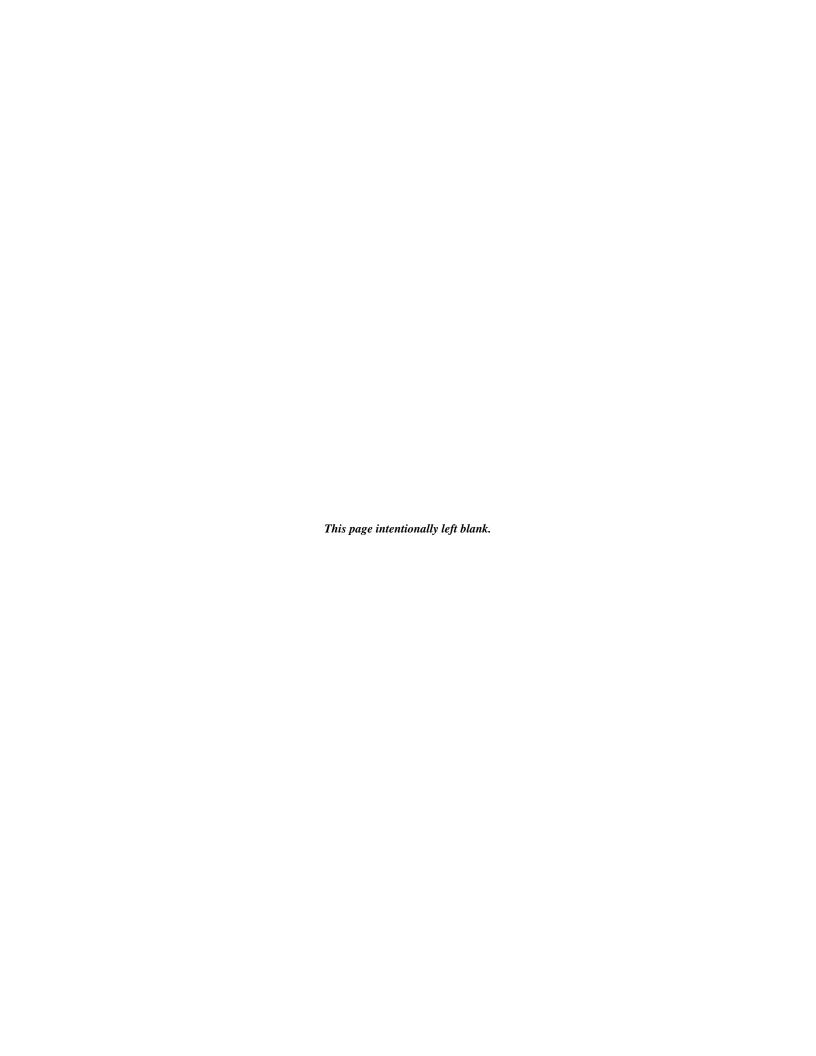


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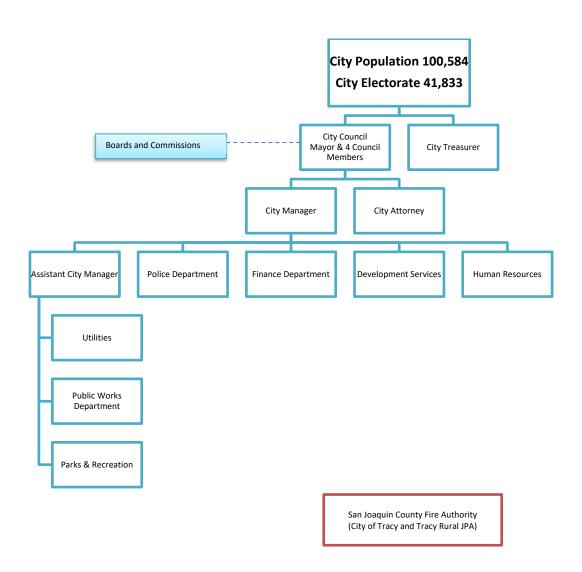
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CITY OF TRACY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

FISCAL YEAR 2021-2022



CITY OF TRACY, CALIFORNIA

COUNCIL – MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT

June 30, 2022

CITY COUNCIL

NANCY YOUNG

Mayor

VERONICA VARGAS

Mayor Pro Tem

DAN ARRIOLA

Council Member

ELEASSIA DAVIS

Council Member

MATT BEDOLLA

Council Member

OTHER ELECTED OFFICIAL

RAYMOND MCCRAY

City Treasurer

CITY OF TRACY, CALIFORNIA

EXECUTIVE TEAM

MICHAEL ROGERS

City Manager

MIDORI LICHTWARDT

Assistant City Manager

BIJAL M. PATEL

City Attorney

KRIS BALAJI

Director of Development Services

KARIN SCHNAIDER

Director of Finance

SEKOU MILLINGTON

Chief of Police

KIMBERLY MURDAUGH

Director of Human Resources

DONALD SCHOLL

Director of Public Works

BRIAN MACDONALD

Director of Parks & Recreation

KULDEEP SHARMA

Director of Utilities



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tracy California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



City of Tracy 333 Civic Center Plaza Tracy, CA 95376

CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE

MAIN 209.831.6000 FAX 209.830.6120 www.cityoftracy.org

February 27, 2023

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members Citizens of the City of Tracy:

We are pleased to present the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report fulfills that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report; based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The data in this report is presented in a manner that is designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City of Tracy (the City). It contains the disclosures necessary to promote in-depth understanding of the City's financial affairs and evaluate its financial condition. The City annually publishes a complete set of financial statements, presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited by an independent, certified public accounting firm.

The City's financial statements have been audited by The Pun Group, Accountants & Advisors of San Diego, Ca. The independent auditors concluded, based on their audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion; the City's financial statements for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is the first item presented in the financial section of this report.

In addition to the financial audit, each year the City is required to undergo an audit of federal grant expenditures. That report is commonly referred to as a Single Audit report and is issued as a separate document and is not included herein. The Single Audit report includes the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Findings and Recommendations, and an auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

GAAP and Management require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements entitled, "Management Discussion & Analysis" (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A, which can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the financial section of the ACFR.

Profile of the Government: Tracy is located on the western edge of the Central Valley in San Joaquin County. The City is 60 miles east of San Francisco and 70 miles south of Sacramento. The City is situated within a triangle formed by three interstate freeways: I-5, I-205 and I-580.

Tracy was founded in 1878 as a railroad center and was incorporated as a city in 1910. For many decades, it served both as a railroad center and farm market town. After World War II, the US Army opened and continues to operate a defense supply center, which shifted transportation of goods and people from railway to highways as the interstate system was developed. By 1960, the City's employment base included a few food-processing plants and small-related manufacturing operations. Over the decades, the City saw growth that has reflected the progression of suburban areas in the Bay Area; with large expansion in the 1980's, 2000's and now again as the housing markets have rebounded after the Great Recession. The City's economy has diversified into local and international manufacturing, commercial and distribution centers.

The City's proximity to three major highway systems has promoted the City's motto of "Think Inside the Triangle" where Interstate 5, 580, and 205 create a triangle of transportation around the city's sphere of influence.



Situated as the first major city east of the Altamont Pass, Tracy is considered an outer suburb of the Bay Area. It is the second largest City in San Joaquin County, and although the Stockton-Lodi Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) does not directly border San Francisco, it has now been added to the San Jose – San Francisco – Oakland Combine Statistical Area (CSA) due to being economically connected to the other nine counties in the region. The population and size of Tracy has increased from 18,428 and 7.0 square miles in 1980 to over 95,000 and 29.1 square miles in 2022. The San Joaquin Council of Governments (SJCOG) forecasts that Tracy's population is anticipated to grow to nearly 130,000-150,000 by 2040. The SJCOG population projections are based on the growth projections developed by the Eberhardt School of Business at University of the Pacific (UOP) in collaboration with SJCOG.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a Mayor and a four-member Council. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for

overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the government's departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms, with two Council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected every two years.

Economic Conditions and Outlook: Despite national worries about economic uncertainty, inflation, and rising energy prices, Tracy continues to thrive with a rapidly growing economy and robust development activity. In 2021, the City of Tracy experienced unparalleled growth in residential and industrial development, fueled by housing demands and growth in e-commerce and logistics. For example, Prologis is completing its 800,000 – square foot state of the art e-commerce facility called Big Bird. With Amazon as the tenant, the building reflects cutting edge supply chain technology, robotics, and design features. The City's International Park of Commerce (IPC), an 1,800-acre master planned business park and regional hub of economic activity, is more than half built out. As the largest asset in Prologis' global portfolio and one of the largest business parks across the Country, it is home to Amazon, Crate and Barrel, FedEx, Medline, Smuckers, Thermo Fisher Scientific and Zinus. New businesses added in 2021 include Ghirardelli and Home Depot. Also under development is a retail/hotel site adjacent to the IPC area that will generate additional tax dollars to support City services. The City's Sales Tax revenues growth are reflective of the investment in e-commerce businesses.

Tracy's economy is diverse with over 3,000 businesses. In addition to many supply chain and ecommerce businesses in its business parks, over half of the businesses are considered small businesses, which are the backbone of our community. The City of Tracy has been fortunate to experience a high number of new businesses since the beginning of the pandemic, which is reflective of our local entrepreneurial spirit and desire to invest in our community. The City also implemented the Retail Incentive Program, designed to encourage the private sector to invest in Tracy. As a result, Tracy's employment reached a record level of 43,900 by April 2022, while the unemployment rate was at a historic low of 3.1%, below that of the Country and state.

Tracy's growth is attributed to its strategic location at the gateway to the Tri-Valley portion of the Bay Area. Residents tend to work in the Livermore Valley, East Bay, and San Jose, but relocate to Tracy for the wide range of housing options, business-friendly environment, and high quality of life. The transit linkage to the Tri-Valley and the Silicon Valley with the ACE line and future Valley Link plan, combined with investment into historic downtown have allowed the City to emerge as a great place to live, work, and play.

Tracy's premier location and welcoming, business friendly climate has also generated interest from "green" technologies to locate and grow their cutting-edge businesses. These include carbon capture technologies, desalinization plants, green energy power plants, hydrogen fuel suppliers, EV technology companies, and more.

As with the rest of the economy, the City has experienced labor shortages with most of its industries. The City has partnered with multiple training agencies that target the needs of the hardest hit and most in demand occupations. These no-cost agencies/programs include WorkVine209, San Joaquin County WDB, Codestack Academy, Bay Valley Tech, Delta College High School Apprenticeship Program, Volt Institute, and Community Workforce Initiative (CWI) funded by Prologis.

The City also is engaged with regional partners that are focused on many Pro-Business Initiatives to assist our businesses. These groups include iHub San Joaquin, San Joaquin Partnership, Northern San Joaquin Valley CERF initiative, and Team California.

Over the last two fiscal years, the City received approximately \$15 million in stimulus from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The funds have provided services to the community with the construction of a temporary emergency housing facility, reconstruction of City streets, and aided residents and local business in their fiscal recovery from the pandemic.

General Fund Fiscal Highlights: New housing units being added to the assessor's roll, coupled with commercial developments in the community, and higher property values, have led to a steady increase in local property tax revenues. Developments in the community, in conjunction with increased consumer confidence and a strong labor market, have all contributed to the strengthening of the General Fund. Property Tax revenue increased in FY 2021-22 over FY 2020-21 by \$1.5 million, approximately 5%. While the housing market has begun to slow, Tracy continues to see residential and commercial growth. The City estimates property tax will continue to grow another 3% annually over the next 3-5 years.

In addition to the growth in commercial and residential, the City Council and voters passed in November 2016 an additional ½ cent local sales tax (known as Measure V) that has a twenty-year sunset (expires April 2037). In fiscal year 2021-22, the Measure V tax proceeds received and recorded were \$13.8 million. It should be noted that California Department of Tax and Fee Administration (CDTFA) is currently auditing one of the City's reported tax collectors, which may result in the City having to refund some Measure V Sales Tax revenue that was potentially errantly reported by the retailer. The City anticipates a resolution to the audit in FY2025-26. Staff will monitor and continue to update the City Council as the audit progresses.

Over the last five years, the City Council has adopted several resolutions, which prioritized Measure V Sales Tax to fund four amenities located in the City: The Aquatic Center, Multigenerational Recreation Center, Legacy Fields Sports Complex, and the Nature Park.

Below are the City Council's priorities (in no particular order) and the projected timelines of the projects, based on a hybrid of debt and pay-as-you-go funding.

Measure V Funded City Amenities

Project	Measure V Budget	Accumulated Fund Balance as of June 30, 2022	Pay-Go Funding Timeline*
Aquatic Center	\$55M	\$41.3M	2019-2026
Multi-Gen Rec Center- Phase 1	\$31M	\$3.1M	2019-2023
Legacy Fields- Phase 1E	\$21M	Debt finance	2022 (debt is fifteen-year term)
Nature Park	\$1M	\$0	After 2030
Operations & Maintenance	\$40M	\$0	2019-2037

Note: Timelines may shift based on future Council direction regarding pay-go projects. Projects may have multiple phases and/or funding during timeline.

Shortly after the adoption of the FY 2021-22 operating and capital budget, the City received the January-March 2021 Sales tax disbursement from the State of California Department of Tax Franchise Administration (CDTFA), which resulted in a significant change in the City's estimated General Fund revenues. The result was due to a recent change in tax reporting by a predominant e-commerce business located within Tracy. This reporting change shifted the tax allocation directly to Tracy as the point-of-sale jurisdiction. Prior to this, the e-commerce business reported California Bradley Burns Sales Tax through the County sales tax pool where the tax was distributed pro-rata throughout the State regardless of the location of the distribution center from which the goods shipped. The change has had a significant impact on the City's General Fund revenues; nearly doubling the current Sales Tax revenues for the City. The revenues from the reporting change have grown an average of over \$4.5 million a guarter.

The City's General Fund is expected to maintain a surplus for the next three years. The City Council and staff developed a fiscal sustainability funding policy adopted with the FY2022-23 budget to fund liabilities, invest in infrastructure maintenance and new capital, and developing new or expanded programs to serve the community and businesses in Tracy.

Other Fund Fiscal Highlights: The Council has been committed to having development pay its own way. The City continues to review and update the developer impact fees throughout the City to ensure adequate infrastructure is in place to meet the demands of an ever-growing city. The Council also adopted a Citywide Services Community Facilities District, CFD 2018-1, in January of 2018. It will be superseded by Citywide Services Community Facilities District, CFD 2021-2, which provides for a broader use of funded services. Any new development of 5 or more units is expected to join or mitigate the costs associated with the Police and Public Works services demands connected to new development. The CFD taxes are set at \$70 per parcel, per year and has an inflation rate set to the Consumer Price Index; and will offset the costs associated with adding personnel to meet future population growth in the developing communities of Tracy. The City conditions new commercial development to fund street improvements and both residential and commercial to fund street and traffic light costs.

Development throughout the City has resulted in an increase in planning, engineering, and building revenues over prior year, \$5.6 million or 50%.

In addition, the City has adopted several financing infrastructure plans (FIPs) and Master Plan Impact Fees to fund the improvements for new road, expansion of utility services, and enlargement of facilities needs that are brought on by new development. The City is also in the design and construction of several roadway and highway widening projects. These projects will be paired with regional impact fees, State and Federal grants and are estimated at \$100 million over the next several years. The FY 2020-21 revenues increased approximately \$9.5 million in total for all project areas, which is a 38% increase over FY 2020-21. For more information on City impact fees and authorized projects, please see the City's website for the annual AB 1600 report.

The City received the second American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) payment in the amount of \$7.4 million in FY 2021-22. These funds have been used to provide services to the community with the construction of a temporary emergency housing facility, reconstruction of City streets, and aided residents and local business in their fiscal recovery from the pandemic.

The City of Tracy has four utilities: Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, and Storm Drain with approximately 27,000 customers depending on the service. The growth in residential and commercial development translated to a growth of 964 customers, or 3.6%. In FY 2021-22, the City applied and received grant funding in the amount of \$1.2 million from the State Water Board for water and wastewater Customer Arrearages. The funding provided bill credits to approximately 2,000 past due utility customers.

Budgetary Controls: The Tracy Municipal Code requires that the City Council adopt a budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund (i.e. General Fund, Enterprise Fund, etc.), by department (e.g. Police, Fire, etc.), and by program (i.e. Patrol Services, Traffic Enforcement, Fire Support, etc.). Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit with the approval of the City Manager. Amendments to total fund appropriations or transfers between funds, however, need approval from the City Council.

Quarterly, staff prepares a report to the City Council on the year-to-date revenues and expenditures as compared to the adopted and amended budget as part of the on-going budget monitoring process. These reports provide timely updates to the City Council on operating and capital budgets and provides the opportunity for consideration of budget augmentations.

Long-term Fiscal Planning: The City Council of Tracy remains committed to maintaining fiscal sustainability while providing high quality public safety, public works, and community development to meet its existing and future needs. In 2020, the Council adopted a two-year Strategic Priority Work plan and identified desired outcomes related to the City's social, economic, organizational, and environmental landscape. The Council adopted a governance strategy designed to retain and attract talent, enhance fiscal stability, improve the use of technology, and enhance transparency for the betterment of the community. In response, a set of strategic priorities, goals and objectives were adopted to carry out the vision of the City Council. The Council's strategic priorities, along with their goals and objectives, are the foundation for development of the budget and forecast.

The City prepares a ten-year fiscal plan annually as a tool for the Council to meet these strategic priorities and budget development. The City's fiscal strategy includes the creation of a financial forecast to evaluate current and future fiscal conditions and is to guide policy and programmatic decisions. As part of building the multi-year forecast, the City uses information based on past, current, and projected financial conditions. As part of the strategic planning and long-term forecasts, the City has developed and maintains several tools to provide analytic measurements of future fiscal impacts. First, the ten-year forecast includes two separate actuarial studies to analyze the impacts of employee retirement benefits on the City's finances over time. One is focused on the fiscal impacts of pension and one on retiree medical costs. Secondly, the City has three separate studies on revenue forecasts based on economic trends surrounding short and long-term retail and housing markets. The City overlays each of these studies into the planning documents to create a multi-faceted approach to fiscal analysis and planning.

The goal of the City's annual Operating and Capital budget is to provide a plan that allocates resources to meet the needs and desires of Tracy's residents. It balances City revenues and costs with community priorities and requirements. In preparing the FY 2021-22 Operating and Capital Budget, City staff reviewed the FY 2020-21 budget and estimated the expenditures and revenues anticipated for the next year, FY 2021-22.

Tracy's local economy has recovered both in housing prices that bolster property tax and diversification in commercial and retail that grows and strengthens our sales tax revenue. With that being said, the economy has natural growth and contractions that are outside of the City's control. Housing prices are beginning to hold as interest rates have risen. Even with solid financial planning and long-term forecasting, not all future outcomes can be predicted. Knowing that, the City has positioned itself well by building financial reserves, adopting strong fiscal policies, and passing important revenue measures to support City services. However, even with these proactive steps, the City, like other agencies, will continue to be faced with unmet needs in an environment where resources are limited.

Creating a long-term financial forecast has helped identify future revenue and expenditure trends that may have an immediate or long-term influence on government policies, strategic goals, funding obligations, or community services. The City uses the five-year financial forecast as a management tool to best anticipate inflows and outflows of City resources in the short-term, then projects out these trends into the longer ten-year model to ensure budget sustainability. Modeling of long-term strategies also allows marginal shifts to occur over time to maintain healthy reserves while still actively improving services to the public. The forecast has become an integral part of the annual and mid-year budget process.

City Council Strategic Priorities and Major Initiatives in 2021-2023: The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report echoes our continued investment in City services to our residents and businesses, but also to those we invite to work in and/or visit the City of Tracy. There are a number of economic development efforts that have been a City focus for several years, with job creation and growth being at the forefront. This continues to be a priority for the City, including ensuring a positive working relationship with the business community, so that the City's business attraction efforts successfully bring targeted industries and retailers to our community. Tracy strives to provide services that promote a safe community for our residents, businesses, and visitors. This remains a high priority to our City Council and City Administration. The financials reflect the desired operational outcomes of each City department as they relate to the City Council's 2021-2023 Strategic Priorities Work Plan:

Economic Development

To enhance the competitiveness of the City while developing a strong and diverse economic base.

- Approved over 160 zoning/land use/development-related permits, including 33
 Development Review projects requiring Director, Commission or Council action.
- Approved 6 Cannabis Dispensary CUPs.
- Building valuation for construction work completed totaled \$1.2 million.
- Began Transit Oriented Development (TOD) Plan to develop land use planning and investment strategy to further revitalize Downtown by maximizing zoning opportunities on vacant lands, identifying greater connectivity options for access to Downtown and planning for successful integration of transit (including possible train station) into the Downtown fabric.
- Completed one Specific Plan Amendment (SPA) for Tracy Hills Phase 2.
- Secured funding for a downtown parklet program for continued outside dining opportunities in downtown.

Public Safety

To enhance community safety by promoting a responsive public safety system that includes civic engagement and partnerships, community involvement, public education and prevention, intervention, and suppression services that meet the needs of our community, inclusive of businesses and residents.

- Secured capital funding and began constructing the City's Temporary Emergency Housing Facility Project
- Coordinated the transition of personnel from the City of Tracy to SSJCFA effective January 2, 2022
- Upgraded interview rooms to compliment single platform of evidence collection to evidence.com that is compatible with body worn cameras and cars
- Awarded \$213,000 for Familiar Faces grant to provide funding for an ADA transport van, equipment, training and a consultant to develop the program for cost effective alternatives to police response and expand the City's reach and sustainability related to vulnerable populations within our community
- Awarded \$255,000 from Byrne Discretionary Grant to implement and fund a robust License Plate Reader (LPR) program that includes 46 license plate readers within the City to aid in improving our capacity to identify leads, solve criminal cases, reduce crime and effectively plan, manage and allocate response and investigative resources
- Installed Cradlepoint wireless routers and upgraded patrol vehicle in-car cameras to Axon
 Fleet 3 system to include license plate readers
- Seized 3,057 marijuana plants, 6,392 lbs. of marijuana for sale, 998 grams of methamphetamine, and \$278,343 in cash

Quality of Life

To provide an outstanding quality of life by enhancing the City's amenities, business mix and services, and cultivating connections to promote a positive change and progress in our community.

- Completed 39,216 building-related inspections; processed 4,515 building permits and issued 3,927 building permits; generated \$11 million in permit review revenue.
- Engaged in legislative advocacy efforts that support the City's fiscal foundation and quality of life.
- Accepted Park 1, Park 2, and Park 3 of Tracy Hills Phase 1A development adding approximately 11 acres of parkland.
- Completed construction of \$130,000 sidewalk, curb/gutter repairs for various streets.
- Awarded \$495,584 in CDBG funding to local non-profits and \$180,173 in HOME funding to support the Tracy Affordable Senior Housing Project.

- Completed construction of Alden and Yasui Park playgrounds.
- Opened a new disc golf course at Dr. Powers Park
- Received a \$5M grant from California Senator Susan Talamantes-Eggman's office that will be applied to the design and construction of the Multi-Generational Recreation Center.
- Awarded construction contract for the Legacy Fields Sports Complex Phase 1E improvements, which include paving all parking lots and renovating 5 baseball fields with added stadium lighting.
- Completed construction on the Legacy Fields Pump Station Improvements.
- Completed the Lolly Hansen Senior Center renovations and reopened to the public
- Following a COVID-19 pause, the community events team hosted 5 block parties averaging 1,00 people per event.
- Completion of the painting all City school yellow crosswalks.
- Replacement of 2,400 water meters across the City.
- Began design work of the Tracy Hills Phase 5 Water Pump Station; continued the connection of the Outfall Effluent Pipeline Project and the rehabilitation of the Lewis Manor Well #5.

Governance

To retain and attract new talent, enhance fiscal sustainability, improve the use of technology, and enhance transparency for the betterment of the Tracy community.

- Assisted with the completion of a rate study for wastewater funds to maintain operations, debt, capital, and reserve levels to maintain the sustainability of these utilities.
- Monitored, applied for, and was awarded over a \$15 million in Federal grants across all City departments in FY2022.
- Increased the number of electronic transaction options for customers, now including credit card auto pay for utilities and AR.
- Hired 99 new employees and promoted 52 City of Tracy employees in calendar year 2022
- Partnered with the State to participate in the Low-Income Household Water Assistance Program (LIHWAP), to provide funding resources to assist residents in paying their utility bills.
- Completed the roll-out of the new City website content management system.
- Completed the National Community Survey and presented results to Council.

GASB 54: The City is required to produce its financial statements in conformity with GASB 54. This GASB requirement concerns mainly the designation of fund balance into use categories. In addition, Statement 54 clarifies how rainy-day amounts are reported by treating stabilization arrangements as a specified purpose. Consequently, amounts constrained to stabilization must be reported as "committed" or "assigned" fund balance in the General Fund if they meet the other criteria for those classifications. In October 2014, the City Council adopted a stabilization policy and created three stabilization reserves and revised the policy in June 2020. Please refer to Note # 9 for more information.

Summary of the General Fund Reserves as of June 30, 2022

Restricted	Fire Medical Leave Bank	\$ 813,680
	Medical Leave Bank	2,361,297
Committed	17% Reserve (Emergency)	14,505,000
Assigned	13% Reserve (Economic Stability)	11,092,059
	Prior Year Re-Appropriations	320,865
	Animal Control Trust	22,193
Unassigned		7,761,601
		36,876,695

GASB 68 & 71: These accounting standards deal with reporting of pension liabilities. These statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. These standards were designed to improve and provide transparency to the accounting and financial reporting for state and local government defined benefit pension plans and to bring governmental employer accounting and reporting standards closer in line with private sector requirements. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71 in FY 2014-15.

Prior to FY 2014-15, information on the pension liabilities were disclosed in the note disclosure and required supplementary information sections of the ACFR. With the implementation of GASB 68, the net pension liability is reported on the face of the Statement of Net Position, effectively reducing an entity's overall net position. Thus, GASB 68 changed the accounting and financial reporting requirements of pension obligations by reporting pension obligations not only on the note disclosure and required supplementary information sections but also on the face of the basic financial statements. GASB 68 affected the reporting and accounting "presentation" of the City's pension liability; however, it is not a new liability and the City has been disclosing and is profoundly aware of this liability.

GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions: The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for post-employment benefits other than pensions (other post-employment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all post-employment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaced the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 75, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, established new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement established standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB are also addressed.

In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. This Statement also addresses certain circumstances in which a non-employer entity provides financial support for OPEB of employees of another entity. The City implemented GASB 75 in FY 2017-18.

Gann Limit vs. Appropriations Subject to Limit: Proposition 4, the "Gann Initiative," was passed by California voters in 1978, and is intended to limit government appropriations. The appropriations limit is calculated each year based upon fiscal year 1978-79 appropriations, which is modified by the composite consumer price index and population changes that have occurred in subsequent years. The City's appropriations limit and the estimated appropriations subject to the limit for the FY 2021-22 amounted to \$79,082,780 million and \$64,289,152 million respectively. City appropriations subject to the limit have consistently remained far below the appropriation limits and are not expected to deviate from this trend in the foreseeable future.

Awards and Acknowledgements: The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Tracy for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the 34th consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

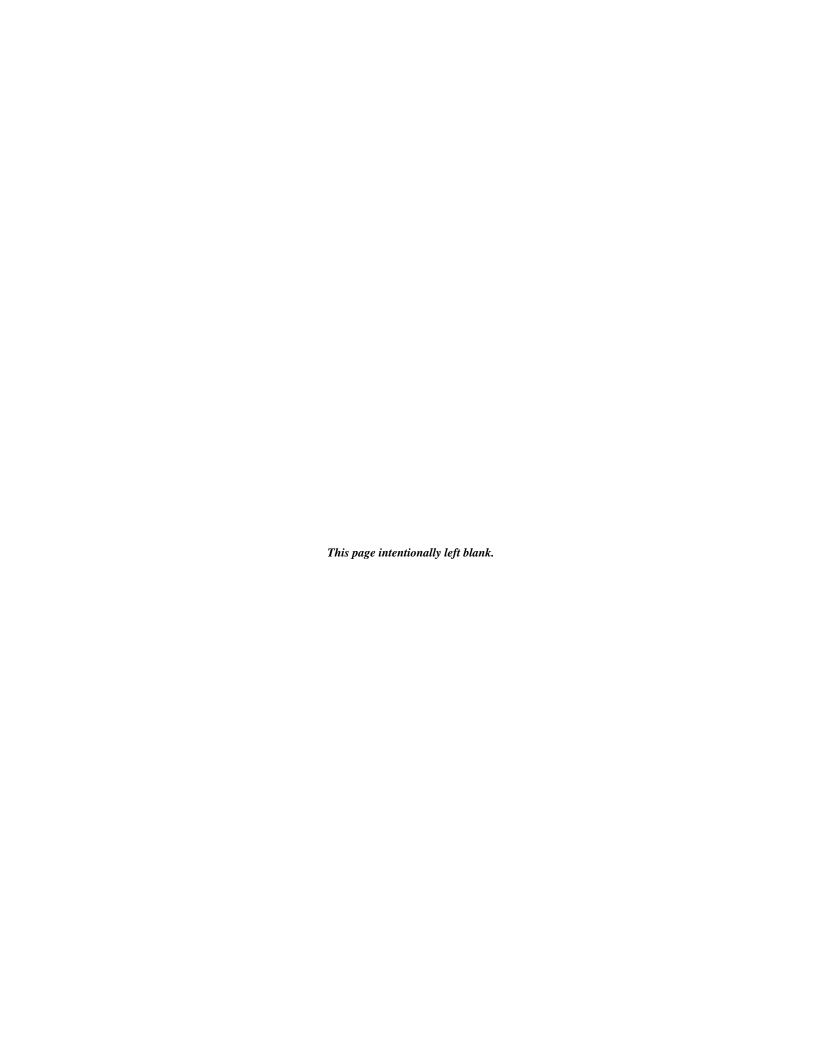
The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire Finance Department staff. Each member of the Department has my appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. We would also like to recognize the Mayor and City Council for their guidance and support in the City's pursuit of excellence in financial reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

Docusigned by:
Michael Rogers
536BCFD4250840F...

Michael Rogers City Manager Sara Cowell

Sara Cowell
Director of Finance



Financial Section







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

2121 North California Blvd., Suite 290 Walnut Creek, California 94596



www.pungroup.cpa



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Tracy Tracy, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tracy, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the South San Joaquin County Fire Authority (the "Authority"), which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the of the aggregate discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, *Leases* during the year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.







To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Tracy Tracy, California Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Modified Approach to Reporting Street Pavement Costs, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of Contributions – Pension, and Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and Schedule of Contributions – OPEB, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Tracy Tracy, California Page 3

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2023, on our consideration of City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Walnut Creek, California

February 27, 2023

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Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis provide an overview of the City of Tracy's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This report has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). We encourage our readers to consider this information in conjunction with the information provided in the accompanying basic financial statements and notes thereto.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeds its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2021-22 fiscal year by \$1,436 million Net Position. Of this amount, \$137 million Unrestricted Net Position is designated to be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$100 million, with \$77 million attributable to governmental activities and \$23 million attributable business-type activities.
- As of June 30, 2022, the City's combined governmental funds reported fund balance of \$350.8 million, of which \$350.8 million is committed (\$14.5 million), assigned (\$91.2 million), or available (\$7.5 million) to meet the City's current and future needs.
- As of June 30, 2022, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$36.9 million of which \$-0- is designated as Non-Spendable for items such as deposits, prepaid assets, inter-fund advances, and inventory. Restricted fund balance was \$3.2 million, designated for medical leave bank. Committed fund balance was \$14.5 million, designated for Contingency/Emergency. Assigned fund balance was \$11.4 million, designated for items such as prior reappropriation and fiscal sustainability. Unassigned funds were \$7.8 million as of June 30, 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following sections:

- 1) Introductory Section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information,
- 2) Management's Discussion and Analysis,
- 3) The Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements, along with the Notes to these financial statements,
- 4) Required Supplemental Information,
- 5) Combining Statements for Non-major Governmental Funds and Internal Service Funds,
- 6) Statistical Information

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements. These two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a longer-term view of the City's activities as a whole and are presented in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are comprised of:

Statement of Net Position – Presents information on all City assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities – Presents information reflecting any change in the government's net position during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs (regardless of the timing of related cash flows). Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation and compensated time leaves).

Both of the Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, public safety, public ways and facilities/transportation, public works, and culture and leisure. These services are supported by general city revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- The City's governmental activities include not only the City of Tracy (known as the primary government), but also the activities of the Tracy Operating Partnership Joint Powers Authority, Tracy Public Financing Authority, and the Tracy Industrial Development Authority, which are controlled by and dependent on the City. While they are separate legal entities, City Council serves in separate sessions as the governing body of the Tracy Operating Partnership Joint Powers Authority, the Tracy Public Financing Authority, and the Tracy Industrial Development Authority; and the City is financially accountable for those entities. The financial activities of all three entities have been aggregated and merged, termed "blended", with those of the City in the accompanying financial statements.
- Pursuant to ABxl 26 ("AB 26"), approved by Governor Brown on June 28, 2011 and upheld by the California State Supreme Court on December 29, 2011, the Tracy Community Development Agency ("Agency") was dissolved on January 31, 2012. The former Agency is now administered under the name of Successor Agency to the Community Development Agency of the City of Tracy. The activities of the Successor Agency can be found in the Fiduciary Fund Section of the Financial Statements.
- Business-type activities All of the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including water, wastewater, drainage, solid waste, transit, and airport. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements report the City's operations in more detail than the Government-wide Statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the City's General Fund and major funds. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term debt, and other long-term amounts. Enterprise and Internal Service Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the full accrual basis and include all their assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both current and long-term. Each major fund is presented individually, with all non-major funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Supplementary combining schedules present the detail of these non-major funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

A "fund" is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

• Governmental Funds – These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and are therefore prepared on the modified accrual basis. Capital assets and other long-lived assets, along with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

The City of Tracy has 39 governmental funds of which 6 are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The financial information for the remaining non-major governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

• Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds; Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as "business-type activities" in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Internal Service Funds account for the financial activity of the City's central garage, central services departments, equipment replacement, building maintenance, and self-insurance. Financial statements for proprietary funds are prepared on the full accrual basis and include all their assets and liabilities, current and long-term.

Since the City's Internal Service Funds provide goods and services only to the City's governmental activities, their activities are reported only in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Internal Service Funds may not be major funds because their revenues are derived from other City funds. These revenues are eliminated in the City-wide financial statements and any related profits or losses are returned to the activities which created them.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONTINUED)

- Fiduciary Funds These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the Government-wide Financial Statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for Fiduciary Funds is similar to that used for Proprietary Funds. With the dissolution of the Community Development Agency per ABxl 26 and AB 1484, the activities of the Successor Agency to the Tracy Community Development Agency are reported as a Private Purpose Trust Fund in the Fiduciary Fund section.
- Custodial Funds These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the
 government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the Government-wide Financial Statements because the
 resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for
 Fiduciary Funds is similar to that used for Proprietary Funds. These funds are used to report fiduciary activities
 that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds,
 or private purpose trust funds. The City's custodial funds includes various Community Facilities Districts and
 Assessments Districts.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Required Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information concerning budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and other major funds that are Special Revenue Funds, along with schedules related to the City's net pension liabilities, total OPEB liability and contributions.

Combining Statements

This section of the report includes additional detailed information about non-major governmental, internal service and agency funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position – The net position for the City as a whole increased by \$100 million or 7.4%, from \$1,336 million at June 30, 2021 to \$1,436 million at June 30, 2022. Restricted net position accounted for \$238 million restricted for capital projects, debt service and legally segregated taxes, grants, and fees. The unrestricted net position increased by \$83 million, from \$53 million in at June 30, 2021 to \$137 million at June 30, 2022 and is designated to be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The Unrestricted Net Position reflects the inclusion of a Net Pension Liability of \$54.0 million and Net OPEB Liability of \$7.0 million in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

City of Tracy Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The following table reflects the Summary of Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 with comparative data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Statement of Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (in thousands of dollars)

	Gove	rnme	ntal	Business-Type							
	Ac	tivitie	S		Acti	vities	<u> </u>	T		otal	
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Cash and Investments	\$ 354,579	\$	285,127	\$	65,195	\$	50,066	\$	419,774	\$	335,193
Other Assets	73,383		54,344		24,739		18,171		98,122		72,515
Capital Assets	681,830		674,737		447,769		441,183		1,129,599		1,115,920
Total Assets	1,109,792		1,014,208		537,703		509,420	_	1,647,495	_	1,523,628
Deferred Outflows											
Related to Pension/OPEB	18,476		24,054		2,456		2,757		20,932		26,811
Current Liabilities	47,605		43,483		12,220		8,231		59,825		51,714
Non-Current Liabilities	98,962		121,111		32,764		39,423		131,726		160,534
Total Liabilities	146,567		164,594		44,984		47,654		191,551		212,248
Deferred Inflows											
Related to Leases	2,217		-		3,784		-		6,001		-
Related to Pensions	30,566		1,638		4,260		99		34,826		1,737
Total Deferred Inflows	32,783		1,638		8,044		99	_	40,827	_	1,737
Net Investment in Capital											
Assets	640,818		653,646		421,053		412,464		1,061,871		1,066,110
Restricted	237,566		217,130		-		_		237,566		217,130
Unrestricted	70,533	_	1,254		66,078		51,961		136,611	_	53,215
Total Net Position	\$ 948,917	\$	872,030	\$	487,131	\$	464,425	\$	1,436,048	\$	1,336,455

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The City's Government-wide Net Position as of June 30, 2022, comprised of the following:

- Cash and investments combined increased by \$84.6 million or 25.2%, from \$335.2 million at June 30, 2021 to \$419.8 million at June 30, 2022. The \$419.8 million of cash and investments is in the city treasury and investments.
- Receivables decreased by \$3.3 million, from \$57.0 million at June 30, 2021 to \$53.8 million at June 30, 2022. Receivables were comprised of \$37.7 million of current receivables and \$16.1 million of long-term receivables. Current receivables are primarily related to sales tax and grants; and long-term receivables are related to housing loans provided by the former Community Development Agency and leases. The grants and loans have varying repayment terms and interest rates.
- Capital assets increased by \$13.7 million or 1.2%, from \$1,116 million at June 30, 2021 to \$1,130 million at June 30, 2022. Net capital assets of \$1,130 million include the City's infrastructure in addition to all other City assets.
- Restricted Net Position increased \$20.5 million or 9.4%, from \$217.1 million at June 30, 2021 to \$236.6 million at June 30, 2022. Restricted Net Position is restricted for capital projects \$180.0 million; low-moderate income housing projects \$4.6 million; debt service \$26.7 million; and \$26.2 million may be spent on other projects as specified by funding source restrictions.
- Unrestricted Net Position increased by \$83.4 million or 156.8%, from \$53.2 million at June 30, 2021 to \$136.6 million at June 30, 2022. The unrestricted net position is available to be used to finance day to day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements or restrictions. While these assets are technically unrestricted, most of these assets are committed or assigned for a specific use.

City of Tracy Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The Change in Net Position expressed as the change in revenues and expenses through June 30, 2022 is reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

Statement of Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (in thousands of dollars)

	Govern Activ		Business- Activit		Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 30,044	\$ 22,823	\$ 72,022	\$ 64,432	\$ 102,066	\$ 87,255		
Operating Contributions and Grants	13,576	8,330	1,688	6,988	15,264	15,318		
Capital Grants and Contributions	63,193	52,673	12,703	5,801	75,896	58,474		
Total Program Revenues	106,813	83,826	86,413	77,221	193,226	161,047		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	27,241	25,736			27,241	25,736		
Other Taxes	84,992	65,709			84,992	65,709		
Other General Revenues	5,369	1,700	(1,498)	185	3,871	1,885		
Total General Revenues	117,602	93,145	(1,498)	185	116,104	93,330		
Total Revenues	224,415	176,971	84,915	77,406	309,330	254,377		
Expenses								
General Government	26,685	22,135			26,685	22,135		
Police	38,889	38,346			38,889	38,346		
Fire	16,807	17,849			16,807	17,849		
Development & Engineering	12,322	12,571			12,322	12,571		
Public Works	22,081	19,463			22,081	19,463		
Parks & Community Services	4,800	3,848			4,800	3,848		
Interest on Long-term Debt	990	675			990	675		
Water			24,886	21,177	24,886	21,177		
Wastewater			23,435	21,238	23,435	21,238		
Solid Waste			28,418	25,987	28,418	25,987		
Storm Drainage			2,114	2,195	2,114	2,195		
Airport			2,228	1,144	2,228	1,144		
Transit			6,080	5,352	6,080	5,352		
Total Expenses	122,574	114,887	87,161	77,093	209,735	191,980		
Changes in net position before	101,841	62,084	(2,246)	313	99,595	62,397		
transfers								
Transfers	(24,954)		24,954	3,609				
Change in Net Position	76,887	58,475	22,708	3,922	99,595	62,397		
Net Position, Beginning	872,030	813,985	464,423	460,501	1,336,453	1,274,486		
Net Position, Ending	\$ 948,917	\$ 872,460	\$ 487,131	\$ 464,423	\$1,436,048	\$ 1,336,883		

City of Tracy Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Revenues

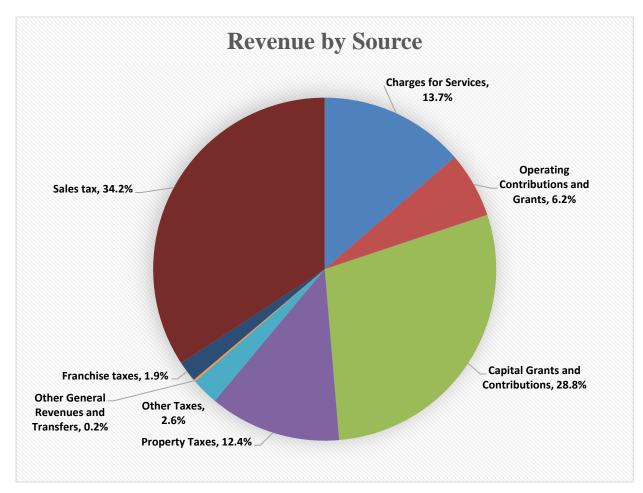
Total revenues increased by \$55.0 million or 21.6%, from \$254.4 million at June 30, 2021 to \$309.3 million at June 30, 2022. Total governmental program revenues increased by \$23.0 million, largely due to charges for services and grants. Total governmental general revenues increased by \$24.5 million related to general sales tax.

Expenses

Total expenses for the City increased by \$17.8 million or 9.3%, from \$191.9 million at June 30, 2021 to \$209.7 million at June 30, 2022. Governmental activities incurred \$122.6 million of expenses while business-type activities incurred \$87.1 million. Of the Governmental Activities, the largest expenses were in Public Safety \$55.7 million; Public Works \$22.1 million; and General Government \$23.0 million.

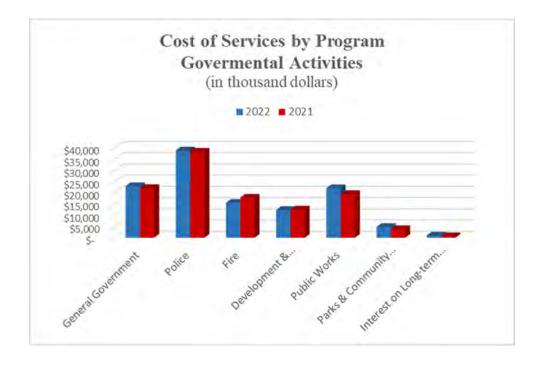
Governmental Activities

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$1,066.6 million consisting of net position at June 30, 2021 of \$872.0 million, program revenues of \$106.8 million and general revenues, net of transfers, in amount of \$87.8 million. Government Activities revenue is graphed below by the source of funding, followed by the expenses by program.



Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)



Changes in Business-Type Activities by Program Fiscal Year Ended June 30

(in thousands of dollars)

	Bu	siness-ty _]	pe Ac	ctivities
		2022		2021
Net Revenue (Expense)				
from Business-type Activities				
Water	\$	4,517	\$	3,852
Wastewater		(3,153)		(4,333)
Solid Waste		(2,031)		(1,658)
Drainage		(577)		(352)
Airport		(1,525)		(155)
Transit		2,021		2,775
Total Business-type Activities	\$	(748)	\$	129

Program revenues of Business-type Activities increased \$9.2 million or 11.9%, from a total of \$77.2 million at June 30, 2021 to a total of \$86.4 million at June 30, 2022. This was a result of increases in charges for services and capital grants received.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. The classification of spendable fund balances to committed, assigned, and unassigned, is intended to be helpful in measuring the resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending.

At June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$350.8 million, which is an increase of \$85.0 million or 32.0%, from \$254.3 million at June 30, 2021. Total revenues increased by \$49.7 million or 30.2%, from \$164.4 million at June 30, 2021 to \$214.0 million at June 30, 2022. Of this total, \$131.8 million was in the General Fund. Total expenditures increased by \$15.8 million or 14.7%, from \$107.4 million at June 30, 2021 to \$123.1 million at June 30, 2022. Of this total, \$85.3 million was in the General Fund.

General Fund

At June 30, 2022, the General Fund balance of \$36.9 million, was comprised of \$14.5 million committed funds for contingency/emergency reserve, and \$11.4 million in assigned funds. Included in this amount is \$11.1 million for Economic/Budget stability and \$0.3 million for reappropriation to balance FY23, and \$.02 million for Animal Control Trust. Restricted funds were \$3.2 million for medical leave bank. Unassigned funds at June 30, 2022 were \$7.8 million. Fund balances have been classified in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. While amounts have been categorized as unassigned, they may be informally earmarked by the City Council for specific purposes.

Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund

On June 28, 2011 the State of California adopted ABx1 26, amended by AB 1484 on June 27, 2012, which dissolved redevelopment agencies as of January 31, 2012. All assets of the former Redevelopment Agency were transferred as prescribed by law to either the Housing Successor or to the Successor Agency.

The City of Tracy elected to become the Housing Successor and established the Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund to account for the housing assets and activities previously provided by the Tracy Community Development Agency. As of June 30, 2022, the fund balance of the Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund was \$4.6 million.

Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund

The Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund had revenues of \$16.8 million, transfers in of \$2.1 million and expenditures of \$12.0 million. The ending fund balance increased from \$0.9 million at June 30, 2021 to \$7.9 million at June 30, 2022.

CARES/ARPA Grant Fund

The fund balance of the CARES/ARPA Grant Fund increased by \$.5 million over the prior year. Fund balance was \$1 million at June 30, 2021 comparable to \$1.5 million at June 30, 2022.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

General Projects Capital Fund

The General Projects Fund had revenues of \$4.0 million, transfers in of \$42.2 million, and expenditures of \$4.9 million. The fund balance increased \$41.2 million from \$38.5 million at June 30, 2021 to \$79.7 million at June 30, 2022. Funding for the General Project Fund is transferred from the City's General Fund. Capital project expenses included Alden & Yasui Park Playground Replacement (CIP 78173), Tracy Gateway SP/ EIR (CIP 79421). Future projects include Legacy Fields (1E), the Aquatic Center, and Multi-Generational Gymnasium.

Tracy Infrastructure Master Plan Capital Fund

The Tracy Infrastructure Master Plan (TIMP) Fund had revenues of \$33.0 million and expenditures of \$1.4 million. The fund balance increased \$32.5 million from \$58.3 million at June 30, 2021 to \$90.9 million at June 30, 2022. TIMP Funds cover areas of the City not covered by their own financing plan. Project expenditures included the Waste Water Treatment Expansion (CIP74107), Over cross upgrade I580 and Mountain House Parkway (CIP 73147), AW: Corral Hollow Rd, Linne Rd to Old Schulte (CIP73144). Future projects include the continuing the Waste Water Treatment Expansion and Water Lines along Lammers Road.

Enterprise Funds

The City's Enterprise Funds provide the same type of information found in the Government-wide Financial Statements, but in more detail. The City's Enterprise Funds are comprised of the Water Utility Fund, the Wastewater Utility Fund, Drainage Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Municipal Airport and Municipal Transit Funds. Enterprise Fund net position totaled \$487.1 million at June 30, 2022. Enterprise operating revenues were \$72.3 million and operating expenses were \$83.5 million in fiscal year 2022. Operating expenses included \$14.5 million in depreciation expense. Future projects include the Wastewater treatment expansion.

Water Fund

The net position of the Water Fund at June 30, 2022 was \$200.9 million, an increase of \$4.1 million over the prior fiscal year. The net position of the Water fund at June 30, 2021 was \$196.8 million. Approximately \$14.9 million of the Fund's net position was unrestricted at the fiscal year end with a net investment in capital assets of \$192.4 million. Activities for the year were comprised of \$22.4 million in operating revenues for the current year and \$23.4 million in operating expenses including \$4.7 million in depreciation expense.

Wastewater Fund

The net position of the Wastewater Fund at June 30, 2022 was \$189.9 million, an increase of \$20.5 million over the prior fiscal year. The net position of the Wastewater fund at June 30, 2021 was \$169.5 million. Approximately \$34.3 million of the Fund's net position was unrestricted at the fiscal year end with a net investment in capital assets of \$175.9 million. Activities for the year were comprised of \$15.2 million in operating revenues for the current year and \$21.2 million in operating expenses including \$5.9 million in depreciation expense.

Solid Waste Fund

The net position of the Solid Waste Fund at June 30, 2022 was \$11.7 million, a decrease of \$2.3 million over the prior fiscal year. The net position of the Solid Waste fund at June 30, 2021 was \$14.0 million. The Fund's net position was unrestricted at the end of the fiscal year. Activities for the year were comprised of \$25.8 million in operating revenues for the current year and \$28.4 million in operating expense.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Drainage Fund

The net position of the Drainage Fund at June 30, 2022 was \$50.5 million, a decrease of \$.6 million over the prior fiscal year. The net position of the Drainage fund at June 30, 2021 was \$51 million. Approximately \$(0.4) million of the Fund's net position was unrestricted at the fiscal year end with a net investment in capital assets of \$50.9 million. Activities for the year were comprised of \$.7 million in operating revenues for the current year and \$2.1 million in operating expenses including \$1.7 million in depreciation expenses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The final amended budget for the General Fund totaled \$75.1 million. The difference in appropriations between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$(2) million, largely due to various programming not offered during the pandemic. At the end of the fiscal year, the total actual expenses of the General Fund were \$76.9 million; the General Fund's assigned fund balance reappropriations were \$0.3 million for items that began in 2021 but remained in progress in 2022.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal 2022, the City had \$1,130.0 million, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets used in governmental and business type activities, as shown below. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date of contribution.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Non-depreciable assets								
Land	\$ 180,468	\$ 179,311	\$ 19,057	\$ 19,057	\$ 199,525	\$ 198,368		
Streets and Roads	325,970	320,140	-	-	325,970	320,140		
Construction in-Progress	33,797	33,214	48,343	54,686	82,140	87,900		
Total	540,235	532,665	67,400	73,743	607,635	606,408		
Depreciable assets								
Buildings and Improvements	146,097	143,616	171,165	169,888	317,262	313,504		
Improvements	51,005	49,515	-	-	51,005	49,515		
Grading, Curbs & Gutters								
Sidewalks & Driveway	32,135	32,135	_	-	32,135	32,135		
Approaches								
Traffic Signals	31,888	27,150	8,118	3,571	40,006	30,721		
Equipment	32,156	35,506	47,814	44,678	79,970	80,184		
Infrastructure	12,219	12,219	386,284	368,706	398,503	380,925		
Intangible Assets	1,367	973	73,476	72,883	74,843	73,856		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(165,504)	(159,042)	(306,488)	(292,286)	(471,992)	(451,328)		
Net depreciable assets	141,363	142,072	380,369	367,440	521,732	509,512		
Lease right to use assets								
Buildings and Improvements	406	-	-	-	406	-		
Less: accumulated amortization	(174)	-	-	-	(174)	-		
Net lease right to use assets	232	-	-		232			
Total Capital Assets	\$ 681,830	\$ 674,737	\$ 447,769	\$ 441,183	\$ 1,129,599	\$ 1,115,920		
			311					

City of Tracy Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The City depreciates all its capital assets over their estimated useful lives, except for roads, which are reported using the Modified Approach. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of a capital asset over the years of its useful life so that an allocable portion of the cost of the asset is borne by all users. Additional information on depreciable lives may be found in Note 6 to the financial statements. The Modified Approach requires the City to employ an asset management system that maintains a current inventory of these assets, estimates annual costs to maintain them, and assesses the condition of the assets in a replicable way.

The City has elected to use the modified approach discussed above with respect to its roads, most of which are relatively new. The City's policy is to maintain these roads at an overall condition index level averaging 69, instead of providing depreciation. During fiscal year 2022, the City expended \$5,587,759 to preserve its roads, and the condition index level was 69. The City estimates that it will be required to expend approximately \$5,920,343 in fiscal year 2023 to maintain its roads at a condition level of 69.

DEBT SERVICE ADMINISTRATION

Each of the City's debt issues is discussed in detail in Note 8 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The City's Governmental Activities long-term debt outstanding increased by \$19.5 million or 90.8%, from \$21.5 million at June 30, 2021 to \$41.0million at June 30, 2022. This was due to the City issuing new Lease Revenue Bonds to finance improvements at Legacy Fields, phase 1E. The City's long debt outstanding decreased by \$2.0 million or (7.0%, from \$28.7 million at June 30, 2021 to \$26.7 million at June 30, 2022, in debt associated with Business-Type Activities.

Outstanding Debt Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (in thousands of dollars)

	Go	vernment	rnmental Activities Business-type		pe A	e Activities		Totals				
		2022	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Leases Payable	\$	236	\$	406					\$	236	\$	406
2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds 3%-4%		17,040		17,635						17,040		17,635
2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Premium		3,409		3,455						3,409		
2022 Lease Revenue Bonds		18,275		-						18,275		-
2022 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Premium		2,052		-						2,052		
2004 Wastewater Revenue Bonds						20,260		21,175		20,260		21,175
State of California-Department of Health Services Loan						6,457		7,544		6,457		7,544
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	41,012	\$	21,496	\$	26,717	\$	28,719	\$	67,729	\$	46,760

City of Tracy Management Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Throughout fiscal year 2021-22, the City's economic development continued to grow through expansion of several existing businesses, construction of new distribution facilities, and office space, and the opening of new retail businesses. Property tax revenues steadily increased as a result of new residential and commercial development and higher property values. The City's property tax revenue increased by \$1.5 million, or 6% over fiscal year 2021-2022 and is expected to continue to grow by 5% annually over the next 3-5 years. General Fund revenues saw an increase over the prior fiscal year as a result of a recent change in tax reporting by a predominant e-commerce business located within Tracy.

During FY2021-22, the City received over \$2.8 million in Federal CARES and ARPA stimulus funding. These funds will be used to offset the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic within the City of Tracy. The City has positioned itself well by building financial reserves, adopting strong fiscal policies, and passing important revenue measures to support City services. Over the next year, staff will continue to evaluate many options to balance resources and ensure Council priorities are met. More detail about the City's economic outlook is discussed in the accompanying transmittal letter.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to the Finance Department, at 333 Civic Center Plaza, Tracy, CA 95376.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Tracy Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	South San Joaquin County Fire Authority
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 354,578,811	\$ 65,194,764	\$ 419,773,575	\$ 4,080,717
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	20,008,617	206	20,008,823	-
Accounts receivable, net	8,898,267	13,445,131	22,343,398	1,064,976
Intergovernmental receivable	15,939,910	8,226,188	24,166,098	-
Interest receivable	1,001,472	197,633	1,199,105	-
Lease receivable - due within one year	193,375	256,315	449,690	-
Deposits	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-
Prepaid items	65,532	-	65,532	-
Inventories	-	570,994	570,994	-
Due from Fiduciary Funds	4,902,529	-	4,902,529	-
Due from Component Unit	3,575,233	-	3,575,233	-
Internal balances	1,525,648	(1,525,648)		
Total current assets	411,689,394	86,365,583	498,054,977	5,145,693
Noncurrent assets:				
Lease receivable - due in more than one year	2,040,471	3,568,010	5,608,481	-
Loans receivable	14,231,876	-	14,231,876	-
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable/amortizable	540,234,213	67,399,696	607,633,909	-
Depreciable/amortizable, net	141,595,794	380,369,478	521,965,272	1,121,664
Total capital assets, net	681,830,007	447,769,174	1,129,599,181	1,121,664
Total noncurrent assets	698,102,354	451,337,184	1,149,439,538	1,121,664
Total assets	1,109,791,748	537,702,767	1,647,494,515	6,267,357
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to OPEB	625,168	128,501	753,669	-
Related to pensions	17,851,106	2,327,032	20,178,138	1,028,868
Total deferred outflows of resources	18,476,274	2,455,533	20,931,807	1,028,868

City of Tracy Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2022

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	South San Joaquin County Fire Authority
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	12,997,024	7,717,462	20,714,486	393,927
Accrued payroll	1,338,568	576,535	1,915,103	816,969
Deposits	13,470,746	83,000	13,553,746	-
Interest payable	117,567	1,257,194	1,374,761	-
Unearned revenue	15,595,248	221,276	15,816,524	-
Due to Primary Government	-	-	-	3,575,233
Sick leave conversion - due within one year	901,484	-	901,484	-
Compensated absences - due within one year	1,562,838	296,692	1,859,530	-
Long-term debt - due within one year	1,621,425	2,068,312	3,689,737	
Total current liabilities	47,604,900	12,220,471	59,825,371	4,786,129
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Total OPEB liability	5,852,529	1,202,962	7,055,491	-
Net pension liability	47,641,337	6,343,406	53,984,743	-
Sick leave conversion - due in more than one year	3,605,936	-	3,605,936	-
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	2,472,052	569,375	3,041,427	-
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	39,390,641	24,648,212	64,038,853	
Total noncurrent liabilities	98,962,495	32,763,955	131,726,450	
Total liabilities	146,567,395	44,984,426	191,551,821	4,786,129
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to leases	2,216,670	3,782,624	5,999,294	-
Related to OPEB	851,154	174,952	1,026,106	-
Related to pensions	29,715,402	4,085,376	33,800,778	
Total deferred inflows of resources	32,783,226	8,042,952	40,826,178	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	640,817,941	421,052,650	1,061,870,591	
Restricted:				
Debt service	26,654,572	206	26,654,778	-
Public safety	926,127	-	926,127	-
Streets and roads	14,240,664	-	14,240,664	-
Community development	1,784,358	-	1,784,358	-
Special districts	9,281,178	-	9,281,178	-
Projects	180,043,432	-	180,043,432	-
Housing services	4,636,384		4,636,384	
Total restricted	237,566,715	206	237,566,921	
Unrestricted (deficit)	70,532,745	66,078,066	136,610,811	2,510,096
Total net position	\$ 948,917,401	\$ 487,130,922	\$ 1,436,048,323	\$ 2,510,096

City of Tracy Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Total				
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government									
Economic development	\$ 1,037,457	\$ 218	\$ 141,580	\$ 1,351,423	\$ 1,493,221				
General government	16,186,088	8,760,365	-	173,068	8,933,433				
Finance	5,285,544	-	-	-	-				
Non-departmental	4,176,020	202,255	2,854,006	82,089	3,138,350				
Public safety									
Police	38,889,036	196,001	1,809,255	458,521	2,463,777				
Fire	16,806,851	374	-	31,994	32,368				
Public ways and facilities									
Development and engineering	12,321,607	17,279,268	-	-	17,279,268				
Public works	22,080,727	2,721,400	8,771,363	61,052,926	72,545,689				
Community development									
Parks and community services	4,800,263	883,889	-	42,753	926,642				
Interest and fiscal charges	990,072				<u> </u>				
Total governmental activities	122,573,665	30,043,770	13,576,204	63,192,774	106,812,748				
Business-type activities:									
Water	24,885,875	22,407,181	706,680	6,289,391	29,403,252				
Wastewater	23,434,985	14,973,113	495,735	4,813,415	20,282,263				
Solid waste	28,417,923	25,757,693	-	628,709	26,386,402				
Drainage	2,113,911	730,691	-	805,923	1,536,614				
Municipal airport	2,228,230	582,364	-	121,219	703,583				
Municipal transit	6,080,368	7,571,420	485,176	44,708	8,101,304				
Total business-type activities	87,161,292	72,022,462	1,687,591	12,703,365	86,413,418				
Total primary government	\$ 209,734,957	\$ 102,066,232	\$ 15,263,795	\$ 75,896,139	\$ 193,226,166				
Component unit:									
South San Joaquin County Fire Authority	\$ 26,311,268	\$ 1,719,634	\$ 25,873,270	\$ 1,228,460	\$ 28,821,364				
Total component unit	\$ 26,311,268	\$ 1,719,634	\$ 25,873,270	\$ 1,228,460	\$ 28,821,364				

City of Tracy Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit South San Joaquin County Fire Authority					
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 455,764	\$ -	\$ 455,764	\$ -					
Economic development General government	(7,252,655)	φ - -	(7,252,655)	φ - -					
Finance	(5,285,544)	_	(5,285,544)	_					
Non-departmental	(1,037,670)	-	(1,037,670)	-					
Public safety									
Police	(36,425,259)	-	(36,425,259)	-					
Fire	(16,774,483)	-	(16,774,483)	-					
Public ways and facilities Development and engineering	4,957,661	_	4,957,661	_					
Public works	50,464,962	-	50,464,962	-					
Community development									
Parks and community services	(3,873,621)	-	(3,873,621)	-					
Interest and fiscal charges	(990,072)		(990,072)						
Total governmental activities	(15,760,917)		(15,760,917)						
Business-type activities: Water	_	4,517,377	4,517,377	_					
Wastewater	_	(3,152,722)	(3,152,722)	_					
Solid waste	-	(2,031,521)	(2,031,521)	-					
Drainage operations	-	(577,297)	(577,297)	-					
Municipal airport	-	(1,524,647)	(1,524,647)	-					
Municipal transit		2,020,936	2,020,936						
Total business-type activities		(747,874)	(747,874)						
Total primary government	(15,760,917)	(747,874)	(16,508,791)						
Component unit: South San Joaquin County Fire Authority	-	-	-	2,510,096					
Total component unit	-	-	-	2,510,096					
General Revenues and Transfers: General revenues: Taxes:									
Property taxes	27,240,833	-	27,240,833	-					
Sales and use taxes	75,112,095	-	75,112,095	-					
Franchise taxes	4,265,613	-	4,265,613	-					
Transient occupancy tax Business license tax	2,263,129 1,036,747	-	2,263,129 1,036,747	-					
Transfer tax	2,314,759	-	2,314,759	-					
Total taxes	112,233,176	_	112,233,176						
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	113,909	-	113,909	-					
Investment income (loss)	(8,948,933)	(1,819,118)	(10,768,051)	-					
Other revenue	14,204,005	319,706	14,523,711	-					
Transfers	(24,954,213)	24,954,213							
Total general revenues and transfers	92,647,944	23,454,801	116,102,745						
Change in net position	76,887,027	22,706,927	99,593,954	2,510,096					
Net Position:									
Beginning of year	872,030,374	464,423,995	1,336,454,369						
End of year	\$ 948,917,401	\$ 487,130,922	\$ 1,436,048,323	\$ 2,510,096					

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Governmental Funds Financial Statements

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Housing Successor Agency. This fund was established to account for housing activities assumed by the City from the former Tracy Community Development Agency and revenues and expenditures related to the low and moderate income housing program.

Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for restricted revenues and specific activities of the Building, Engineering and Planning Divisions.

CARES/ARPA Grants Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for the grant revenues and expenditures received through the CARES act and the American Rescue Plan act.

General Project Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of the capital project financed through transfers from the General Fund.

Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for construction projects within Tracy Infrastructure Master Plan. The Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans were approved in 2012 and 2013 and cover all subsequent new development in areas of the City not covered by their own financing plan. Capital development fees are levied on developments in these areas and expenditures for various capital facilities to support the developments are accounted for in six functional categories.

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City of Tracy Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Majo	r Fun	ds		
	General Fund			Housing Successor Fund		Community Development Fees Fund		ARES/ARPA Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	21,334,028	\$	4,741,865	\$	11,353,424	\$	13,625,818
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		1,105,801		-		3,902,156		-
Intergovernmental receivable		13,556,139		-		-		-
Interest receivable		298,494		14,125		51,127		-
Lease receivable		2,233,846		-		-		-
Due from other funds		2,618,010		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
Deposits		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable		-		12,493,567		-		-
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-		-		-
Due from Component Unit		3,575,233		-		_		
Total assets	\$	44,721,551	\$	17,249,557	\$	15,306,707	\$	13,625,818
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	3,855,981	\$	118,157	\$	1,411,391	\$	777,868
Accrued payroll		743,662		-		312,910		12,081
Due to other funds		-		-		_		-
Deposits payable		304,576		-		2,127,731		_
Unearned revenues		694,616		-		3,568,963		11,331,669
Total liabilities		5,598,835		118,157		7,420,995		12,121,618
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		20.251		10 405 016				
Unavailable revenue		29,351		12,495,016		-		-
Related to leases		2,216,670						
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,246,021		12,495,016				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable		-		-		-		_
Restricted		3,174,977		4,636,384		7,885,712		1,504,200
Committed		14,505,000		-		-		- -
Assigned		11,435,117		_		_		_
Unassigned (deficit)		7,761,601		_		_		_
Total fund balances		36,876,695		4,636,384		7,885,712		1,504,200
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	44,721,551	\$	17,249,557	\$	15,306,707	\$	13,625,818

City of Tracy Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Major Funds					
	Ca	General Capital Projects Fund		y Infrastructure Master Plans Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	80,183,510	\$	92,976,626	\$ 117,582,778	\$ 341,798,049
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-	20,008,617	20,008,617
Accounts receivable, net		3,695,416		-	194,894	8,898,267
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-	2,383,771	15,939,910
Interest receivable		-		274,002	326,154	963,902
Lease receivable		-		-	-	2,233,846
Due from other funds		-		-	-	2,618,010
Prepaid items		-		-	-	-
Deposits		-		-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Loans receivable		-		-	1,738,309	14,231,876
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-	4,902,529	4,902,529
Due from Component Unit		-		<u> </u>	-	3,575,233
Total assets	\$	83,878,926	\$	93,250,628	\$ 148,137,052	\$ 416,170,239
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	3,448,804	\$	2,381,536	\$ 697,839	\$ 12,691,576
Accrued payroll		6,122		-	108,843	1,183,618
Due to other funds		-		-	1,092,362	1,092,362
Deposits payable		681,713		-	10,349,968	13,463,988
Unearned revenues		_		_	-	15,595,248
Total liabilities		4,136,639		2,381,536	12,249,012	44,026,792
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue		-		-	6,640,838	19,165,205
Related to leases						2,216,670
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	6,640,838	21,381,875
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		-		-	-	-
Restricted		_		90,869,092	129,496,350	237,566,715
Committed		_		-	-	14,505,000
Assigned		79,742,287		_	_	91,177,404
Unassigned (deficit)				_	(249,148)	7,512,453
Total fund balances		79,742,287		90,869,092	129,247,202	350,761,572
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		•		·		
resources, and fund balances	\$	83,878,926	\$	93,250,628	\$ 148,137,052	\$ 416,170,239

City of Tracy Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 350,761,572
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Unavailable revenues reported on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	19,165,205
Capital Assets used in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	681,830,007
Less: capital assets reported in Internal Service Funds	 (10,657,810)
Total capital assets	 671,172,197
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	
Sick leave conversion - due within one year	(901,484)
Sick leave conversion - due in more than one year	(3,605,936)
Compensated absences - due within one year	(1,562,838)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long-term debt - due within one year	(2,472,052) (1,621,425)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	(39,390,641)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:	(37,370,041)
Compensated absences - due within one year	89,131
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	251,559
Total long-term liabilities	(49,213,686)
Interest payable on long term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not	
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	 (117,567)
Aggregate net pension liability and total OPEB liability used in the governmental activities were not financial resources and therefore were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Total OPEB liability	(5,852,529)
Net pension liability Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:	(47,641,337)
Total OPEB liability	362,653
Net pension liability	1,917,152
Total OPEB/pension liability	(51,214,061)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds. Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	625,168
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	17,851,106
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:	, ,
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(38,738)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	 (703,292)
Total deferred outflows of resources	 17,734,244
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are not available for current period and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds or not recorded in the governmental funds.	
Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(051 154)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OFEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(851,154) (29,715,402)
Less: amount reported in Internal Service Funds:	(27,713,402)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	52,742
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,234,712
Total deferred inflows of resources	(29,279,102)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, risk management, information	_
technology, and building maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are	
included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	19,908,599
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 948,917,401
See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	

City of Tracy Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

		Major Funds					
		eneral Tund	Housing Successor Fund	Community Development Fees Fund	CARES/ARPA Fund		
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 10	7,384,147	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses, permits and fees	4	4,149,346	-	9,770,405	-		
Fines and penalties		168,400	-	-	-		
Investment income (loss)	(2	2,281,888)	(16,730) (447,737)	34,516		
Intergovernmental		2,360,007	-	-	2,854,006		
Charges for current services	12	2,485,210	-	7,485,271	-		
Special assessments		468,439	-	-	-		
Other revenue	,	7,097,109	16,018	23,966	-		
Total revenues		1,830,770	(712		2,888,522		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government							
Economic development		741,589					
General government	•	8,549,313	•	-	14,796		
Finance		5,285,544	-	-	14,790		
			-	910.077	921 246		
Non-departmental		1,904,536	-	819,077	831,346		
Public safety	24	706.006			05 700		
Police		9,796,986	-	-	85,780		
Fire	10	5,402,214	-	-	45,851		
Public ways and facilities		212 200		11 121 007	1 6 0 7 0		
Development and engineering	,	212,389	-	11,121,085	16,870		
Public works	8	8,216,190	-	-	-		
Community development		4041055					
Parks and community services	4	4,041,955	001.5	-	1 000 220		
Capital outlay		13,558	901,766	-	1,890,330		
Debt service:		150 500		11.010			
Principal		158,533	-	11,313	-		
Interest and fiscal charges		720		55			
Total expenditures	85	5,323,527	901,766	11,951,530	2,884,973		
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	40	5,507,243	(902,478	4,880,375	3,549		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-	-	-	-		
Premium on bond issuance		_	-	-	-		
Transfers in		70,147	634,910	2,109,068	472,799		
Transfers out	(43	3,730,949)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(43	3,660,802)	634,910	2,109,068	472,799		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2	2,846,441	(267,568	6,989,443	476,348		
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	34	4,030,254	4,903,952	896,269	1,027,852		
End of year		5,876,695	\$ 4,636,384		\$ 1,504,200		
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City of Tracy Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) **Governmental Funds**

	Majo	Major Funds			
	General Capital Projects Fund	Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,780,862	\$ 110,165,009	
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	164,568	14,084,319	
Fines and penalties	-	-	86,143	254,543	
Investment income (loss)	287,969	(2,237,354)	(3,419,667)	(8,080,891)	
Intergovernmental	-	-	6,248,422	11,462,435	
Charges for current services	-	35,268,383	14,674,946	69,913,810	
Special assessments	-	-	4,647,754	5,116,193	
Other revenue	3,695,416		289,571	11,122,080	
Total revenues	3,983,385	33,031,029	25,472,599	214,037,498	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government					
Economic development	-	-	295,868	1,037,457	
General government	-	-	-	8,564,109	
Finance	-	-	-	5,285,544	
Non-departmental	-	-	621,061	4,176,020	
Public safety					
Police	-	-	210,865	40,093,631	
Fire	-	-	-	16,448,065	
Public ways and facilities					
Development and engineering	-	-	1,062,600	12,412,944	
Public works	-	-	5,128,957	13,345,147	
Community development					
Parks and community services	-	-	-	4,041,955	
Capital outlay	4,906,096	1,424,355	6,801,259	15,937,364	
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	595,000	764,846	
Interest and fiscal charges			1,039,367	1,040,142	
Total expenditures	4,906,096	1,424,355	15,754,977	123,147,224	
REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(922,711)	31,606,674	9,717,622	90,890,274	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	_	18,275,000	18,275,000	
Premium on bond issuance	-	_	2,051,917	2,051,917	
Transfers in	42,157,239	10,276,042	62,486,118	118,206,323	
Transfers out	, , , -	(9,338,756)	(91,338,837)	(144,408,542)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	42,157,239	937,286	(8,525,802)	(5,875,302)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	41,234,528	32,543,960	1,191,820	85,014,972	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	38,507,759	58,325,132	128,055,382	265,746,600	
	·				
End of year	\$ 79,742,287	\$ 90,869,092	\$ 129,247,202	\$ 350,761,572	

City of Tracy Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 85,014,972
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expenses. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period (net of \$2,566,125 added in internal service funds) (\$2,141,072 of the governmental fund capital outlay balance were for repairs and maintenance expenditures).	13,796,292
In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, donated assets are reported as a capital contribution.	7,400,467
Depreciation and amortization expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expense, net of internal service funds of \$1,618,446, was not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds.	(8,657,241)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) decreased net position (net of \$1,897,433 in net capital asset retirements in internal service funds).	(4,902,255)
Issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	
Bonds payable Premium on bonds payable	(18,275,000) (2,051,917)
Repayment of long-term liabilities was an expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	
Principal payment of long-term debt Amortization of bond premium	764,846 46,069
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. This amount represented the changes in accrued interest from prior year.	4,001
Sick leave conversion expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(580,584)
Compensated absences expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, net of \$22,163 in internal service funds.	589,297
Revenues in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	(261,361)
Certain pension expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Changes in person related deferred outflows of resources, net of \$92,509 in internal service funds	(5,642,871)
Changes in net pension liabilities, net of \$1,502,938 in internal service funds Changes in pension related deferred inflows of resources, net of \$1,222,088 in internal service funds	39,195,111 (27,963,829)
Certain OPEB expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Changes in OPEB related deferred outflows of resources, net of \$22,621 in internal service funds	134,905
Changes in total OPEB liabilities, net of \$154,100 in internal service funds Changes in OPEB related deferred inflows of resources, net of \$14,551 in internal service funds	353,207 271,589
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, facilities maintenance, and	
technology to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(2,348,671)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 76,887,027

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements

Water Fund - This fund is used to account for provision of water services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administrative, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing, and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Wastewater Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with operating and maintaining the City's sewer and surface drainage system. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing, and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Solid Waste Fund - This fund is used to account for the provision of refuse collection services to residents of the City, accomplished through a franchised operator. This fund is also used to account for the activities of the City's recycling program.

Drainage Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's storm drainage operations are accounted for in this fund.

Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to provide goods and services by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

City of Tracy Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2				
	Major I				
	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Drainage Fund	
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ 16,651,355	\$ 37,490,846	\$ 10,694,950	\$ 357,613	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable, net	4,701,571	206 3,124,508	5,332,950	114,327	
Intergovernmental receivable	-	-	-	-	
Interest receivable Lease receivable - due within one year	51,539	110,579 162,567	33,923	1,065	
Prepaid items	- 570.004	, -	-	-	
Inventories Total current assets	<u>570,994</u> 21,975,459	40,888,706	16,061,823	473,005	
	21,773,437	40,000,700	10,001,023	473,003	
Noncurrent assets: Lease receivable - due in more than one year Advances from other funds	-	1,625,899 1,500,000	-	-	
Capital assets: Non-depreciable	1,672,953	51,029,386		13,252,602	
Depreciable, net	190,761,035	124,841,259	-	37,690,767	
Total capital assets, net	192,433,988	175,870,645		50,943,369	
Total noncurrent assets	192,433,988	178,996,544		50,943,369	
Total assets	214,409,447	219,885,250	16,061,823	51,416,374	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Related to OPEB Related to pensions	47,858 867,722	55,998 1,014,278	13,340 241,282	3,090 55,406	
Total deferred outflow of resources	915,580	1,070,276	254,622	58,496	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	968,602	3,130,041	3,072,848	3,062	
Accrued payroll Due to other funds	210,297	261,152	55,834	12,230	
Interest payable	-	83,000	-	-	
Deposits payable	549,350	500	-	653,633	
Unearned revenue Compensated absences - due within one year	109,529	128,417	160,737 30,924	7,293	
Long-term debt - due within one year	1,113,312	955,000		-	
Total current liabilities	2,951,090	4,558,110	3,320,343	676,218	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Advances from other funds Net OPEB liability	1,500,000	524,223	124 992	20.020	
Net pension liability	448,024 2,365,379	2,764,887	124,882 657,727	28,928 151,033	
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	218,638	243,916	55,675	20,906	
Long term debt - due in more than one year	5,343,212	19,305,000			
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,875,253	22,838,026	838,284	200,867	
Total liabilities	12,826,343	27,396,136	4,158,627	877,085	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to leases	-	1,763,466	-	-	
Related to OPEB Related to pensions	65,158 1,523,387	76,240 1,780,684	18,162 423,599	4,207 97,271	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,588,545	3,620,390	441,761	101,478	
NET POSITION		, ,	<u> </u>	,	
Net investment in capital assets	185,977,464	155,610,645	-	50,943,369	
Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	14,932,675	206 34,328,149	11,716,057	(447,062)	
Total net position	\$ 200,910,139	\$ 189,939,000	\$ 11,716,057	\$ 50,496,307	
Communication Notes to the Designation of the Communication of the Commu					

City of Tracy Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds

June 30, 202	2
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	Non-major Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets:	Φ.	ф. с <u>5.104.564</u>	ф. 12 500 5 c
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ -	\$ 65,194,764 206	\$ 12,780,762
Accounts receivable, net	171,775	13,445,131	- -
Intergovernmental receivable	8,226,188	8,226,188	-
Interest receivable	527	197,633	37,570
Lease receivable - due within one year	93,748	256,315	- 65 520
Prepaid items Inventories	- -	570,994	65,532
Total current assets	8,492,238	87,891,231	12,883,864
Noncurrent assets:	0,472,230	07,071,231	12,003,004
Lease receivable - due in more than one year	1,942,111	3,568,010	_
Advances from other funds	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,500,000	-
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	1,444,755	67,399,696	118,147
•	27,076,417	380,369,478 447,769,174	10,539,663
Total capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets	28,521,172		10,657,810
	30,463,283	452,837,184	10,657,810
Total assets	38,955,521	540,728,415	23,541,674
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB	8,215	128,501	38,738
Related to Or EB Related to pensions	148,344	2,327,032	703,292
Total deferred outflow of resources	156,559	2,455,533	742,030
LIABILITIES			,
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	542,909	7,717,462	305,448
Accrued payroll	37,022	576,535	154,950
Due to other funds Interest payable	1,525,648	1,525,648 83,000	-
Deposits payable	53,711	1,257,194	6,758
Unearned revenue	60,539	221,276	-
Compensated absences - due within one year	20,529	296,692	89,131
Long-term debt - due within one year	-	2,068,312	
Total current liabilities	2,240,358	13,746,119	556,287
Noncurrent liabilities:		1 500 000	
Advances from other funds Net OPEB liability	76,905	1,500,000 1,202,962	362,653
Net pension liability	404,380	6,343,406	1,917,152
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	30,240	569,375	251,559
Long term debt - due in more than one year		24,648,212	
Total noncurrent liabilities	511,525	34,263,955	2,531,364
Total liabilities	2,751,883	48,010,074	3,087,651
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to leases	2,019,158	3,782,624	- 50.510
Related to OPEB Related to pensions	11,185 260,435	174,952 4,085,376	52,742 1,234,712
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,290,778		1,287,454
	2,290,778	8,042,952	1,207,434
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	20 501 172	421 052 650	10 657 010
Restricted	28,521,172	421,052,650 206	10,657,810
Unrestricted (deficit)	5,548,247	66,078,066	9,250,789
Total net position	\$ 34,069,419	\$ 487,130,922	\$ 19,908,599
See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.			

City of Tracy Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position **Proprietary Funds**

	Major Funds							
		Water Fund		Wastewater Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Drainage Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Sales and charges for services Other operating revenue	\$	22,407,181 3,094	\$	14,973,113 188,108	\$	25,757,693	\$	730,691
Total operating revenues		22,410,275		15,161,221		25,757,693		730,691
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Purchase of water Maintenance and operation Administration Insurance costs and claims		5,893,138 10,846,108 2,013,598		13,381,342 1,955,795		26,431,145 1,986,778		343,764 55,040
Depreciation		4,655,818		5,888,177				1,715,107
Total operating expenses		23,408,662		21,225,314		28,417,923		2,113,911
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(998,387)		(6,064,093)		(2,660,230)		(1,383,220)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Operating grants Capital grants Investment income (loss)		706,680 - (449,911)		495,735 (1,088,780)		628,709 (312,596)		17,749 (9,357)
Interest expense Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(186,671)		(979,083)		-		-
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(1,290,542)		(1,230,588)		216 112		9.202
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(2,218,831)		(2,802,716)		(2,344,117)		8,392 (1,374,828)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS								
Capital contributions Transfers in		6,289,391 30,214		4,813,415 24,528,062		-		788,174 423
Total capital contributions and transfers		6,319,605		29,341,477				788,597
Changes in net position		4,100,774		20,474,668		(2,344,117)		(586,231)
NET POSITION:								
Beginning of year		196,809,365		169,464,332		14,060,174		51,082,538
End of year	\$	200,910,139	\$	189,939,000	\$	11,716,057	\$	50,496,307

City of Tracy Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) **Proprietary Funds**

	Non-: Fui	major		Total		overnmental Activities Internal rvice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:		iius		Total	50	I vice i unus
	\$ 8	152 704	\$	72 022 462	\$	12 002 240
Sales and charges for services Other operating revenue	р с	3,153,784 128,504	Þ	72,022,462 319,706	Ф	13,092,240 3,502,681
Total operating revenues		3,282,288		72,342,168		16,594,921
		,,202,200		72,3 12,100		10,371,721
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Purchase of water		-		5,893,138		-
Maintenance and operation	5	5,574,890		56,577,249		8,924,011
Administration		497,093		6,508,304		1,084,051
Insurance costs and claims		-		-		6,427,150
Depreciation	2	2,239,719		14,498,821		1,618,446
Total operating expenses	8	3,311,702		83,477,512		18,053,658
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(29,414)		(11,135,344)		(1,458,737)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Operating grants		485,176		1,687,591		_
Capital grants		165,927		812,385		-
Investment income (loss)		41,526		(1,819,118)		(346,469)
Interest expense		-		(1,165,754)		-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		3,104		(2,518,026)		(1,873,560)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		695,733		(3,002,922)		(2,220,029)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL						
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		666,319		(14,138,266)		(3,678,766)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						
Capital contributions		-		11,890,980		82,089
Transfers in		395,514		24,954,213		1,248,006
Total capital contributions and transfers		395,514		36,845,193		1,330,095
Changes in net position	1	,061,833		22,706,927		(2,348,671)
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year	33	3,007,586		464,423,995		22,257,270
End of year	\$ 34	,069,419	\$	487,130,922	\$	19,908,599

City of Tracy Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

	Water Fund			Drainage Operations Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Other operating revenues and expenses	\$ 22,617,526 (18,750,088) 79,979 3,094	\$ 15,206,401 (12,962,068) (238,856) 188,108	\$ 25,624,806 (27,178,175) 135,979	\$ 701,530 (407,165) 13,876
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,950,511	2,193,585	(1,417,390)	308,241
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating grants Borrowing from other funds Repayment to other funds	706,680 - (506,600)	495,735 506,600	- - -	- - -
Transfers from other funds	30,214	24,528,062		423
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	230,294	25,530,397		423
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital grants Capital contributions from developers and others Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from the sale of assets	6,289,391 (2,064,238) (1,290,542)	4,813,415 (18,758,314)	628,709 - -	17,749 788,174 (979,033)
Principal payment of long-term debt Interest paid on debt	(1,087,711) (186,671)	(915,000) (979,083)		<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	1,660,229	(15,838,982)	628,709	(173,110)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest from investments	(478,798)	(1,133,347)	(321,829)	(9,956)
Net cash provided by investing activities	(478,798)	(1,133,347)	(321,829)	(9,956)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5,362,236	10,751,653	(1,110,510)	125,598
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of year	11,289,119	26,739,399	11,805,460	232,015
End of year	\$ 16,651,355	\$ 37,491,052	\$ 10,694,950	\$ 357,613
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:				
Cash and cash investments	\$ 16,651,355	\$ 37,490,846	\$ 10,694,950	\$ 357,613
Restricted cash and investments		206		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,651,355	\$ 37,491,052	\$ 10,694,950	\$ 357,613
				(Continued)

City of Tracy Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Major Funds				
	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Drainage Fund	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (998,387)	\$ (6,064,093)	\$ (2,660,230)	\$ (1,383,220)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net					
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	4 655 010	5 000 155		1.515.105	
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and	4,655,818	5,888,177	-	1,715,107	
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:					
Accounts receivable, net	367,107	258,288	(263,934)	6,175	
Intergovernmental receivable	-	-	-	-	
Lease receivable	-	163,108	-	-	
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	(39,444)	(47,146)	(11,377)	(2,569)	
Deferred outflows - pension related	134,318	240,432	9,228	7,222	
Accounts payable	2,756	2,375,069	1,239,748	(8,361)	
Accrued payroll	34,557	61,561	12,785	766	
Deposits payable	(156,762)	-	-	(35,336)	
Unearned revenue	-	-	131,047	-	
Compensated absences	(252)	(91,980)	11,619	5,150	
Net OPEB liability	339,145	409,672	99,472	22,178	
Net pension liability	(1,941,058)	(2,627,440)	(418,882)	(118,119)	
Deferred inflows - lease related	45.220	(188,108)	10.500	-	
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	45,220	55,263	13,509	2,970	
Deferred inflows - pension related	1,507,493	1,760,782	419,625	96,278	
Total adjustments	4,948,898	8,257,678	1,242,840	1,691,461	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 3,950,511	\$ 2,193,585	\$ (1,417,390)	\$ 308,241	

(Continued)

City of Tracy Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

	Non-major Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 6,147,151 (5,327,635)	\$ 70,297,414 (64,625,131)	\$ 13,160,240 (16,470,913)
Cash payments to employees for services Other operating revenues and expenses	(484,838) 128,504	(493,860) 319,706	(38,786) 3,502,681
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	463,182	5,498,129	153,222
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating grants	485,176	1,687,591	-
Borrowing from other funds		506,600	-
Repayment to other funds Transfers from other funds	(1,039,721) 395,514	(1,546,321) 24,954,213	1,248,006
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(159,031)	25,602,083	1,248,006
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	(10),001)	20,002,000	1,2 10,000
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital grants	165,927	812,385	-
Capital contributions from developers and others	(511.077)	11,890,980	82,089
Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from the sale of assets	(511,077)	(22,312,662) (1,290,542)	(2,542,252)
Principal payment of long-term debt	_	(2,002,711)	_
Interest paid on debt	-	(1,165,754)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(345,150)	(14,068,304)	(2,460,163)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest from investments	40,999	(1,902,931)	(356,128)
Net cash provided by investing activities	40,999	(1,902,931)	(356,128)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-	15,128,977	(1,415,063)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
Beginning of year	<u></u> _	50,065,993	14,195,825
End of year	\$ -	\$ 65,194,970	\$ 12,780,762
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:			
Cash and cash investments	\$ -	\$ 65,194,764	\$ 12,780,762
Restricted cash and investments		206	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 65,194,970	\$ 12,780,762
			(Continued)

City of Tracy Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		on-major Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(29,414)	\$(11,135,344)	\$ (1,458,737)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		2 220 710	1.4.400.021	1 (10 44)
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and		2,239,719	14,498,821	1,618,446
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:				
Accounts receivable, net		6,238,496	6,606,132	68,000
Intergovernmental receivable		8,226,188)	(8,226,188)	-
Lease receivable	`	109,228	272,336	_
Prepaid items		_	, -	(65,532)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		(4,843)	(105,379)	(22,621)
Deferred outflows - pension related		15,783	406,983	92,509
Accounts payable		247,255	3,856,467	29,831
Accrued payroll		10,230	119,899	25,688
Deposits payable		(1,072)	(193,170)	-
Unearned revenue		(1,168)	129,879	-
Compensated absences		(2,228)	(77,691)	(22,163)
Net OPEB liability		33,272	903,739	154,100
Net pension liability		(300,985)	(5,406,484)	(1,502,938)
Deferred inflows - lease related		(125,929)	(314,037)	
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		3,195	120,157	14,551
Deferred inflows - pension related		257,831	4,042,009	1,222,088
Total adjustments		492,596	16,633,473	1,611,959
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	463,182	\$ 5,498,129	\$ 153,222
				(Concluded)

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Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements

Custodial funds - These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds. This includes various Community Facilities Districts and Assessments Districts.

Private Purpose Funds - These funds account for resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments (i.e. unclaimed property/escheat property). This includes the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund.

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City of Tracy Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$ 6,617,351 45,386,329	\$ 5,943,373 712		
Total assets	52,003,680	5,944,085		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred loss on refunding		1,743,710		
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	1,743,710		
LIABILITIES	c 410			
Accounts payable Interest payable	6,410	531,167		
Deposits payable Due to City Long-term debt - due within one year	298,184	4,902,529 1,660,000		
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	<u>_</u>	28,066,226		
Total liabilities	304,594	35,159,922		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Held for:				
Individuals, organizations, and other governments Dissolution of RDA	51,699,086	(27,472,127)		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 51,699,086	\$ (27,472,127)		

City of Tracy Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds		Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS:					
Fee collections for other governments	\$	-	\$	304,686	
Special assessments for other governments		15,615,215		-	
Investment income (loss)		(1,668)		(22,178)	
RDA property tax trust fund distribution		_		2,965,206	
Proceeds from debt issuance		21,348,629		-	
Total additions		36,962,176		3,247,714	
DEDUCTIONS:					
Administration		255,967		-	
Payments on conduit bonds - principal		8,065,000		-	
Payments on conduit bonds - interest		6,771,433		-	
Project payments		27,685,370		13,451	
Transfers to City		-		289,571	
Interest expense				1,091,039	
Total deductions		42,840,370		1,394,061	
Change in net position		(5,878,194)		1,853,653	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year		57,577,280		(29,325,780)	
End of year	\$	51,699,086	\$	(27,472,127)	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Tracy Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Tracy, California (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards in the United States. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on July 10, 1910 under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administration services, and redevelopment.

Blended Component Units

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, the City, and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the primary government is accountable and their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance part of the government's operation and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Although the following are legally separate from the City, they have been "blended" as though they are part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component units; and/or the component units provide services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City as well as the Tracy Operating Partnership Joint Powers Authority, Tracy Public Financing Authority, and Tracy Industrial Development Authority, which are controlled by and dependent on the City. While they are separate legal entities, City Council serves in separate sessions as the governing body of the Tracy Operating Partnership Joint Powers Authority, the Tracy Public Financing Authority, and the Tracy Industrial Development Authority; their financial activities are integral to those of the City. The financial activities of all three entities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blended") with those of the City in the accompanying financial statements. Further details about each entity follow:

The Tracy Operating Partnership Joint Powers Authority (TOP), established in October 1995, is a separate governmental entity whose purpose is to assist in the financing and refinancing of certain redevelopment activities of the former Community Development Agency and certain programs and projects of the City. The TOP is administered by a Governing Board whose members are the City Council of the City of Tracy, and the City also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the TOP. The TOP does not issue separate financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

The **Tracy Public Financing Authority (TPFA)**, established in May 2013, is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist the City and the former South County Fire Authority (SCFA) with the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. The SCFA was dissolved on June 30, 2018 and was replaced as a member of the TPFA by the Tracy Industrial Development Authority. The TPFA has the power to purchase bonds issued by any local agency at public, or negotiated sale, and may sell such bonds to public or private purchasers at public, or negotiated sale. The TPFA is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the TPFA. The TPFA does not issue separate financial statements.

The **Tracy Industrial Development Authority** (**TIDA**), established in August 2018, is a separate governmental entity whose purpose is to implement the provisions of the California Industrial Development Financing Act. The TIDA is administered by a Governing Board whose members are the City Council of the City, and the City also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the TIDA. The TIDA does not issue separate financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Units

A discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The **South San Joaquin County Fire Authority (SSJCFA)** was created in March 2018 by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the City and the Tracy Rural Fire Protection District to provide fire administration, fire prevention and fire training and safety within the jurisdictional area of the SSJCFA. The jurisdictional area effective as of June 30, 2019 includes the City of Tracy and the Tracy Rural Fire Protection District. The SSJCFA is governed by a Board comprised of two members each from the City and the District. The City and District lease all facilities to be used in providing fire protection services to the SSJCFA and the City performs certain accounting and administrative functions for the SSJCFA. The SSJCFA issues separate financial statements that are available from the SSJCFA, 835 N. Central Avenue, Tracy, CA 95376. Further information regarding the SSJCFA is discussed in Note 20.

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained in accordance with legal and managerial requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program. Program revenues for the City are classified in three categories:

- > Charges for services
- > Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- ➤ Due to/from other funds
- ➤ Advances to/from other funds
- > Transfers in/out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in Net Position as presented in these statements to the Net Position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days for all revenues except grants, which use a six-month availability period.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, motor vehicle in-lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and available criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions have been recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The general fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund - This fund was established to account for housing activities assumed by the City from the former Tracy Community Redevelopment Agency and revenues and expenditures related to the low- and moderate-income housing program.

Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the Building, Engineering and Planning Divisions. These funds were added in fiscal year 15-16 to better account for these specific activities and restricted revenue sources. Prior to fiscal year 15-16, these activities were in the General Fund.

CARES/ARPA Grants Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for the grant revenues and expenditures received through the CARES act and the American Rescue Plan act.

General Project Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of the capital project financed through transfers from the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of the project with the Tracy Infrastructure Master Plan. The Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans were approved in 2012 and 2013 and cover all subsequent new development in areas of the City not covered by their own financing plan. Capital development fees are levied on developments in these areas and expenditures for various capital facilities to support the developments are accounted for in six functional categories.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major Proprietary Fund.

A separate column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City's internal service funds include funds which provide services directly to other City funds. These areas of service include fleet maintenance, facilities maintenance, and technology.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Wastewater Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of treatment to residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Solid Waste Fund – This fund is used to account for City's activities related to solid waste removal and street cleaning activities.

Drainage Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's activities related to drainage operations.

City of Tracy Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit Financial Statements

The activities of the Authority closely resemble those of ongoing businesses in which the purpose is to conserve and add to basic resources while meeting operating expenses from current revenues. The Authority provides services on a continuous basis and its activities are substantially financed by revenues derived from user charges and contributions from the member agencies. The Authority utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds represent custodial funds and private purpose trust funds. Both custodial funds and the private purpose trust funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund.

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. They are also used to account for various assessment districts for which the City acts as an agent for debt service activity, as the City is prohibited from levying additional taxes for these districts. Such funds include various Community Facilities Districts, Assessments Districts, and the Tracy Rural Fire Medical Leave Bank Custodial Funds account for resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments (i.e., unclaimed property/escheat property). The City's private purpose trust fund is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) for the City of Tracy. Its results of operations are presented on the Statement of Changes of Fiduciary Net Position.

Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency for the City of Tracy

The Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund was created to serve as a custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the RDA on February 1, 2012, pursuant to Assembly Bill x1 26. Its purpose is to expeditiously wind down the affairs of the dissolved Redevelopment Agency (RDA). The Successor Agency is a separate public entity from the City, subject to the direction of an oversight board. The City Council serves as the governing board of the Successor Agency. In general, the Successor Agency's assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments). In future fiscal years, the Successor Agency will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former RDA until all enforceable obligations of the former RDA have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated. Based upon the nature of the Successor Agency's custodial role, the Successor Agency has been included in the accompanying basic financial statements as a private purpose trust fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City's dependence on property tax receipts, which are received semi-annually, requires it to maintain significant cash reserves to finance operations during the remainder of the year. The City pools cash from all sources and all funds except Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time. It is the City's intent to hold investments to maturity.

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value, except for certain investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year, and may result in negative investment income in the accompanying financial statements. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance, except for investment income associated with funds not legally required to receive pooled investment income which has been assigned to and recorded as revenue of the general fund, as provided by California Government Code Section 53647.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents, include amounts on deposit in the City pool and any short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for deposits and investment risks in the following areas:

- > Interest rate risk
- Credit risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial credit risk
 - Concentration of credit risk
- > Foreign currency risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

E. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Amounts reported as cash and investments with fiscal agents have been restricted by bond indentures or are to be used for specified purposes based on contract provisions, such as bonded debt service.

F. Receivables

Customer or trade receivables are reported as "accounts receivable" and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on historical and management estimates.

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables (e.g., "notes receivable") due to governmental fund types are reported in their respective balance sheets despite their spending measurement focus. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables are deferred until they become current receivables. Noncurrent portions of long-term notes receivable are offset by restricted fund balance in the special revenue funds.

G. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost, using the weighted-average method. Inventories of the Enterprise Funds. consist primarily of water storage held for future use. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed, rather than when purchased. Prepaid items in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Leases

Lessee

The City has a policy to recognize a lease liability and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$25,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service. Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure any lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported as right to use along with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

Lessor

The City is a lessor for leases of special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. The City recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Leases (Continued)

Lessor (Continued)

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets, and the right to use leased equipment and buildings, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets) or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at the fair value of the assets on the date on which they were contributed. Donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Capital assets with limited useful lives are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Alternatively, the "modified approach" is used for certain capital assets. Depreciation is not provided under this approach, but all expenditures on these assets are expensed, unless they are additions or improvements. Some capital assets may be acquired using Federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated.

City of Tracy Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

The City has assigned the useful lives and capitalization thresholds listed below to capital assets:

		Capitalization
Asset Type	Useful Lives	Threshold
Land	n/a	\$0
Land improvements	n/a	\$50,000
Buildings	10-30 years	\$50,000
Building Improvements	5-50 years	\$50,000
Equipment and vehicles	5-30 years	\$5,000
Grading, curbs, gutters, sidewalks,		
driveway approaches	40 years	\$50,000
Traffic signals	20 years	\$50,000
Street drainage	40 years	\$50,000
Infrastructure	5-40 years	\$50,000
Intangibles	5 years	\$5,000
Capital Lease Property	Term of contract	\$5,000
Leasehold Improvements	Term of contract	\$50,000
Works of Art / Historical Treasurers	n/a	\$0
Construction in Progress for		Projects to exceed
Year End Reporting	n/a	\$50,000 at completion

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

The City has elected to use the modified approach discussed above with respect to its roads, most of which are relatively new. The City's policy is to maintain these roads at an overall Pavement Condition Index (PCI) level averaging 69, instead of providing depreciation. During the fiscal year 2022, the City expended \$5,587,759 to preserve its roads. The City estimates that it will be required to expend approximately \$5,920,343 in fiscal year 2023 to maintain its roads at this condition level. Please see Modified Approach to Reporting Street Pavement Costs section of the Required Supplementary Information section following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for more detailed information.

K. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Gains or losses on bond refunding are reported as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term debt but are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Compensated Absences/Sick Leave Conversion

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Employees hired prior to July 1, 1994, after 10 years with the City and only upon retirement, may convert their accumulated sick leave time to offset the cost of retiree medical insurance premiums under the following options: bank or conversion. The bank option converts the unused sick leave into a dollar amount that will be placed into a "bank" to be used until the bank is exhausted to offset the cost of retiree medical insurance premiums for the retiree. The conversion option takes the unused sick leave and converts it to days and the City will pay the medical insurance premiums for the retiree for each day after conversion.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences/sick leave conversion are recorded as a liability when earned and as an expense when paid.

Fund Financial Statements

For governmental funds, compensated absences/sick leave conversion are recorded as expenditures in the year paid. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences and sick leave conversion. In proprietary funds, compensated absences/sick leave conversion are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 14). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund and Internal Service Funds are typically used to liquidate the pension liability related to the City's governmental activities while the pension liability for Business-type activities is liquidated from the respective Enterprise Funds.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021

Measurement period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

N. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan, the assets of which are held in an irrevocable trust, and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined by an independent actuary (Note 15). For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The Enterprise Funds are used to liquidate the OPEB liability.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and fiduciary net position information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

OPE	
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Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021

Measurement period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Fund Balances

As prescribed by U.S. GAAP, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2022, fund balances for governmental funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in a spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: deposits and prepaid items.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that have been limited to specific purposes or through adoption of a resolution or an ordinance by the City Council, the highest level of decision-making authority of the City, and resources that have been specifically committed for use in satisfying contractual obligations, as in agreements with third-parties. The City has determined that both a resolution and an ordinance are equally binding. These commitments may be changed or lifted, but only by the same formal action that was used to impose the constraint originally. City Council action to commit fund balance must occur within the fiscal reporting period while the amount committed may be subsequently determined.
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes. Intent is expressed by (a) the City Council or (b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose. This policy delegates to the Finance Director the authority to assign unassigned fund balance amounts where the City's intent is for those amounts to be used for specific purposes. This delegation of authority is for the sole purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> includes amounts within the General Fund, the residual resources, either positive or negative in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the other four fund balance categories. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. Other governmental funds may only report a negative unassigned balance that was created after classification of fund balance in the nonspendable, restricted or committed categories.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

General Fund Reserve Policies

The City Council adopted a revised General Fund Reserve (Unassigned Fund Balance) Policy in May 2021 with Resolution 2021-061 that established a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to mitigate the effect of unanticipated situations such as natural disasters and severe unforeseen events. Reserves also provide the City with stability in times of economic fluctuations and help provide for a smooth transition to changes in service levels caused by changes in the City's financial situation. The Policy established the following reserves:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Fund Balances (Continued)

Contingency/Emergency Reserve – The Contingency/Emergency Reserve funds help mitigate the effects of unanticipated situations such as natural disasters and severe, unforeseen events. The Contingency/Emergency Reserve also serves as back-up liquidity to self-insured losses if this need were to arise. The Contingency/Emergency Reserve is established with a target goal of 18% of the General Fund's adopted annual budget for expenditures and recurring transfers out. The City Manager will first evaluate the City's financial condition and make a recommendation to City Council as to the need to make contributions to the Contingency/Emergency Reserve or the possible need to access funds from the Contingency/Emergency Reserve. This action is done as part of the annual budget adoption; however, these actions can be completed at any time the City Manager deems necessary. The balance of the Contingency/Emergency Reserve was \$14,505,000 at June 30, 2022, which is a component of committed fund balance of the General Fund.

Economic/Budget Stability Reserve – The Economic/Budget Stability Reserve is intended to offset quantifiable revenue/expenditure uncertainty in the multi-year forecast thereby helping to stabilize service levels through economic cycles. The long-term use of this reserve is determined by estimating the level of financial risk associated and may be authorized and expended only when certain specific circumstances exist within the following three areas of uncertainty:

- 1. Revenue risks: Revenues falling short of budget projections may cause deficits. Transitional funding may be necessary to respond to reductions in major revenues due to local, regional, and national economic downturns. This may be due to a loss in housing values, a loss of a major employer, a loss of a major retailer, a sudden spike in unemployment or inflation, and/or other major economic factors. This may also be due to state and/or voter initiatives; including changes in legislation, revenue sources that sunset or expire, or other political impacts to revenues that are outside of the control of the City Council.
 - a Projected General Fund revenue totals in aggregate are anticipated to decrease by 5% (or more) over the prior year or decrease 10% (or more) cumulative over three years; excluding one-time revenue sources.
 - b. Projected General Fund revenues from a single revenue source are anticipated to decrease by 10% (or more) over the prior year or decrease by 15% over three years; excluding one-time revenue sources.
- 2. Expenditure risks: The City may require a source of supplemental funding for uncontrollable costs or contractually obligated costs. Such costs may include maintaining service levels.
 - a Projected General Fund expenditure totals (in aggregate) increase by 10% (or more) over the prior year or increase 15% (or more) over three years; excluding one-time expenditure requests.
 - b. Projected General Fund expenditures from a single source are anticipated to increase by 10% (or more) over the prior year or increase by 15% over three years.
- 3. Structural deficit risk: Economic factors may create a structural deficit when revenue growth does not keep pace with expenditure growth. The City may elect to use the Economic/Budget Stability Reserve for up to 24 months while a plan is developed to correct the deficit.
 - a Projected General Fund expenditure totals (in aggregate) exceed incoming revenues by 5% (or more) over the prior year or exceed by 10% over three years; excluding one-time expenditure requests.
 - b. Need funding for an unanticipated major repair, purchase or other maintenance charge creating a deficit of 5% of incoming revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Fund Balances (Continued)

The nature of these reserves is intended to stabilize the General Fund budget in the short-term to address non-routine or unanticipated changes in economic position. A regular 5-year forecast should be used to identify foreseeable changes in revenues and/or expenditures. However, not all changes in economic and fiscal position are known. In those cases, the City Manager will first evaluate the City's financial condition and make a recommendation to City Council as to the need to make contributions to the Economic/Budget Stability Reserve or the possible need to access funds from the Economic/Budget Stability Reserve. This action is done as part of the annual budget adoption; however, these actions can be completed at any time the City Manager deems necessary. The balance of the Economic/Budget Stability Reserve was \$11,092,059 at June 30, 2022, which is a component of assigned fund balance of the General Fund.

The City Manager must present a report to the City Council to justify the use of the Contingency Reserve and Economic/Budget Stability Reserve and the circumstances of the catastrophic and/or fiscal emergency. All uses of the Contingency Reserve and Economic/Budget Stability Reserve must be approved by Resolution of the City Council with a four-fifths vote. Any such uses are to be repaid to the respective reserve over a period to be determined by the City Council at the time of usage approval, with a target repayment period of no more than three years. Year-end excess and/or one-time revenue under the proposed reserves structure would remain in the General Fund's committed or assigned fund balance, as applicable. As part of the annual budget adoption process, or at any time the City Manager deems necessary, the City Manager would recommend whether the excess funds could be allocated to other reserves, or used as one-time funding with consideration given to economic development and/or capital projects.

P. Net Position

The financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is classified as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by any debt outstanding and any deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to such borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is offset by unspent proceeds.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Those assets are restricted due to external restrictions imposed by creditors (such as through bond covenants), grantors or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted</u> This category represents net position of the City that is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the City's policy is to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources that are needed.

Q. Revenue Recognition for Utility Funds

Revenues are recognized based on cycle billings rendered to customers. Utility service accounts receivable are reported net of allowance for doubtful collections and include unbilled receivables using actual amounts billed in July for June services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Property Tax

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level, and consist of secured, unsecured, and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes:

Property Valuations are established by the Assessor of the County of San Joaquin for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls; the utility property tax rolls are valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution (Proposition 13 adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978) properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base of assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2%. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal prope1ty is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax Levies are limited to 1% of full value which results in a tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation, under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

Tax Levy Dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

Tax Collections are the responsibility of the county tax collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments: The first is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal prope1ty taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

The County of San Joaquin levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year of levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution", known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of San Joaquin. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County of San Joaquin to allocate 100 percent of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of San Joaquin remits tax monies to the City in three installments as follows:

50 percent remitted in December 45 percent remitted in April 5 percent remitted in June

Tax Levy Apportionments - Due to the nature of the City-wide maximum levy, it is not possible to identify general purpose tax rates for specific entities. Under state legislation adopted subsequent to the passage of Proposition 13, apportionments to local agencies are made by the county auditor-controller based primarily on the ratio that each agency represented of the total City-wide levy for the three years prior to fiscal year 1979.

Property Tax Administration Fees - The State of California fiscal year 1990-91 Budget Act authorized counties to collect an administrative fee for collection and distribution of property taxes. Property taxes are recorded as net of administrative fees withheld during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

S. Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions, in some cases when applicable, that affect the amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

T. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the City, for the year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

GASB Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 89

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

T. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 93

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Application of this statement did not have a material effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

U. Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Upcoming Government Accounting Standards Implementations (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are presented in the accompanying financial statements at June 30, 2022 as follows:

	Government-	Wid	e Statement o	f N	et Position	Fiduciary Fu				ds																					
	Governmental	Βι	Business-Type		Component		\mathbf{S}^{\dagger}	tatement of																							
	Activities		Activities		Total		Unit		Net Position		Total																				
Cash and investments	\$ 354,578,811	\$	65,194,764	\$	419,773,575	\$	4,080,717	\$	12,560,724	\$	436,415,016																				
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	20,008,617	206		206		206		206		206		206		206		206		206		206		206			20,008,823		-		45,387,041		65,395,864
Total cash and investments	\$ 374,587,428	\$	65,194,970	\$	439,782,398	\$	4,080,717	\$	57,947,765	\$	501,810,880																				

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 3,345
Deposits with financial institution	57,643,001
Total cash	57,646,346
Investments:	
Investments	378,768,670
Investments held by bond trustee	65,395,864
Total investments	444,164,534
Total cash and investments	\$ 501,810,880

As part of the City's investment guidelines, the City continually seeks ways to increase investment income while not risking investment principal. One way the City accomplishes this is by "sweeping", on a nightly basis, any excess cash held in its non-interest-bearing checking account to an interest-bearing money market account with the same bank.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

A. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's demand deposits were \$57,643,001 at June 30, 2022. Bank balances were \$53,180,789 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Credit	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
United States Treasury Bills, Bonds, Notes	5 years	None	100%	No Limit
Federal Agency Obligations or U.S. Government-				
Sponsored Enterprise Obligations (GSE)	5 years	None	100%	25%
Municipal Securities	5 years	A	30%	5%
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	A/A-1 or higher	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 days	A/A-1 or higher	25%	5% (A)
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (NCDs)	5 years	A/A-1 or higher	30% (B)	5%
Federally Insured Non - Negotiable Certificates				
of Deposit	5 years	None	20% (C)	(D)
Collateralized Non-Negotiable Certificates of				
Deposit	5 years	None	20% (C)	No Limit
Certificate of Deposit Placement Service (CDARS)	5 years	None	30% (B)	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	100%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	\$75 million	\$75 million
Local Government Investment Pools	N/A	None	100%	No Limit
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	A	30%	5%
Asset-Backed, Mortgage-Backed, Mortgage Pass-				
Through Securities, and Collaterized Mortgage				
Obligations	5 years	A/AA or higher	20%	5% (E)
Mutual Funds	N/A	Highest Category	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Highest Category	20%	20%
Supranational Securities	5 years	AA	30%	10%

- (A) The City may purchase no more than 10% of the outstanding commercial paper of any single issuer.
- (B) Combined limit for NCD and CDARS.
- (C) Combined limit for Federally Insured and Collateralized Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit.
- (D) The amount per institution is limited to the maximum covered under federal insurance.
- $(E) \ \ No \ is suer \ limitation \ on \ any \ mortgage \ security \ where \ the \ is suer \ is \ the \ U.S. \ Treasury \ or \ a \ Federal \ Agency/GSE.$

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City and Successor Agency must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City or Successor Agency fails to meet the obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types and their minimum credit ratings that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment-type.

		Minimum
	Maximum	Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
United States Treasury Bill, Bonds, Notes United States Government Agency Obligations or	5 years	N/A
Government-Sponsored Enterprise Obligations	5 years	AAA
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	Three Highest Categories
Investment Agreements, Short Term	None	Two Highest Categories
Investment Agreements, Long Term	None	Three Highest Categories
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	A-
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Hightest Category
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	Not rated
California Asset Management Program	N/A	Not rated
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	A-1 or A-1+
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1 or A-1+
State Obligations	None	Highest Category

D. Fair Value Measurement

As of June 30, 2022, the City's investments had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments measured by fair value level:	June 30, 2022		Level 1		 Level 2		Level 3
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 115,027,509		\$	-	\$ \$ 115,027,509		-
Municipal Bonds		87,808,825		-	87,808,825		-
Asset-Back Securities		83,124,432		-	83,124,432		-
Medium Term Corporate Notes		2,083,136		-	2,083,136		-
Federal Agency Obligations		2,101,256		-	2,101,256		-
Negotiable CDs		10,175,112		-	10,175,112		-
Commercial Paper		3,495,534		-	3,495,534		-
Total investments by fair value level		303,815,804	\$	-	\$ 303,815,804	\$	-
Investments not subject to the fair value hierarchy:				_	_		_
Local Agency Investment Fund		68,679,942					
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)		4,040,993					
Money Market Funds - Held by City		2,231,931					
Money Market Funds - Held by Trustee		65,395,864					
Total investments not subject to the fair value hierarchy		140,348,730					
Total investments	\$	444,164,534					

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Medium term notes: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets; and
- Asset-backed securities: recent appraisals of the asset value.

City of Tracy Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

E. Risk Disclosure

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity. For purposes of the schedule shown on the next page, any callable securities are assumed to be held to maturity.

Investment Type	1	12 Months or less	13 to 24 Months		25 to 36 Months		37 to 48 Months		49 to 60 Months	Total	
Held by City:											
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	28,213,547	\$	22,355,891	\$	11,558,202	\$	20,235,992	\$ 32,663,877	\$	115,027,509
Federal Agency Obligations		18,919,252		55,453,035		8,384,893		5,051,645	-		87,808,825
Medium Term Corporate Notes		18,116,592		45,322,088		14,343,209		4,243,730	1,098,813		83,124,432
Municipal Bond		978,487		70,312		896,325		138,012	-		2,083,136
Negotiable CD		149,298		813,678		391,338		746,942	-		2,101,256
Asset-Backed Securities		-		1,286,095		4,357,583		2,667,822	1,863,612		10,175,112
Supranational		-		-		3,495,534		-	-		3,495,534
Local Agency Investment Fund		68,679,942		-		-		-	-		68,679,942
California Asset Management Program		4,040,993		-		-		-	-		4,040,993
Money Market Funds		2,231,931		-		-		-	-		2,231,931
Held by Trustees:											
Money Market Funds		65,395,864		-		-		-	-		65,395,864
Total investments	\$	206,725,906	\$	125,301,099	\$	43,427,084	\$	33,084,143	\$ 35,626,302	\$	444,164,534

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, some issuers do not seek a credit rating. For instance, the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) has not sought or received a credit rating. In these cases, the purchaser is solely responsible for performing their own due diligence before purchasing an investment or participating in an external investment pool. Certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or less are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and therefore, do not seek a credit rating.

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2022, for each investment-type as provided by Standard and Poor's investment rating system.

City of Tracy Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

E. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk (Continued)

Investment Type		AA+/ AA/AA-			AAA/AAAm		В	BB+/BBB	Total		
Held by City:											
Federal Agency Obligations	\$	70,876,562	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	70,876,562	
Medium Term Corporate Notes		12,313,692		64,732,037		-		6,078,703		83,124,432	
Municipal Bonds		1,204,617		813,519		-		-		2,018,136	
Negotiable CDs		-		298,541		-		142,985		441,526	
Asset-Backed Securities		-		-		5,158,809		-		5,158,809	
Supranationals		-		-		3,495,534		-		3,495,534	
Money Market Funds		-		-		1,922,250		-		1,922,250	
California Asset Management Program		-		-		4,040,993		-		4,040,993	
Held by Trustee:											
Money Market Funds		-		-		65,395,864		-		65,395,864	
Total Rated Investments	\$	84,394,871	\$	65,844,097	\$	80,013,450	\$	6,221,688		236,474,106	
Not rated:											
Federal Agency Obligations										16,932,263	
Municipal Bonds										65,000	
Negotiable CDs										1,659,730	
Asset-Backed Securities										5,016,303	
California Local Agency Investment Fur	nd									68,679,942	
Money Market Funds										309,681	
Exempt from credit rating disclosure:											
U.S. Treasury Notes										115,027,509	
Total investments									\$	444,164,534	

Disclosure Relating to Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the Government Code. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by amount and issuer, of investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments. At June 30, 2022, the City had the followings investments (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represents 5% or more of the City's total investments:

Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Federal Agency Obligations	\$ 38,189,934	

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

E. Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2022, the City's deposits (bank balances) were collateralized under California Law.

F. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments in LAIF at June 30, 2022 included a portion of pool funds invested in Structure Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had \$68,679,942 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Back Securities. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The City valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2022, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate amortized cost by total aggregate fair value. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The credit quality rating of LAIF is unrated as of June 30, 2022.

G. California Asset Management Program (CAMP)

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest funds. The investments are limited to investments permitted by California Government Code. The total amount invested by all public agencies in CAMP at June 30, 2022 was \$6.5 billion, respectively. A board of five trustees who are officials or employees of public agencies has oversight responsibility for CAMP. The value of the pool shares in CAMP, which may be withdrawn at any time, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the City's position in the pool. At June 30, 2022 the amortized cost approximates the City's cost.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3 – Loans Receivable

A. Summary of Loans Receivable and Unavailable Revenue

The former Community Development Agency engaged in programs designed to encourage construction of or improvement to low-to-moderate income housing. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to expend these funds in accordance with the Agency's terms. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 21, the City agreed to become the successor to the Community Development Agency's housing activities and as a result the Housing Successor Fund assumed the loans receivable of the Community Development Agency's Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Fund. In addition, other funds of the City have made loans to third parties.

At June 30, 2022, these loans totaled:

Housing Successor Loans:	
Commercial Rehabilitation Program	\$ 90,510
Mountain View Townhomes	1,056,615
Eden Housing Inc.	2,612,093
Habitat for Humanity	59,364
Down Payment Assistance Program	827,007
Tracy Place Associates	5,011,742
DHI Tracy Garden Associates, LP	2,836,236
Tracy Mall Partners, LP	1,738,309
Total Loans Receivable	\$ 14,231,876

B. Housing Successor Loans

The City administers a residential and commercial rehabilitation program using Housing and Urban Development funds. Federal funds received by the City are deposited with a commercial bank. Upon approval of the loans, the funds are disbursed and collected by an outside collection agency. The programs are designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs' loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. The balance of the loan's receivable arising from these programs was \$90,510 at June 30, 2022.

In 1994, the Agency loaned \$609,000 in Low- and Moderate-Income Housing funds to Mountain View Townhomes Association, a partnership of non-profit corporations, to assist in the construction of thirty- seven residential rental units, thirty-six of which are available to low-income families. As of December 1, 2015, the loan was assigned to Sutter Ville SJC Holding Company, LLC. The loan is secured by a third deed of trust on the property, is payable over twenty-eight years beginning in 2026 and accrues interest at 3%. The loan was amended December 2015 and is now repayable from residual receipts as defined in the amendment. Commencing no later than 120 days following the end of the 2017 calendar year and for each calendar year thereafter until the maturity date, the Association shall make repayments on the loan for the prior calendar year based on the available amount of residual receipts as defined in the amendment. As of June 30, 2022, principal and accrued interest totaled \$1,056,615.

In 1996, the Agency agreed to loan Eden Housing Inc., up to \$2,208,691 to assist in the development and construction of seventy-two low-income housing units at Stone Pine Meadows. The loan is payable over seven years beginning forty years after the project was complete, which was January 11, 2000, and is secured by a subordinated deed of trust on the property. The loan does not bear interest for the first three years, then accrues interest at 1% per year for the next forty years and 3% for the last seven years. As of June 30, 2022, principal and accrued interest totaled \$2,612,093.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3 – Loans Receivable (Continued)

B. Housing Successor Loans (Continued)

In 2000, the Agency agreed to loan Habitat for Humanity up to \$100,000 to construct/reconstruct from five to seven properties to ownership housing for very low-income families. The funds are to be used to pay all City fees necessary to develop and build affordable housing under the sponsorship of Habitat for Humanity. The loan proceeds were available for draw down through December 31, 2005 and Habitat for Humanity drew down only \$40,093 of the loan proceeds through that date. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property and may be forgiven if the property remains occupied by a low-income family for a period of thirty years. The balance of the outstanding loan, including accrued interest, as of June 30, 2022 is \$59,364.

The City loaned 37 individuals from the Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Fund of the Redevelopment Agency. The loans have been authorized for each of the recipients as part of the housing down payment assistance program. The City is the beneficiary of the promissory notes issued, recorded, and secured by real property. The loans are due when the underlying property is sold. As of June 30, 2022, principal and accrued interest totaled \$827,007.

In November 2005, the Agency entered into a loan agreement with Tracy Place Associates for an amount not to exceed \$4,350,000 to be used as construction and permanent financing costs for the development of a 49-unit affordable senior housing complex, Tracy Place Senior Apartments. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property and bears simple interest of I%. The loan is repayable from residual receipts as defined in the loan agreement starting in April 2008, and is due 55 years from the issuance of the certificate of occupancy, which was December 29, 2008, or if a transfer occurs that is not approved by the City. As of June 30, 2022, the developer owes \$5,011,742, including accrued interest.

In November 2007, the Community Development Agency of the City of Tracy (Agency) entered into an Owner Participation and Loan Agreement with DHI Tracy Garden Associates, LP (DHI). DHI was to develop and rehabilitate an 88-unit Senior Housing Complex for low-income senior households. The maximum amount of loan from the Agency was \$1,975,000. Simple interest accrues annually at 3%. Upon default, the rate will increase to the lesser of 10% or the maximum allowed by law. The loan is secured by a trust deed on the underlying properly. This trust deed is subordinated to all other loans that DHI has for the project. Maturity of the loan is November 1, 2064. Payment on the loan is deferred until maturity unless the property is conveyed (other than that approved by the City) or there is a default. Total amount owed as of June 30, 2022 is \$2,836,236.

C. Development Loan

In September 2006, the City loaned a property owner \$40,000 to assist in the demolition of a structure in order for the property owner to construct new housing units on the site. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property, bears interest of 5% and is due and payable when the property is sold. The balance was paid in full as of June 30, 2022.

D. Tracy Mall Partners, L.P. Loan

The West Valley Mall Revitalization Program provides a financial incentive to the owners of the West Valley Mall (Mall Owner) or a prospective tenant to be used for tenant improvements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3 – Loans Receivable (Continued)

D. Tracy Mall Partners, L.P. Loan (Continued)

During fiscal year 2011. the City and the Tracy Mall Partners, L.P. entered into an agreement where the City provided a financial contribution of \$2,750,000 to the Mall Owner. In exchange, the Mall Owner guarantees that Macy's will lease the anchor tenant location for a minimum of 10 years. Over the 20-year term, the Mall Owner is obligated to repay the City for the financial incentive at the rate of \$151,250 a year or \$3,025,000 for the 20-year term. The annual repayment will be forgiven to the extent that increased sales tax revenue to the City exceeds \$151,250 per year from Macy's or new tenants of the Macy's space. The Mall Owner gets credit for 100% of the Macy's sales tax collected in any one year, and any amount under or over that threshold can be used toward a prior shortage.

The sales tax revenue collected from Macy's in fiscal year 2022 did not exceed the threshold, therefore only \$87,381 of the annual repayment was forgiven. The cumulative shortage of sales tax collections was \$423,918 as of June 30, 2022 and the balance of the loan is \$1,738,309 at that date.

Note 4 – Lease Receivable

A. Governmental Activities

The portion of the City's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the City. The terms of the arrangements range from 1 to 30 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$207,572 in lease revenue and \$27,704 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

									Classification			on
		Balance						Balance	Dı	ıe within	Dı	ie in More
	Jι	ıly 1, 2021	Add	itions	D	eletions	Ju	ne 30, 2022	0	ne Year	Tha	n One Year
Leases receivable	\$	2,424,242	\$		\$	(190,396)	\$	2,233,846	\$	193,375	\$	2,040,471
Total	\$	2,424,242	\$		\$	(190,396)	\$	2,233,846	\$	193,375	\$	2,040,471

As of June 30, 2022, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending						
June 30,	 Principal]	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 193,375	\$	28,140	\$	221,515	
2024	194,343		25,887		220,230	
2025	195,353		23,616		218,969	
2026	198,436		21,305		219,741	
2027	165,816		19,060		184,876	
2028-2032	556,390		69,405		625,795	
2033-2037	257,453		47,027		304,480	
2038-2042	250,347		31,117		281,464	
2043-2047	134,410		15,590		150,000	
2048-2052	87,923		2,075		89,998	
Total	\$ 2,233,846	\$	283,222	\$	2,517,068	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 4 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amortization Schedule				
2023	\$ 207,572				
2024	207,572				
2025	207,572				
2026	207,572				
2027		169,563			
2028-2032		608,868			
2033-2037		208,822			
2038-2042		234,460			
2043-2047		116,236			
2048-2052		48,433			
Total	\$	2,216,670			

B. Business-Type Activities

The portion of the City's property is leased to others. Such property includes special purpose facilities, office and commercial space, and land. Lease receivable consists of agreements with other for the right-to-use of the underlying assets at various locations owned by the City. The terms of the arrangements range from 2 to 30 years. The calculated interest rates used vary depending on the length of the lease. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$317,037 in lease revenue and \$72,745 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

										Classification		
		Balance						Balance	Dı	ue within	Dı	ie in More
	Jı	ıly 1, 2021	Addi	itions	D	Deletions	Ju	ne 30, 2022		ne Year	Tha	n One Year
Leases receivable	\$	4,099,660	\$		\$	(275,335)	\$	3,824,325	\$	256,315	\$	3,568,010
Total	\$	4,099,660	\$	-	\$	(275,335)	\$	3,824,325	\$	256,315	\$	3,568,010

As of June 30, 2022, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending June 30,	1	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	256,315	\$	76,454	\$	332,769
2024	Ψ	242,143	Ψ	73,571	Ψ	315,714
2025		178,542		70,735		249,277
2026		114,646		68,194		182,840
2027		117,187		65,654		182,841
2028-2032		626,053		288,149		914,202
2033-2037		698,561		215,642		914,203
2038-2042		779,467		134,735		914,202
2043-2047		369,678		64,524		434,202
2048-2052		271,911		33,262		305,173
2053-2057		169,822		5,158		174,980
Total	\$	3,824,325	\$	1,096,078	\$	4,920,403

Note 4 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amortization Schedule			
2023	\$ 300,247			
2024		283,459		
2025	173,059			
2026	140,267			
2027	140,267			
2028-2032		841,600		
2033-2037		561,067		
2038-2042		701,333		
2043-2047		319,929		
2048-2052		214,389		
2053-2057	107,007			
Total	\$	3,782,624		

Note 5 – Deposits Receivable

The City and the Grow America Fund, Inc. (GAF) established and capitalized the Grow Tracy Fund as an economic development tool designed to assist eligible small businesses within the City to obtain the financing required to grow their businesses. The City contributed \$1 million as its share of the capitalization of the program. Loans made under the program are underwritten by the GAF and guaranteed by the Small Business Administration (SBA) under GAF's Small Business Lending Company License. Therefore, each loan must comply with SBA guidelines and procedures. In order to qualify for these loans, a business must be a for-profit operating entity; it must be financially healthy and in need of expansion capital. The Grow Tracy Fund can make loans ranging from \$100,000 to \$2 million as permitted by the SBA at or below market rates, for terms up to 25 years, depending on the proposed use of funds.

As of June 30, 2022, there were nine loans outstanding in the amount of \$2,926,957, under the program. The City has not recorded these loans and instead has recorded the capitalization contribution that GAF uses to fund the share of the loans that the SBA does not guarantee. The City has recorded its capitalization contribution to the program as a deposit receivable, and the portion of the loans funded with that contribution as of June 30, 2022 was \$706,293 and the unused balance of the capitalization contribution was \$293,707. The total deposits receivable balance as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,000,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Due To / From Other Funds

Amounts due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Business Improvement District Special Revenue Fund	\$ 69,670	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund	1,022,692	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund	228,038	Overdrawn Cash
General Fund	Municipal Transit Enterprise Fund	1,297,610	Overdrawn Cash
	Total	\$ 2,618,010	

B. Long-Term Advances

At June 30, 2022 the fund below had made an advance that is not expected to be repaid within the next year. This long-term interfund advance is expected to be repaid when sufficient cash is available in the borrowing fund.

Advances To	Advances From	Amount
Water Utility Enterprise Fund	Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund	\$ 1,500,000
	Total	\$ 1,500,000

In November 2016 the Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund advanced funds to the Water Utility Enterprise Fund in order to fund operating expenses, capital costs for maintenance and replacement of existing water infrastructure, debt payments and to maintain an adequate reserve for any emergency to continue providing uninterrupted service. The advance bears the interest at the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate and was to be repaid in two years. The advance was amended in October 2017 to extend the repayment additional years to fiscal year 2023. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding principal balance of the advance was \$1,500,000. Interest is accrued and paid annually through a cash transfer.

Note 6 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

C. Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
General Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$ 39,882,678	Capital projects
Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	2,109,068	Capital projects
Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund	General Fund	156,045	Capital projects
Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund	General Fund	365,802	Capital contribution
Landscaping District Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	95,950	Engineering costs
Lease Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund	General Fund	1,121,406	Debt service
	Subtotal	43,730,949	
State Gas Tax Street Special Revenue Fund	TEA Grant Special Revenue Fund	623,472	Capital projects
CARES/ARPA Grants Special Revenue Fund	TEA Grant Special Revenue Fund	18,234	Capital projects
Housing Sucessor Agency Special Revenue Fund	TEA Grant Special Revenue Fund	311,006	Capital projects
	Subtotal	952,712	
CARES/ARPA Grants Special Revenue Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	454,565	Capital projects
TEA Grant Special Revenue Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	3,487	Capital projects
Housing Sucessor Agency Special Revenue Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	323,904	Capital projects
	Subtotal	781,956	
CORE Capital Projects Fund	I-205 Area Improvements Capital Projects Fund	9,030,565	Consolidating funds
CORE Capital Projects Fund	Industrial Specific Plan South Capital Projects Fund	1,265,366	Consolidating funds
CORE Capital Projects Fund	Infill Projects Capital Projects Fund	5,567,165	Consolidating funds
CORE Capital Projects Fund	North East Industrial #1 Project Capital Projects Fund	11,545,388	Consolidating funds
CORE Capital Projects Fund	North East Industrial #2 Project Capital Projects Fund	35,844	Consolidating funds
CORE Capital Projects Fund	Plan "C" Capital Projects Fund	19,491,801	Consolidating funds
CORE Capital Projects Fund	Presidio Plan Area Capital Projects Fund	5,561,639	Consolidating funds
CORE Capital Projects Fund	South MacArthur Plan Area Capital Projects Fund	1,954,930	Consolidating funds
	Subtotal	54,452,698	
Infill Projects Capital Projects Fund	CORE Capital Projects Fund	111,740	Consolidating funds
Industrial Specific Plan South Capital Projects Fund	CORE Capital Projects Fund	1,058,625	Consolidating funds
General Capital Projects Fund	CORE Capital Projects Fund	1,889,758	Consolidating funds
North East Industrial #2 Project Capital Projects Fund	CORE Capital Projects Fund	4,678,830	Consolidating funds
Program Management Capital Projects Fund	CORE Capital Projects Fund	169,341	Consolidating funds
	Subtotal	7,908,294	
Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund	South MacArthur Plan Area Capital Projects Fund	9,776,671	Consolidating funds
Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund	CORE Capital Projects Fund	164,052	Consolidating funds
Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund	Regional Transportation Impact Capital Projects Fund	335,319	Capital projects
	Subtotal	10,276,042	
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	Ellis Area Capital Projects Fund	2,900,000	Capital projects
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	I-205 Area Improvements Capital Projects Fund	3,050,000	Capital projects
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	Industrial Specific Plan South Capital Projects Fund	200,180	Capital projects
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	North East Industrial #2 Project Capital Projects Fund	4,700,000	Capital projects
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	Plan "C" Capital Projects Fund	5,250,000	Capital projects
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund	8,427,882	Capital projects
	Subtotal	24,528,062	
Equipment Acquisition Internal Service Fund	COPS Grant Special Revenue Fund	1,544	Capital contributions
Equipment Acquisition Internal Service Fund	Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund	880,660	Capital projects
	Subtotal	882,204	
Urban Management Plan Facilities Captial Projects Fund	Infill Projects Capital Projects Fund	170,572	Capital projects
General Capital Projects Fund	I-205 Area Improvements Capital Projects Fund	384,800	Capital projects
General Fund	CFD Services 2018-1 Special Revenue Fund	70,147	Administrative cost
Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund	Redevelopment Obligations Capital Projects Fund	239,298	Capital contribution
Water Enterprise Fund	Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund	30,214	Capital contribution
Drainage Enterprise Fund	Industrial Specific Project Capital Projects Fund	423	Capital contribution
Municipal Transit Enterprise Fund	Proposition K Transportation Special Revenue Fund	171	Capital contribution
	Total	\$ 144,408,542	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 7 – Due from Component Unit and Due from Fiduciary Funds

Due from fiduciary funds as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Lease Revenue Bonds	Successor Agency Private Purpose	
Debt Service Fund	Trust Fund	\$ 4,902,529

A. Successor Agency Reimbursement Agreement

On December 1, 2008, the Agency entered into a Reimbursement Agreement with the City related to the City's 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds and the portion of those Bonds that funded improvements that benefitted the Redevelopment Project. Under the terms of the Reimbursement Agreement, the Agency reimburses the City for a portion of lease payments made by the City under the property lease for the 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds that are attributable to the Redevelopment Improvements. The City refunded the 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds and amended the Reimbursement Agreement on March 1, 2020. Under the terms of the amendment, the Agency reimburses the City for a portion of lease payments made by the City under the property lease for the 2020 Lease Revenue Bonds.

The terms of the Reimbursement Agreement indicate that the Agency is required to make annual payments to the City, regardless of whether the City's annual lease payments are abated. The Agency has pledged tax revenues for the repayment of the Reimbursement Agreement, subordinate to other obligations of the Agency. The Reimbursement Agreement does not bear interest and annual principal payments are due through 2038. The balance owed by the Successor Agency to the Lease Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund as of June 30, 2022 was \$4,902,529.

Note 8 - Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

The summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021, as restated	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 179,310,520	\$ 1,157,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,467,520
Roads accounted for using the modified approach	320,140,413	4,269,858	-	1,559,418	325,969,689
Construction in progress	33,214,200	13,914,439	(4,871,512)	(8,460,123)	33,797,004
Total capital assets not being depreciated	532,665,133	19,341,297	(4,871,512)	(6,900,705)	540,234,213
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	143,615,609	-	-	2,481,827	146,097,436
Improvements	49,514,797	883,877	-	606,045	51,004,719
Grading, curb & gutter, sidewalk					
and driveway approaches	32,135,175	-	-	-	32,135,175
Traffic signals and street lights	27,149,923	1,089,732	_	3,648,781	31,888,436
Equipment	35,506,111	2,217,969	(5,567,726)	-	32,156,354
Infrastructure and drainage	12,218,531	-	-	-	12,218,531
Intangibles	973,315	230,009		164,052	1,367,376
Total capital assets being depreciated	301,113,461	4,421,587	(5,567,726)	6,900,705	306,868,027
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(61,013,076)	(4,662,669)	<u>-</u>	_	(65,675,745)
Improvements	(38,775,598)	(1,430,149)	-	-	(40,205,747)
Grading, curb & gutter, sidewalk	, , , ,	, , , ,			, , ,
and driveway approaches	(16,458,437)	(706,517)	-	-	(17,164,954)
Traffic signals and street lights	(16,380,276)	(944,157)	_	-	(17,324,433)
Equip ment	(21,052,640)	(2,043,816)	3,639,550	-	(19,456,906)
Infrastructure and drainage	(4,734,214)	(237,175)	_	-	(4,971,389)
Intangibles	(627,813)	(77,222)	-	-	(705,035)
Total accumulated depreciation	(159,042,054)	(10,101,705)	3,639,550		(165,504,209)
Net capital assets being depreciated	142,071,407	(5,680,118)	(1,928,176)	6,900,705	141,363,818
Leased assets being amortized					
Buildings and improvements	405,958				405,958
Total leased assets being amortized	405,958				405,958
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements		(173,982)			(173,982)
Total accumulated amortization		(173,982)			(173,982)
Net leased assets being amortized	405,958	(173,982)			231,976
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 675,142,498	\$ 13,487,197	\$ (6,799,688)	\$ -	\$ 681,830,007

Note 8 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 781,852
Police	250,085
Fire	116,829
Development and engineering	3,997
Public works	6,721,703
Parks and community services	782,775
Internal service funds	 1,618,446
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 10,275,687

B. Business-Type Activities

The summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

		Balance			A	djustments/		Balance
	Jυ	ine 30, 2021	 Additions	 Deletions	Transfers		Ju	ne 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	19,056,776	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	19,056,776
Construction in progress		54,686,285	 15,262,878	(2,521,130)		(19,085,113)		48,342,920
Total capital assets not being depreciated		73,743,061	15,262,878	(2,521,130)		(19,085,113)		67,399,696
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		169,887,887	-	-		1,277,660		171,165,547
Improvements		3,570,581	-	-		4,547,405		8,117,986
Equipment		44,678,269	244,411	(296,826)		3,188,404		47,814,258
Infrastructure		368,706,341	8,099,019	-		9,478,432		386,283,792
Intangibles		72,882,813				593,212		73,476,025
Total capital assets being depreciated		659,725,891	8,343,430	(296,826)		19,085,113		686,857,608
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(100,409,112)	(4,673,018)	-		-	(105,082,130)
Improvements		(2,443,238)	(669,166)	-		-		(3,112,404)
Equipment		(23,470,274)	(1,839,874)	296,826		-		(25,013,322)
Infrastructure		(165,930,815)	(7,296,173)	-		-	((173,226,988)
Intangibles		(32,696)	(20,590)	-		-		(53,286)
Total accumulated depreciation		(292,286,135)	(14,498,821)	296,826		=	((306,488,130)
Net capital assets being depreciated		367,439,756	(6,155,391)	 -		19,085,113		380,369,478
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	\$	441,182,817	\$ 9,107,487	\$ (2,521,130)	\$	-	\$	447,769,174

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Water	\$ 4,655,818
Sewer	5,888,177
Drainage operations	1,715,107
Municipal Airport	1,125,380
Municipal Transit	1,114,339
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 14,498,821

Note 8 – Capital Assets (Continued)

C. Component Unit

The summary of changes in component unit capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021		A	Additions	Dele	tions	djustments/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022		
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Machinery and equipment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,701,081	\$	1,701,081	
Vehicles		-		-		-	2,659,590		2,659,590	
Total capital assets being depreciated		-		-		-	4,360,671		4,360,671	
Less accumulated depreciation				(106,796)			 (3,132,211)		(3,239,007)	
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	_	\$	(106,796)	\$	-	\$ 1,228,460	\$	1,121,664	

Depreciation expense for the component unit for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$106,796.

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities

A. Summary

			Annual	Original	
	Final	Interest	Principal	Issue	Outstanding at
	Maturity	Rate	Installments	Amounts	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities				·	
Direct Borrowing:					
Lease Payable	2024	0.26%	\$176,425-\$59,688	\$ 405,958	\$ 236,112
Public Borrowing:					
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	2039	3.00% - 4.00%	\$555,000-\$1,295,000	\$ 18,190,000	\$ 17,040,000
Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2022	2038	5.00%	\$810,000-\$1,615,000	18,275,000	18,275,000
Total Governmental Activities				\$ 36,870,958	\$ 35,315,000
Business-Type Activities					
Direct Borrowing:					
State of California Department of Public Health	2028	2.34%	\$394,960-\$1,221,886	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 6,456,524
Public Borrowing:					
Certificates of Participation, Series 2004					
(Wastewater Treatment Plant Up grade)	2037	2.00% - 4.75%	\$575,000-\$1,050,000	30,955,000	20,260,000
Total Business-Type Activities				\$ 50,955,000	\$ 26,716,524
Successor Agency					
Public Borrowing:					
Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2034	3.00% - 4.00%	\$380,000-\$2,730,000	\$ 33,720,000	\$ 26,070,000
Total Successor Agency				\$ 33,720,000	\$ 26,070,000
					·

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

		Balance					Classi	ficati	ion
		ne 30, 2021,	Debt	Debt		Balance	Oue within		ue in More
	:	as restated	 Issued	 Retired	Jı	ine 30, 2022	 One Year	Tha	an One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Direct borrowings:									
Lease payable	\$	405,958	\$ -	\$ (169,846)	\$	236,112	\$ 176,425	\$	59,687
Public borrowings:									
Lease revenue bonds:									
2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds		17,635,000	-	(595,000)		17,040,000	635,000		16,405,000
plus: bond premium		3,455,106	-	(46,069)		3,409,037	-		3,409,037
2022 Lease Revenue Bonds		-	18,275,000	-		18,275,000	810,000		17,465,000
plus: bond premium		-	2,051,917			2,051,917	 -		2,051,917
Total lease revenue bonds		21,090,106	20,326,917	(641,069)		40,775,954	1,445,000		39,330,954
Total	\$	21,496,064	\$ 20,326,917	\$ (810,915)	\$	41,012,066	\$ 1,621,425	\$	39,390,641

Lease Payable

The City has entered into leases for building space and equipment use. The terms of the agreements range from 2 to 3 years. The calculated interest rates used was 0.263%.

The annual debt service requirements on the lease payable are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	176,425	\$ 410	\$ 176,835
2024		59,687	33	59,720
Total	\$	236,112	\$ 443	\$ 236,555

2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On February 28, 2020, the City, under the Tracy Operating Partnership (TOP), issued \$18,190,000 of 2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds. The proceeds from the bonds were used to refund, on a current basis, the 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A, the 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds Series B, and the 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds. The TOP has pledged revenue pursuant to amended site and facility leases between the City and the TOP for the Fire Station 91, the Police Department Headquarters and the Fire Administration Building.

Interest payments are due semi-annually each November 1 and May 1 at rates of 3% and 4%. Principal is due annually each November 1 through 2038. The refunding resulted in an overall debt service savings of \$9,888,414. The net present value of the debt service savings is called an economic gain and amounted to \$8,617,218. The 2020 Bonds maturing on or before November 1, 2029 are not subject to annual redemption prior to maturity. The 2020 Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2030 are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after May 1, 2030 at the option of the TOP, as a whole or in part on any date at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of 2020 Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date, without premium. In the event of default, the TOP may not terminate the respective lease agreements or release the leased properties, but the City remains liable to pay all lease payments as they come due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest			Total
2023	\$ 635,000	\$	668,900	\$	1,303,900
2024	670,000		642,800		1,312,800
2025	705,000		615,300		1,320,300
2026	750,000		586,200		1,336,200
2027	790,000		555,400		1,345,400
2028-2032	4,735,000		2,245,700		6,980,700
2033-2037	6,230,000		1,154,800		7,384,800
2038-2039	2,525,000		102,300		2,627,300
Total	\$ 17,040,000	\$	6,571,400	\$	23,611,400

2022 Lease Revenue Bonds

On May 1, 2022, the City, under the Tracy Public Financing Authority (TPFA), issued \$18,275,000 of 2022 Lease Revenue Bonds. The proceeds from the bonds are being used to finance the acquisition and constructions of public capital improvements of the City, primarily consisting of Phase 1E of the Legacy Fields Sports Complex. The TPFA has pledged revenue pursuant to leases between the City and the TPFA for Phase 1 of the Legacy Fields Sports Complex, consisting of 72 acres of land containing 10 baseball fields, 8 soccer fields, restrooms and concessions, and paved parking lots and landscaping.

Interest payments are due semi-annually each November 1 and May 1 at the rate of 5%. Principal is due annually each November 1 through 2037. Yields range from 1.79% to 3.650%. The 2022 Bonds maturing on or before November 1, 2032 are not subject to annual redemption prior to maturity. The 2022 Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2033 are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after May 1, 2032 at the option of the TPFA, as a whole or in part on any date at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of 2022 Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date, without premium. In the event of default, the TPFA may not terminate the respective lease agreements or release the leased properties, but the City remains liable to pay all lease payments as they come due.

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 810,000	\$ 847,813	\$ 1,657,813
2024	800,000	853,250	1,653,250
2025	845,000	812,125	1,657,125
2026	885,000	768,875	1,653,875
2027	930,000	723,500	1,653,500
2028-2032	5,425,000	2,850,125	8,275,125
2033-2037	6,965,000	1,308,875	8,273,875
2038	1,615,000	40,375	1,655,375
Total	\$ 18,275,000	\$ 8,204,938	\$ 26,479,938

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

										Classif	ficati	on
	Balance		Debt			Debt		Balance	I	Oue within	D	ue in More
Jı	uly 1, 2021	Issued		Retired		June 30, 2022		One Year		Than One Year		
\$	7,544,235	\$		-	\$	(1,087,711)	\$	6,456,524	\$	1,113,312	\$	5,343,212
	7,544,235			-		(1,087,711)		6,456,524		1,113,312		5,343,212
	21,175,000			-		(915,000)		20,260,000		955,000		19,305,000
	21,175,000			-		(915,000)		20,260,000		955,000		19,305,000
\$	28,719,235	\$		_	\$	(2,002,711)	\$	26,716,524	\$	2,068,312	\$	24,648,212
		\$ 7,544,235 7,544,235 21,175,000 21,175,000	\$ 7,544,235 \$ 7,544,235 \$ 21,175,000 21,175,000	\$ 7,544,235 \$ 7,544,235 \$ 21,175,000 21,175,000	\$ 7,544,235 \$ - 7,544,235 \$ - 21,175,000 - 21,175,000 -	\$ 7,544,235 \$ - \$ 7,544,235 - 21,175,000 - 21,175,000 -	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired \$ 7,544,235 \$ - \$ (1,087,711) 7,544,235 - (1,087,711) 21,175,000 - (915,000) 21,175,000 - (915,000)	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired July 1, 2021 \$ 7,544,235 - \$ (1,087,711) \$ 7,544,235 - (1,087,711) - (1,087,711) 21,175,000 - (915,000) 21,175,000 - (915,000)	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 \$ 7,544,235 \$ - \$ (1,087,711) \$ 6,456,524 7,544,235 - (1,087,711) 6,456,524 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 \$ 7,544,235 - \$ (1,087,711) \$ 6,456,524 \$ 7,544,235 - (1,087,711) 6,456,524 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000	Balance July 1, 2021 Debt Issued Debt Retired Balance June 30, 2022 Due within One Year \$ 7,544,235 \$ - \$ (1,087,711) \$ 6,456,524 \$ 1,113,312 7,544,235 - (1,087,711) 6,456,524 1,113,312 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000 955,000 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000 955,000	July 1, 2021 Issued Retired June 30, 2022 One Year That \$ 7,544,235 \$ - \$ (1,087,711) \$ 6,456,524 \$ 1,113,312 \$ 7,544,235 - (1,087,711) 6,456,524 1,113,312 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000 955,000 21,175,000 - (915,000) 20,260,000 955,000

State of California Department of Public Health Loan Payable

In 2006, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Department of Public Health in the amount of \$20,000,000 for assistance in the construction of its new Water Treatment Plant. The proceeds from the loan were drawn down by the City as needed for construction. The loan is a fully amortized loan over 20 years at an annual interest rate of 2.34%. The City is obligated to make semi- annual payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$628,960 beginning July 1, 2008 with a final maturity date of January 1, 2028.

The annual debt service requirements on the California Department of Public Health Loan Payable are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,]	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$	1,113,312	\$ 144,608	\$	1,257,920	
2024		1,139,516	118,404		1,257,920	
2025		1,166,336	91,583		1,257,919	
2026		1,193,788	64,131		1,257,919	
2027		1,221,886	36,033		1,257,919	
2028		621,686	7,274		628,960	
Total	\$	6,456,524	\$ 462,033	\$	6,918,557	

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Wastewater Certificates of Participation (COPs), Series 2004

The City issued Wastewater Certificates of Participation (COPs) in April 2004 to fund the upgrade of the City's wastewater treatment plant. The Wastewater COPs are special obligations of the City and are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Utility System. Principal payments commence on December 1, 2007, and are payable annually on December 1 through 2036. Interest payments commence on December 1, 2004, and are payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1, thereafter. The COP's maturing on or after December 1, 2014 may be prepaid in advance of maturity on any date on or after December 1, 2013 plus accrued but unpaid interest to the prepayment date, without premium. For fiscal year 2022 net revenues amounted to \$4,945,126 which represented coverage of 262% over the \$1,890,418 of debt service. The pledge of net revenues ends upon repayment of the City's repayment of the remaining balance of \$30,330,191 which is scheduled to occur in 2037.

The annual debt service requirements on the Series 2004 COPs are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Total	
2023	\$ 955,000	\$	932,865	\$ 1,887,865
2024	1,000,000		887,900	1,887,900
2025	1,050,000		840,750	1,890,750
2026	-		816,600	816,600
2027	-		816,600	816,600
2028-2032	6,025,000		3,375,063	9,400,063
2033-2037	11,230,000		2,400,413	13,630,413
Total	\$ 20,260,000	\$	10,070,191	\$ 30,330,191

D. Fiduciary Fund Private Purpose Trust Funds - Successor Agency to the Former Community Development Agency of the City of Tracy

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the fiduciary fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

										Classification			
		Balance		Debt			Debt		Balance	1	Due within	D	ue in More
	J	uly 1, 2021		Issued			Retired	Jı	ine 30, 2022		One Year	Th	an One Year
Fiduciary Activities:							·						_
Public borrowings:													
Tax allocation refunding bonds:													
Series 2016	\$	27,650,000	\$		-	\$	(1,580,000)	\$	26,070,000	\$	1,660,000	\$	24,410,000
Add: unamortized bond premiums		3,960,912			-		(304,686)		3,656,226		-		3,656,226
Total tax allocation refunding bonds		31,610,912			-		(1,884,686)		29,726,226		1,660,000		28,066,226
Total	\$	31,610,912	\$		_	\$	(1,884,686)	\$	29,726,226	\$	1,660,000	\$	28,066,226

Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

D. Fiduciary Fund Private Purpose Trust Funds - Successor Agency to the Former Community Development Agency of the City of Tracy (Continued)

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A

On January 21, 2016, the Successor Agency issued 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$33,720,000. The proceeds from the Bonds were used to advance refund and defease the outstanding balance of the 2003 Tax Allocation Bonds Series A and B. The Bonds bear interest ranging from 2% to 5%. Interest is payable semi-annually each August 1 and February 1 and principal is due annually on each August 1, through 2033. The Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 2025 are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing on and after August 1, 2026, are subject to redemption, at the option of the Successor Agency on any date on or after August 1, 2025, as a whole or in part. The defeased bonds were called on February 22, 2016.

The Successor Agency's annual debt service requirements on the 2015A Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total
2023	\$ 1,660,000	\$	1,154,300	\$ 2,814,300
2024	1,740,000		1,069,300	2,809,300
2025	1,820,000		980,300	2,800,300
2026	1,910,000	887,050		2,797,050
2027	2,000,000		789,300	2,789,300
2028-2032	11,555,000		2,306,375	13,861,375
2033-2034	 5,385,000		162,675	5,547,675
Total	\$ 26,070,000	\$	7,349,300	\$ 33,419,300

Pledge of Revenues

The Agency has pledged all future tax increment revenues, for the repayment of the Tax Allocation Bonds and Reimbursement Agreement. The pledge of all future tax increment revenues end upon repayment of the remaining debt service of \$33,419,300 on the Bonds, which is scheduled to occur in 2034. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency discussed above, Tax Increment is no longer distributed, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. In addition, under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations. Total property taxes available for distribution to the Successor Agency and other taxing entities for fiscal year 2022 calculated by the County Auditor-Controller was \$9,015,014, and the total received by the Successor Agency for fiscal year 2022 debt service was \$2,628,720, which the Agency used to pay the \$2,815,300 of fiscal year debt service.

Note 10 – Special Assessment Debt with No City Commitment

The City issued special tax and assessment bonds on behalf of property owners, pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 and the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, to finance the acquisition and construction of certain infrastructure improvements within the assessment districts and community facilities districts.

The City has authorized the formation of the Bay Meadows Community Facilities District No. 2008-1 (Bay Meadows CFD), acting through its eligible landowner voters, and the issuance of bonds under the public improvement act (Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982) of the State of California to finance eligible public facilities necessary to serve developing commercial, industrial, residential and/or mixed-use developments. The bonds are secured by annual special tax levies or liens placed on the property within the district.

Special Assessment Districts in various parts of the City have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their boundaries. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by these Districts, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt is not included as debt of the City.

The outstanding balance of each of these issues as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Fiscal Year		Underlying	
	Issue	Maturity	Assessment	Outstanding
Description	Year	Year	District Bonds	June 30, 2022
1996A Tax Bonds (93-1 Community Facilities District - I-205 Parcel GL-17)	1997	2027		\$ 430,000
2002 Special Tax Bonds (93-1 Community Facilities District - 1-205 Parcel GL-17)	2003	2033		1,575,000
2003-01 Assessment District Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds (Berg Avenue)	2003	2029		405,000
2005A TOP JPA Revenue Bonds (Senior Lien) (98-1 Plan C)	2006	2029		27,625,000
2005B TOP JPA Revenue Bonds (Junior Lien) (98-3 Plan C)	2006	2036		765,000
2005C TOP JPA Revenue Bonds	2006	2036		8,935,000
2011A TOP JPA Revenue Bonds:				
98-4 Morrison Homes and 2000-02 Heartland Three	2011	2026	940,000	
2011-1 Reassessment Bonds	2011	2027	160,000	
99-2 South MacArthur Plan Area (2000 and 2002)	2011	2028	4,780,000	
Total 2011A TOP JPA Revenue Bonds				5,880,000
2014A Tracy Public Financing Authority Revenue Bonds:				
99-1 Community Facilities District - Northeast Industrial Area	2014	2025	1,800,000	
2014-1 Reassessment Bonds	2014	2023	220,000	
Total 2014A Tracy Public Financing Authority Revenue Bonds				2,020,000
2018 Series Tracy Hills Special Tax Bonds Community Facilities District No. 2016-1	2019	2048		32,385,000
2019 Series Tracy Hills Phase I Special Tax Bonds Community Facilities District No. 2016-1	2020	2050		14,765,000
2019 Series ECFD Special Tax Bonds Community Facilities District No. 2016-2	2020	2050		15,130,000
2019 Series NEI Phase II Special Tax Refunding Bonds Community Facilities District No. 2006-01	2020	2037		7,755,000
2021 Series ECFD Special Tax Bonds Community Facilities District No. 2016-2	2021	2051		13,055,000
2022 Series Hillview Special Tax Bonds Community Facilities District No. 2021-1	2022	2053		6,830,000
			Total	\$ 137,555,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 11 – Sick Leave Conversion

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the sick leave conversion balances for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

									Classi	on	
		Balance					Balance	Dı	ue within	Dı	ie in More
	Jı	ıly 1, 2021	 Additions	I	Deletions June		ne 30, 2022	One Year		Than One Year	
Sick Leave Conversion	\$	3,926,836	\$ 1,228,748	\$	(648,164)	\$	4,507,420	\$	901,484	\$	3,605,936
Total	\$	3,926,836	\$ 1,228,748	\$	(648,164)	\$	4,507,420	\$	901,484	\$	3,605,936

Sick leave conversion are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability only when matured. The long-term portion of the governmental activities sick leave conversion is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Note 12 – Compensated Absences

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

									Classification		
		Balance					Balance	D	ue within	Dı	ue in More
	Jı	ıly 1, 2021	Additions		 Deletions	eletions June 30, 20		One Year		Than One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	4,646,350	\$	4,282,127	\$ (4,893,587)	\$	4,034,890	\$	1,562,838	\$	2,472,052
Total	\$	4,646,350	\$	4,282,127	\$ (4,893,587)	\$	4,034,890	\$	1,562,838	\$	2,472,052

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability only when matured. The long-term portion of the governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the compensated absences balances for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

									Classification			n
	Balance						F	Balance	Due within		Due in More	
	Jul	y 1, 2021	Additions]	Deletions	June 30, 202		One Year		Than One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	943,758	\$	936,672	\$	(1,014,363)	\$	866,067	\$	296,692	\$	569,375
Total	\$	943,758	\$	936,672	\$	(1,014,363)	\$	866,067	\$	296,692	\$	569,375

Compensated absences in the business-type activities are obligations of the following funds:

Water Fund	\$ 328,167
Sewer Fund	372,333
Solid Waste Fund	86,599
Drainage Operations Fund	28,199
Municipal Airport Fund	18,098
Municipal Transit Fund	 32,671
Total	\$ 866,067

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City obtains insurance coverage.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influences by member municipalities beyond their representation of that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the City's responsibility.

Since 1986, the City has joined together with other cities to form a public entity risk pool known as the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority - CSJVRMA (the Authority), a joint powers authority established in accordance with the California government code. The relationship between the City and the Authority is such that the Authority is not a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes. Financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from the Authority's management.

The Authority is currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 54 member cities. The program's general objectives are to formulate, develop, and administer, on the behalf of the member cities, a program of insurance, to obtain lower cost for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. A member may withdraw from the Authority only by giving six-month notice. Cities applying for membership in the Authority may do so on approval of a two-thirds vote of the board of the Authority.

The latest financial information of the Authority for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 150,837,823
Total Liabilities	\$ 118,663,929
Net Position	\$ 32,173,894
Operating Revenues	\$ 66,885,024
Operating Expenses	\$ 47,584,363
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ (7,973,544)
Change in Net Position	\$ 11,327,117

A. Coverage

The City participates in the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 54 cities. The purpose of CSJVRMA is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the members and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its expense. The CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors elected by the member agencies; it is not a component unit of the City. Audited financial statements are available from the Central San Joaquin Risk Management Authority at 1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95833.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13 – Risk Management (Continued)

A. Coverage (Continued)

The City participates in the following pooled coverages through CSJVRMA:

Type of Coverage (Deductible)	Co	Coverage Limits			
Liability (\$100,000)	\$	54,000,000			
Property (\$5,000 to \$10,000)		1,000,000,000			
Worker's Compensation (\$200,000)		Statutory Limit			
Boiler and Machinery (\$1,000 to \$10,000)		100,000,000			
Automobile - for vehicles with values more than \$25,000 (\$500)		1,000,000,000			

The CSJVRMA maintains separate records for each member for each year of participation. The records track cash paid to the CSJVRMA through deposit premium assessments, the City's self-insured retention portion of claims paid, and the City's allocation of shared risks. Three years after the close of the workers' compensation coverage year and five years after the close of the general liability coverage year, the CSJVRMA assesses the status of all members for the year, then either makes a refund to a member if it has positive balance (i.e., payout and reserve experience is less than premiums paid) or collects any deficit.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City contributed \$6,425,900 for current year coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Liability for Uninsured Claims

The City provides for the uninsured portion of claims and judgments, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported, in the Insurance Internal Service Fund. Claims and judgments are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of asserting and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. As discussed above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible, or uninsured portion of these claims. The City has estimated that claims will become due and payable in more than one year.

Note 14 – Pension Plans

A. Summary

		overnmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Pension contribution made after measurement date: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	5,020,091 7,549,380		1,767,483	\$	6,787,574 7,549,380
Total pension contribution made after measurement date		12,569,471		1,767,483		14,336,954
Difference between expected and actual experience CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		1,589,251 3,692,384		559,549 -		2,148,800 3,692,384
Total difference between expected and actual experience		5,281,635		559,549		5,841,184
Total deferred outflows of resources CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety Total deferred outflows of resources		6,609,342 11,241,764 17,851,106	\$	2,327,032	\$	8,936,374 11,241,764 20,178,138
Net pension liability:	=	17,001,100		2,027,002	=	20,170,100
CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		18,016,835 29,624,502		6,343,406	\$	24,360,241 29,624,502
Total net pension liability	\$	47,641,337	\$	6,343,406	\$	53,984,743
Deferred inflows of resources: Difference between expected and actual experience CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	447,398 1,766	\$	157,523	\$	604,921 1,766
Total difference between expected and actual experience		449,164		157,523		606,687
Actual earnings on pension plan investments in excess of projected earnings:						
CalPERS M iscellaneous		11,156,073		3,927,853		15,083,926
CalPERS Safety		17,970,224				17,970,224
Total actual earnings on pension plan investments in excess of		29,126,297		3,927,853		33,054,150
Changes of assumptions CalPERS Safety		139,941				139,941
Total difference between expected and actual experience		139,941		-		139,941
Total deferred inflows of resources CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	11,603,471 18,111,931	\$	4,085,376	•	15,688,847 18,111,931 33,800,778
	•	29,715,402	•	4,085,376	\$	33,000,778
Pension expenses: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	1,568,905 5,481,403	\$	552,384	\$	2,121,289 5,481,403
Total net pension expenses	\$	7,050,308	\$	552,384	\$	7,602,692

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City

Plan Description

Substantially all City employees working the equivalent of 1,000 hours per fiscal year are eligible to participate in the Miscellaneous or Safety Agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit Provisions under the Plans are established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office – 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	Miscellaneous Plan	Safety Plan	Total
Active employees	323	172	495
Transferred and terminated employees	271	56	327
Retired employees and beneficiaries	358	179	537
Total	952	407	1359

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Classic CalPERS member becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 55 with at least 5 years of credited service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 62 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 full-time equivalent monthly pay.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

	Miscellaneous						
	Classic Tier I	Classic Tier II	PEPRA				
Hire date	October 9, 2011	October 9, 2011	January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62				
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service				
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life				
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67				
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0-2.5%	1.426%-2.418%	1.0% - 2.5%				
Required employee contribution rates	8%	7%	6.25%				
Required employer contribution rates	9.560%	9.560%	9.560%				
Required UAL contribution		\$4,226,040					

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

	Safety - Police				
	Classic Tier I	Classic Tier II	PEPRA		
Hire date	April 8, 2012	April 8, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age	50	50 - 55	50 - 57		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.0%	2.4% - 3.0%	2.0% - 2.7%		
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	13%		
Required employer contribution rates	21.890%	21.890%	21.890%		
Required UAL contribution (Police and Fire)		\$4,122,136			

	Safety - Fire				
	Classic Tier I	PEPRA			
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.4% - 3.0%	2.0% - 2.7%			
Required employee contribution rates	9%	13%			
Required employer contribution rates	21.845%	21.845%			

On January 1, 2013, the Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) went into effect. This State law applies to employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 who are new to Public Employee Retirement Systems (PERS). These employees are termed PEPRA members and employees that were enrolled in PERS (without significant separation) prior to January 1, 2013 are now referred to as classic members. PEPRA miscellaneous members will be enrolled in a 2% at 62 plan and PEPRA safety members will be enrolled in a 2.7% at 57 plan. PEPRA members will be required to pay half the normal cost of their plans.

Contributions

Section 20814(C) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year (normal cost), with additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability (UAL).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the plan's contributions made for the Plan was as follows:

	Misc	ellaneous Plan	Safety Plan	
Contributions - employer	\$	6,787,574	\$	7,549,380

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown on the following page.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The mortality table used was

developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality

improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2016.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on

Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Note 14 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 1	Real Return Years 11 + 2
Asset Class		1 - 10	11 +
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation sensitive assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%

¹ An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 Section.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Plan's Aggregate Net Pension Liability/(Asset)							
	Discount Rate - 1% Current Discount (6.15%) Rate (7.15%)		Cur	rent Discount	Discount Rate + 1%			
				(8.15%)				
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	49,213,757	\$	24,360,241	\$	3,792,272		
Safety Plan	\$	63,157,170	\$	29,624,502	\$	2,292,309		

² An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

Note 14 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period:

Miscellaneous Plan

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Valuation Date)	\$	177,707,299	\$	131,301,729	\$	46,405,570
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		4,423,657		-		4,423,657
Interest on the total pension liabilities		12,514,107		-		12,514,107
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(813,515)		-		(813,515)
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions		(8,166,291)		(8,166,291)		-
Plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		6,067,470		(6,067,470)
Contributions - employee		-		2,122,136		(2,122,136)
Net investment income		-		30,111,134		(30,111,134)
Administrative expenses		-		(131,162)		131,162
Net changes		7,957,958		30,003,287		(22,045,329)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	185,665,257	\$	161,305,016	\$	24,360,241

Safety Plan

Sale	ty Fian					
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Valuation Date)		otal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
		211,430,889	\$	157,747,183	\$	53,683,706
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		6,319,026		-		6,319,026
Interest on the total pension liabilities		15,086,876		-		15,086,876
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		470,585		-		470,585
Benefit payments, including refunds of members contributions		(8,111,466)		(8,111,466)		-
Plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		7,379,587		(7,379,587)
Contributions - employee		-		2,523,099		(2,523,099)
Net investment income		-		36,190,585		(36,190,585)
Administrative expenses				(157,580)		157,580
Net changes		13,765,021		37,824,225		(24,059,204)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	225,195,910	\$	195,571,408	\$	29,624,502

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense in the amount of \$2,121,289 and \$5,481,403 for the miscellaneous and safety plans, respectively.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the risk pool. For the Miscellaneous Plan, the EARSL for the Miscellaneous Plan for the 2020-21 measurement period is 3.9 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 3,689 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 946 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired). For the Safety Plan, the EARSL for the Miscellaneous Plan for the 2020-21 measurement period is 4.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 1,858 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 392 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired).

At June 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscellaneous Plan						
		rred outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources			
Pension contributions made subsequent						
to measurement date	\$	6,787,574	\$	-		
Difference between projected and actual						
earning on pension plan investments		-		(15,083,926)		
Changes in assumptions		-		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,148,800		(604,921)		
Total	\$	8,936,374	\$	(15,688,847)		

Safety Pla	ın				
		erred outflows f Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions made subsequent					
to measurement date	\$	7,549,380	\$	-	
Difference between projected and actual					
earning on pension plan investments		-		(17,970,224)	
Changes in assumptions		-		(139,941)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,692,384		(1,766)	
Total	\$	11,241,764	\$	(18,111,931)	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 14 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. City (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Total					
		erred outflows f Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions made subsequent					
to measurement date	\$	14,336,954	\$	-	
Difference between projected and actual					
earning on pension plan investments		-		(33,054,150)	
Changes in assumptions		-		(139,941)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,841,184		(606,687)	
Total	\$	20,178,138	\$	(33,800,778)	

For the General Information about Pension, for the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans, \$6,787,574 and \$7,549,380, respectively, was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources

Year Ended June 30,	Mis	cellaneous Plan	Safety Plan	Total
2023	\$	(2,764,783)	\$ (3,215,028)	\$ (5,979,811)
2024		(2,819,485)	(2,730,784)	(5,550,269)
2025		(3,809,975)	(3,571,869)	(7,381,844)
2026		(4,145,804)	(4,901,866)	(9,047,670)
2027		-	-	-
Thereafter			 	
	\$	(13,540,047)	\$ (14,419,547)	\$ (27,959,594)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

C. Component Unit

As part of the reorganization noted in Note 20, employees of the City have been transferred to the Authority as employees. As this is the first year, the Authority Pension Liability has not yet been calculated as part of CalPERS annual valuations. No pension liability has been reported as of June 30, 2022.

Deferred outflows is the amount of contributions paid by the Authority to CalPERS since January 1, 2022 that will impact the valuation to be prepared for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 15 – Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Summary

	Go	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Employer contributions made				
subsequent to the measurement date	\$	205,452	\$ 42,231	\$ 247,683
Difference between expected and actual experience		142,716	29,333	172,049
Changes in assumptions		277,000	 56,937	 333,937
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	625,168	\$ 128,501	\$ 753,669
Total OPEB liability:			_	
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,852,529	\$ 1,202,962	\$ 7,055,491
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,852,529	\$ 1,202,962	\$ 7,055,491
Deferred inflows of Resources:			_	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	242,107	\$ 49,765	\$ 291,872
Change in assumption		609,047	 125,187	 734,234
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	851,154	\$ 174,952	\$ 1,026,106
Total OPEB Expense	\$	458,322	\$ 94,207	\$ 552,529

B. General Information about OPEB

Plan Description

The City administers a single employer defined benefit (implicit subsidy) healthcare plan. No assets have been accumulated in a trust for the payment of benefits that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75.

The City offers medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to its employees, retirees, and their dependents. However, the City does not explicitly pay for the cost of retiree health premiums. The medical plans consist of a Kaiser HMO, a Kaiser POS, and a Kaiser PPO, all fully insured. Medical premiums for retirees under age 65 are the same as those charged for active employees.

Employees who retire with at least ten years of service may elect to convert all accrued sick leave at the time of retirement to a medical insurance bank that can be used for medical, dental and vision premiums. Miscellaneous employees except members of the Teamsters Bargaining Unit can bank their unused sick leave upon retirement. Members of the Teamsters can also bank their unused sick leave only if they have at least ten (10) years of employment with the City. Safety employees: Police employees can bank their unused sick leave if they have at least ten (10) years of employment. Fire employees have a choice to bank their unused sick leave. Fire employees also need at least ten (10) years of employment to receive this benefit. The value of the medical insurance bank is determined by multiplying the number of accrued sick leave hours by the employees' hourly rate of pay at the time of retirement.

The retired employee and his/her dependents are entitled to continued group health insurance coverage currently in effect with premiums for such coverage being deducted from the medical leave bank until that bank is exhausted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 15 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. General Information about OPEB (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as health care premiums are paid. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, those costs for 86 retirees totaled \$648,564 and the total liability amount in the medical leave bank is \$4,507,420.

After the account is exhausted, the retiree has option either to terminate coverage or elect to continue paying the medical (but not dental or vision) premiums from personal funds. Spouses and eligible dependent children of retirees may also be covered at the retiree's expense. While the City does not directly contribute towards the cost of premiums for retirees, the ability to obtain coverage at an active employee rate constitutes a significant economic benefit to the retirees, called an "implicit subsidy" under generally accepted accounting principles. The inclusion of the retirees increases the City's overall health insurance rates; it is, in part, the purpose of this valuation to determine the amount of the subsidy.

The ability to participate in the City's health plan by self-paying the premiums extends for the lifetime of the retiree; however, upon attaining the age of Medicare eligibility (65), the retiree may enter a plan coordinated with Medicare. Standard actuarial practice assumes that Medicare supplement plans do not generally give rise to an implicit subsidy, and while the actuarial valuation included Medicare eligible retirees, both their liability and their annual implicit subsidy are both \$0.

Eligibility

Employees become eligible to receive City-paid healthcare benefits upon attainment of age 50 and 5 years of covered PERS service, or by attaining qualifying disability retirement status. The City has selected the unequal contribution method, where it contributes a percent of the amount paid for actives to its eligible retirees. The percent increases each year until the City's contribution for retirees eventually equals that for similarly stated active employees. The City currently covers 100% of the cost of medical coverage for active employees and their dependents up to, but not exceeding, the dollar amount of the family premium for the lowest cost HMO.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active employees	320
Transferred and terminated employees	-
Retired employees and beneficiaries	18
Total	338

Contributions

The contribution requirement of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$7,055,491.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 15 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. General Information about OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate 2.18% Inflation 2.50% Aggregate payroll increases 3.00%

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Expected long-term investment rate of return n/a

Mortality, Termination, and Disability

Mortality Improvement Scale

CalPERS 2017 Experience Study

Macleod Watts Scale 2020

Healthcare Trend Rate An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.7% initially reduced by

decrements to an ultimate of 4.0% in 2076.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020.

Change in Assumption

The City's discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability decreased from 2.66% to 2.18% for the measurement period ended June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability 2.18%. The City's funding policy affects the calculation of liabilities by impacting the discount rate that is used to develop the plan liability and expense. The City is currently financing its OPEB liability on a pay-as-you-go basis, the discount rate used is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index.

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 6,350,859
Changes recognized for the measurement period:	
Service cost	450,489
Interest on the total OPEB liability	178,125
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions	287,043
Benefit payments	(211,025)
Net changes during July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021	704,632
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$ 7,055,491

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 15 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.18 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.18 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's	Total	OPEB	Liability
--------	-------	------	-----------

Disco	unt Rate - 1%	Current Discount		Disco	unt Rate + 1%
	(1.18%)	Rate (2.18%)		(3.18%)	
\$	7,693,570	\$	7,055,491	\$	6,471,102

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan	' و	Total	OPER	Liability
1 lan	Э	1 Utai	OLL	LAADIIILY

	Hea	althcare Cost	
-1%	Т	rend Rates	1%
\$ 6,390,052	\$	7,055,491	\$ 7,854,566

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$552,529. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	ferred outflows of Resources	ferred inflows of Resources
Employer contributions made		
subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 247,683	\$ -
Difference between expected and actual experience	172,049	(291,872)
Changes of assumptions	333,937	(734,234)
Total	\$ 753,669	\$ (1,026,106)

The difference between projected OPEB plan investment earnings and actual earnings is amortized over a five-year period. The remaining gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life. The expected average remaining service life is 11.04 years, which was determined as of June 30, 2020, the beginning of the measurement period, for employees covered by the OPEB plan benefit terms as of the valuation date.

Note 15 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, \$247,683 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources		
2023	\$	(76,085)	
2024		(76,085)	
2025		(76,085)	
2026		(76,085)	
2027		(76,085)	
Thereafter		(139,695)	
	\$	(520,120)	

Note 16 – Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan was amended so that the assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Since the plan assets are administered by an outside party and not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors, their assets and related liabilities are not on the City's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans."

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 17 – Other Required Disclosures

A. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

At June 30, 2022, the following funds had a fund balances (deficit) or unrestricted net position (deficit), which will be eliminated through the reduction in future expenditures and/or the use of new funding sources:

Fund	Fund Type	Deficit
Business Improvement District Fund	Special Revenue Fund	69,670
Community Development Block Grant Fund	Special Revenue Fund	77,027
Capital Projects Deposit	Capital Projects Fund	102,451
Central Garage Fund	Internal Service Fund	502,424
Central Services Fund	Internal Service Fund	855,809
Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	Fiduciary Fund	27,472,127

The Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Fund and Internal Service Funds deficits are expected to be eliminated by future grant revenues, intergovernmental and charges for services. The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Funds deficit which will be eliminated by future revenues.

B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds by function:

		Excess Expenditures
Fund	Function	over Appropriations
General Fund	Economic development	\$ 469,589
General Fund	General government	521,688
General Fund	Finance	280,544
General Fund	Non-departmental	1,473,536
General Fund	Police	570,680
General Fund	Fire	31,214
General Fund	Development and engineering	389
General Fund	Public works	845,190
Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund	Capital Outlay	441,766
Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund	Development and engineering	1,032,085
General Capital Projects Fund	Capital Outlay	1,572,296
Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund	Capital Outlay	339,828
Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund	Police	48,265
Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund	Capital Outlay	162
Transportation Development Special Revenue Fund	Capital outlay	548,018
Proposition K Street Special Revenue Fund	Development and engineering	3,134
State Gas Tax Street Special Revenue Fund	Non-departmental	449
State Gas Tax Street Special Revenue Fund	Capital Outlay	2,364,977
Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund	Economic development	240
Landscaping District Special Revenue Fund	Non-departmental	306
Landscaping District Special Revenue Fund	Public works	1,935,540
COPS Grant Special Revenue Fund	Police	271
CFD Services 2016-2 Special Revenue Fund	Public works	1,882
CFD Services 2018-1 Special Revenue Fund	Non-departmental	30,977
CFD Services 2018-1 Special Revenue Fund	Public works	180

Note 18 – Fund Balance Classification

The City classifies fund balances, as shown on the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds*, as follows as of June 30, 2022:

	General Fund	Housing Successor Fund	Community Development Fees Fund	CARES/ARPA Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted								
Housing	\$ -	\$ 4,636,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90,869,092	\$ -	\$ 95,505,476
Special area projects	-	-	7,885,712	-	-	-	82,753,125	90,638,837
Public safety	-	-	-	1,504,200	-	-	132,144	1,636,344
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,752,043	21,752,043
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	206,073	206,073
Asset forfeiture	-	-	-	-	-	-	793,983	793,983
Streets and roads	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,240,664	14,240,664
Landscaping district	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,470,745	5,470,745
Cable TV	-	-	-	-	-	-	578,285	578,285
Drainage	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,569,288	2,569,288
Tracy GROW	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Fire medical leave bank	813,680	-	-	-	-	-	-	813,680
M edical leave bank	2,361,297		-					2,361,297
Total restricted	3,174,977	4,636,384	7,885,712	1,504,200		90,869,092	129,496,350	237,566,715
Committed								
Contingency/emergency	14,505,000							14,505,000
Total committed	14,505,000							14,505,000
Assigned								
Animal control trust	22,193	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,193
Economic/budget stability	11,092,059	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,092,059
Prior year reapproriations	320,865	-	-	-	-	-	-	320,865
Capital projects					79,742,287	-		79,742,287
Total assigned	11,435,117	-			79,742,287	-	-	91,177,404
Unassigned	7,761,601						(249,148)	7,512,453
Total fund balances	\$ 36,876,695	\$ 4,636,384	\$ 7,885,712	\$ 1,504,200	\$ 79,742,287	\$ 90,869,092	\$129,247,202	\$350,761,572

Note 19 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net Investment in Capital Assets at June 30 consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
Total capital assets, net	\$	681,830,007	\$	447,769,174	\$	1,129,599,181	
Less related debt:							
Lease payable		(236,112)		=		(236,112)	
Lease revenue bonds		(40,775,954)		=		(40,775,954)	
Loans payable		=		(6,456,524)		(6,456,524)	
Certificates of participation		_		(20,260,000)		(20,260,000)	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	640,817,941	\$	421,052,650	\$	1,061,870,591	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 20 – South San Joaquin County Fire Authority Joint Powers Agreement

The South County Fire Authority (SCFA) was created in September 1999 by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement (Agreement) between the City and the Tracy Rural Fire Protection District (the "District") to provide fire administration, fire prevention and fire training and safety within the jurisdictional area of the Authority. Under the provisions of the Agreement, as amended, the City and District split the annual costs of maintenance and operations for Fire Protection Services, Fire Dispatch Services, Fire Prevention Services, certain expenses of the City defined in the Agreement, and insurance premiums paid by the City to insure itself against liability arising out of the Agreement for the provision of Fire Services. The cost split between the City and District is dependent upon the staffing levels at each of the three City stations and three District stations, except Station 92. Under the provisions of the Agreement, the District is to pay 100% of the Station 92 maintenance and operations funding for 7 years and 10 months from the date of issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy of the relocated Station 92, or July 1, 2015, whichever occurs later. The Certificate of Occupancy was issued in May 2014.

In February 2018, the City and the District established the South San Joaquin County Fire Authority (SSJCFA) with an effective date of March 1, 2018 and an implementation date of July 1, 2018. With the implementation the new authority, the City and the District entered into an agreement to resolve the outstanding financial obligations of SCFA and dissolve SCFA on June 30, 2018.

On January 1, 2022, the City transferred operating assets and employees to the control of SSJCFA. The employees of the City who were providing services under the contract with South San Joaquin County Fire have been transferred to SSJCFA and as of January 1, 2022 are now employees of the Authority. All benefit accruals started accruing from January 1, 2022. Additionally, the employees are covered by CalPERS pension which will start accruing at January 1, 2022.

Under the terms of the agreement, the City and the District paid \$957,168 and \$233,215, respectively, to fund the outstanding balance of the prior compensated absences balance of the SCFA, and the City agreed to reduce a loan receivable from the SCFA to \$1,025,487 and that balance was considered satisfied as of June 30, 2018. During fiscal year 2022, the SSJCFA incurred costs of \$27.1 million, of which \$16.4 million was paid by the City and \$9.5 million was paid by the District. The City's balance Due from the Component Unit as of June 30, 2022, was \$3,375,233.

Note 21 – Community Development Agency Dissolution

In an effort to balance its budget, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

The suspension provisions prohibited all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except actions required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

ABx1 26 and AB1484 created three regulatory authorities, the Successor Agency Oversight Board, State Controller and Department of Finance (DOF), to review former Agency's asset transfer, obligation payments and wind down activities. ABx1 26 specifically directs the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between an agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the Redevelopment Agency or, on or after February 1, 2012, to the Successor Agency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 21 – Community Development Agency Dissolution (Continued)

In fiscal year 2011, the former Community Development Agency transferred \$9,967,619 of assets to the City, comprised of cash of \$6,306,390 and capital assets of \$3,661,229. ABx1 26 and AB1484 contain provisions that such transfers are subject to a review by the State Controller's Office. According to Health and Safety Code 34167.5, if such an asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, to the extent not prohibited by state and federal law, the Controller shall order the available assets to be returned to the former Community Development Agency or, on or after February 1, 2012, to the Successor Agency. During fiscal year 2012, the City returned cash of \$1,843,395 and capital assets of \$3,661,229 to the Successor Agency.

The City received the results of the State Controller's asset transfer review in December 2014 that indicates the City is to return the remaining cash in the amount of \$4,462,995 to the Successor Agency. City management disputed the findings of both the State Controller and the Non-housing DDR discussed below, however, to allow the Successor Agency to receive its Finding of Completion, the City transferred \$4,462,995 to the Successor Agency in November 2015 and the Successor Agency remitted payment to the County in December 2015. The City and Successor Agency continued to contest the order of the Department of Finance and were engaged in litigation on the matter. The Third District ordered \$911,495 to be returned to the City of Tracy as an enforceable obligation on the Successor Agency's fiscal year 2017 Recognized Obligations Payment Schedule. Furthermore, the State and the City Council have decided not to appeal to the State Supreme Court.

Effective January 31, 2012, the Community Development Agency was dissolved. Certain assets of the Community Development Agency Housing Fund were distributed to a Housing Successor; and the remaining Community Development Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to a Successor Agency.

Under the provisions of AB 1484, the City can elect to become the Housing Successor and retain the housing assets. The City elected to become the Housing Successor and on February 1, 2012, certain housing assets were transferred to the City's Housing Successor Special RevenueFund.

The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund as the City has control of those assets, which may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of California Redevelopment Law.

On January 17, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former Community Development Agency in accordance with AB1484 as part of the City resolution number 2012-021, and on February 1, 2012 the Community Development Agency's remaining assets were distributed to and liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established in May 2012. The activities of the Successor Agency were subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which was comprised of seven members, including one member of City Council and one former Redevelopment Agency employee appointed by the Mayor. On July 1, 2018, the duties of the Tracy Oversight Board transferred to a new San Joaquin Countywide Consolidated Oversight Board, which is now responsible for overseeing the winddown affairs of all Successor Agencies in San Joaquin County, including the Successor Agency to the Tracy Community Development Agency.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Community Development Agency.

AB1484 required the Successor Agency to complete two due diligence reviews – one for the low and moderate income housing assets of the Successor Agency (Housing DDR), and a second for all other balances of the Successor Agency (Non-housing DDR). The due diligence reviews are to calculate the balance of unencumbered balances as of June 30, 2012 available to be remitted to the County for disbursement to taxing entities. The Successor Agency submitted both due diligence reviews to the State Department of Finance for review and approval.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 21 – Community Development Agency Dissolution (Continued)

The Department of Finance approved the Housing DDR in November 2012, which indicated that \$3,398,232 was available for distribution and that amount was remitted to the County in November 2012. The Department of Finance did not initially approve the Non-housing DDR, which indicated that the Successor Agency had an available balance of \$2,281,467, and the State made adjustments to the Non-housing DDR and instead made a demand for the return of funds totaling \$4,618,398, which was remitted to the County in November 2015, as discussed above. The Successor Agency received its Finding of Completion on December 8, 2015, which means it can now utilize bond proceeds for projects consistent with the original bond covenants.

Note 22 – Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

The City is currently a party to various claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is management's opinion that the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from such claims and proceedings will not materially affect the financial position of the City.

B. Contingent Liabilities

On March 1, 1993, the City issued Certificates of Participation in the aggregate of \$10,250,000 for the benefit of Tracy Community Hospital (Hospital), a California nonprofit public benefit corporation. The Hospital is not included in the City's reporting entity. The City is obligated to make the purchase payments only from and to the extent that it receives revenue from the Hospital. They are not secured by any pledge of taxes or other revenues of the City. In addition, the purchase payments are insured by the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development of the State of California. As of June 30, 2022, the City has not recorded revenues from the Hospital.

C. Federal and State Grants

The City participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit act as amended. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

D. Revenue Limitations Imposed by California Proposition 218

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November 1996, will regulate the City's ability to impose, increase, and extend taxes, assessments, and fees. Any new, increased, or extended taxes, assessments, and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218, require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments, and fees are subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future years by the voters.

E. Measure V Sales Tax Revenues

The City receives tax proceeds from the Measure V one-half cent sales tax approved by Tracy voters in November 2016, commencing for a twenty year period beginning April 1, 2017. The amount of Measure V tax proceeds received and recorded during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 was \$13,017,279. Measure V is a general tax of the City and the revenues were deposited in the City's General Fund. Expenditures for a variety of City functions were made from the City's General Fund utilizing the Measure V and other revenue of the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 22 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

F. Location Agreements

In December 2015, the City entered into a Location Agreement with a manufacturer and distributor of healthcare products and services to make payments to the Corporation in return for the Corporation establishing, locating and operating a sales office in the City. Under the terms of the agreement, the City has agreed to pay the Corporation fifty per cent (50%) of the quarterly local sales tax revenues attributable to the Corporation's taxable sales for each fiscal quarter, excluding penalty assessments, commencing with the quarter beginning January 1, 2017 and ending on December 31, 2036, unless otherwise extended in accordance with the agreement. The City paid \$4,136,089 to the Corporation during the year ended June 30, 2022.

In August 2017, the City entered into a Location Agreement with a distributor of precision laboratory equipment to make payments to the Corporation in return for the Corporation establishing, locating and operating a sales office in the City. Under the terms of the agreement, the City has agreed to pay the Corporation fifty per cent (50%) of the quarterly local sales tax revenues attributable to the Corporation's taxable sales for each fiscal quarter, excluding penalty assessments, commencing with the quarter beginning October 2018 and ending on October 2038, unless otherwise extended in accordance with the agreement. The City paid \$2,383,541 to the Corporation during the year ended June 30, 2022.

G. Encumbrances and Construction Commitments

The City uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for governmental funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the classification of the resources to be used to liquidate the encumbrance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are automatically reappropriated for the following year. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding by fund as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	 Barance
General Fund	\$ 614,338
TEA Grant Special Revenue Fund	46,292
Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund	990,868
General Projects Capital Projects Fund	902,000
Tracy Infrastructure Master Plan Capital Projects Fund	1,264,641
Non-Major Governmental Funds	21,167,103
	\$ 24,985,243

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H. Housing Successor Excess Surplus

Health and Safety Code (HSC) Section 34176.1(d) defines an excess surplus as an unencumbered balance held by the housing successor that exceeds the greater of \$1,000,000 or the aggregate amount deposited into the housing successor fund during the housing successor's preceding four fiscal years, whichever is greater. If a housing successor has an excess surplus, the HSC Section requires that the housing successor encumber the excess surplus for eligible purposes described in the HSC Section 34176.1(a)(3) or transfer the funds to another local housing successor within three fiscal years. If the housing successor fails to comply with this provision, the housing successor, within 90 days of the end of the third fiscal year, is required to transfer any excess surplus to the Department of Housing and Community Development for expenditure pursuant to the Multifamily Housing Program or the Joe Serna, Jr. Farmworker Housing Grant Program.

City of Tracy Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 22 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

H. Housing Successor Excess Surplus (Continued)

The Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund serves as the housing successor and as of July 1, 2019 had an excess surplus balance of \$137,971. The City is in late stage discussions with two developers related for housing projects and the excess surplus is expected to be encumbered in fiscal year 2023.

I. State Approval of Enforceable Obligations

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. Although the State Department of Finance may not question items included on the ROPS in one period, they may question the same items in a future period and disallow associated activities. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Modified Approach to Reporting Street Pavement Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Generally accepted accounting principles allow the City to use the Modified Approach with respect to infrastructure assets instead of depreciating these assets. The Modified Approach may be used if two requirements are met:

- 1. The City must have an asset management system (AMS) with certain features:
 - It must maintain an up-to-date inventory of the infrastructure assets.
 - It must estimate the annual costs to maintain and preserve those assets at the condition level the City has established and disclosed through administrative or executive policy or legislative action.
 - The AMS must be used to assess the condition of the assets periodically, using a measurement scale.
 - The condition assessments must be replicable as those that are based on sufficiently understandable and complete measurement methods such that different measurers using the same methods would reach substantially similar results.
- 2. The City must document that the roads are being preserved approximately at or above the condition level the City has established and disclosed. This documentation must include the results of the three most recent complete condition assessments and must provide reasonable assurance that the assets are being preserved approximately at or above the intended condition level.

The City has elected to use the Modified Approach to report street pavement costs. The City uses the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's (MTC) Pavement System to track the condition levels of each of the street sections.

The conditions of the pavement are based on a weighted average of seven distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The MTC pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index ranging from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for pavement with perfect conditions. The condition index is used to classify pavement in good or better condition (70-100), fair condition (50-69), and substandard condition (less than 50).

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Modified Approach to Reporting Street Pavement Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The City's preservation costs are budgeted to be \$5,920,343 in fiscal year 2023. The Pavement Condition Index (PCI) for the City's street pavement for the latest years is as follows:

		Maintenance	Actual			
Year	PCI	Budget	Maintenance			
2002	76	\$1,505,620	\$1,389,043			
2003	77	1,621,170	1,642,556			
2004	77	2,043,580	14,441,690			
2005	81	2,303,227	13,943,191			
2006	78	2,653,860	14,874,752			
2007	76	4,244,964	8,647,067			
2008	74	13,605,000	19,466,614			
2009	72	1,667,146	19,115,824			
2010	73	4,457,510	3,333,185			
2011	82	4,355,038	3,096,185			
2012	82	1,775,290	1,347,061			
2013	77	2,973,800	1,387,484			
2014	77	3,183,569	3,350,927			
2015	74	3,387,213	2,244,902			
2016	71	3,648,840	2,186,853			
2017	69	3,565,677	2,238,573			
2018	69	2,646,996	2,825,868			
2019	69	4,039,845	2,220,870			
2020	69	10,810,600	6,666,870			
2021	69	9,866,151	7,827,339			
2022	69	10,175,540	9,020,417			
2023	69	5,920,343				

The City's administrative policy is to achieve a minimum rating of 69 for all street pavement. This rating allows for minor cracking and revealing of payment along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at posted speed. The City expended \$9,020,417 for street preservation for fiscal year 2022.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Through the budget, the City Council sets the direction of the City, allocates its resources and establishes its priorities. The Annual Budget assures the efficient and effective uses of the City's economic resources, as well as establishing that the highest priority objectives are accomplished.

The Annual Budget serves from July 1 to June 30, and is a vehicle that accurately and openly communicates these priorities to the community, businesses, vendors, employees and other public agencies. Additionally, it establishes the foundation of effective financial planning by providing resource planning, performance measures, and controls that permit the evaluation and adjustment of the City's performance.

The City collects and records revenue and expenditures within the following categories:

- Governmental Activities
- Business-Type Activities

The Governmental Funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects funds. All funding sources are kept separate for both reporting and use of the money. The General Fund is where most City services are funded that are not required to be segregated.

The budget process begins as a team effort in January of each year, starting with an annual strategic planning meeting. Then the individual departments use projected revenue assumptions to prioritize and recommend the next fiscal year's objectives. The City Manager's Office and the Finance Department review all budget proposals and revenue assumptions, as well as all current financial obligations before preparing the document that is proposed to the City Council. The City Council reviews the Proposed Budget through a series of committees and workshops and the final adoption of the budget is scheduled for June of each year.

Budgeting Procedures

Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental fund types, except capital projects funds, on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City's budget ordinance requires that in June of each fiscal year the City Manager submit a preliminary budget that includes projected expenditures and the means of financing them, to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. As modified during public study sessions, the preliminary budget becomes the proposed budget. Following public hearings on the proposed budget, the final annual budget is adopted by the City Council. After adoption of the final budget, transfers of appropriations within a general fund department, or within other funds, can be made by the City Manager. Budget modifications between funds; increases or decreases to a fund's overall budget; transfers between general fund departments; or transfers that affect capital projects, must be approved by the City Council. Numerous properly authorized amendments are made during the fiscal year.

The City does not adopt budgets for the CARES/ARPA Grant, Grow Tracy, and the FEMA Grant Special Revenue Funds.

Budgetary control is enhanced by integrating the budget into the general ledger accounts. Encumbrance accounting (e.g., purchase orders) is employed by the City.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Before the beginning of the fiscal year the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the year commencing July 1.
- 2. A public meeting is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is subsequently adopted through passage of a resolution and is not included herein but is published separately.
- 4. All appropriations are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council and all unencumbered budgeted amounts lapse at year-end, except in the General Fund where an expenditure control budget policy allows departments to carryover a portion of the unexpended amounts into the next fiscal year.
- 5. Continuing Appropriations are re-budgeted by the City Council as part of the adoption of subsequent year's budgets.
- 6. Legally adopted budget appropriations are set for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds.
- 7. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. A Department Head may transfer appropriations within the department. Expenditures may exceed appropriations at this level to the extent that departmental owned revenues are sufficient to offset the excess. Expenditures in excess of departmental owned revenues must be approved by the City Council. The City Council, by the affirmative vote of three members, may amend the budget to add or delete appropriations, transfer between appropriations within a fund or change appropriation transfers between funds.
- 8. Budgets for General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the budgeted governmental funds.

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a restriction, commitment or assignment of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent years' continuing appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities for US GAAP reporting purposes.

City of Tracy Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	F	ariance with Final Budget Favorable/
		Original		Final		Amounts	J)	Jnfavorable)
REVENUES:								
	¢.	70.946.000	¢.	00.056.000	¢	107 204 147	ď	0 220 147
Taxes	\$	70,846,000	\$	99,056,000	\$	107,384,147	\$	8,328,147
Licenses, permits and fees		4,022,000		4,022,000		4,149,346		127,346
Fines and penalties Investment income (loss)		135,000 599,000		59,000 599,000		168,400 (2,281,888)		109,400
Intergovernmental		<i>'</i>		,		2,360,007		(2,880,888) 791,007
Charges for current services		1,029,000		1,569,000				,
9		9,252,000		9,438,000		12,485,210		3,047,210
Special assessments		472,000		472,000		468,439		(3,561)
Contributions		147,000		147,000		7 007 100		(147,000)
Other revenue		238,000		238,000		7,097,109		6,859,109
Total revenues		86,740,000		115,600,000		131,830,770		16,230,770
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government								
Economic development		237,000		272,000		741,589		(469,589)
General government		8,935,625		8,027,625		8,549,313		(521,688)
Finance		4,885,000		5,005,000		5,285,544		(280,544)
Non-departmental		434,000		431,000		1,904,536		(1,473,536)
Public safety								
Police		34,140,341		39,226,306		39,796,986		(570,680)
Fire		15,251,000		16,371,000		16,402,214		(31,214)
Public ways and facilities								
Development and engineering		139,000		212,000		212,389		(389)
Public works		6,590,000		7,371,000		8,216,190		(845,190)
Community development								
Parks and community services		4,060,000		4,098,000		4,041,955		56,045
Capital outlay		4,000		63,000		13,558		49,442
Debt service:								-
Principal		-		-		720		(720)
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		158,533		(158,533)
Total expenditures		74,675,966		81,076,931		85,323,527		(4,246,596)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		12,064,034		34,523,069		46,507,243		11,984,174
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		60,000		60,000		70,147		10,147
Transfers out		(15,774,001)		(18,331,001)		(43,730,949)		(25,399,948)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,714,001)		(18,271,001)		(43,660,802)		(25,389,801)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(3,649,967)	\$	16,252,068		2,846,441	\$	(13,405,627)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						34,030,254		
					-			
End of year					\$	36,876,695		

City of Tracy Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	Amoun	ts Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:							
Investment income (loss) Other revenue	\$ 55,000	\$	55,000	\$ (16,730) 16,018	\$	(16,730) (38,982)	
Total revenues	55,000		55,000	(712)		(55,712)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	190,000		460,000	901,766		(441,766)	
Total expenditures	190,000		460,000	901,766		(441,766)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(135,000)		(405,000)	(902,478)		(497,478)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 634,910		634,910	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 			634,910		634,910	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (135,000)	\$	(405,000)	(267,568)	\$	137,432	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				 4,903,952			
End of year				\$ 4,636,384			

City of Tracy Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Community Development Fees Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)			
Licenses, permits and fees	\$ 2,668,000	\$	4,255,000	\$ 9,770,405	\$	5,515,405		
Investment income (loss)	-		-	(447,737)		(447,737)		
Intergovernmental	43,000		-	-		-		
Charges for current services	2,734,000		3,758,000	7,485,271		3,727,271		
Other revenue	 			 23,966		23,966		
Total revenues	 5,445,000		8,013,000	16,831,905		8,818,905		
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government								
Non-departmental	820,000		820,000	819,077		923		
Public ways and facilities								
Development and engineering	11,734,000		10,089,000	11,121,085		(1,032,085)		
Capital outlay	5,000		-	-		-		
Debt service:				11 212		(11.212)		
Principal	-		-	11,313 55		(11,313)		
Interest and fiscal charges	 		-			(55)		
Total expenditures	 12,559,000		10,909,000	 11,951,530		(1,042,530)		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (7,114,000)		(2,896,000)	 4,880,375		7,776,375		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	 2,109,000		2,109,000	2,109,068		68		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,109,000		2,109,000	 2,109,068		68		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (5,005,000)	\$	(787,000)	6,989,443	\$	7,776,443		
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year				896,269				
End of year				\$ 7,885,712				
•				 · · ·				

City of Tracy Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Miscellaneous Plan

T-4-1 D Li-Lilia-	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014.15	2013-14 1
Total Pension Liability							2014-15	
Service cost	\$ 4,423,657	\$ 4,471,783	\$ 3,979,362	\$ 3,700,689	\$ 3,555,373	\$ 2,910,705	\$ 2,892,504	\$ 3,019,742
Interest on total pension liability	12,514,107	11,946,424	11,084,143	10,406,741	9,859,228	9,339,655	9,030,774	8,760,895
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	(813,515)	3,547,669	1,781,080	1,406,163	70,396	(3,013,865)	(3,592,113)	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	(1,198,922)	8,362,562	-	(2,261,183)	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions	(8,166,291)	(7,115,731)	(6,479,285)	(6,628,099)	(5,445,878)	(4,956,786)	(4,804,924)	(4,447,727)
Net change in total pension liability	7,957,958	12,850,145	10,365,300	7,686,572	16,401,681	4,279,709	1,265,058	7,332,910
Total pension liability - beginning	177,707,299	164,857,154	154,491,854	146,805,282	130,403,601	126,123,892	124,858,834	117,525,924
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$185,665,257	\$177,707,299	\$164,857,154	\$154,491,854	\$146,805,282	\$130,403,601	\$126,123,892	\$124,858,834
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	6,067,470	5,671,613	4,774,139	4,065,966	3,873,007	3,466,879	2,793,345	2,699,952
Contributions - employee	2,122,136	2,054,668	1,907,660	1,720,800	1,552,617	1,461,861	1,346,337	1,374,066
Investment income (net of								
administrative expenses)	30,111,134	6,301,674	7,724,741	9,323,836	10,997,746	487,393	2,132,844	14,281,310
Benefit payments	(8,166,291)	(7,115,731)	(6,479,285)	(6,628,099)	(5,445,878)	(4,956,786)	(4,804,924)	(4,447,727)
Other	(131,162)	(175,606)	(83,023)	(459,215)	(144,490)	(59,400)	(101,304)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	30,003,287	6,736,618	7,844,232	8,023,288	10,833,002	399,947	1,366,298	13,907,601
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	131,301,729	124,565,111	116,720,879	108,697,591	97,864,589	97,464,642	96,098,344	82,190,743
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$161,305,016	\$131,301,729	\$124,565,111	\$116,720,879	\$108,697,591	\$ 97,864,589	\$ 97,464,642	\$ 96,098,344
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 24,360,241	\$ 46,405,570	\$ 40,292,043	\$ 37,770,975	\$ 38,107,691	\$ 32,539,012	\$ 28,659,250	\$ 28,760,490
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total pension liability	86.88%	73.89%	75.56%	75.55%	74.04%	75.05%	77.28%	76.97%
•								
Covered payroll	\$ 27,962,432	\$ 27,434,251	\$ 24,136,362	\$ 21,560,758	\$ 20,282,805	\$ 18,513,576	\$ 18,046,570	\$ 18,128,965
Net pension liability as a percentage of								
covered payroll	87.12%	169.15%	166.94%	175.18%	187.88%	175.76%	158.81%	158.64%

Notes to Schedule:

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Tracy Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Safety Plan

Total Pension Liability	2020-21 2019-20		2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	
Service cost	\$ 6,319,026	\$ 5,954,133	\$ 5,341,283	\$ 5,100,415	\$ 4,863,739	\$ 4,239,783	\$ 4,491,843	
Interest on total pension liability	15,086,876	14,167,518	13,132,663	12,156,431	11,508,306	10,762,768	10,281,540	
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	470,585	3,242,995	3,440,318	(9,610)	433,771	(2,662,887)	(3,530,865)	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	(761,909)	10,655,271	-	(2,807,525)	
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions	(8,111,466)	(7,721,638)	(7,378,049)	(6,949,949)	(6,358,409)	(5,917,646)	(5,470,177)	
Net change in total pension liability	13,765,021	15,643,008	14,536,215	9,535,378	21,102,678	6,422,018	2,964,816	
Total pension liability - beginning	211,430,889	195,787,881	181,251,666	171,716,288	150,613,610	144,191,592	141,226,776	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 225,195,910	\$ 211,430,889	\$ 195,787,881	\$ 181,251,666	\$ 171,716,288	\$ 150,613,610	\$ 144,191,592	
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	7,379,587	6,693,746	5,822,621	5,132,782	4,604,350	4,433,276	4,171,390	
Contributions - employee	2,523,099	2,355,865	2,104,947	1,985,924	1,590,493	1,421,949	1,380,651	
Investment income (net of								
administrative expenses)	36,190,585	7,445,354	9,222,427	10,913,236	12,957,627	584,528	2,531,449	
Benefit payments	(8,111,466)	(7,721,638)	(7,378,049)	(6,949,949)	(6,358,409)	(5,917,646)	(5,470,177)	
Other	(157,580)	(210,313)	(99,235)	(615,373)	(171,890)	(70,678)	(130,531)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	37,824,225	8,563,014	9,672,711	10,466,620	12,622,171	451,429	2,482,782	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	157,747,183	149,184,169	139,511,458	129,044,838	116,422,667	115,971,238	113,488,456	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 195,571,408	\$ 157,747,183	\$ 149,184,169	\$ 139,511,458	\$ 129,044,838	\$ 116,422,667	\$ 115,971,238	
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 29,624,502	\$ 53,683,706	\$ 46,603,712	\$ 41,740,208	\$ 42,671,450	\$ 34,190,943	\$ 28,220,354	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total pension liability	86.85%	74.61%	76.20%	76.97%	75.15%	77.30%	80.43%	
Covered payroll	\$ 19,470,677	\$ 17,559,035	\$ 17,559,035	\$ 16,322,896	\$ 15,501,462	\$ 15,245,537	\$15,927,959	
Net pension liability as a percentage of								
covered payroll	152.15%	305.73%	265.41%	255.72%	275.27%	224.27%	177.17%	

Notes to Schedule:

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Miscellane	ous Plan			
Fiscal Year:	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the	\$ 6,787,574	\$ 6,067,472	\$ 5,566,882	\$ 4,749,293	\$ 4,050,711	\$ 3,873,007	\$ 3,499,868
actuarially determined contributions	(6,787,574)	(6,067,472)	(5,566,882)	(4,749,293)	(4,050,711)	(3,873,007)	(3,499,868)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 28,939,453	\$27,962,432	\$27,601,313	\$ 25,887,652	\$23,989,506	\$ 20,465,522	\$ 19,352,925
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.45%	21.70%	20.17%	18.35%	16.89%	18.92%	18.08%

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.750%

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% o

Mortality 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Historical information is presented only for the periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions – Pension (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Safety l	Plan				
Fiscal Year:	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-151
Contractually determined contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the	\$ 7,549,380	\$ 7,379,603	\$ 6,437,044	\$ 5,643,974	\$ 5,148,037	\$ 4,604,350	\$ 4,477,450	\$ 3,522,006
actuarially determined contributions	(7,549,380)	(7,379,603)	(6,437,044)	(5,643,974)	(5,148,037)	(4,604,350)	(4,477,450)	(3,522,006)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$15,292,362	\$ 17,684,752	\$19,725,873	\$ 18,413,297	\$16,743,454	\$15,512,824	\$ 15,414,995	\$15,225,341
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	49.37%	41.73%	32.63%	30.65%	30.75%	29.68%	29.05%	23.13%

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

The actuarial methods and assumption used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2022 were derived from the June 30, 2019 funding valuation report.

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report

Asset valuation method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2019 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.750%

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses.

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 and 2015.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-

Mortality 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

¹ Historical information is presented only for the periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

City of Tracy Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal year ending:	6	/30/2022	6	/30/2021	(6/30/2020		5/30/2019		5/30/2018
Measurement date:	6	/30/2021	6	/30/2020	(5/30/2019		5/30/2018	6	5/30/20171
Total OPEB liability										
Service cost	\$	450,489	\$	443,619	\$	417,193	\$	318,114	\$	343,641
Interest		178,125		195,454		192,818		192,889		153,933
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(356,446)		-		273,705		-
Changes of assumptions		287,043		(388,970)		101,040		(391,232)		(334,977)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(211,025)		(209,370)		(195,363)		(174,114)		(138,947)
Net change in total OPEB liability		704,632		(315,713)		515,688		219,362		23,650
Total OPEB liability - beginning		6,350,859		6,666,572		6,150,884		5,931,522		5,907,872
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	7,055,491	\$	6,350,859	\$	6,666,572	\$	6,150,884	\$	5,931,522
OPEB fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	211,025	\$	209,370	\$	195,363	\$	174,114	\$	138,947
Net investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(211,025)		(209,370)		(195,363)		(174,114)		(138,947)
Administrative expense		-		-				-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-		-		-				-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,055,491	\$	6,350,859	\$	6,666,572	\$	6,150,884	\$	5,931,522
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4	0,530,944	\$ 3	8,076,958	\$	36,576,729	\$ 3	34,460,922	\$ 2	23,997,600
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		17.41%		16.68%		18.23%		17.85%		24.72%

¹ Information only presented from the implementation year

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions - OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17 1
Actuarially determined contribution ²	\$ -	\$ -	\$ =	\$ -	\$ 764,705	\$ 138,947
Contractually determined contribution ²	247,683	211,025	209,370	195,363	-	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined or contractually required contribution	(247,683)	(211,025)	(211,025)	(195,363)	(174,114)	(138,947)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$ (1,655)	\$ -	\$ 590,591	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 41,746,872	\$ 40,530,944	\$ 38,076,958	\$ 36,576,729	\$ 34,460,922	\$ 23,997,600
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.59%	0.54%	0.55%	0.53%	0.51%	0.58%

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial valuation date 6/30/2021

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization method Level Percentage of Projected Payroll on an Open Basis

Remaining amortization 26 years remaining as of June 30, 2020

Asset valuation method Market value of assets (\$0, no OPEB Trust has been established)

Inflation 2.50%
Investment rate of return 2.66%

Healthcare cost trend rate 5.7% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076;

Projected salary growth and increase Not applicable

Mortality Based on CalPERS 2017 experience study report using data for the period from 1997 to 2015

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Information only presented from the implementation year

² The City did not obtain an actuarially determined contribution in the fiscal years 2019 through 2021, thereforecontractually required contributions are reported.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

TEA Grant - This fund is used to account for the revenues from State and Federal transportation efficiency act grants that are restricted for specific projects.

Business Improvement District Fund - This fund is used to accumulate revenues from assessments against business properties to support the Downtown Tracy Business Improvement District.

Asset Forfeiture Fund - This fund is used to account for the revenues that occur from asset seizures. They are specifically restricted for the purchase of law enforcement equipment and supplies.

Transportation Development Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's share of the quarter cent statewide transportation sales tax devoted to street maintenance purposes. The tax first goes to the Transportation Development Fund.

Proposition K Transportation Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's share of the half cent transportation sales tax of San Joaquin County. It is used for street maintenance and repairs.

State Gas Tax Street Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's share of State-Imposed motor vehicle gas taxes, which are legally restricted to acquisition, construction, improvement, and maintenance of the City's streets.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for federal grant monies received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for Community Development Block Grants.

Landscaping District Fund - This fund is used to account for transactions of the City's landscaping benefit assessment districts.

Residential and Commercial Rehabilitation Loan Fund - This fund is used to account for Department of Housing and Urban Development Fund (HUD) trust monies which are used for low interest loans to qualified borrowers for inner city rehabilitation projects in accordance with HUD agreements.

Community Access CTV Fund - This fund is used to account for fees collected from City cable TV customers to cover expenses for videotaping and broadcasting the City Council meetings.

Grow Tracy Fund - This fund is used to account for assistance to local business owners through the issuance of small business loans.

COPS Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for activities related to the State and federal grant revenues restricted for law enforcement activities. The activities related to these grants were previously reported in the General Fund.

FEMA Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for activities relate to the federal grant revenues restricted for FEMA emergency disaster activities.

CFD Services 2016-2 Fund - This fund is used to account for transactions related to maintenance responsibility of the City for the Community Facilities Services District No. 2016-2 (Ellis).

CFD Services 2018-1 Fund - This fund is used to account for transactions related to the City-wide maintenance responsibility of the City for the Community Facilities Services District No. 2018-1.

North East Industrial Plan Area Storm Drain Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects to separate development for Storm Drain in the North East Industrial Area of the City.

Non-Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

Debt Service Funds:

Lease Revenue Bonds Fund - This fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of debt service on the lease revenue bonds, series 2008 and 2022.

Capital Projects Funds:

North East Industrial Plan Area # 1 Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects to separate development in the North East Industrial area of the City.

North East Industrial Plan Area # 2 Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects to separate development in the North East Industrial area of the City.

Infill Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects financed through capital development fees levied upon developers in the City's infill areas.

I-205 Area Improvements Fund - This fund is used to account for monies received from the sale of bonds for the purpose of construction of various community facilities within a specific area in the City.

Urban Management Plan Facilities Fund - This fund is used to account for expenditures for the planning, design, and construction of capital facilities required for new development beyond the current infill, Residential Specific Plan (RSP), and I-205 development.

Capital Projects Deposits Fund - This fund is used to account for monies received from developers, contractors, and other entities for the purpose of reimbursing the City for expenditures incurred in studies, research, etc., regarding their proposed development.

South MacArthur Plan Area Fund - This fund is used to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

Industrial Specific Plan South Fund - This fund is used to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

Presidio Plan Area Fund - This fund is used to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

Redevelopment Obligations Fund - This fund is used to account for CDA grant proceeds used by the City to complete redevelopment projects.

Tracy Gateway Area Fund - This fund is used to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

Plan "C" Fund - This fund is used to account for Plan "C", which is a development area of the City which was approved in 1998. Capital development fees levied on developers in this area and the related expenditures are accounted for in this fund.

Residential Specific Plan Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by fees levied on developers in the City's 1987 Residential Specific Plan area.

Ellis Area Fund - This fund is used to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by capital development fees and/ or assessments.

CORE Fees Fund - This fund is used to account for CORE fees collected by the City and which are to be used for various purposes.

Regional Transportation Impact Fund - This fund is used to account for transportation impact fees collected by the City and which are to be used for transportation mitigation purposes.

						Special	Reve	nue				
		TEA Grant	Business Improvement District		F	Asset Forfeiture	Transportation Development			oposition K ansportation		State Gas Tax Street
ASSETS	Ф	27.157	ф		Ф	01.6.401	ф	50.610	Ф	(252 502	Ф	6 620 210
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable	\$	37,157 - - 329,240	\$	- - - -	\$	816,481	\$	50,610 - - 96,222	\$	6,352,582 24,009 581,448	\$	6,620,318
Interest receivable Deposits Loans receivable Due from Fiduciary Funds		97 - -		-		2,432		151		18,923		23,097
Total assets	\$	366,494	\$		\$	818,913	\$	146,983	\$	6,976,962	\$	6,986,972
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds	\$	117	\$	- - 69,670	\$	24,930	\$	-	\$	10,095 245	\$	195,221 31,069
Deposits payable		-		69,670		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		117		69,670		24,930		-		10,340		226,290
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources						_						
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned (deficit)		366,377		- (69,670)		793,983		146,983		6,966,622		6,760,682
Total fund balances		366,377		(69,670)		793,983		146,983		6,966,622		6,760,682
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	366,494	\$		\$	818,913	\$	146,983	\$	6,976,962	\$	6,986,972

						Special I	Reve	enue				
	Community Development Landscaping Block Grant District			and	esidential Commercial nabilitation Loan	C	Community Access CTV	Access Grow		COPS Grant		
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	5,609,471	\$	205,461	\$	536,864	\$	-	\$	71,212
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-		40,185		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable Interest receivable		960,244		16,714		612		1,599		-		73,060
Deposits		_		10,714		012		1,399		1,000,000		_
Loans receivable		_		_		_		_		-		_
Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	960,244	\$	5,626,185	\$	206,073	\$	578,648	\$	1,000,000	\$	144,272
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	12,000	\$	112,102	\$	-	\$	363	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll		2,579		43,338		-		-		-		12,128
Due to other funds Deposits payable		1,022,692		-		-		-		-		-
		1 007 071		155 440				-		-		12 120
Total liabilities		1,037,271		155,440				363		-		12,128
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue		_		-						-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-				-		-		-
Fund Balances:												
Restricted		-		5,470,745		206,073		578,285		1,000,000		132,144
Unassigned (deficit)		(77,027)		<u> </u>								
Total fund balances		(77,027)		5,470,745		206,073		578,285		1,000,000		132,144
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,												
and fund balances	\$	960,244	\$	5,626,185	\$	206,073	\$	578,648	\$	1,000,000	\$	144,272

	Special Revenue							Debt Service	Capital Projects
	FEMA Grant		CFD Services 2016-2		CFD Services 2018-1	I F	North East Industrial Plan Area orm Drain	Lease Revenue Bonds	North East Industrial Plan Area #1
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 2,857	\$	1,336,834	\$	815,424 - 6,799	\$	2,561,657	\$ 1,766,426 20,008,617	\$ - - -
Interest receivable Deposits	- -		3,982		2,429		7,631	- - -	- -
Loans receivable Due from Fiduciary Funds	-		-		-		-	4,902,529	-
Total assets	\$ 2,857	\$	1,340,816	\$	824,652	\$	2,569,288	\$ 26,677,572	\$ -
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$ -	\$	2,654 7,187	\$	22,289 1,924	\$	-	\$ 23,000	\$ - -
Due to other funds Deposits payable	-		790,269		100,000		-	-	-
Total liabilities	-		800,110		124,213		-	23,000	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue			-					4,902,529	
Total deferred inflows of resources								4,902,529	
Fund Balances: Restricted	2,857		540,706		700,439		2,569,288	21,752,043	-
Unassigned (deficit)	2,857		540,706		700 420		2 560 200	21.752.042	-
Total liabilities defermed	 2,857		540,706		700,439		2,569,288	21,752,043	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,857	\$	1,340,816	\$	824,652	\$	2,569,288	\$ 26,677,572	\$ -
:									

Industrial Infill I-205 Area Plan Projects MacArt						Capital	Projects			
Cash and investments \$ - \$ 88,188 \$. \$ 9,872,777 \$ 3,938,793 \$ Cash and investments with fiscal agents		Industrial					Management Plan		Projects	South MacArthur Plan Area
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	ASSETS									
Interest receivable	Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable, net	\$ - - -	\$	88,188 - -	\$	- - -	-	\$	3,938,793	\$ - - -
Total assets S	Interest receivable	-		263		-	29,409		11,733	- -
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: S <	Loans receivable	-		-		- -	<u>-</u>		-	
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	Total assets	\$ -	\$	88,451	\$	-	\$ 10,026,087	\$	3,950,526	\$ -
Accounts payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 214,165 \$ - \$ Accrued payroll 7,297 Due to other funds 7,297 Due to other funds Deposits payable 4,481,664 4,052,977 Total liabilities 4,703,126 4,052,977 Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources	INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
Deposits payable - - 4,481,664 4,052,977 Total liabilities - - - 4,703,126 4,052,977 Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue -	Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$ - -	\$	-	\$	-	7,297	\$	-	\$ -
Total liabilities - - 4,703,126 4,052,977 Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue -		-		-		-			- 4 052 977	-
Unavailable revenue -		-		_						-
Total deferred inflows of resources -	Deferred inflows of resources:							- ' '		
of resources - <t< td=""><td>Unavailable revenue</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Unavailable revenue	-		-		-	-		-	-
Restricted - 88,451 - 5,322,961 - Unassigned (deficit) (102,451)		-		-			-		-	
Total fund balances - 88,451 - 5,322,961 (102,451)	Restricted	-		88,451		- -	5,322,961		(102,451)	_
	Total fund balances	-		88,451			5,322,961		(102,451)	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances \$ - \$ 88,451 \$ - \$ 10,026,087 \$ 3,950,526 \$	inflows of resources,	¢	•	QQ //51	¢		\$ 10.026.097	•	3 050 526	\$

			Capital	Projects		
	Industrial Specific Plan South	Presidio Plan Area	Redevelopment Obligations	Tracy Gateway Area	Plan "C"	Residential Specific Plan Project
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,065,059 - -	\$ 2,046,009	\$ - - -	\$ 2,817,639 - -
Interest receivable	-	-	3,173	6,095	-	8,393
Deposits Loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	1,738,309
Due from Fiduciary Funds				-	-	
Total assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,068,232	\$ 2,052,104	\$ -	\$ 4,564,341
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,462	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	2 000	-	-	-
Deposits payable		-	3,000			
Total liabilities			3,000	3,462		
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue		_				1,738,309
Total deferred inflows of resources						1,738,309
Fund Balances:						
Restricted	-	-	1,065,232	2,048,642	-	2,826,032
Unassigned (deficit)	_					
Total fund balances	-	-	1,065,232	2,048,642		2,826,032
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,068,232	\$ 2,052,104	\$ -	\$ 4,564,341

			Ca	pital Projects		
		Ellis Area		CORE Capital Projects	Regional Transportation Impact	Total Non-Major Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable, net	\$	13,003,996	\$	45,148,865	\$ 12,818,098 - -	\$ 117,582,778 20,008,617 194,894
Intergovernmental receivable Interest receivable Deposits		38,735		150,686	- - -	2,383,771 326,154 1,000,000
Loans receivable Due from Fiduciary Funds		-		-	-	1,738,309 4,902,529
Total assets	\$	13,042,731	\$	45,299,551	\$ 12,818,098	\$ 148,137,052
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds	\$	1,458	\$	26,192 3,076	\$ 49,791 -	\$ 697,839 108,843 1,092,362
Deposits payable		682,172		-	239,886	10,349,968
Total liabilities		683,630		29,268	289,677	12,249,012
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue		-		-		6,640,838
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		6,640,838
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned (deficit)		12,359,101		45,270,283	12,528,421	129,496,350 (249,148)
Total fund balances		12,359,101		45,270,283	12,528,421	129,247,202
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	ď.	12 042 721	¢	45 200 551	¢ 12 010 000	¢ 140 127 052
and fund balances		13,042,731	\$	45,299,551	\$ 12,818,098	\$ 148,137,052
						(Concluded)

			Special 1	Revenue		_
REVENUES:	TEA Grant	Business Improvement District	Asset Forfeiture	Transportation Development	Proposition K Transportation	State Gas Tax Street
REVENUES:						
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for current services Special assessments	\$ - - (1,725) 952,712	\$ - - - - 135,461	\$ - 86,143 (22,502) - -	\$ 349,058 - (2,971) - -	\$ 2,431,804 - (167,607) 24,007 -	\$ - - (206,902) 4,259,070 - -
Other revenue						
Total revenues	950,987	135,461	63,641	346,087	2,288,204	4,052,168
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: General government Economic development Non-departmental	-	206,628	- -	5,329	- -	- 119,449
Public safety Police	-	-	27,594	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities Development and engineering Public works Capital outlay	- - 60,694	- - -	- - 101,162	- 828,018	3,134 - 569,271	1,463,355 2,582,977
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	60,694	206,628	128,756	833,347	572,405	4,165,781
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	890,293	(71,167)	(65,115)	(487,260)	1,715,799	(113,613)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Premium on bond issuance Transfers in Transfers out	3,487 (952,712)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - (171)	- - 623,472 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	(949,225)	_			(171)	623,472
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(58,932)	(71,167)	(65,115)	(487,260)	1,715,628	509,859
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year	425,309	1,497	859,098	634,243	5,250,994	6,250,823
End of year	\$ 366,377	\$ (69,670)	\$ 793,983	\$ 146,983	\$ 6,966,622	\$ 6,760,682

			Special F	Revenue		
	Community Development Block Grant	Landscaping District	Residential and Commercial Rehabilitation Loan	Community Access CTV	Grow Tracy	COPS Grant
REVENUES:						
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for current services Special assessments Other revenue	\$ - - - 789,545 -	\$ - (152,560) - 3,589,632	\$ - - (5,608) - -	\$ - 164,568 - (14,427) - 765	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - (2,190) 223,088 -
Total revenues	789,545	3,437,072	(5,608)	150,906	-	220,898
EXPENDITURES:					·	<u> </u>
Current: General government Economic development Non-departmental Public safety Police Public ways and facilities Development and engineering Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	89,240 - - - - - - 89,240	270,306 - - 3,299,540 671 - - 3,570,517	- - - - - - -	81,017	- - - - - -	- - - - 57,155 - - 240,426
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	700,305	(133,445)	(5,608)	69,889		(19,528)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Premium on bond issuance Transfers in Transfers out	- - (781,956)	95,950	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - (1,544)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(781,956)	95,950		-	-	(1,544)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(81,651)	(37,495)	(5,608)	69,889	-	(21,072)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year	4,624	5,508,240	211,681	508,396	1,000,000	153,216
End of year	\$ (77,027)	\$ 5,470,745	\$ 206,073	\$ 578,285	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 132,144

	Special Revenue						Debt Service Capital Projects		
	FEMA Grant		CFD Services 2016-2		CFD Services 2018-1	North East Industrial Plan Area Storm Drain	Lease Revenue Bonds	North East Industrial Plan Area #1	
REVENUES:									
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	\$	- \$ - -	(35,673)	\$	- - (22,417)	\$ - - (69,920)	\$ - - (8,713)	\$ - - (56,137)	
Charges for current services Special assessments Other revenue		- - <u>-</u>	693,110		229,551		289,571		
Total revenues			657,437		207,134	(69,920)	280,858	(56,137)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current: General government Economic development Non-departmental		-	-		- 225,977	-	-	-	
Public safety Police Public ways and facilities		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Development and engineering Public works Capital outlay		- -	345,882		20,180	- - -	- - -	- - 648	
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges		- -	-		-	-	595,000 1,039,367	- -	
Total expenditures		-	345,882		246,157		1,634,367	648	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>	311,555		(39,023)	(69,920)	(1,353,509)	(56,785)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Premium on bond issuance Transfers in Transfers out		- - -	- - -		- - - (70,147)	- - -	18,275,000 2,051,917 1,121,406	(11,545,388)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		(70,147)	-	21,448,323	(11,545,388)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-	311,555		(109,170)	(69,920)	20,094,814	(11,602,173)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):									
Beginning of year	2,85	7	229,151		809,609	2,639,208	1,657,229	11,602,173	
End of year	\$ 2,85	7 \$	540,706	\$	700,439	\$ 2,569,288	\$ 21,752,043	\$ -	

	Capital Projects								
	North East Industrial Plan Area #2	Infill Projects	I-205 Area Improvements	Urban Management Plan Facilities	Capital Projects Deposit	South MacArthur Plan Area			
REVENUES:									
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Fines and penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Investment income (loss)	_	(29,784)	(61,501)	(263,381)	(107,507)	(57,036)			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Charges for current services	2,232,788	244,916	972,576	1,998,884	-	-			
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other revenue						_			
Total revenues	2,232,788	215,132	911,075	1,735,503	(107,507)	(57,036)			
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government									
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Non-departmental	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public safety									
Police	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public ways and facilities									
Development and engineering	-	38,351	-	1,021,115	-	-			
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	59,473	1,287	151,443	-	-			
Debt service:									
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges									
Total expenditures		97,824	1,287	1,172,558	<u>-</u>				
REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,232,788	117,308	909,788	562,945	(107,507)	(57,036)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	4,678,830	111,740	-	170,572	-	-			
Transfers out	(4,735,844)	(5,737,737)	(12,465,365)			(11,731,601)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(57,014)	(5,625,997)	(12,465,365)	170,572	<u> </u>	(11,731,601)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,175,774	(5,508,689)	(11,555,577)	733,517	(107,507)	(11,788,637)			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):									
Beginning of year	(2,175,774)	5,597,140	11,555,577	4,589,444	5,056	11,788,637			
End of year	\$ -	\$ 88,451	\$ -	\$ 5,322,961	\$ (102,451)	\$ -			

			Capital I	Projects		
	Industrial Specific Plan South	Presidio Plan Area	Redevelopment Obligations	Tracy Gateway Area	Plan "C"	Residential Specific Plan Projects
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and penalties	(10.102)	(27,020)	(20.212)	- (55.001)	(110.025)	- (7.6.000)
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	(10,192)	(27,039)	(30,212)	(55,891)	(119,935)	(76,908)
Charges for current services	364,797	-	-	-	432,436	-
Special assessments	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	354,605	(27,039)	(30,212)	(55,891)	312,501	(76,908)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government						
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-departmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety						
Police	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public ways and facilities						
Development and engineering	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	2,036,884	-	1,457	22,340	171	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	2,036,884		1,457	22,340	171	
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,682,279)	(27,039)	(31,669)	(78,231)	312,330	(76,908)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,058,625	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,465,969)	(5,561,639)	(239,298)		(24,741,801)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(407,344)	(5,561,639)	(239,298)		(24,741,801)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(2,089,623)	(5,588,678)	(270,967)	(78,231)	(24,429,471)	(76,908)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year	2,089,623	5,588,678	1,336,199	2,126,873	24,429,471	2,902,940
					•	

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Capital Projects		
	Ellis Area	CORE Capital Projects	Regional Transportation Impact	Total Non-Major Funds
REVENUES:				
Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines and penalties Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	\$ - - (351,063)	\$ - - (1,115,081) -	\$ - - (344,785)	\$ 2,780,862 164,568 86,143 (3,419,667) 6,248,422
Charges for current services Special assessments Other revenue	5,530,764 - -	(58,115)	2,955,135	14,674,946 4,647,754 289,571
Total revenues	5,179,701	(1,173,196)	2,610,350	25,472,599
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government				
Economic development Non-departmental Public safety	-	-	-	295,868 621,061
Police Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	210,865
Development and engineering Public works	-	-	-	1,062,600 5,128,957
Capital outlay Debt service:	140,380	106,211	-	6,801,259
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	595,000 1,039,367
Total expenditures	140,380	106,211	-	15,754,977
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	5,039,321	(1,279,407)	2,610,350	9,717,622
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Premium on bond issuance Transfers in Transfers out	(2,900,000)	54,622,036 (8,072,346)	(335,319)	18,275,000 2,051,917 62,486,118 (91,338,837)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,900,000)	46,549,690	(335,319)	(8,525,802)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,139,321	45,270,283	2,275,031	1,191,820
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year	10,219,780		10,253,390	128,055,382
End of year	\$ 12,359,101	\$ 45,270,283	\$ 12,528,421	\$ 129,247,202
				(Concluded)

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City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	l Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:							
Investment income (loss) Other revenue	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ 287,969 3,695,416	\$	287,969 3,695,416	
Total revenues	-		_	3,983,385		3,983,385	
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	 		3,333,800	 4,906,096		(1,572,296)	
Total expenditures	_		3,333,800	 4,906,096		(1,572,296)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 		(3,333,800)	 (922,711)		2,411,089	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	11,812,000		13,912,000	42,157,239		28,245,239	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 11,812,000		13,911,800	42,157,239		28,245,439	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 11,812,000	\$	10,578,000	41,234,528	\$	30,656,528	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				 38,507,759			
End of year				\$ 79,742,287			

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Tracy Infrastructure Master Plans Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Origin		ted Amounts Actual Final Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:									
Investment income (loss) Charges for current services	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,463,000	\$	(2,237,354) 35,268,383	\$	(2,237,354) 29,805,383	
Total revenues				5,463,000		33,031,029		27,568,029	
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay				1,084,527		1,424,355		(339,828)	
Total expenditures		-		1,084,527		1,424,355		(339,828)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				4,378,473		31,606,674		27,228,201	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		-		10,276,042		10,276,042	
Transfers out				(10,180,473)		(9,338,756)		841,717	
Total other financing sources (uses)				(10,180,473)		937,286		11,117,759	
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	(5,802,000)		32,543,960	\$	38,345,960	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year						58,325,132			
End of year					\$	90,869,092			

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule TEA Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:				
Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ - 25,507,000	\$ (1,725) 952,712	\$ (1,725) (24,554,288)
Total revenues		25,507,000	950,987	(24,556,013)
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital outlay	563,000	813,000	60,694	752,306
Total expenditures	563,000	813,000	60,694	752,306
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(563,000)	24,694,000	890,293	(23,803,707)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in Transfers out	- -	- -	3,487 (952,712)	3,487 (952,712)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(949,225)	(949,225)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (563,000)	\$ 24,694,000	(58,932)	\$ (24,752,932)
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			425,309	
End of year			\$ 366,377	

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Business Improvement District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	(Budgeted Original	d Amoun	ts Final		Actual amounts	Final Fav	nce with Budget orable/ avorable)
REVENUES:								
Special assessments	\$	134,000	\$	134,000	\$	135,461	\$	1,461
Total revenues		134,000		134,000		135,461		1,461
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General government Economic development		134,000		207,000		206,628		372
Total expenditures		134,000		207,000	-	206,628		372
Total expenditures		134,000		207,000	-	200,028		312
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	(73,000)		(71,167)	\$	1,833
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year						1,497		
End of year					\$	(69,670)		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amou			Actual	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget
	 Original	Final		Amounts		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:							
Fines and penalties	\$ -	\$	-	\$	86,143	\$	86,143
Investment income (loss)			_		(22,502)		(22,502)
Total revenues					63,641		63,641
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public safety							
Police	66,329		(20,671)		27,594		(48,265)
Capital outlay	 		101,000		101,162		(162)
Total expenditures	 66,329		80,329		128,756		(48,427)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(66,329)		(80,329)		(65,115)		15,214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	 (38,405)		(38,405)		_		38,405
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (38,405)		(38,405)				38,405
Net change in fund balance	\$ (104,734)	\$	(118,734)		(65,115)	\$	53,619
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					859,098		
End of year				\$	793,983		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Transportation Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:									
Taxes Investment income (loss)	\$	23,000	\$	23,000	\$	349,058 (2,971)	\$	349,058 (25,971)	
Total revenues		23,000		23,000		346,087		323,087	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current: General government									
Non-departmental		-		12,000		5,329		6,671	
Capital outlay	-	280,000		280,000		828,018		(548,018)	
Total expenditures		280,000		292,000		833,347		(541,347)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(257,000)	\$	(269,000)		(487,260)	\$	(218,260)	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year						634,243			
End of year					\$	146,983			

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Proposition K Transportation Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget vorable/ favorable)
REVENUES:								
Taxes Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	\$	- - -	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,431,804 (167,607) 24,007	\$	31,804 (167,607) 24,007
Total revenues				2,400,000		2,288,204		(111,796)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public ways and facilities								
Development and engineering		-		-		3,134		(3,134)
Capital outlay		_		683,000		569,271		113,729
Total expenditures				683,000		572,405		110,595
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				1,717,000		1,715,799		(1,201)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		-		-		(171)		(171)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				(171)		(171)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	1,717,000		1,715,628	\$	(1,372)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						5,250,994		
End of year					\$	6,966,622		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule State Gas Tax Street Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Fi I	nriance with nal Budget Favorable/ nfavorable)
REVENUES:							
Investment income (loss)	\$	31,000	\$	31,000	\$ (206,902)	\$	(237,902)
Intergovernmental		3,135,000		3,135,000	 4,259,070		1,124,070
Total revenues		3,166,000		3,166,000	4,052,168		886,168
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government							
Non-departmental		119,000		119,000	119,449		(449)
Public ways and facilities							
Public works		1,310,000		1,606,000	1,463,355		142,645
Capital outlay		130,000		218,000	 2,582,977		(2,364,977)
Total expenditures		1,559,000		1,943,000	 4,165,781		(2,222,781)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,607,000		1,223,000	 (113,613)		(1,336,613)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in					 623,472		623,472
Total other financing sources (uses)					 623,472		623,472
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,607,000	\$	1,223,000	509,859	\$	(713,141)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					6,250,823		
End of year					\$ 6,760,682		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	(Budgeted Original	l Amoun	ts Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	426,000	\$	426,000	\$ 789,545	\$	363,545	
Total revenues		426,000		426,000	789,545		363,545	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government								
Economic development		418,000		89,000	89,240		(240)	
Capital outlay		_		198,000	 _		198,000	
Total expenditures		418,000		287,000	89,240		197,760	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		8,000		139,000	 700,305		561,305	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out					(781,956)		(781,956)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		-	(781,956)		(781,956)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	8,000	\$	139,000	(81,651)	\$	(220,651)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year					 4,624			
End of year					\$ (77,027)			

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Landscaping District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				 Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Favorable/ Infavorable)
REVENUES:							
Investment income (loss)	\$	-	\$	_	\$ (152,560)	\$	(152,560)
Special assessments		3,551,000		3,551,000	3,589,632		38,632
Total revenues		3,551,000		3,551,000	3,437,072		(113,928)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government							
Non-departmental		266,000		270,000	270,306		(306)
Public ways and facilities		1 702 000		1 264 000	2 200 5 40		(1.025.540)
Public works		1,593,000		1,364,000	3,299,540		(1,935,540)
Capital outlay				2,000	 671		1,329
Total expenditures		1,859,000		1,636,000	 3,570,517		(1,934,517)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,692,000		1,915,000	(133,445)		(2,048,445)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in					 95,950		95,950
Total other financing sources (uses)					95,950		95,950
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,692,000	\$	1,915,000	(37,495)	\$	(1,952,495)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					5,508,240		
End of year					\$ 5,470,745		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Residential and Commercial Rehabilitation Loan Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Origi		Amounts Fi	nal	Actual .mounts	Fina Fav	ance with al Budget vorable/ avorable)
REVENUES:							
Investment income (loss)	\$		\$	_	\$ (5,608)	\$	(5,608)
Total revenues	\$	_	\$		(5,608)	\$	(5,608)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 211,681		
End of year					\$ 206,073		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Access CTV Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Original	l Amour	nts Final	Actual amounts	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable/ favorable)
REVENUES:						
Licenses, permits and fees	\$ 84,000	\$	84,000	\$ 164,568	\$	80,568
Investment income (loss)	-		-	(14,427)		(14,427)
Charges for current services	 			 765		765
Total revenues	 84,000		84,000	 150,906		66,906
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay	 123,000		273,000	 81,017		191,983
Total expenditures	 123,000		273,000	 81,017		191,983
Net change in fund balance	\$ (39,000)	\$	(189,000)	69,889	\$	258,889
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				508,396		
End of year				\$ 578,285		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule COPS Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	Budgeted Original	Amoun	ts Final	Actual Amounts	Fina Fa	ance with al Budget vorable/ avorable)
REVENUES:							
Investment income (loss)	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$ (2,190)	\$	(8,190)
Intergovernmental		190,000		190,000	223,088		33,088
Total revenues		196,000		196,000	 220,898		24,898
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government							
General government		11,000		-	-		-
Public safety							
Police		221,000		183,000	183,271		(271)
Capital outlay				59,000	 57,155		1,845
Total expenditures		232,000		242,000	 240,426		1,574
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(36,000)		(46,000)	(19,528)		26,472
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		_		-	(1,544)		(1,544)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	(1,544)		(1,544)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(36,000)	\$	(46,000)	(21,072)	\$	24,928
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					153,216		
End of year					\$ 132,144		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule CFD Services 2016-2 Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Original	l Amoun	ts Final	Actual amounts	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable/ favorable)
REVENUES:						
Investment income (loss)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (35,673)	\$	(35,673)
Special assessments	 411,000		411,000	 693,110		282,110
Total revenues	 411,000		411,000	657,437		246,437
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities						
Public works	 161,000		344,000	 345,882		(1,882)
Total expenditures	 161,000		344,000	 345,882		(1,882)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 250,000	\$	67,000	311,555	\$	244,555
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				229,151		
End of year				\$ 540,706		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule CFD Services 2018-1 Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	Amoun	ts Final		Actual	Fina Fa	ance with al Budget vorable/ favorable)
REVENUES:	 						
Investment income (loss)	\$ _	\$	_	\$	(22,417)	\$	(22,417)
Special assessments	159,000		159,000	·	229,551	·	70,551
Total revenues	159,000		159,000		207,134		48,134
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government							
Non-departmental	136,000		195,000		225,977		(30,977)
Public ways and facilities			20.000		20.100		(100)
Public works	 		20,000		20,180		(180)
Total expenditures	 136,000		215,000	-	246,157		(31,157)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 23,000		(56,000)		(39,023)		16,977
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	(60,000)		(70,000)		(70,147)		(147)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(60,000)		(70,000)		(70,147)		(147)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (37,000)	\$	(126,000)		(109,170)	\$	16,830
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					809,609		
End of year				\$	700,439		

City of Tracy Budgetary Comparison Schedule North East Industrial Plan Area Storm Drain Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Fi I	uriance with nal Budget Favorable/ infavorable)
REVENUES:						
Investment income (loss)	\$ 	\$	-	\$ (69,920)	\$	(69,920)
Total revenues	 			 (69,920)		(69,920)
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay	 2,500,000		2,500,000			2,500,000
Total expenditures	 2,500,000		2,500,000	 <u>-</u>		2,500,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,500,000)	\$	(2,500,000)	(69,920)	\$	2,430,080
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				2,639,208		
End of year				\$ 2,569,288		

Non-Major Enterprise Funds

Municipal Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the City's airport.

Municipal Transit Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the City's public transit activities, and has particular emphasis on serving the elderly and handicapped.

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2022

	Municipal Airport Fund	Municipal Transit Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets: Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivable Interest receivable Lease receivable - due within one year	\$ 171,775 53,211 - 93,748	\$ - 8,172,977 527	\$ 171,775 8,226,188 527 93,748
Total current assets	318,734	8,173,504	8,492,238
Noncurrent assets: Lease receivable - due in more than one year Capital assets:	1,942,111	-	1,942,111
Non-depreciable	15,826	1,428,929	1,444,755
Depreciable, net	14,557,189	12,519,228	27,076,417
Total capital assets, net	14,573,015	13,948,157	28,521,172
Total assets	16,515,126	13,948,157	30,463,283
Total assets	16,833,860	22,121,661	38,955,521
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB	3,090	5,125	8,215
Related to pensions	55,406	92,938	148,344
Total deferred outflow of resources	58,496	98,063	156,559
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Deposits payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences - due within one year	10,834 12,950 228,038 53,711	532,075 24,072 1,297,610 - 60,539 12,909	542,909 37,022 1,525,648 53,711 60,539 20,529
Total current liabilities	313,153	1,927,205	2,240,358
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from other funds Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities	28,928 151,033 10,478	47,977 253,347 19,762	76,905 404,380 30,240
	190,439	321,086	511,525
Total liabilities	503,592	2,248,291	2,751,883
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to leases Related to OPEB Related to pensions Total deferred inflows of resources	2,019,158 4,207 97,271 2,120,636	6,978 163,164 170,142	2,019,158 11,185 260,435 2,290,778
NET POSITION		_	_
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	14,573,015 (304,887)	13,948,157 5,853,134	28,521,172 5,548,247
Total net position	\$ 14,268,128	\$ 19,801,291	\$ 34,069,419

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES: Sales and charges for services \$ 582,364 \$ 7,571,420 \$ 8 Other operating revenue 128,504 -	153,784 128,504 282,288
-	128,504
	282,288
Total operating revenues 710,868 7,571,420 8	
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Administration 67,945 429,148 Depreciation 1,125,380 1,114,339 2	574,890 497,093 239,719
Total operating expenses 2,231,334 6,080,368 8	311,702
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) (1,520,466) 1,491,052	(29,414)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Operating grants - 485,176 Capital grants 121,219 44,708 Investment income (loss) 41,386 140 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,104 -	485,176 165,927 41,526 3,104
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 165,709 530,024	695,733
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS (1,354,757) 2,021,076	666,319
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	
Transfers in 395,343 171	395,514
Total transfers 395,343 171	395,514
Changes in net position (959,414) 2,021,247 1	061,833
NET POSITION:	
Beginning of year 15,227,542 17,780,044 33	007,586
End of year \$ 14,268,128 \$ 19,801,291 \$ 34	069,419

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Municipal Airport Fund		Municipal Transit Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating revenues	\$	509,975 (1,032,077) (64,308) 128,504	\$	5,637,176 (4,295,558) (420,530)	\$ 6,147,151 (5,327,635) (484,838) 128,504
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(457,906)		921,088	 463,182
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating grants Repayment to other funds Transfers from other funds Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		36,757 395,343 432,100		485,176 (1,076,478) 171 (591,131)	 485,176 (1,039,721) 395,514 (159,031)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Capital grants Acquisition of capital assets Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	121,219 (136,799) (15,580)		44,708 (374,278) (329,570)	 165,927 (511,077) (345,150)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest from investments		41,386		(387)	40,999
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		41,386		(387)	40,999
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-		-	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:					
Beginning of year		_		_	_
End of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:					
Cash and cash investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted cash and investments Total cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
······································	<u></u>		<u> </u>		

(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Municipal Airport Fund	Municipal Transit Fund			Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,520,466)	\$	1,491,052	\$	(29,414)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net	Ψ	(1,320,400)	Ψ	1,471,032	Ψ	(2), 414)
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		1,125,380		1,114,339		2,239,719
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and		, -,		, ,		, ,-
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:						
Accounts receivable, net		(1,405)		6,239,901		6,238,496
Intergovernmental receivable		(53,211)		(8,172,977)		(8,226,188)
Lease receivable		109,228		-		109,228
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		(2,063)		(2,780)		(4,843)
Deferred outflows - pension related		8,301		7,482		15,783
Accounts payable		5,932		241,323		247,255
Accrued payroll		1,343		8,887		10,230
Deposits payable		(1,072)		-		(1,072)
Unearned revenue		-		(1,168)		(1,168)
Compensated absences		5,142		(7,370)		(2,228)
Net OPEB liability		15,640		17,632		33,272
Net pension liability		(122,760)		(178,225)		(300,985)
Deferred inflows - lease related		(125,929)		-		(125,929)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		1,774		1,421		3,195
Deferred inflows - pension related		96,260		161,571		257,831
Total adjustments		1,062,560		(569,964)		492,596
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(457,906)	\$	921,088	\$	463,182

(Concluded)

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Internal Service Funds

Central Garage Fund - This fund is used to account for the maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles which services the transportation needs of City departments and divisions.

Central Services Fund - This fund is used to account for monies received from various funds for postage, telephone, and copying charges.

Equipment Acquisition Fund - This fund is used to account for the replacement of equipment utilized by City departments.

Building Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for monies received from various funds for the repair and maintenance of all City owned and operated buildings.

Insurance Fund - This fund is used to finance and account for the City's risk management and insurance programs.

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Net Position All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

Carrent assets: Cash and investments S 182,490 S 500,225 S 5,115 Interest receivable 1,490 501,715 8,205 Total current assets 182,490 501,715 8,205 Total current assets 182,490 501,715 8,205 Noncurrent assets 182,490 501,715 18,852 Total assets 182,490 501,715 18,852 Total capital assets, net 6,862 - 10,529 Total capital assets, net 6,862 - 10,647 Total anocurrent assets 6,862 - 10,647 Total assets 189,352 501,715 18,852 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES 189,352 501,715 18,852 Related to OPEB 7,763 14,470 Related to pensions 141,195 262,729 Total deferred outflow of resources 148,958 277,199 LIABILITIES		Central	Central			Equipment
Current assets: S 500,225 \$ 8,115 Cash and investments \$ 182,490 \$ 500,225 \$ 8,115 Interest receivable - 1,490 24 Prepaid items - - 6.5 Total current assets 182,490 \$01,715 8,205 Noncurrent assets - - 118 Noncurrent assets - - 10,529 Noncurrent assets 6,862 - 10,529 Total capital assets, net 6,862 - 10,647 Total assets 189,352 501,715 18,852 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 7,763 14,470 14,		 Garage		Services	<i>F</i>	Acquisition
Cash and investments \$ 182,490 \$ 500,225 \$ 8,115 Interest receivable - 1,490 24 Prepaid tiems - 65 Total current assets 182,490 501,715 8,205 Noncurrent assets - 6,862 - 10,529 Capital assets, net 6,862 - 10,647 Total capital assets, net 6,862 - 10,647 Total assets 189,352 501,715 18,852 DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 7,763 14,470						
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Non-depreciable	Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 182,490 - -	\$		\$	8,115,385 24,173 65,532
Capital assets: Non-depreciable	Total current assets	 182,490		501,715		8,205,090
Total noncurrent assets	Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable, net			-		118,147 10,529,471 10,647,618
Total assets 189,352 501,715 18,852 18			-			10,647,618
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 7,763 14,470 Related to opensions 141,195 262,729				501 715		18,852,708
Related to OPEB 7,763 14,470 Related to pensions 141,195 262,729 Total deferred outflow of resources 148,958 277,199 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 63,146 80,552 89, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48		 107,332	-	301,713		10,032,700
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 63,146 80,552 89,	Related to OPEB Related to pensions	 141,195		262,729		- - -
Current liabilities: Accounts payable		1.0,200		277,122		
Accounts payable 63,146 80,552 89, Accrued payroll Deposits payable - - - Compensated absences - due within one year 15,276 37,213 - Total current liabilities 108,099 177,145 89, Noncurrent liabilities: - 135,465 89, Net OPEB liability 72,672 135,465 10,191 10,1						
Noncurrent liabilities: Net OPEB liability	Accounts payable Accrued payroll Deposits payable	 29,677		59,380		89,038 - - -
Net OPEB liability 72,672 135,465 Net pension liability 384,892 716,191 Compensated absences - due in more than one year 16,618 124,969 Total noncurrent liabilities 474,182 976,625 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 10,569 19,701 Related to pensions 247,884 461,252 Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 6,862 - 10,647 Unrestricted (deficit) (509,286) (855,809) 8,116	Total current liabilities	 108,099		177,145		89,038
Total liabilities 582,281 1,153,770 89. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 10,569 19,701 461,252 461,252 461,252 10,569 10,569 10,569 10,569 10,701 10,569 10,701 10,569 10,701	Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year	 384,892 16,618		716,191 124,969		- - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 10,569 19,701 Related to pensions 247,884 461,252 Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 6,862 - 10,647 Unrestricted (deficit) (509,286) (855,809) 8,116						89,038
Related to OPEB 10,569 19,701 Related to pensions 247,884 461,252 Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 6,862 - 10,647 Unrestricted (deficit) (509,286) (855,809) 8,116	Total natimues	 362,261		1,133,770		89,038
Investment in capital assets 6,862 - 10,647 Unrestricted (deficit) (509,286) (855,809) 8,116	Related to OPEB Related to pensions	 247,884		461,252		- - -
Unrestricted (deficit) (509,286) (855,809) 8,116	NET POSITION					
\$ (302,424) \$ (853,809) \$ 18,703.	•	\$	\$	(855,809) (855,809)	\$	10,647,618 8,116,052 18,763,670

(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

Interest receivable	tal	Total	nsurance	Ir	Building aintenance	Maintena					
Cash and investments \$ 2,953,731 \$ 1,028,931 \$ 1.1028,931 \$ 1.1028,931 \$ 1.028,932 \$ 1.028,932 \$ 1.028,932							ASSETS				
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Non-depreciable	2,780,762 37,570 65,532	3	, ,	\$, ,	\$	Cash and investments Interest receivable				
Non-depreciable 3,330 - 10	2,883,864	12,88	1,031,996	-	2,962,573		Total current assets				
Total assets 2,965,903 1,031,996 2.	118,147 0,539,663 0,657,810	10,53	- - -				Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable, net				
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES P.270 7,235 Related to OPEB P.270 T.235 Related to pensions 168,897 130,471 Total deferred outflow of resources 178,167 137,706 Total deferred outflow of resources Total deferred outflow of resources),657,810	10,65		-	3,330		Total noncurrent assets				
Related to OPEB 9,270 7,235 Related to pensions 168,897 130,471 Total deferred outflow of resources 178,167 137,706 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 61,627 11,085 Accrued payroll 37,182 28,711 Deposits payable 6,758 - Compensated absences - due within one year 19,979 16,663 Total current liabilities 125,546 56,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 86,783 67,733 Net pension liability 86,783 67,733 Net pension liability 460,409 355,660 Compensated absences - due in more than one year 52,261 57,711 Total noncurrent liabilities 599,453 481,104 Total liabilities 724,999 537,563 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 12,621 9,851	3,541,674	23,54	1,031,996		2,965,903		Total assets				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 61,627 11,085 Accrued payroll 37,182 28,711 Deposits payable 6,758 - Compensated absences - due within one year 19,979 16,663 Total current liabilities 125,546 56,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 86,783 67,733 Net OPEB liability 86,783 67,733 Net pension liability 460,409 355,660 Compensated absences - due in more than one year 52,261 57,711 Total noncurrent liabilities 599,453 481,104 Total liabilities 724,999 537,563 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 12,621 9,851	38,738 703,292 742,030	70	130,471		168,897		Related to OPEB Related to pensions				
Accounts payable 61,627 11,085 Accrued payroll 37,182 28,711 Deposits payable 6,758 - Compensated absences - due within one year 19,979 16,663 Total current liabilities 125,546 56,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 86,783 67,733 Net OPEB liability 86,783 67,733 Net pension liability 460,409 355,660 Compensated absences - due in more than one year 52,261 57,711 Total noncurrent liabilities 599,453 481,104 Total liabilities 724,999 537,563 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 12,621 9,851							LIABILITIES				
Noncurrent liabilities: 86,783 67,733 Net OPEB liability 460,409 355,660 Compensated absences - due in more than one year 52,261 57,711 Total noncurrent liabilities 599,453 481,104 Total liabilities 724,999 537,563 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 12,621 9,851	305,448 154,950 6,758 89,131 556,287	15	28,711 - 16,663		37,182 6,758 19,979		Accounts payable Accrued payroll Deposits payable Compensated absences - due within one year				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to OPEB 12,621 9,851	362,653 1,917,152 251,559 2,531,364	36 1,91 25	67,733 355,660 57,711		86,783 460,409 52,261		Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Compensated absences - due in more than one year				
Related to OPEB 12,621 9,851	3,087,651	3,08	537,563		724,999		Total liabilities				
·	52,742 1,234,712 1,287,454	1,23	229,057		296,519		Related to OPEB Related to pensions				
NET POSITION							NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets 3,330 - 10 Unrestricted (deficit) 2,106,601 393,231 9	0,657,810 9,250,789 9,908,599	9,25		\$	2,106,601	\$	Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)				

(Concluded)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position All Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Central Garage	Central Services	Equipment Acquisition
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Sales and charges for services Other operating revenue	\$ 2,454,416	\$ 2,662,615	\$ 2,318,057
Total operating revenues	2,454,416	2,662,615	2,318,057
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Maintenance and operation Administration Insurance costs and claims Depreciation Total operating expenses	 2,496,817 132,795 499 2,630,111	2,797,152 128,704 - - 2,925,856	502,068 79,104 - 1,617,686 2,198,858
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (175,695)	 (263,241)	 119,199
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Investment income (loss) Gain on sale of capital assets	 (795)	 (13,682)	 (218,149) (1,873,560)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (795)	 (13,682)	(2,091,709)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	 (176,490)	 (276,923)	 (1,972,510)
TRANSFERS:			
Capital contributions Transfers in	 -	 -	82,089 1,248,006
Total transfers	 	 	 1,330,095
Changes in net position	(176,490)	(276,923)	(642,415)
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	(325,934)	(578,886)	 19,406,085
End of year	\$ (502,424)	\$ (855,809)	\$ 18,763,670
			(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) **All Internal Service Funds** For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Building Maintenance Insurance		Insurance	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Sales and charges for services Other operating revenue	\$	2,249,576	\$	5,725,633 1,184,624	\$	13,092,240 3,502,681
Total operating revenues		2,249,576		6,910,257		16,594,921
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Maintenance and operation Administration Insurance costs and claims Depreciation		1,944,439 309,974 		1,183,535 433,474 6,427,150		8,924,011 1,084,051 6,427,150 1,618,446
Total operating expenses		2,254,674		8,044,159		18,053,658
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(5,098)		(1,133,902)		(1,458,737)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment income (loss) Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(79,442)		(34,401)		(346,469) (1,873,560)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(79,442)		(34,401)		(2,220,029)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(84,540)		(1,168,303)		(3,678,766)
TRANSFERS:						
Capital contributions Transfers in		- -		- -		82,089 1,248,006
Total transfers						1,330,095
Changes in net position		(84,540)		(1,168,303)		(2,348,671)
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year		2,194,471		1,561,534		22,257,270
End of year	\$	2,109,931	\$	393,231	\$	19,908,599
						(Concluded)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		entral arage	Central Services	Equipment acquisition
Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating activities	·	2,454,416 2,613,997) (37,727)	\$ 2,662,615 (2,862,298) (55,348)	\$ 11,673 (601,711) - 2,318,057
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(197,308)	(255,031)	1,728,019
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers from other funds		-	-	1,248,006
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			 	 1,248,006
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital contributions from developers and others Acquisition of capital assets		- -	- -	 82,089 (2,542,252)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities			 	(2,460,163)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest from investments		(91)	(13,638)	 (226,712)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(91)	(13,638)	(226,712)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(197,399)	(268,669)	289,150
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of year		379,889	768,894	 7,826,235
End of year	\$	182,490	\$ 500,225	\$ 8,115,385
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:				
Cash and cash investments	\$	182,490	\$ 500,225	\$ 8,115,385
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	182,490	\$ 500,225	\$ 8,115,385

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) All Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Central Garage		Central Services		Equipment Acquisition	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(175,695)	\$	(263,241)	\$	119,199
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		499		-		1,617,686
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and						
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:						
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		11,673
Prepaid items		-		-		(65,532)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		(5,079)		(4,753)		-
Deferred outflows - pension related		24,012		32,052		-
Accounts payable		15,615		63,558		44,993
Accrued payroll		226		14,875		-
Compensated absences		(19,200)		(9,813)		-
Net OPEB liability		37,953		9,721		-
Net pension liability		(325,113)		(550,681)		-
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		4,211		(3,325)		-
Deferred inflows - pension related		245,263		456,576		
Total adjustments		(21,613)		8,210		1,608,820
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(197,308)	\$	(255,031)	\$	1,728,019

(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) **All Internal Service Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Building Maintenance	Insurance	Total
Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services/other funds Cash payments to employees for services Receipts from other operating activities	\$ 2,305,903 (2,248,183) 67,289	\$ 5,725,633 (8,144,724) (13,000) 1,184,624	\$ 13,160,240 (16,470,913) (38,786) 3,502,681
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	125,009	(1,247,467)	153,222
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfers from other funds			1,248,006
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			1,248,006
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital contributions from developers and others Acquisition of capital assets	- 	<u> </u>	82,089 (2,542,252)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities			(2,460,163)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest from investments	(82,583)	(33,104)	(356,128)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(82,583)	(33,104)	(356,128)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	42,426	(1,280,571)	(1,415,063)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
Beginning of year	2,911,305	2,309,502	14,195,825
End of year	\$ 2,953,731	\$ 1,028,931	\$ 12,780,762
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Cash and cash investments Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,953,731 \$ 2,953,731	\$ 1,028,931 \$ 1,028,931	\$ 12,780,762 \$ 12,780,762

(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) **All Internal Service Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Building Maintenance		Insurance		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(5,098)	\$	(1,133,902)	\$ (1,458,737)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		261		-	1,618,446
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, and					
deferred outflows and inflows of resources:					
Accounts receivable, net		56,327		-	68,000
Prepaid items		-		-	(65,532)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		(9,270)		(3,519)	(22,621)
Deferred outflows - pension related		16,826		19,619	92,509
Accounts payable		6,230		(100,565)	29,831
Accrued payroll		4,207		6,380	25,688
Compensated absences		316		6,534	(22,163)
Net OPEB liability		86,783		19,643	154,100
Net pension liability		(337,767)		(289,377)	(1,502,938)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		12,621		1,044	14,551
Deferred inflows - pension related		293,573		226,676	1,222,088
Total adjustments		130,107		(113,565)	1,611,959
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	125,009	\$	(1,247,467)	\$ 153,222

(Concluded)

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Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds

Community Facilities District 89-1 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 89-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Assessment District 94-1 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 94-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Community Facilities District 93-1 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 93-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Community Facilities District 98-1 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 98-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Community Facilities District 98-3 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 98-3 Community Facilities District Property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Community Facilities District 99-1 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 99-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Assessment District 2000-01 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 2000-01 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

2006-01 NE Industrial #2 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 2006-01 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

I-205 Residential Reassessment District 1999 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 93-2, 95-1, 96-1, 97-1, and 97-2 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Assessment District 2003-01 Fund - This fund is used account for the assets held on behalf of the 2003-01 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

2011 TOP JPA Revenue Bonds Fund - This fund was established to refund two outstanding community facilities district bonds and to refund two limited obligation assessment bonds, and to finance public capital improvements.

CFD 2011-01 Tracy 580 Business Park Fund - This fund is used to account for the transactions of the 2011-01 CFD.

Community Facilities District 2016-02 Fund - This fund is used to account for the assets held on behalf of the 2016-02 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

Community Facilities District 2016-01 Tracy Hills Fund - This fund is used to account for the assets held on behalf of the 2016-01 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

	Community Facilities District 89-1	Assessment District 94-1	Community Facilities District 93-1	Community Facilities District 98-1	Community Facilities District 98-3	Community Facilities District 99-1
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 337,835	\$ 46,869	\$ 4,027,379	\$ -	\$ 45,028	\$ -
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	662,513	610,156	530,923	6,361,913	844,135	1,063,098
Total assets	1,000,348	657,025	4,558,302	6,361,913	889,163	1,063,098
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits payable						
Total liabilities						
NET POSITION						
Held for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	1,000,348	657,025	4,558,302	6,361,913	889,163	1,063,098
Total Net Position	\$ 1,000,348	\$ 657,025	\$ 4,558,302	\$ 6,361,913	\$ 889,163	\$ 1,063,098
						(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Continued) Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

]	I-205 Residentia	al		CFD 2011-01
	Assessment	2006-01 NE	Reassessment	Assessment	2011 TOP JPA	Tracy 580
	District 2000-01	Industrial #2	District 1999	District 2003-0	Revenue Bonds	Business Park
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 162,120	\$ 1,225,732	\$ -	\$ 301,733	\$ -	\$ 76,257
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	1,017,206	2,655,211	2,110,094	137,411	3,411,907	
Total assets	1,179,326	3,880,943	2,110,094	439,144	3,411,907	76,257
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	-	-	-	345	690	-
Deposits payable				298,184		
Total liabilities				298,529	690	
NET POSITION						
Held for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	1,179,326	3,880,943	2,110,094	140,615	3,411,217	76,257
Total Net Position	\$ 1,179,326	\$ 3,880,943	\$ 2,110,094	\$ 140,615	\$ 3,411,217	\$ 76,257

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Continued) Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

		Community	Community		
	Community	Facilities	Facilities	Tracy Rural	
	Facilities	District 2016-01	District 2021-01	Fire Medical	
	District 2016-02	Tracy Hills	Hillview	Leave Bank	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 57,292	\$ 20,675	\$ -	\$ 316,431	\$ 6,617,351
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	5,670,216	13,443,167	6,868,379		45,386,329
Total assets	5,727,508	13,463,842	6,868,379	316,431	52,003,680
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	-	5,375	-	-	6,410
Deposits payable					298,184
Total liabilities		5,375			304,594
NET POSITION					
Held for:					
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	5,727,508	13,458,467	6,868,379	316,431	51,699,086
Total Net Position	\$ 5,727,508	\$13,458,467	\$ 6,868,379	\$ 316,431	\$ 51,699,086
					(Concluded)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Community Facilities District 89-1	Assessment District 94-1	Community Facilities District 93-1	Community Facilities District 98-1	Community Facilities District 98-3	Community Facilities District 99-1
ADDITIONS:						
Fee collections for other governments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments for other governments	-	-	277,577	5,973,175	347,772	671,216
Investment income (loss)	(5,933)	(1,058)	(10,011)	4,582	1,379	201
Proceeds from debt issuance						
Total additions	(5,933)	(1,058)	267,566	5,977,757	349,151	671,417
DEDUCTIONS:						
Administration	-	999	18,550	17,526	14,390	12,384
Payments on conduit bonds - principal	-	295,000	120,000	4,350,000	270,000	545,000
Payments on conduit bonds - interest	-	7,375	127,588	1,326,950	44,831	92,600
Project payments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to other governments						
Total deductions		303,374	266,138	5,694,476	329,221	649,984
Changes in net position	(5,933)	(304,432)	1,428	283,281	19,930	21,433
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year	1,006,281	961,457	4,556,874	6,078,632	869,233	1,041,665
End of year	\$ 1,000,348	\$ 657,025	\$ 4,558,302	\$ 6,361,913	\$ 889,163	\$ 1,063,098
						(Continued)

(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Continued) Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			I-205 Residentia	ıl		CFD 2011-01
	Assessment	2006-01 NE	Reassessment	Assessment	2011 TOP JPA	Tracy 580
	District 2000-01	Industrial #2	District 1999	District 2003-01	Revenue Bonds	Business Park
ADDITIONS:						
Fee collections for other governments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments for other governments	1,142,746	678,156	7,174	81,097	1,412,363	-
Investment income (loss)	744	49	2,460	(713)	4,163	(208)
Proceeds from debt issuance						
Total additions	1,143,490	678,205	9,634	80,384	1,416,526	(208)
DEDUCTIONS:						
Administration	17,490	14,276	15,995	10,569	34,939	-
Payments on conduit bonds - principal	640,000	260,000	300,000	45,000	1,000,000	-
Payments on conduit bonds - interest	433,175	380,100	18,500	22,391	320,456	-
Project payments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to other governments						
Total deductions	1,090,665	654,376	334,495	77,960	1,355,395	
Changes in net position	52,825	23,829	(324,861)	2,424	61,131	(208)
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year	1,126,501	3,857,114	2,434,955	138,191	3,350,086	76,465
End of year	\$ 1,179,326	\$ 3,880,943	\$ 2,110,094	\$ 140,615	\$ 3,411,217	\$ 76,257
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		(0 : 1)

(Continued)

City of Tracy Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Continued) Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

ADDITIONS	Community Facilities District 2016-02	Community Facilities District 2016-01 Tracy Hills	Community Facilities District 2021-01 Hillview	Tracy Rural Fire Medical Leave Bank	Total
ADDITIONS:					
Fee collections for other governments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments for other governments	1,555,252	3,468,687	-	-	15,615,215
Investment income (loss)	802	1,849	26	-	(1,668)
Proceeds from debt issuance	14,480,276		6,868,353		21,348,629
Total additions	16,036,330	3,470,536	6,868,379		36,962,176
DEDUCTIONS:					
Administration	57,132	41,717	-	-	255,967
Payments on conduit bonds - principal	50,000	190,000	-	-	8,065,000
Payments on conduit bonds - interest	937,917	3,059,550	-	-	6,771,433
Project payments	12,619,921	15,065,449	-	-	27,685,370
Payments to other governments				62,600	62,600
Total deductions	13,664,970	18,356,716	. <u> </u>	62,600	42,840,370
Changes in net position	2,371,360	(14,886,180)	6,868,379	(62,600)	(5,878,194)
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year	3,356,148	28,344,647		379,031	57,577,280
End of year	\$ 5,727,508	\$ 13,458,467	\$ 6,868,379	\$ 316,431	\$ 51,699,086
					(Concluded)

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Statistical Section





STATISTICAL SECTION

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CITY OF TRACY - STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Tracy's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year

City of Tracy
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts in thousands)

			F	iscal Year			
	 2022	2021		2020		2019	2018
Governmental activities	 						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 640,818	\$ 653,646	\$	638,464	\$	626,220	\$ 609,080
Restricted	237,567	217,130		201,440		199,212	183,594
Unrestricted	70,533	 1,254		(36,566)		(22,474)	 (10,576)
Total governmental activities net assets	 948,918	 872,030		803,338		802,958	 782,098
Business-type activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 421,052	\$ 412,464	\$	397,487	\$	370,880	\$ 359,213
Restricted	_	-		518		1	-
Unrestricted	 66,078	 51,960		62,495	_	48,068	 48,616
Total business-type activities	\$ 487,130	\$ 464,424	\$	460,500	\$	418,949	\$ 407,829
Primary government:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,061,870	\$ 1,066,110	\$	1,035,951	\$	997,100	\$ 968,293
Restricted	237,567	217,130		201,958		199,213	183,594
Unrestricted	 136,611	 53,214		25,929	_	26,594	 38,040
Total primary government	\$ 1,436,048	\$ 1,336,454	\$	1,263,838	\$	1,222,907	\$ 1,189,927

Source: City of Tracy, Finance Department:

City of Tracy Net Position by Component (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts in thousands)

				F	Fiscal Year		
	-	2017	2016		2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities	-						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	581,394	\$ 553,914	\$	526,467	\$ 518,181	\$ 512,728
Restricted		155,947	145,381		152,380	100,403	111,131
Unrestricted		(1,272)	 (5,343)		(11,671)	 42,063	 35,606
Total governmental activities net assets		736,069	693,952		667,176	660,647	659,465
Business-type activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	357,628	\$ 302,888	\$	314,492	\$ 327,065	\$ 328,985
Restricted		350	348		346	247	237
Unrestricted		41,657	 39,357		31,221	 31,101	 31,283
Total business-type activities	\$	399,635	\$ 342,593	\$	346,059	\$ 358,413	\$ 360,505
Primary government:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	939,022	\$ 856,802	\$	840,959	\$ 845,246	\$ 841,713
Restricted		156,297	145,729		152,726	100,650	111,368
Unrestricted		40,385	34,014		19,550	 73,164	 66,889
Total primary government	\$	1,135,704	\$ 1,036,545	\$	1,013,235	\$ 1,019,060	\$ 1,019,970

Source: City of Tracy, Finance Department:

City of Tracy Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	 Fiscal Year								
	 2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Expenses:									
Governmental activities:									
General Government	\$ 26,685	\$	22,135	\$	14,661	\$	14,455	\$	13,480
Public safety	55,696		56,194		60,125		54,075		52,785
Public works	34,402		32,034		34,151		42,693		34,183
Culture and leisure	4,800		3,848		4,044		3,920		3,395
Interest on long-term debt	990		675		1,338		1,271		1,288
Unallocated depreciation	 								
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	 122,573		114,886		114,319		116,414		105,131
Business-type Activities:									
Water	\$ 24,886	\$	21,177	\$	21,458	\$	19,941	\$	19,087
Wastewater	23,435		21,238		18,991		18,961		18,601
Solid waste	28,418		25,986		25,275		22,289		20,958
Drainage operations	2,114		2,195		2,610		2,558		2,791
Municipal airport	2,228		1,144		1,363		1,123		1,475
Municipal transit	 6,080		5,352		5,485		5,017		5,571
Total Business-Type Activities	 87,161		77,092		75,182		69,889		68,483
Total Primary Governmental Expenses	\$ 209,734	\$	191,978	\$	189,501	\$	186,303	\$	173,614

City of Tracy Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Development fees	\$	17,279	\$	11,151	\$	7,731	\$	10,068	\$	8,784
Other public works		2,721	·	2,721	,	2,721		2,831	·	2,722
Parks and community services		884		222		522		666		762
Other activities		9,159		8,728		8,165		7,227		7,252
Operating grants and contributions		13,576		8,330		14,969		15,142		14,191
Capital grants and contributions		63,193		52,673		39,662		36,408		68,535
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		106,812		83,825		73,770		72,342		102,246
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Water	\$	22,407	\$	23,406	\$	20,328	\$	16,497	\$	16,307
Wastewater		14,973		15,051		14,552		14,168		14,836
Solid waste		25,758		24,309		23,072		21,550		20,973
Drainage operations		731		750		737		686		691
Municipal airport		582		854		662		658		732
Municipal transit		7,571		62		103		117		117
Operating grants and contributions		1,688		6,988		4,263		3,733		6,397
Capital grants and contributions		12,703		5,801		22,818		20,936		9,181
Total Business-Types Activities Program Revenues		86,413		77,221		86,535		78,345		69,234
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	193,225	\$	161,046	\$	160,305	\$	150,687	\$	171,480
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(15,761)	\$	(31,061)	\$	(40,549)	\$	(44,072)	\$	(2,885)
Business-type activities		(748)		129		11,353		8,456		751
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	\$	(16,509)	\$	(30,932)	\$	(29,196)	\$	(35,616)	\$	(2,134)

City of Tracy Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

			Fi	scal Year		
	2022	2021		2019	 2018	2017
General revenues and other changes in net assets						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 27,241	\$ 25,736	\$	24,082	\$ 22,723	\$ 20,857
Sales and use taxes	75,112	56,649		37,039	37,083	30,761
Franchise taxes	4,265	4,258		3,864	3,545	3,558
Other taxes	5,615	4,802		3,692	3,703	3,756
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	114	70		73	44	48
Investment income (loss)	(8,949)	242		1,543	1,395	545
Miscellaneous	14,204	1,388		87	407	1,926
Transfers	(24,954)	(3,609)		(27,355)	(2,016)	(8,692)
Gain on Transfer of assets'	-	-		-	-	-
Special item - Transfer of assets	 	 		(2,098)		 (3,347)
Total governmental activities	92,648	89,536		40,927	66,884	49,412
Business-type activities:						
Interest earnings	(1,819)	145		1,835	1,576	531
Miscellaneous	320	40		9	66	84
Transfers	 24,954	 3,609		27,355	 2,016	 8,692
Total business-type activities	 23,455	 3,794		29,199	 3,658	 9,307
Total primary government	\$ 116,103	\$ 93,330	\$	70,126	\$ 70,542	\$ 58,719
Change in net position						
Governmental activities	\$ 76,887	\$ 58,475	\$	380	\$ 22,812	\$ 46,527
Business-type activities	22,707	 3,923		40,552	 12,114	 10,059
Total primary government	\$ 99,594	\$ 62,398	\$	40,932	\$ 34,926	\$ 56,586

Note 1 - The City implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2014-2015. Prior amounts have not been restated.

Note 2 - The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2017-2018. Prior amounts have not been restated.

City of Tracy Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	 2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		
Expenses:	 										
Governmental activities:											
General Government	\$ 12,412	\$	13,629	\$	7,907	\$	6,412	\$	6,572		
Public safety	41,326		37,858		37,562		37,974		37,248		
Public works	26,330		31,874		27,572		32,358		25,954		
Culture and leisure	2,830		3,134		3,288		4,668		4,709		
Interest on long-term debt	1,304		1,345		1,337		1,342		1,399		
Unallocated depreciation							586		520		
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	 84,202		87,840		77,666		83,340		76,402		
Business-type Activities:											
Water	\$ 18,980	\$	22,659	\$	23,610	\$	22,300	\$	21,765		
Wastewater	15,079		16,522		17,040		16,442		14,970		
Solid waste	20,541		20,899		19,477		18,923		18,820		
Drainage	3,027		3,485		3,436		3,404		3,232		
Airport	901		775		703		629		590		
Transit	 3,953		3,169		2,968		2,556		2,404		
Total Business-Type Activities	 62,481		67,509		67,234		64,254		61,781		
Total Primary Governmental Expenses	\$ 146,683	\$	155,349	\$	144,900	\$	147,594	\$	138,183		

City of Tracy Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fi	scal Year		2012	
	2017	 2016		2015	2014		2013
Program revenues:							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for Services:							
Development fees	\$ 8,769	\$ 6,816	\$	6,124	\$ 3,039	\$	2,460
Other public works	2,721	3,093		2,968	5,040		5,300
Parks and community services	701	1,047		940	838		878
Other activities	1,805	1,864		1,104	1,879		1,665
Operating grants and contributions	12,680	12,811		13,097	10,964		12,723
Capital grants and contributions	39,966	37,084		40,451	 18,166		22,596
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	 66,642	\$ 62,715	\$	64,684	\$ 39,926	\$	45,622
Business-type Activities:							
Charges for Services:							
Water	\$ 14,935	\$ 13,101	\$	14,379	\$ 18,700	\$	15,672
Wastewater	14,034	13,616		13,086	12,940		11,978
Solid waste	23,333	25,156		22,356	21,521		20,352
Drainage	644	609		603	546		564
Airport	478	403		504	395		272
Transit	116	96		109	1,631		818
Operating grants and contributions	1,516	2,041		1,608	-		-
Capital grants and contributions	 4,268	 3,302		8,652	 6,337		2,528
Total Business-Types Activities Program Revenues	 59,324	\$ 58,324	\$	61,297	\$ 62,070	\$	52,184
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 125,966	\$ 121,039	\$	125,981	\$ 101,996	\$	97,806
Net (expense)/revenue							
Governmental activities	\$ (17,560)	\$ (25,125)	\$	(12,982)	\$ (43,414)	\$	(30,780)
Business-type activities	(3,157)	 (9,185)		(5,937)	 (2,184)		(9,597)
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	\$ (20,717)	\$ (34,310)	\$	(18,919)	\$ (45,598)	\$	(40,377)

City of Tracy Changes in Net Position (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(accrual basis of accounting)

			Fis	scal Year				
	2017	 2016		2015		2014		2013
General revenues and other changes in net assets								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ 20,393	\$ 19,638	\$	17,709	\$	15,700	\$	14,946
Sales and use taxes	23,291	24,371		24,280		22,722		20,553
Franchise taxes	2,829	2,776		2,728		2,593		2,500
Other taxes	2,719	2,562		2,304		1,952		1,839
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	40	34		35		36		43
Investment income (loss)	435	1,000		610		1,129		165
Miscellaneous	2,022	3,497		1,311		1,634		1,595
Transfers	(4,968)	(5,141)		-		-		(42)
Gain on Transfer of assets'	-	-		-		-		-
Special item - Transfer of assets	 	3,162						
Total governmental activities	46,761	\$ 51,899	\$	48,977	\$	45,766	\$	41,599
Business-type activities:								
Interest earnings	626	\$ 551	\$	585	\$	264	\$	144
Miscellaneous	24	25		42		-		-
Transfers	 4,968	5,141						42
Total business-type activities	 5,618	\$ 5,717	\$	627	\$	264	\$	186
Total primary government	\$ 52,379	\$ 57,616	\$	49,604	\$	46,030	\$	41,785
Change in net position								
Governmental activities	\$ 29,201	\$ 26,774	\$	35,995	\$	2,352	\$	10,819
Business-type activities	 2,461	(3,468)		(5,310)		(1,920)		(9,411)
Total primary government	\$ 31,662	\$ 23,306	\$	30,685	\$	432	\$	1,408

Note 1 - The City implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2014-2015. Prior amounts have not been restated.

Note 2 - The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2017-2018. Prior amounts have not been restated.

City of Tracy Program Revenues by Function/Progam Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Function/Program											
Governmental activities:											
General Government	\$	13,565	\$	9,898	\$	9,126	\$	8,988	\$	11,204	
Police		2,464		1,922		2,134		2,277		3,085	
Fire		32		-		10,339		6,445		7,172	
Development and engineering		17,279		11,171		7,751		10,585		9,363	
Public works		72,546		60,072		43,031		43,510		70,310	
Parks and community services		927		762		1,390		1,000		1,112	
Subtotal governmental activities		106,813		83,825		73,771		72,805		102,246	
Business-type activities:											
Water	\$	29,403	\$	25,029	\$	31,134	\$	20,307	\$	21,397	
Wastewater		20,282		16,905		22,584		29,337		16,610	
Solid waste		26,386		24,329		23,134		21,553		20,973	
Drainage operations		1,537		1,843		760		1,509		808	
Municipal airport		704		989		2,382		1,725		2,906	
Municipal transit		8,101		8,127		6,543		3,914		6,540	
Subtotal business-type activities		86,413		77,222		86,537		78,345		69,234	
Total primary government	\$	193,226	\$	161,047	\$	160,308	\$	151,150	\$	171,480	

City of Tracy Program Revenues by Function/Progam (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
Function/Program											
Governmental activities:											
General Government	\$	2,700	\$	3,099	\$	3,850	\$	2,892	\$	1,908	
Police		1,972		2,052		2,847		1,775		2,330	
Fire		6,556		6,539		6,792		6,980		8,692	
Development and engineering		9,213		7,209		6,505		3,410		2,871	
Public works		45,234		42,437		43,198		23,621		28,367	
Parks and community services		967		1,380		1,492		1,248		1,454	
Subtotal governmental activities		66,642		62,716		64,684		39,926		45,622	
Business-type activities:											
Water	\$	15,220	\$	13,801	\$	17,659	\$	16,877	\$	15,672	
Wastewater		14,805		13,849		14,533		13,438		12,131	
Solid waste		23,354		25,156		22,356		20,352		20,352	
Drainage operations		644		686		659		3,424		564	
Municipal airport		1,514		2,622		4,060		731		607	
Municipal transit		3,787		2,210		2,030		1,171		2,858	
Subtotal business-type activities		59,324		58,324		61,297		55,993		52,184	
Total primary government	\$	125,966	\$	121,040	\$	125,981	\$	95,919	\$	97,806	

City of Tracy Fund Balances of Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
General Fund:											
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	40	\$	40	\$	470	\$	1,525	
Restricted		3,175		2,348		-		-		-	
Committed		16,401		16,401		14,479		14,883		14,961	
Assigned		11,277		11,277		6,112		15,213		20,997	
Unassigned		6,024		3,964						842	
Total General Fund	\$	36,877	\$	34,030	\$	20,631	\$	30,566	\$	38,325	
All other governmental funds											
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted		234,392		195,384		155,058		164,057		153,595	
Committed		-		-		-		-		-	
Assigned		79,742		38,508		26,193		12,192		5,909	
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-	
Special revenue funds		(147)		-		(3,131)		(6,609)		(8,192)	
Capital projects funds		(102)		(2,176)		(2,174)		(2,382)		-	
Debt service funds											
Total all other governmental funds	\$	313,885	\$	231,716	\$	175,946	\$	167,258	\$	151,312	

Source: City of Tracy, Finance Department

City of Tracy Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
General Fund:											
Nonspendable	\$	5,117	\$	5,873	\$	6,640	\$	782	\$	781	
Restricted		-		-		-		346		333	
Committed		11,716		-		-		-		-	
Assigned		11,455		358		1,152		523		277	
Unassigned		12,483		34,425		29,861		33,420		27,503	
Total General Fund	\$	40,771	\$	40,656	\$	37,653	\$	35,071	\$	28,894	
All other governmental funds											
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted		124,932		-		4		57		-	
Committed		-		110,191		113,064		97,402		108,381	
Assigned		4,438		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-		5,588		13,360		-		-	
Special revenue funds		(517)		-		-		-		-	
Capital projects funds		-		(4,431)		(610)		(1,278)		(159)	
Debt service funds				-		-					
Total all other governmental funds	\$	128,853	\$	111,348	\$	125,818	\$	96,181	\$	108,222	

Source: City of Tracy, Finance Department

City of Tracy Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accural basis of accounting)

				F	iscal Year		
		2022	2021		2020	2019	2018
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	110,165	\$ 88,626	\$	65,927	\$ 65,931	\$ 59,838
Licenses, premits and fees		14,084	10,015		7,418	8,161	7,792
Fines and forfeits		255	1,098		630	880	1,559
Use of money and property		(8,081)	483		5,604	6,003	1,462
Intergovernmental		11,462	8,221		12,770	16,733	21,127
Charges of services		69,914	50,130		41,841	34,752	54,269
Special assesments		5,116	4,305		4,060	4,646	3,597
Contributions from assessment districts		=	156		3,434	1,697	5,121
Other		11,122	 1,353		58	 147	1,589
Total revenues	_	214,037	164,387		141,742	138,950	 156,354
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		19,063	17,658		15,136	14,544	13,579
Police		40,094	35,935		33,708	30,575	27,078
Fire		16,448	15,933		21,909	21,404	22,251
Development and engineering		12,413	12,413		11,258	11,327	13,549
Public works		13,345	11,997		11,547	13,391	10,156
Parks and recreation		4,042	3,038		3,181	3,245	2,683
Capital outlay		15,937	9,108		29,699	28,802	38,631
Debt service:							
Principal		765	555		21,315	405	434
Interest and fiscal charges		1,040	 720		1,565	 1,276	1,292
Total expenditures		123,147	 107,357		149,318	 124,969	 129,653
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		90,890	57,030		(7,576)	13,981	26,701
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of debt (including premium)		20,327	-		21,737	-	-
Contributions		=	-		3,930	-	-
Transfers in		118,206	20,489		27,601	36,154	13,040
Transfers out		(144,408)	(24,562)		(46,971)	(40,004)	(16,731)
Proceeds from sale of property			 		33	 8	 350
Total other financing sources (uses):		(5,875)	(4,073)		6,330	 (3,842)	(3,341)
Net change in fund balances	\$	85,015	\$ 52,957	\$	(1,246)	\$ 10,139	\$ 23,360
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures		1.68%	1.31%		17.41%	1.56%	1.70%

City of Tracy Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accural basis of accounting)

			Fi	scal Year		
	2017	2016		2015	2014	2013
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 47,540	\$ 49,118	\$	46,915	\$ 43,804	\$ 40,503
Licenses, premits and fees	7,191	5,236		4,706	4,008	3,564
Fines and forfeits	510	673		972	863	568
Use of money and property	1,356	2,936		1,277	1,699	700
Intergovernmental	27,127	20,413		16,235	12,928	16,038
Charges of services	9,472	9,997		9,165	8,894	9,147
Special assesments	24,886	14,977		29,899	7,181	13,406
Contributions from assessment districts	3,372	3,574		3,444	4,346	1,887
Other	 3,460	 3,501		1,410	 1,767	 1,124
Total revenues	 124,914	110,425		114,023	 85,490	86,937
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	13,763	14,900		7,748	7,050	6,434
Police	24,690	23,717		22,012	21,592	21,488
Fire	18,483	16,692		16,033	15,869	15,305
Development and engineering	8,828	9,042		7,793	6,467	6,449
Public works	9,292	9,372		9,093	8,471	8,091
Parks and recreation	2,287	3,110		3,019	3,113	3,330
Capital outlay	28,645	41,456		20,582	27,179	23,465
Debt service:						
Principal	398	368		328	245	220
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,308	 1,322		1,334	 1,345	 1,352
Total expenditures	 107,694	 119,979		87,942	 91,331	 86,134
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	17,220	(9,554)		26,081	(5,841)	803
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of debt (including premium)	-	-		248	-	-
Contributions	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers in	5,226	6,009		11,723	1,214	20,600
Transfers out	(5,226)	(8,750)		(11,745)	(1,236)	(20,642)
Proceeds from sale of property	 5	 829		420	 _	 _
Total other financing sources (uses):	 5	(1,912)		646	 (22)	(42)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 17,225	\$ (11,466)	\$	26,727	\$ (5,863)	\$ 761
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	1.97%	1.94%		2.34%	2.12%	2.33%

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City of Tracy Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Franchise Taxes	Sales and Use Taxes		Transient Taxes	Business cense Taxes	Transfer Taxes		Total
2022	\$ 26,728,529	\$ 3,866,095	\$	75,112,096	\$ 2,130,821	\$ 1,038,011	\$ 2,249,015	\$ 1	111,124,567
2021	25,735,540	4,257,868		56,648,873	1,702,313	1,016,050	2,084,113		91,444,757
2020	24,082,470	3,864,335		37,038,773	1,447,897	850,991	1,392,908		68,677,373
2019	22,259,306	3,545,578		37,082,569	1,638,102	934,793	1,130,147		66,590,495
2018	20,848,493	3,508,816		30,760,699	1,597,341	847,027	1,311,406		58,873,782
2017	20,392,536	2,829,424		23,290,667	1,507,518	838,037	372,636		49,230,817
2016	19,638,061	2,775,984		24,371,002	1,378,802	814,210	368,922		49,346,981
2015	17,709,090	2,727,886		24,279,575	1,123,087	818,656	362,107		47,020,401
2014	15,699,554	2,593,225		22,721,973	974,314	706,573	271,761		42,967,400
2013	14,946,468	2,499,946		20,553,264	786,827	689,323	362,793		39,838,621

Source: Finance Department, City of Tracy

City of Tracy Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Years		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Category					
Residential	\$ 9,760,318,294	\$ 9,143,911,871	\$ 8,555,296,590	\$ 8,039,865,942	\$ 7,507,417,694
Commercial	1,063,194,692	1,030,981,316	955,735,852	947,333,003	929,006,663
Industrial	1,725,889,800	1,497,816,029	1,317,064,070	1,174,162,150	1,096,123,367
Agricultural	15,740,791	9,954,085	13,112,309	14,680,140	16,512,544
Govt. Owned	394,710	390,665	383,006	58,141	57,001
Institutional	13,241,969	17,778,493	14,022,064	13,108,380	14,530,172
Miscellaneous	1,181,722	1,059,690	1,040,944	1,020,538	1,000,531
Recreational	14,051,314	13,907,241	13,655,823	13,397,875	13,135,180
Vacant	542,638,869	450,516,491	390,395,541	224,337,103	237,333,513
SBE Nonuitary	13,423,381	13,423,381	11,939,960	11,939,960	11,939,960
Cross Reference	8,944,462	7,908,510	6,625,995	6,538,593	6,436,773
Unsecured	586,803,473	608,053,111	558,315,419	537,094,969	577,931,679
Exempt	-	-	-	-	(14,741,007)
Unknown	309,051	 305,883	 336,600	692,500	-
Totals	\$ 13,746,132,528	\$ 12,796,006,766	\$ 11,837,924,173	\$ 10,984,229,294	\$ 10,396,684,070
Total Direct Rate	13.34%	13.70%	13.87%	14.29%	14.39%

*Table updated as of FY21-22 Source: The HdL Company

City of Tracy Assessed Value of Taxable Property (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Years		
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Category	<u> </u>		_			
Residential	\$	7,068,856,191	\$ 6,659,567,812	\$ 6,338,819,597	\$ 5,483,285,494	\$ 4,941,891,425
Commercial		885,051,665	813,724,348	809,032,343	780,671,922	759,270,908
Industrial		985,768,269	729,448,654	731,830,268	643,307,116	710,743,366
Agricultural		16,157,722	64,987,156	50,838,834	15,845,815	12,310,276
Govt. Owned		55,884	1,096,359	1,213,712	53,723	52,669
Institutional		5,720,691	9,515,260	9,692,380	8,872,850	8,457,785
Miscellaneous		904,446	32,517,596	31,703,360	31,765,357	34,534,323
Recreational		12,877,684	16,769,125	16,557,457	16,461,155	14,215,180
Vacant		245,602,494	298,360,191	130,690,678	132,775,224	114,511,579
SBE Nonuitary		11,939,960	12,164,031	12,164,031	12,164,031	11,041,870
Cross Reference		6,326,367	6,166,763	5,447,560	5,285,640	5,128,442
Unsecured		514,650,372	385,687,795	362,915,054	283,642,728	285,483,775
Exempt		(14,691,821)	(13,653,324)	(11,108,238)	(10,494,903)	(9,614,948)
Unknown		-	-	-	65,332,242	-
Totals	\$	9,739,219,924	\$ 9,016,351,766	\$ 8,489,797,036	\$ 7,468,968,394	\$ 6,888,026,650
Total Direct Rate		14.56%	14.90%	15.03%	15.27%	25.02%

City of Tracy

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate Per \$100 of Taxable Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
Agency	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Basic Levy ¹	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Banta Elementary	0.00040	0.00150	0.00210	0.00270	0.00350
Jefferson Elementary	0.02500	0.02610	0.02590	0.02730	0.02640
Lammersville Joint Usd 2016A	0.03880	0.03950	0.04870	0.05500	0.05340
San Joaquin Delta College District	0.01630	0.01830	0.01990	0.02250	0.01800
Tracy Unified School District	0.06130	0.06320	0.06470	0.06420	0.03320
Tracy-Lammersville School District	0.00000	0.01390	0.01510	0.01620	0.01720
Tracy-Lammersville Usd	0.01370	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Total Direct & Overlapping ² Tax Rates	1.15550	1.16250	1.17640	1.18790	1.15170
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 ³	0.16903	0.16903	0.16903	0.16903	0.16903
Voter Approved City Debt Rate					
Redevelopment Rate ⁴		1.00000			
Total Direct Rate ⁵	0.13342	0.13701	0.13869	0.14291	0.14394

^{*}Table updated as of FY21-22

Notes:

¹In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed, amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

²Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners.

³City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. The ERAF portion of the City's Levy has been subtracted where known.

⁴Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABXI 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years thereafter.

⁵Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City/Agency preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purposed of this report, residual revenue is assumes to be distributed to the City/Agency in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

City of Tracy

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Continued) (Rate Per \$100 of Taxable Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
Agency	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Basic Levy ¹	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000			
Banta Elementary	0.00510	0.00700	0.00870	0.00820	0.00890			
Jefferson Elementary	0.02690	0.02710	0.02900	0.02850	0.02410			
Lammersville Joint Usd 2016A	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000			
San Joaquin Delta College District	0.01800	0.01980	0.02330	0.01940	0.02020			
Tracy Unified School District	0.06690	0.07010	0.02120	0.03270	0.03450			
Tracy-Lammersville School District	0.01850	0.02010	0.02130	0.01480	0.01570			
Tracy-Lammersville School District	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000			
Total Direct & Overlapping ² Tax Rates	1.13540	1.14410	1.10350	1.10360	1.10340			
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 ³	0.16903	0.16903	0.16903	0.16903	0.16903			
Voter Approved City Debt Rate								
Redevelopment Rate ⁴								
Total Direct Rate ⁵	0.14564	0.14895	0.15031	0.15266	0.25021			

^{*}Table updated as of FY21-22

Notes:

¹In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed, amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

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City of Tracy Principal Property Tax Payers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

	Tax	cable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable		Percentage of Total Taxable			
Taxpayer Name		Value		Assessed Value		Value	Rank	Assessed Value	
Prologis	\$	659,286,853	1	4.80%	\$	67,685,293	3	1.19%	
Amazon Com Services Inc	φ	143,144,510	2	1.31%	φ	07,005,295	3	1.1970	
Fedex Ground Package System Inc		143,144,510	3	1.08%					
Medline Industries Inc		103,640,431	4	0.85%					
						06 101 629	2	1 (00/	
Leprino Foods Company Corporation		85,921,293	5	0.81%		96,191,638	2	1.69%	
Tracy 300 LP		76,801,999	6	0.75%					
West Valley Holdings LLC		75,058,240	7	0.57%					
IPT Tracy DC LP		71,406,872	8	0.54%					
DCT Arbor Avenue LLC		66,986,867	9	0.54%					
DCT Tracy Logistics Center LLC		62,864,598	10	0.50%					
Tracy Mall Partners LP						100,439,941	1	1.76%	
Catellus Corporate Center Tracy LLC						64,221,194	4	1.13%	
Central Valley LLC						52,182,057	5	0.92%	
Duke Realty LP						49,749,684	6	0.87%	
Inland Container Corportation						36,143,282	7	0.63%	
TCE Tracy LLC						32,071,197	8	0.56%	
US Cold Storage of California						30,773,642	9	0.54%	
Car Corral Hollow LLC			, ,			30,557,092	10	0.54%	
Top Ten Total	\$	1,487,528,227	i i	10.82%	\$	560,015,020	·	9.82%	
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 1	13,746,132,528		100%	\$	5,701,107,764		100%	

Source: The HdL Company

City of Tracy Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent of Levy Collected	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Value of City Property Subject to Local Tax Rate
2013	\$ 9,607,770	\$ 9,607,770	100.00%	0.00	\$ 9,607,770	100.00%	\$ 5,701,107,764
2014	10,175,469	10,175,469	100.00%	0.00	10,175,469	100.00%	6,243,627,285
2015	11,403,560	11,403,560	100.00%	0.00	11,403,560	100.00%	7,209,389,999
2016	12,406,318	12,406,318	100.00%	0.00	12,406,318	100.00%	7,717,337,513
2017	13,134,172	13,134,172	100.00%	0.00	13,134,172	100.00%	9,206,453,046
2018	13,862,573	13,862,573	100.00%	0.00	13,862,573	100.00%	10,411,425,223
2019	14,553,581	14,553,581	100.00%	0.00	14,553,581	100.00%	10,984,229,294
2020	15,247,629	15,247,629	100.00%	0.00	15,247,629	100.00%	11,837,934,173
2021	16,172,399	16,172,399	100.00%	0.00	16,172,399	100.00%	12,796,006,766
2022	18,475,370	18,475,370	100.00%	0.00	18,475,370	100.00%	13,746,132,528

Note: San Joaquin County is on the Teeter Plan. The County remits 100% of all taxes assessed and keeps all penalties and interest on all delinquent taxes.

Source:

- 1. San Joaquin County Office of the Auditor-Controller
- 2. Finance Department, City of Tracy

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City of Tracy Sales Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City				Transportation	Transportation		~		Total
Fiscal	Direct	Measure E	Measure V		Prop K	Development Act	County	State		Sales Tax
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate		Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate		Rate
2013	1%	0.50%			0.50%	0.25%	1%	5%		8.50%
2014	1%	0.50%			0.50%	0.25%	1%	5%	(a)	8.50%
2015	1%	0.50%			0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.25%		8.50%
2016	1%	0.50%			0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.25%		8.50%
2017	1%		0.50%	(b)	0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.00%		8.25%
2018	1%		0.50%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.00%		8.25%
2019	1%		0.50%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.00%		8.25%
2020	1%		0.50%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.00%		8.25%
2021	1%		0.50%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.00%		8.25%
2022	1%		0.50%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.00%		8.25%

⁽a) Voters approved Proposition 30, a state-wide quarter cent sales tax with a 4-year sunset effective January 1, 2013

Source:

Finance Department, City of Tracy

⁽b) Tracy voters approved Measure V, a half cent sales tax with a 20-year sunset effective April 1, 2017

City of Tracy Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Calendar Years

	Calendar Year									
	2021			2020	2019		2018		2017	
Apparel Stores	\$	43,629	\$	29,843	\$	45,863	\$	48,498	\$	44,760
General Merchandise	Ψ	241,019	Ψ	211,080	Ψ	215,649	Ψ	212,792	Ψ	210,820
Food Stores		53,722		52,921		44,890		41,342		39,602
Eating and Drinking Places		200,941		156,555		176,257		169,434		162,261
Building Materials		232,487		202,652		190,441		180,713		159,799
AutoDealers and Supplies		444,013		367,471		349,716		369,499		379,058
Service Stations		193,376		131,426		178,037		183,856		159,778
Other Retail Stores		181,266		150,368		156,467		163,611		155,252
All Other Outlets		5,171,863		2,063,972		1,807,673		1,344,089		1,091,917
Total	\$	6,762,316	\$	3,366,288	\$	3,164,993	\$	2,713,834	\$	2,403,247
City Direct sales tax rate		1%		1%		1%		1%		1%
City Measure E sales tax rate (a)		-		-		-		-		-
City Measure V sales tax (b)		0.5%		0.5%		0.5%		0.5%		0.5%

Note:

(a) Tracy voters approved Measure E, a half cent sales tax with a 5-year sunset effective April 1, 2011

 $(b) Tracy\ voters\ approved\ Measure\ V,\ a\ half\ cent\ sales\ tax\ with\ a\ 20-year\ sunset\ effective\ April\ 1,\ 2017$

Source: California State Board of Equalization, The HdL Companies

City of Tracy Taxable Sales by Category (Continued) Last Ten Calendar Years

	Calendar Year								
	 2016		2015	2014		2013		2012	
Apparel Stores	\$ 42,756	\$	37,205	\$	40,152	\$	40,690	\$	44,353
General Merchandise	203,460		194,528		192,657		187,434		181,099
Food Stores	39,953		42,526		56,254		53,794		56,881
Eating and Drinking Places	155,560		143,887		128,827		116,414		106,888
Building Materials	140,715		130,449		71,129		68,049		60,879
AutoDealers and Supplies	343,861		321,977		299,869		277,155		215,269
Service Stations	144,048		160,104		187,653		193,770		186,978
Other Retail Stores	160,573		154,697		75,167		75,202		65,452
All Other Outlets	 601,684		524,513		198,209		200,048		168,710
Total	\$ 1,832,610	\$	1,709,886	\$	1,387,153	\$	1,339,394	\$	1,199,306
City Direct sales tax rate	1%		1%		1%		1%		1%
City Measure E sales tax rate (a)	0.5%		0.5%		0.5%		0.5%		0.5%
City Measure V sales tax (b)	-		-		-		-		-

Note:

(a) Tracy voters approved Measure E, a half cent sales tax with a 5-year sunset effective April 1, 2011

 $(b) Tracy\ voters\ approved\ Measure\ V,\ a\ half\ cent\ sales\ tax\ with\ a\ 20-year\ sunset\ effective\ April\ 1,\ 2017$

Source: California State Board of Equalization, The HdL Companies

City of Tracy Principal Sales Tax Producers Current Fiscal Year and Ten Years Ago

2022 2013

2022	<u>- </u>	2013				
Taxpayer Name	Business Type	Taxpayer Name	Business Type			
Amazon Fulfillment Center	Fulfillment Centers	American Truck & Trailer Body Co	Trailers/Auto Parts			
Amazon MFA	Fulfillment Centers	Arco AM PM	Service Stations			
Arco AM PM	Service Stations	Arco AM PM	Service Stations			
Chevron	Service Stations	Arco AM PM	Service Stations			
Consolidated Electrical Distributors	Plumbing/Electrical Supplies	Best Buy	Electronics/Appliance Stores			
Costco	Discount Dept Stores	Chevron	Service Stations			
Crate & Barrel	Fulfillment Centers	Costco	Discount Dept Stores			
Fisher Scientific	Medical/Biotech	Country Nissan	New Motor Vehicle Dealers			
Glassfab Tempering Services	Trailers/Auto Parts	Crate & Barrel	Fulfillment Centers			
Home Depot	Building Materials	Herbalife	Drugs/Chemicals			
Independent Electric Supply	Plumbing/Electrical Supplies	Home Depot	Building Materials			
Johns Manville	Contractors	Independent Electric Supply	Plumbing/Electrical Supplies			
Medline Industries	Medical/Biotech	Macys	Department Stores			
Nixon Egli Equipment	Warehse/Farm/Const. Equip.	Nixon Egli Equipment	Warehse/Farm/Const. Equip.			
Platinum Hyundai	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Premier Hyundai of Tracy	New Motor Vehicle Dealers			
Safeway Fuel	Service Stations	Safeway Fuel	Service Stations			
Target	Discount Dept Stores	Save Mart	Grocery Stores			
Tracy Chevrolet	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Shell	Service Stations			
Tracy Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Target	Discount Dept Stores			
Tracy Ford	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Tracy Chevrolet	New Motor Vehicle Dealers			
Tracy Honda	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Tracy Ford	New Motor Vehicle Dealers			
Tracy Toyota	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Tracy Honda	New Motor Vehicle Dealers			
Tracy Truck & Auto Stop	Service Stations	Tracy Toyota	New Motor Vehicle Dealers			
Tracy Volkswagon	New Motor Vehicle Dealers	Tracy Truck & Auto Stop	Service Stations			
Walmart Supercenter	Discount Dept Stores	Walmart Supercenter	Discount Dept Stores			

Sources: The HdL Companies

City of Tracy Water and Wastewater Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Water						
Fiscal Year	Month	y Base Rate	Per 10	0 cubic feet	Monthly Base Rate			
2013	\$	20.40	\$	1.00	\$	34.00		
2014		20.40		1.00		34.00		
2015		20.40		1.00		34.00		
2016		20.40		1.00		34.00		
2017		20.40		1.00		34.00		
2018		24.72		1.00		34.00		
2019		24.72		1.00		34.00		
2020		30.90		1.00		34.00		
2021		30.90		1.00		34.00		
2022		30.90		1.00		34.00		

Notes:

100 cubic feet = 748 gallons

Rates are based on 1 inch meter-the standard household meter size in Tracy.

Utility charges an excess use rate above normal demand.

Source: Finance Department - City of Tracy

City of Tracy Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Lest Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Lease Revenue Bonds (a)		Capital Leases and Loans (a)		 Revenue ds (a)	 er/Sewer Notes Payable (a)	Sewer Revenue Bonds (a)		
2013	\$	23,245,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 18,392,152	\$	27,645,000	
2014		23,000,000		908,546	-	14,489,157		26,630,000	
2015		22,726,000		1,021,108	-	13,564,909		25,935,000	
2016		22,420,000		131,831	-	12,618,907		25,215,000	
2017		22,085,000		68,552	-	11,650,638		24,470,000	
2018		21,720,000		-	-	10,659,579		23,695,000	
2019		21,315,000		-	-	9,645,194		22,890,000	
2020		20,875,000		-	-	8,606,933		22,050,000	
2021		20,390,000		-	-	8,078,675		21,175,000	
2022		19,860,000		-	-	7,003,543		20,260,000	

Note: Special Assessment Bonds have no City commitment.

Source: (a) Finance Department, City of Tracy (b) The HdL Company

City of Tracy Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Continued) Lest Ten Fiscal Years

Business Activity

Fiscal Year	Airport Notes Payable (a)		otal Primary Government	Per C	Capita (b)	Population (b)		
2013	\$ 53,478	\$	69,335,630	\$	825	84,060		
2014	33,149		65,060,852		764	85,146		
2015	11,955		63,258,972		742	85,296		
2016	-		60,385,738		694	86,985		
2017	-		58,274,190		665	87,613		
2018	-		56,074,579		617	90,832		
2019	-		53,850,194		580	92,800		
2020	-		51,531,933		537	95,931		
2021	-		49,643,675		503	98,601		
2022	-		47,123,543		498	94,538		

Note: Special Assessment Bonds have no City commitment.

Source:

(a) Finance Department, City of Tracy

(b) The HdL Company

City of Tracy Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Outstanding General Bond Debt

Fiscal Year	Le	ease Revenue Bonds (a)	 llocation onds	Total		Percent of Assessed Value	Pe	r Capita
2013	\$	23,245,000	\$ -	\$	23,245,000	0.41%	\$	277
2014		23,000,000	-		23,000,000	0.37%		270
2015		22,725,000	-		22,725,000	0.32%		266
2016		22,420,000	-		22,420,000	0.29%		258
2017		22,085,000	-		22,085,000	0.24%		252
2018		21,720,000	-		21,720,000	0.21%		239
2019		21,315,000	-		21,315,000	0.19%		230
2020		20,875,000	-		20,875,000	0.18%		218
2021		20,390,000	-		20,390,000	0.16%		207
2022		19,860,000	-		19,860,000	0.14%		210

Source: Finance Department, City of Tracy

City of Tracy Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2022

2021-2022 Assessed Valuation: \$ 13,746,132,528

	Total Debt		C	ity's Share of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/2022	% Applicable (a)		ebt 06/30/2022
San Joaquin Delta Community College District	\$ 188,480,000	13.963%	\$	26,317,462
l Lammersville Joint Unified School District	56,000,000	12.848%		7,194,880
Tracy Unified School District	31,345,000	59.432%		18,628,960
Tracy Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 3	102,195,900	91.199%		93,201,639
l Banta School District	370,000	14.693%		54,364
Jefferson School District	44,638,633	74.843%		33,408,892
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 93-1	1,980,000	100%		1,980,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 98-1	27,120,000	100%		27,120,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 98-3	720,000	100%		720,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 99-1	1,800,000	100%		1,800,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 99-2	5,250,000	100%		5,250,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2000-1	8,675,000	100%		8,675,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2006-1	7,755,000	100%		7,755,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2016-1 I.A No. 1	65,310,000	100%		65,310,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2016-2 I.A No. 1	15,130,000	100%		15,130,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2016-2 I.A No. 2	13,055,000	100%		13,055,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2021-1	6,830,000	100%		6,830,000
City of Tracy 1915 Act Bonds	1,170,000	100%		1,170,000
California Statewide Community Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds	8,105,207	100%		8,105,207
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	\$ 585,929,740		\$	341,706,404
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:				
San Joaquin County Certificates of Participation	60,400,000	15.132%	\$	9,139,728
Lammersville Joint Unified School District General Fund Obligations	13,930,000	12.848%		1,789,726
City of Tracy General Fund Obligations	35,315,000	100%		35,315,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			\$	46,244,454
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$ 26,070,000	100%	\$	26,070,000
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$	35,315,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT:			\$	378,705,858
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$	414,020,858 (b)

⁽a) The percentage of overlapping adebt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total assessed value.

(b) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.49%
Total Direct Debt (\$35,315,000)	0.26%
Combined Total Debt	3.01%
Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$1,1,269,762,015)	
Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	2.05%

Source: CalMuni - Avenu Insights & Analytics City of Tracy

City of Tracy Legal Debt Margin information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2022			2021		2020	2019		2018	
Assessed Value	\$	13,746	\$	12,796	\$	11,837	\$	10,984	\$	10,336
Conversion percentage		25%		25%		25%		25%		25%
Adjusted assessed valuation		3,437		3,199		2,959		2,746		2,584
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%		15%		15%		15%
Debt limit		515		480		444		412		388
Total net debt applicable to limit		47		49		51		54		56
Legal debt margin	\$	468	\$	431	\$	393	\$	358	\$	332

Note:

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel.) The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Sources: Finance Department, City of Tracy San Joaquin County - Office of the Auditor Controller

City of Tracy Legal Debt Margin information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2017			2016		2015	2014		2013	
Assessed Value	\$	10,495	\$	8,941	\$	8,387	\$	7,341	\$	6,757
Conversion percentage		25%		25%		25%		25%		25%
Adjusted assessed valuation		2,624		2,235		2,097		1,835		1,689
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%		15%		15%		15%
Debt limit		394		335		315		275		253
Total net debt applicable to limit		58		60		63		65		69
Legal debt margin	\$	336	\$	275	\$	252	\$	210	\$	184

Note:

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel.) The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Sources: Finance Department, City of Tracy San Joaquin County - Office of the Auditor Controller

City of Tracy Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Water revenue bonds/State Loan					
Water revenue	\$ 29,403,252	\$ 23,910,369	\$ 20,475,348	\$ 16,702,467	\$ 16,352,909
Less: Operating Expenses	(18,752,844)	(16,388,854)	(16,711,869)	(15,110,318)	(14,246,407)
Net available revenue	10,650,408	7,521,515	3,763,479	1,592,149	2,106,502
Debt service:					
Principal	1,062,698	1,038,261	1,014,385	991,059	968,269
Interest	195,222	219,659	243,535	266,861	289,651
Total Debt Service	1,257,920	1,257,920	1,257,920	1,257,922	1,257,920
Coverage	8.47	5.98	2.99	1.27	1.67
Wastewater revenue bonds:					
Wastewater revenue	\$ 20,282,263	\$ 16,904,623	23,835,116	24,825,340	15,196,599
Less: Operating expenses	(15,337,137)	(14,485,122)	(12,605,193)	(12,340,258)	(12,467,159)
Net available revenue	4,945,126	2,419,501	11,229,923	12,485,082	2,729,440
Debt service:					
Principal	915,000	875,000	840,000	805,000	775,000
Interest	975,418	1,014,818	1,051,480	1,086,235	1,119,028
Total Debt Service	1,890,418	1,889,818	1,891,480	1,891,235	1,894,028
Coverage	2.62	1.28	5.94	6.60 l	1.44

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation expenses.

(a) In 2018, there was an increase of Capital Contributions and Grants due to a \$3.2M transfer from Tracy Hills Pump Stations JJTP & Capital Acq.

(b) The City received \$9.7M in grant funds for Proposition 84 Delta Water Quality

Source: City of Tracy. Finance Department

City of Tracy Pledged-Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Water revenue bonds/State Loan								
Water revenue	\$ 15,433,348	\$ 15,438,772	\$ 17,675,668	\$ 18,713,676	\$ 15,649,302			
Less: Operating Expenses	(13,671,219)	(13,380,117)	(13,976,245)	(12,785,056)	(13,103,307)			
Net available revenue	1,762,129	2,058,655	3,699,423	5,928,620	2,545,995			
Debt service:								
Principal	946,003	924,249	902,995	882,230	861,943			
Interest	311,917	33,671	354,925	375,690	395,977			
Total Debt Service	1,257,920	1,132,923	1,390,419	1,257,919	1,347,920			
Coverage	1.40	1.82	2.66	4.71	1.89			
Wastewater revenue bonds:								
Wastewater revenue	14,434,402	14,092,302	14,558,438	13,030,930	12,025,189			
Less: Operating expenses	(8,003,091)	(7,449,704)	(7,823,215)	(7,211,266)	(6,378,330)			
Net available revenue	6,431,311	6,642,598	6,735,223	5,819,664	5,646,859			
Debt service:								
Principal	745,000	720,000	695,000	1,015,000	985,000			
Interest	1,153,480	1,182,670	1,208,468	1,236,956	1,285,258			
Total Debt Service	1,898,480	1,902,670	1,903,468	2,251,956	2,270,258			
Coverage	3.39	3.49	3.54	2.58	2.49			

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation expenses.

(a) In 2018, there was an increase of Capital Contributions and Grants due to a \$3.2M transfer from Tracy Hills Pump Stations JJTP & Capital Acq.

(b) The City received \$9.7M in grant funds for Proposition 84 Delta Water Quality

Source: City of Tracy. Finance Department

City of Tracy Demographics and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

City	of	Tracy	

		Labor		Unemp	Census Ratios	
Fiscal	Population	Force	Employment	Rate	Number	Employed
Year (2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
2013	84,060	32,700	29,600	9.5%	3,100	0.116975
2014	85,146	33,100	30,500	8.0%	2,600	0.134925
2015	84,937	41,200	38,100	7.4%	3,050	0.134182
2016	89,208	42,000	38,800	7.5%	3,000	N/A
2017	90,890	42,100	39,200	6.8%	2,900	N/A
2018	92,553	44,700	43,100	3.7%	1,700	N/A
2019	92,800	43,700	41,800	4.4%	1,900	N/A
2020	95,931	43,700	38,800	11.3%	4,900	N/A
2021	98,601	45,800	42,900	6.2%	2,800	N/A
2022	94,538	46,500	44,700	3.8%	1,800	N/A

Sources:

- 1. California Employment Development Department-Labor Market Information
- 2. Finance Department, City of Tracy
- 3. The HdL Companies
- 4. U.S. Census Bureau

City of Tracy Demographics and Economic Statistics (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	San Joaquin County								
			Unemployment						
Fiscal	Unemployed	Population	Force	Employment	Rate	Number			
Year	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)			
2013	0.068724	692,997	298,500	253,200	15.20%	45,300			
2014	0.112106	701,745	298,800	260,400	12.80%	38,400			
2015	0.112256	719,511	309,800	282,600	8.80%	27,200			
2016	N/A	733,383	316,900	288,800	8.90%	28,100			
2017	N/A	733,709	318,000	293,700	7.60%	24,168			
2018	N/A	745,424	332,400	315,700	5.00%	16,700			
2019	N/A	752,660	324,500	305,800	5.80%	18,800			
2020	N/A	762,148	322,100	283,700	11.90%	38,400			
2021	N/A	783,534	333,100	308,200	7.50%	24,900			
2022	N/A	784.298	340.000	322,400	5.20%	17,600			

Sources:

- 1. California Employment Development Department-Labor Market Information
- 2. Finance Department, City of Tracy
- 3. The HdL Companies
- 4. U.S. Census Bureau

City of Tracy Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Fourteen Years Ago

		2022			2009	
•			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Number of		Total City	Number of		Total City
Taxpayer Name	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
AMAZON.COM SERVICES LLC	4,332	1	15.59%			-
FEDEX GROUND PACKAGE SYSTEM, INC	1,607	2	5.78%			-
AMAZON.COM SERVICES LLC	1,297	3	4.67%			0.00%
AMAZON.COM SERVICES LLC	1,043	4	3.75%			-
TAYLOR FARMS PACIFIC INC	748	5	2.69%	459	1	-
THE HOME DEPOT #5641	700	6	2.52%	250	9	-
MEDLINE INDUSTRIES LP	668	7	2.40%			0.00%
WALMART #2025	410	8	1.48%	226	10	1.10%
LEPRINO FOODS	341	9	1.23%	329	2	1.61%
DHL SUPPLY CHAIN	293	10	1.05%			-
COSTCO WHOLESALE #658	252	11	0.91%	123	25	-
DHL SUPPLY CHAIN	226	12	0.81%			0.00%
THE HOME DEPOT #1020	225	13	0.81%			0.00%
PACIFIC MEDICAL INC	208	14	0.75%	184	19	_
CRATE & BARREL	201	15	0.72%			_
INTERNATIONAL PAPER	192	16	0.69%			-
TEXAS ROADHOUSE	171	17	0.62%			-
TARGET STORES T738	163	18	0.59%	308	4	1.50%
ZINUS INC	155	19	0.56%			
GLASSFAB TEMPERING	145	20	0.52%			0.00%
THE PERMANENTE MEDICAL	145	21	0.52%			_
WINCO FOODS #103	140	22	0.50%			-
RESTORATION HARDWARE #903	134	23	0.48%	303	5	_
YRC	131	24	0.47%	210	15	_
CRATE & BARREL	129	25	0.46%			_
SYCAMORE VILLAGE APTS	-		-	324	3	1.58%
CMC REBAR	-	_	-	281	6	1.37%
ORCHARD SUPPLY HARDWARE #3000	_	_	-	255	7	1.24%
BEST BUY	_	_	_	251	8	1.22%
BARBOSA CABINETS INC	-	_	-	218	11	1.06%
SNELLING STAFFING SERVICES	_	_	_	217	12	1.06%
CHESAPEAKE BAY APARTMENTS	_	_	_	216	13	1.05%
GREEN OAKS MOBILE HOME PARK	_	_	_	214	14	1.04%
BEST BUY STORES LP #391	_	_	_	196	16	0.96%
TEMPLE INLAND - TIN INC	_	_	_	190	17	0.93%
MI PUEBLO FOOD CENTER #21	_	_	_	186	18	0.91%
BROOKDALE TRACY	_	_	_	156	20	0.76%
WATERSTONE APARTMENTS	_	_	-	156	21	0.76%
TRACY PARK APARTMENTS	_	_	-	132	22	0.64%
MACY'S	_	_	_	127	23	0.62%
APL LOGISTICS	<u>-</u>	-	- -	126	24	0.61%
Total Top 25 Employers	14,056		50.59%	5,637	-	20.04%
1 1 1	,					

Source: The HdL Companies

City of Tracy Full-Time and Part-Time City Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
_	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
City Attorney	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
City Council		3		3	3	3	3	3	3	5
City Manager's Office	15	12	31.5							
City Clerk Office	2 16	13.5								
Cultural Arts Division	2	13.5		2	3	3	3	3	2	2
Economic Development Division	2	2		2	3	3	3	3	2	2
Community Engagement and Public Information Division	1									
	1	0								
Information Technology	9	8	55.5		61	~1	20	27	40	20
Development Services	63	35	55.5	66	61	61	39	37	40	38
Finance	22	22	25	30	34	32	26	27	24	23
City Treasurer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
South County Fire Authority	100	97	83	89	82	81	80	79	78	80
Human Resources	12	10	10	9	10	9	6	6	5	5
Parks and Recreation	_	39.5	15	48	a 14	13	23	38	35	41
Administration	6									
Maintenance	22									
Recreation	60									
Community Facilities	19	10.5								
Transit	4	3		3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Airport	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Police	160	151.5	157	144	143	139	133	136	135	135
Public Works			96	92	85	84	61	46	46	46
Administrative Services	14	14		9	8	8	7	7	7	7
Solid Waste and Recycling	4	4		4	1	1	1	1	1	1
Internal	11	12								
Aquatics										
Utilities Maintenance	21	19								
Water	8	18		31	31	30	35	39	39	39
Wastewater	11	7		43	25	25	26	26	27	26
Street, Community Preservation,										
Concrete and Traffic										
Maintenance -	51	71		5	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total	645	561	483	586	515	504*	458	462	456	460

Note 1: Table updated as of FY20-21

Note 2: Amounts prior to 2017 do not include vacant positions.

(a) Figure includes all Part-time employees, non-PERS and PERS.

Source: Finance Department, City of Tracy

City of Tracy Operating Indicators by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		
General Government							
Building Permits Issued	3,930	3,552	3,184	3,050	2,988		
Building Inspections requested	35,160	38,937	22,337	20,384	18,028		
Police:							
Arrests	1,642	1,156	1,859	2,705	2,768		
Parking citations issued	773	427	618	1,291	1,022		
Traffic violations	3,094	1,968	2,524	4,063	3,320		
Fire:							
Number of emergency calls	10,644	9,029	9,014	9,031	8,811		
Inspections	2,868	2,187	2,005	3,002	3,374		
Water:							
Water Mains (miles)	480	472	465	452	440		
New connections	882	653	383	295	256		
Maximum Daily Capacity (gallons)							
(millions of gallons)	57	57	57	57	57		
Average daily consumptions (gallons)							
(millions of gallons)	17	18	18	15	17		
Sewer:							
Sanitary Sewer (miles)	475	465	460	450	440		
New connections	858	644	373	285	256		
Average daily treatment (gallons)							
(millions of gallons)	10	10	10	9	8.88		
Airport:							
Hangar rentals	94	79	69	68	76		
Solid waste:							
Refuse collected (tons per day)	328	301	285	278	266		
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	84	89	86	86	81		
Transit:							
Average daily passengers	273	174	432	552	546		
Total fixed route miles	264,472	265,926	272,622	344,724	341,126		

City of Tracy Operating Indicators by Function / Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
General Government							
Building Permits Issued	2,904	2,736	2,852	1,924	1,435		
Building Inspections requested	16,260	17,025	13,824	9,128	6,189		
Police:							
Arrests	2,894	2,732	2,502	2,541	2,765		
Parking citations issued	1,335	1,685	1,160	1,454	1,472		
Traffic violations	4,630	6,341	5,450	3,798	3,519		
Fire:							
Number of emergency calls	7,351	6,924	6,811	6,443	6,322		
Inspections	3,785	5,164	4,071	3,333	3,114		
Water:							
Water Mains (miles)	431	426	426	420	410		
New connections	1,173	228	74	45	23		
Maximum Daily Capacity (gallons)							
(millions of gallons)	57	57	57	57	57		
Average daily consumptions (gallons)							
(millions of gallons)	16	13	14	15	15		
Sewer:							
Sanitary Sewer (miles)	426	421	421	415	410		
New connections	650	227	74	45	22		
Average daily treatment (gallons)							
(millions of gallons)	10	10.0	9.5	9.5	10		
Airport:							
Hangar rentals	76	62	76	76	76		
Solid waste:							
Refuse collected (tons per day)	264	252	221	211	205		
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	86	76	69	66	65		
Transit:							
Average daily passengers	585	505	519	444	418		
Total fixed route miles	302,039	358,405	313,380	228,817	237,089		

City of Tracy Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year							
2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
1	1	1	1	1			
7	6	6	6	6			
6,929	6,928	6,142	6,141	6,141			
77	77	76	75	75			
77	77	77	77	77			
3	3	3	3	3			
480	472	465	450	440			
475	465	460	452	440			
94	79	69	68	76			
17	15	15	15	15			
	1 7 6,929 77 77 3 480 475	1 1 7 6 6,929 6,928 77 77 77 77 3 3 3 480 472 475 465 94 79	2022 2021 2020 1 1 1 7 6 6 6,929 6,928 6,142 77 77 76 77 77 77 3 3 3 480 472 465 475 465 460 94 79 69	2022 2021 2020 2019 1 1 1 1 7 6 6 6 6,929 6,928 6,142 6,141 77 77 76 75 77 77 77 77 3 3 3 3 480 472 465 450 475 465 460 452 94 79 69 68			

City of Tracy
Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Program (Continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Police:								
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1			
Fire:								
Number of stations	6	6	7	7	7			
Public works:								
Number of street lights	6,110	6,110	6,004	5,430	5,430			
Number of traffic signals	85	85	84	84	78			
Parks and recreation:								
Number of parks	77	77	76	76	76			
Number of community centers	3	3	3	3	3			
Water:								
Water mains (miles)	431	426	426	420	410			
Wastewater								
Sanitary sewers (miles)	426	421	421	415	410			
Airport:								
Number of hangars	76	62	76	76	76			
Transit:								
Number of vehicles	15	15	15	15	15			
Number of vehicles	15	15	15	15	15			

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