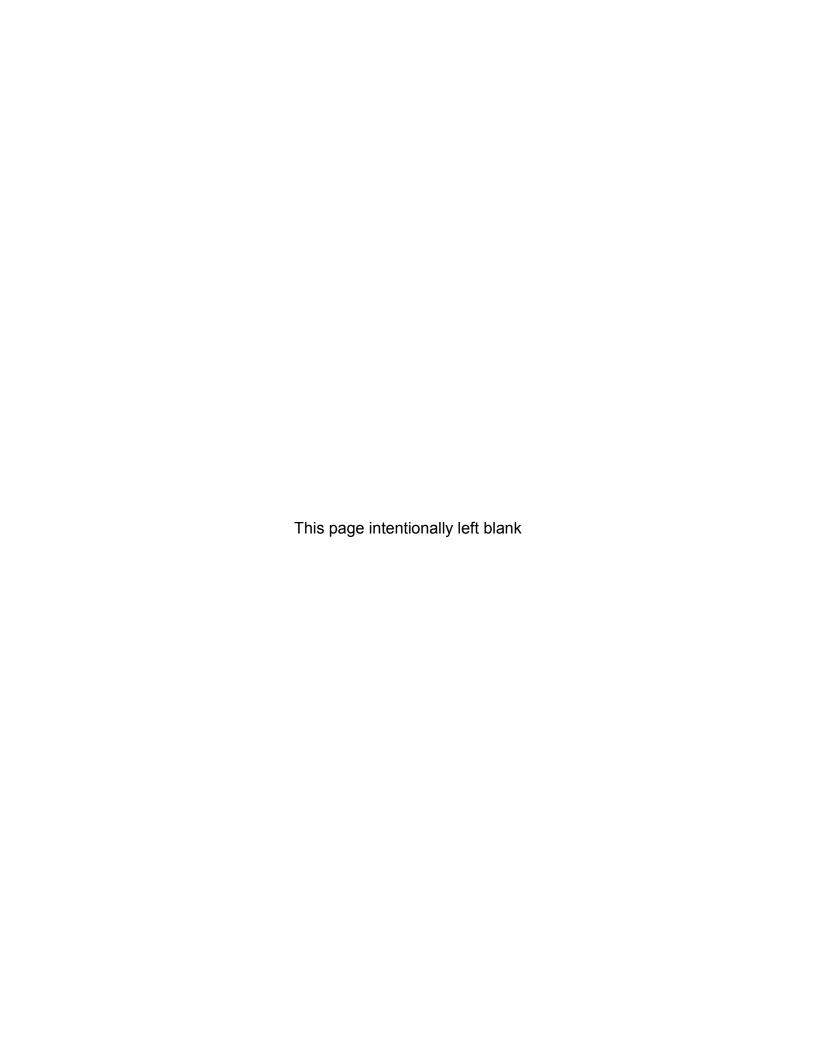
# **CITY OF TRACY**







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

# CITY OF TRACY, CALIFORNIA

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

Prepared by the

Administrative Services Department

# JENNY HARUYAMA

Administrative Services Director

# ROBERT HARMON, CPA

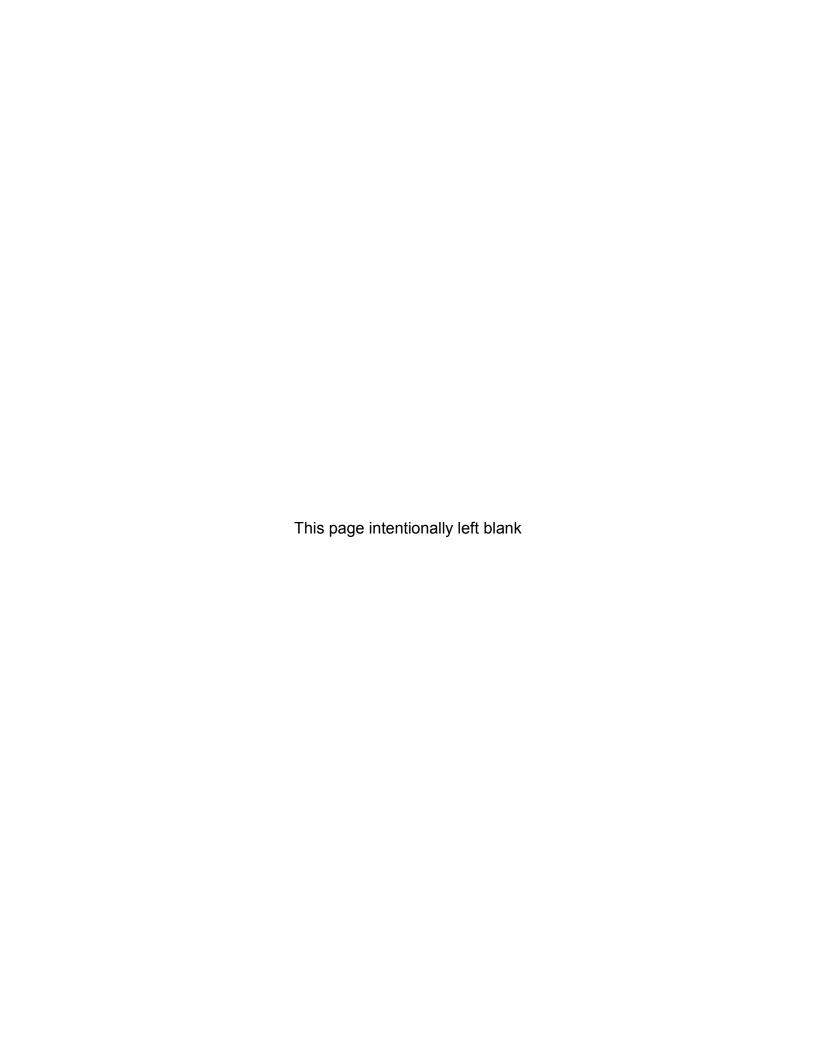
Senior Accountant

# ALLAN J. BORWICK

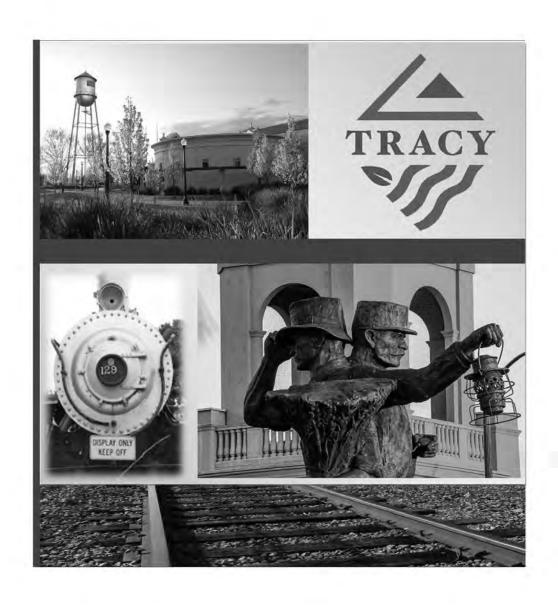
**Budget Officer** 

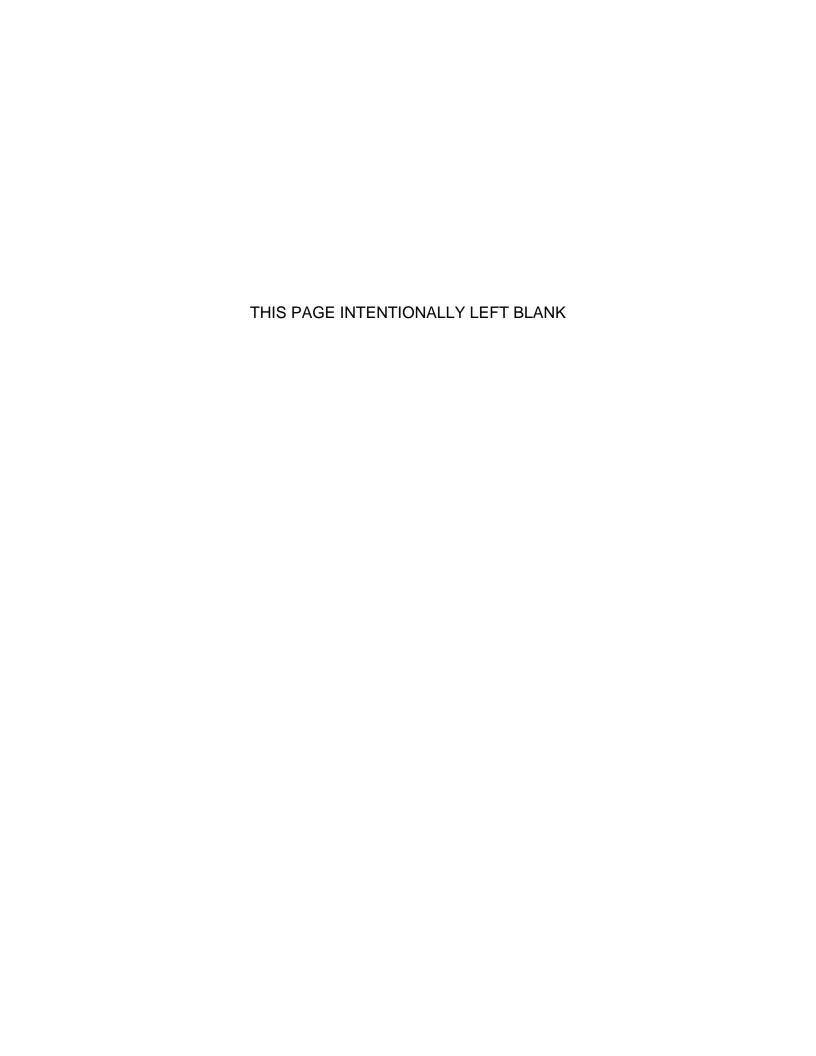
ANNE BELL
PEGGY BARNES
ROCKI CHAPARRO
CAROL GORRIE
DON HIGGINS
ELIZABETH LEAL
ROSEMARIE MARQUEZ
MEGAN MAYER
LINDA MONIZ
GRACE SEGURA
EILEEN SOLARIO
RAQUEL VOTAW
ISABEL YAMADA

Management Analyst
Accounting Technician
Accounting Technician
Accounting Technician
Senior Accounting Assistant
Accounting Assistant
Accounting Assistant
Accounting Assistant
Accounting Technician
Senior Accounting Assistant
Senior Accounting Assistant
Senior Accounting Assistant
Accounting Assistant



# Introductory Section





# CITY OF TRACY COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2014

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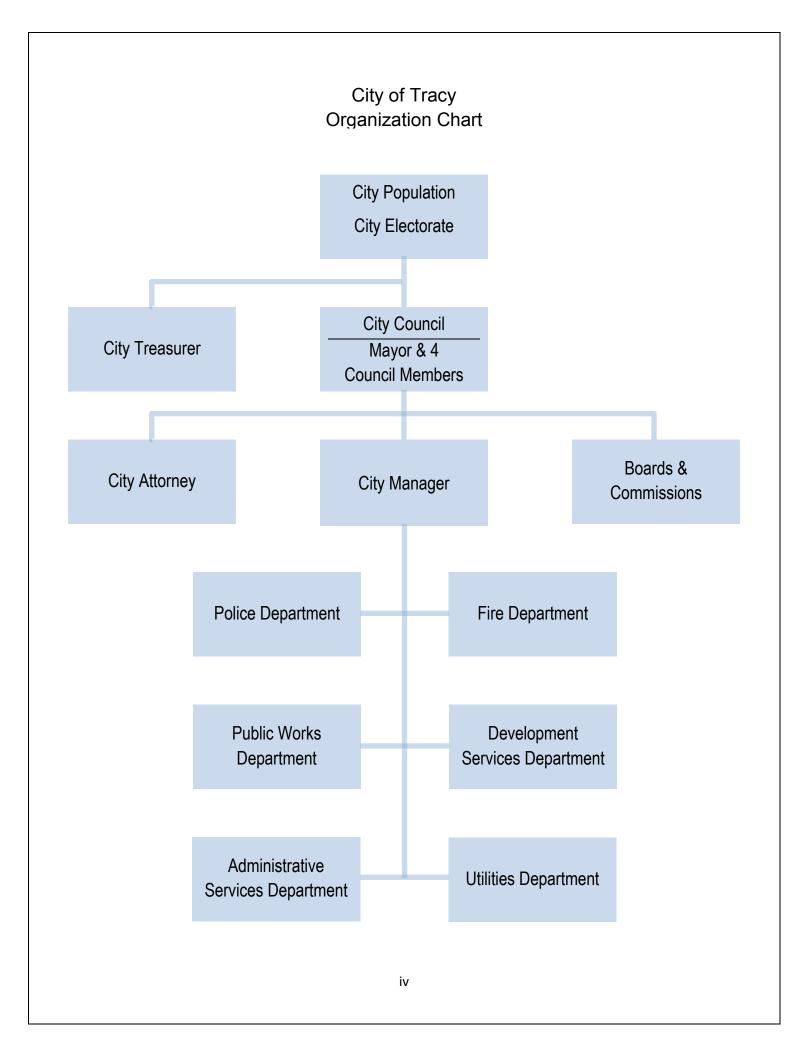
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# **CITY OF TRACY, CALIFORNIA**

# **COUNCIL - MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT**

June 30, 2014

# **CITY COUNCIL**

**BRENT IVES** 

Mayor

**MICHAEL MACIEL** 

Mayor Pro Tem

**ROBERT RICKMAN** 

Council Member

**NANCY YOUNG** 

Council Member

**CHARLES MANNE** 

Council Member

# OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

RAYMOND McCRAY

City Treasurer

# **CITY OF TRACY, CALIFORNIA**

# OTHER CITY OFFICIALS

**Troy Brown** *City Manager* 

Maria Hurtado Assistant City Manager

Dan Sodergren
City Attorney

Jenny Haruyama
Administrative Services Director

# OTHER DEPARTMENT HEADS

Alford Nero Fire Chief

**Gary Hampton** *Police Chief* 

Andrew Malik
Development Services Director

**David Ferguson**Public Works Director

Kuldeep Sharma
Utilities Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tracy California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

Uppy R. Ener

Telephone: (209) 831-6000 Fax: (209) 831-6120

Think Inside the Triangle

January 15, 2015

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members Citizens of the City of Tracy:

The Tracy Municipal Code requires that all funds, accounts, and financial transactions of the City be subjected to an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant that is selected by the City Council. The Municipal Code further specifies that after the close of the fiscal year, an annual financial report covering all funds and financial operations shall be prepared and submitted to the City Council. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

#### Profile of the Government

Tracy is located on the western edge of the Central Valley in San Joaquin County. The City is 60 miles east of San Francisco and 70 miles south of Sacramento. The City is situated within a triangle formed by three interstate freeways: I-5, I-205 and I-580.

Tracy was founded in 1878 as a railroad center. It was incorporated as a city in 1910. For many decades, it served both as a railroad center and farm market town. Since World War II, it has been the location of a defense supply center. By 1960, the City's employment base included a few food-processing plants and small-related manufacturing operations. A state correctional facility as well as a federal and a state water project facility are located nearby.

During the 1980s, Tracy experienced a period of major growth influenced by the East Bay area of the San Francisco Bay region with its high cost of housing. Tracy, with more affordable housing than the Bay area, continues to be an attractive residential location for many Bay area workers. Tracy is now considered an outer suburb of the Bay area, rather than a small agricultural and industrial town.

The population and size of Tracy has increased from 18,428 and 7.0 square miles in 1980 to 85,146 and 23 square miles in 2014.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a Mayor and a four member Council. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the government's departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms, with two Council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected every two years.

Moss, Levy and Hartzheim, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Tracy's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### Local Economy

California's economic recovery has outpaced many parts of the nation as unemployment has dropped and the state's budget outlook has turned positive. While California has experienced some job growth, its current unemployment rate of 7.4% remains higher than the national average of 6.1%. San Joaquin County's unemployment rate of 12.8% is higher than both California and the nation; however, it continues to decline. The bright spot remains the San Francisco Bay Area with an unemployment rate of 5.2%.

Because agriculture still remains an important segment of the San Joaquin Valley economies, seasonal unemployment is always much higher than the national average. On a positive note, the local economy for Tracy is tied more closely to the bay area; residents tend to work in the Livermore Valley, East Bay, and San Jose, where the economy is not significantly influenced by seasonal agriculture production. While the recession negatively impacted the bay area, the effects were not nearly as severe (e.g. housing collapse) as those experienced in the San Joaquin Valley. Property and sales taxes are a significant revenue source for the City. Together, in FY 13/14 they represented 67% of the City's total general fund revenues which fund public safety, recreation and other general governmental services.

The economic recession of 2008 and the subsequent decline in home values had significant effects on property taxes. Assessed valuations for all property types in Tracy increased for the first time since the recession first began. Housing prices are at 2010 levels and the outlook is for a slow but continued recovery. However, property tax revenue generally lags behind increases in valuations, so revenue expectations, while improving, remain guarded.

Sales tax continues to be a very important part of the City's revenue mix. Excluding the special Measure E sales tax, sales tax revenue has exceeded the pre-recession high set in 2007. However, as sales tax collected on fuel sales (there is general sales tax applied to fuel sales in addition to "gas taxes" for transportation uses) is expected to drop due to the sharp decline in gas prices, the City is cautiously optimistic that near-term sales tax growth will be minimally affected. Sales taxes are significantly more volatile because they are subject to economic fluctuations such as consumer confidence, interest rates, unemployment and other factors that impact household income. While we anticipate continued short term prosperity in sales taxes, it is unknown what the long term future holds for sales tax recovery.

#### Long-term Financial Planning

The Tracy Municipal Code requires that the City Council adopt a budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Tracy's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund (i.e. General Fund, Enterprise Fund, etc), by department (e.g. Police, Fire, etc), and by program (i.e. Patrol Services, Traffic Enforcement, Fire Support, etc). Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit with the approval of the City Manager. Transfers between departments; however, need special approval from the City Council.

As evidenced by this financial report and others before it, the City has been significantly impacted by the economic recession. Prior to FY 12/13, the City utilized reserves for five consecutive years; FY 13/14 was the second year that revenues exceeded expenditures, albeit with the aid of Measure E sales tax. At the beginning of this economic downturn, the City had \$38,733,794 million in total reserves (combination of General Fund and the Reserve for

Economic Uncertainty Fund). On June 30, 2014 the City had \$35,071,347 in reserves. While reserves increased by \$6.2 million for the year; over the five year period of the recession, the City has used a total of \$11.8 million or about \$2.46 million per year on average. This reliance and dependence on the use of reserves demonstrates that the City's financial condition has been and remains tenuous, which will require diligence to achieve fiscal sustainability. With unrestricted reserves as of June 30, 2014 of \$33.4 million, this represents approximately 67% of expected General Fund expenses in FY 13/14. That said, the City of Tracy is committed to maintaining after-school programs, anti-gang activities, and recreation programs that keep young people off the streets, out of trouble and away from drugs and gangs.

### Major Initiatives

#### **Annexation of Cordes Ranch**

In September 2013, the City Council approved the annexation of Cordes Ranch in what will be the largest business park in northern California. Construction is now underway on the first phase of the 1,738 acre business park. This project is expected to generate:

- 28 million S.F. of Industrial space
- 2.5 million S.F. of Office space
- 30,000 jobs for the community once fully completed (expected in 15 years)
- 3 million S.F. expected to be occupied by spring 2015

#### Continued Implementation of 5-year Fiscal Plan

Continued implementation of a 5-year plan to allow the City to be fiscally sound upon the sunset date of the Measure E half-cent sales tax set to end in March 2016. The City's fiscal strategy, including expenditure reduction measures and revenue enhancements have had a positive impact on the City's sustainability. However, rises in uncontrollable costs such as CalPERS and health care, and the continued lag in property tax recovery is indicating that the City will face a structural deficit upon the expiration of measure E.

#### Implementation of Financial Systems Modernization Plan

The City continues to update its financial systems with two new important systems:

- Implementation of new recreation reservation software designed to increase efficiency and enhance the customer experience
- Beginning of a two-year project to replace the City's financial, budget, human resource and community development software with an integrated Enterprise Resource Planning system.

#### Implementation of Governance Strategy

The City Council adopted a governance strategy in 2013 designed to retain and attract talent, enhance fiscal stability, improve the use of technology, and enhance transparency for the betterment of the community of Tracy. This initial two-year plan includes fifteen specific action items addressing Public Safety, Quality of Life, Economic Development and Governance.

#### Implementation of Transparency Initiatives

The City has started implementing a transparency initiative designed to provide timely financial information to the residents of Tracy via the City's website in a user-friendly, easy to navigate format. The first stages of this endeavor can be seen on the City Interactive Budget and City Financial Transactions web page of the Administrative Services Department.

In response to the economic challenges over the past several years, the City implemented a variety of efficiency and restructuring actions which will continue to provide additional cost savings in future years. The City also anticipated that new revenue would be necessary to avoid additional reductions that would negatively impact public services. In this regard, Tracy voters approved Measure E (a half-cent sales tax with a 5-year sunset) in November 2010. Beginning in April 2011, this new temporary revenue source, combined with prior expense reductions, provides a stable fiscal period for the five year life of Measure E. During this time, the City continues to look for new opportunities to continue its commitment to providing efficient, yet quality services.

#### GASB 45

Much attention has been given to the unfunded liability of "Other Post-Employment Benefits" (OPEB) of government employees. In response, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement #45, which is an effort for governments to identify their obligations for expenses associated with post-employment other than pensions. Governments have pension obligations to their current and retired employees and these are calculated and accounted for. However, most governments have not accounted for other post-employment benefits such as health insurance. As these expenses can represent a huge future liability of the government, identification of their costs is essential. GASB 45 requires the government to have an actuarial study done in order to identify the cost of other post-employment benefits.

The City of Tracy implemented its GASB 45 requirement with the FY 06/07 financial report - two years before it would have been required. The City took this step because it believes GASB 45 to be an important component of judging the financial position of any governmental unit. Also, the City has a tradition of early implementation of significant GASB requirements. The City was one of the first in the nation (including being one of only 3 cities in California) to implement GASB 34, several years before the requirement to do so.

The City of Tracy does not provide for the payment of health insurance for its retired employees. As such it does not have a significant GASB 45 liability that many governments have. However, retired employees are allowed to purchase the City's health insurance (including spouse or family coverage) either through direct payment or from the employee's medical insurance bank. The ability of a retired employee to obtain coverage at an active employee rate constitutes a significant economic benefit to the retiree, called an "implicit subsidy" under GASB 45. The City obtained the firm of Demsey, Filliger & Associates to perform an actuarial valuation of this "implicit subsidy. The results of this actuarial valuation can be found in note 11 to the financial statements in this report. The annual required contribution to address this liability is just \$446,268 per year, rather than the much higher amounts of many other cities. Suffice to say, this smaller GASB 45 liability is a great benefit to the City's true and long term financial strength.

The City has a long reputation for excellent fiscal management. It demonstrated the discipline to increase reserves during the boom years instead of using non-sustainable revenues to fund new programs or services. Additionally, the City implemented its long term fiscal strategy years before the economy deteriorated in late FY 08/09. The successful passage of Measure E affirms the community's confidence in the fiscal management of the City.

#### GASB 54

The City is required to produce its financial statements in conformity with GASB 54. This GASB requirement concerns mainly the designation of fund balance into use categories. In addition, Statement 54 clarifies how rainy-day amounts are reported by treating stabilization arrangements as a specified purpose. Consequently, amounts constrained to stabilization must be reported as restricted or committed fund balance in the General Fund if they meet the other criteria for those classifications. The City maintains a Reserve for Economic Uncertainty in its subsidiary records. The General Fund balance of \$35,071,347 is actually comprised of \$18,962,706 in the General Fund and \$16,108,641 in the Reserve for Economic Uncertainty Fund.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Tracy for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the 26<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for FY 13/14. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, a government's budget document must be found proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

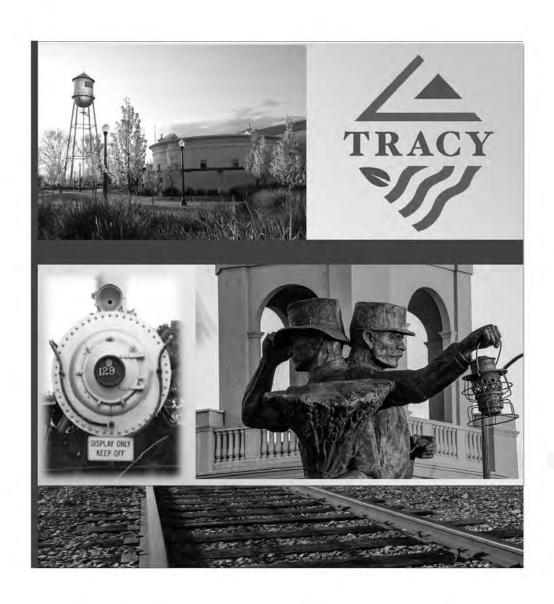
The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire Administrative Services Department staff. Each member of the Department has my appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

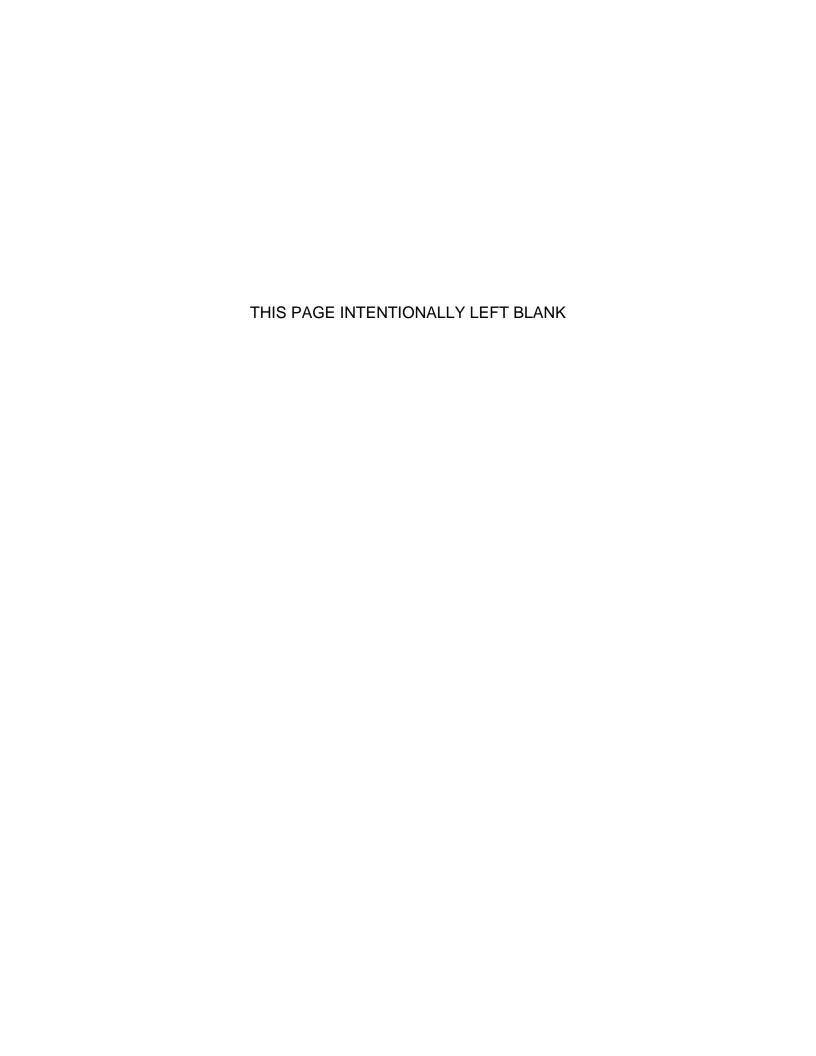
We also would like to express special appreciation to Senior Accountant, Robert Harmon, CPA, whose long hours, dedication, and attention to detail made possible the successful completion of the annual audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Troy Brown City Manager

# **Financial Section**







PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI, CPA COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES 433 N. CAMDEN DRIVE, SUITE 730 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90210 TEL: 310.273.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 E. HANNUM, SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Tracy
Tracy, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tracy, California (City), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tracy, California, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements effective July 1, 2013, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.", Statement No. 66, "Technical Correction – 2012.", Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.", and Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees.". Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4-17, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – General Fund, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund, and the Note to the Required Supplementary Information on pages 97-104 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor funds budgetary comparison schedules, combining nonmajor proprietary funds financial statements, combining internal service funds financial statements, combining private purpose trust funds financial statements, combining agency funds financial statements, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the financial statements. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements, nonmajor funds budgetary comparison schedules, combining nonmajor proprietary funds financial statements, combining internal service funds financial statements, combining private purpose trust funds financial statements and combining agency funds financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain

additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

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Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Culver City, California January 8, 2015

## CITY OF TRACY

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### June 30, 2014

The management discussion and analysis describes the City of Tracy's financial performance for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying Transmittal Letter and Basic Financial Statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the fiscal year include the following:

- The assets of the City of Tracy exceeded its liabilities by \$1,019 million (net position). Of this amount, \$73.2 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position decreased by \$0.9 million or 0.09% in fiscal year 2013-14 compared to the previous fiscal year.
- The governmental activities reported combined net position of \$660.6 million at the end of fiscal year 2014. This is an increase of .18% from last fiscal year.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund is \$33.4 million compared to last fiscal year's \$27.5 million. This is an increase of \$5.9 million or 21.5% over the prior fiscal year.
- Total revenues of governmental activities decreased by 1.8%, while that of business-type activities increased by 19.0% in fiscal year 2013-14. In the governmental activities, increases in property and sales tax helped to offset decreases in intergovernmental and investment revenues. Increase in revenue in business-type activities came from increases in charges for services.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The City of Tracy's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is comprised of six parts:

- 1) Introductory Section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information
- 2) Management Discussion and Analysis (this part)
- 3) Basic Financial Statements which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements, along with the Notes to Basic Financial Statements
- 4) Required Supplemental Information
- 5) Other Supplemental Information
- 6) Statistical Information

The City of Tracy's basic financial statements are introduced to the readers through this discussion and analysis.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to give readers a broad overview of the City of Tracy's finances.

The Statement of Net Position reflects the City's assets and liabilities. The difference between the assets and the liabilities is reported as net position. An increase in net position is an indicator that the financial position of the City is improving, while a decrease in net position indicates that the City could be financially distressed.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year just ended. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

All the amounts in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are presented as follows:

- Governmental Activities---All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities including general government, public safety, public works, community development, and culture and recreation.
- Business-type Activities---All the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including water, sewer, solid waste, storm drainage, municipal airport and municipal transit. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state or local governments, the City of Tracy uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Fund Financial Statements report the City's operations in more detail than the Government-wide statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the City's General Fund and other Major Funds. The Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term debt and other long-term amounts.

Major Funds account for the major financial activities of the City and are presented individually, while the activities of Non-major funds are presented in summary, with subordinate schedules presenting the detail for each of these other funds.

The Fiduciary Statements provide financial information about the activities of the Special Assessment Districts, for which the City acts solely as agent, and the Successor Agency to the former Community Development Agency.

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called Major Funds. The concept of Major funds, and the determination of Major funds, were established by GASB Statement 34 and replace the concept of combining similar funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each Major Fund is presented individually, with all Non-major Funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these Non-major funds. Major Funds present the major activities of the City for the fiscal year, and may change from fiscal year to fiscal year as a result of changes in the pattern of City's activities. However, the General Fund is always a major fund.

Fund Financial Statements include governmental, enterprise and fiduciary funds as discussed below.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis, which means they measure only current financial resources and uses. Capital assets and other long-lived assets, along with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Enterprise and Internal Service Fund financial statements are prepared on the full accrual basis, as in the past, and include all their assets and liabilities, current and long-term.

Since the City's Internal Service Funds provide goods and services only to the City's governmental and business-type activities, their activities are reported only in total at the Fund level. Internal Service Funds may not be Major Funds because their revenues are derived from other City Funds. These revenues are eliminated in the Government-wide financial statements and any related profits or losses are returned to the activities which created them, along with any residual net position of the Internal Service Funds.

## Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Comparisons of Budget and Actual financial information are presented only for the General Fund and other Major Funds that are Special Revenue Funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government.

The City is the agent for certain assessment districts, holding amounts collected from property owners which await transfer to these Districts' bond trustees. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its own operations.

The City is also the agent for the Successor Agency to the former Community Development Agency, holding assets of this agency pending final disposition by the Oversight Board. The City's fiduciary activities are reported under Private Purpose Trust Funds in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its own operations.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes are provided to give the reader more detailed information that is necessary in getting a full understanding of the data shown in the Government-wide and Fund financial statements.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

This report also includes supplementary information related to the City of Tracy's progress in maintaining its infrastructure assets and is shown on pages 97 and 98. The City of Tracy has elected to use the modified approach to report street pavement costs. The City uses the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's (MTC) Pavement System to track the condition levels of each of the street sections. With a rating of 77 (good or better condition 70-100) as of the end of the fiscal year, the condition of the pavement was 12 points higher than the City's administrative policy to achieve a minimum rating of 65 (fair condition 50-69). This fiscal year's rating remained unchanged from the previous fiscal year's rating.

## Government-wide Financial Analysis

#### **Net Position**

Net position is a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Tracy's assets exceeded liabilities by more than \$1,019 million at the close of FY 2013-2014. Of this amount, \$845 million or 82.9% of the City's net position are net investment in capital assets. These capital assets are comprised of land, buildings, infrastructure, intangible assets, streets and roads, and machinery and equipment, and are being used to provide services to its citizens. However, these assets are not available for future spending. Approximately \$101 million of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The unrestricted net position of the City in the amount of \$73.2 million or 7.2% may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Table 1
City of Tracy
Condensed Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2014
(in Thousands)

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	Totals			
Description	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Cash & Investments Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 139,646 34,656 530,688	\$ 145,685 30,275 523,400	\$ 26,746 9,286 368,217	\$ 28,486 8,373 374,903	\$ 166,392 43,942 898,905	\$ 174,171 38,648 898,303			
Total Assets	704,990	699,360	404,249	411,762	1,109,239	1,111,122			
Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities	27,226 17,117	26,333 13,562	39,915 5,921	41,500 9,758	67,141 23,038	67,833 23,320			
Total Liabilities	44,343	39,895	45,836	51,258	90,179	91,153			
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	518,181 100,403 42,063	512,728 111,131 35,606	327,065 247 31,101	328,985 237 31,282	845,246 100,650 73,164	841,713 111,368 66,888			
Total Net Position	\$ 660,647	\$ 659,465	\$ 358,413	\$ 360,504	\$1,019,060	\$1,019,969			

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

# **Net Position (Continued)**

In governmental activities, the total net position increased by \$1.2 million, while the net position for proprietary funds decreased by \$21 million. The slight changes in net position are due to normal government operations.

In this fiscal year, in total, all but one proprietary fund incurred operating losses. The lone exception was the Solid Waste fund. Combined, the proprietary funds had an overall net operating loss of \$6.8 million compared to an operating loss of \$10.4 in the prior fiscal year for or a decrease of 35%. The water fund's losses for the fiscal year of \$3.2 million are the highest compared to the other proprietary funds. When compared to the expenses of the previous fiscal year, the proprietary funds' total expenses for maintenance and operation and depreciation expenses increased by 4.3% or \$2.6 million while an increase of \$6.1 million or 12.2% in total operating revenues minimized operating losses. Despite the belt tightening and various cost-cutting measures that the City has already implemented, these proprietary funds still continue to operate in the red. The exception is the Solid Waste Fund which had an operating surplus of \$2.6 million.

Losses in the proprietary funds can only be alleviated by adjusting user rates. Solid waste rates were increased in January 2012, followed by an adjustment in sewer rates in 2013. The last increase in water rates occurred in 2008.

The combined operating losses incurred by the City's utility funds (water, sewer and drainage funds) in the amount of \$8.3 million during the current fiscal year are 17.1% lower compared to that of the previous fiscal year. Revenues increased slightly while operating costs remained relatively unchanged. The fiscal losses in the utility funds also include depreciation in the amount of \$20.1 million, which accounts for \$49.6% of operating expenses.

The Water Fund incurred an operating loss during the fiscal year in the amount of \$3.2 million. Operating revenue increased by 19.3% compared to that of last fiscal year while operating expenses also increased by 2.6%. This resulted in a smaller operating loss than in the prior fiscal year. The increased revenue is due to external bulk water sales to other government agencies.

The Sewer Fund incurred an operating loss during the fiscal year in the amount of \$2.3 million. Operating revenue increased by 8.0% compared to that of last fiscal year while operating expenses also increased by 11.1%. This resulted in a larger operating loss than in the prior fiscal year. This is due to higher depreciation charges and increased operating costs.

The Drainage Fund also incurred losses during the fiscal year in the amount of \$2.9 million. The total operating revenues decreased by 3.0% and expenses increased by 5.3%, primarily due to increased depreciation.

## Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

# **Net Position (Continued)**

The Solid Waste Fund had an operating income of \$2.6 million for the fiscal year compared to \$1.5 million in the prior fiscal year. Operating revenues increased by 5.7% while operating expenses increased by 0.5% during the fiscal year. The increase in operating revenue is due to rate adjustments in the prior fiscal year.

The Airport Fund continues to report an operating loss; this fiscal year's loss of \$.23 million is slightly better than the prior fiscal year. The Airport Fund's major source of revenue is from hangar rentals, sale of fuel, and federal and state grants. This fiscal year, both operating revenues and operating expenses have increased. The City has previously contracted out fuel sales to a private contractor but took over fuel sales during the current fiscal year. The City continues to manage and operate the airport.

The Transit Fund incurred an operating loss in the amount of \$0.9 million which was 41.6% lower than the previous fiscal year. Operating revenue doubled compared to the prior fiscal year while operating expenses increased by 6.3%. Fare box revenue increased by 28.8% while transit subsidies doubled.

# **Changes in Net Position**

The City's net position showed an overall decrease of 0.1% compared to the prior fiscal year. The City's governmental activities reflect an increase of 0.2% while business activities recorded a reduction of 2.5% in net position. Table 2 shows these changes in detail.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1.2 million or 0.2%. Overall, revenues decreased slightly by \$1.5 million or 1.7% compared to last fiscal year; however, most of this change was due to a decrease in capital grants and contributions. Property tax revenue increased by 5% while other tax revenue increased by 9.5%. The increase in tax revenues is directly linked to the continuation of the economic recovery occurring in the City.

Effective April 1, 2011, voters approved Measure E, an additional one-half cent, 5-year sales tax initiative. Given that Measure E is temporary, the City continues to implement and monitor cost containment strategies, including service consolidations, organizational restructuring, and efficiency measures in anticipation of Measure E's expiration in April 2016.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The City of Tracy maintains six different types of proprietary funds. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide financial statements. Water, sewer, solid waste, drainage, airport and transit services provided by the City of Tracy are all accounted for the in the enterprise funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its central garage, central services, equipment acquisition, building maintenance and insurance expenditures.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The financial statements show separate information for each service provided and all are considered to be Major funds of the City of Tracy. Total expenses exceeded total revenues fiscal resulting in the reduction of the net position of business-type activities.

Both revenues and expenses increased in every business-type activity during the fiscal year; however, revenues increased more than expenses resulting in lower combined operating losses than the prior fiscal year. An analysis of user rates may be necessary over the next several years.

Table 2
City of Tracy
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(in Thousands)

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Revenues							
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Contributions and Grants Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 10,798 10,963 18,166	\$ 10,303 12,724 22,596	\$ 55,734 6,336	\$ 49,656 2,528	\$ 66,532 10,963 24,502	\$ 59,959 12,724 25,124	
Total Program Revenues	39,927	45,623	62,070	52,184	101,997	97,807	
General Revenues: Property Taxes Other Taxes Other General Revenues Transfers	15,700 27,303 2,763	14,946 24,935 1,760 (42)	264	144 42	15,700 27,303 3,027	14,946 24,935 1,904	
Total General Revenues & Transfers	45,766	41,599	264	186	46,030	41,785	
Total Revenues	85,693	87,222	62,334	52,370	148,027	139,592	
Expenses General Government Police Fire Development & Engineering Public Works Parks & Community Services Interest on Long-term Debt Unallocated Depreciation Water Sewer Solidwaste Storm Drainage Airport Transit	6,412 22,032 15,942 7,860 24,498 4,668 1,342 587	6,572 21,878 15,370 7,685 18,269 4,709 1,399 521	22,300 16,442 18,923 3,404 629 2,556	21,765 14,970 18,820 3,232 590 2,404	6,412 22,032 15,942 7,860 24,498 4,668 1,342 587 22,300 16,442 18,923 3,404 629 2,556	6,572 21,878 15,370 7,685 18,269 4,709 1,399 521 21,765 14,970 18,820 3,232 590 2,404	
Total Expenses	83,341	76,403	64,254	61,781	147,595	138,184	
Change in Net Position	2,352	10,819	(1,920)	(9,411)	432	1,408	
Net Position, Beginning Prior Period Adjustment Net Position, Beginning (Restated)	659,465 (1,170) 658,295	648,646	360,505 (172) 360,333	369,916	1,019,970 (1,342) 1,018,628	1,018,562	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 660,647	\$ 659,465	\$ 358,413	\$ 360,505	\$1,019,060	\$1,019,970	

#### **Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds**

The City of Tracy's governmental funds' purpose is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

At June 30, 2014, the City's governmental funds presented a combined fund balance of \$131.2 million, a decrease of \$5.9 million or 4.3% when compared to that of the prior fiscal year. This fiscal year, only the Business Improvement District, Community Development Block Grant, and Regional Mall Debt Service funds posted a negative fund balance. This negative balance was because capital outlay and debt service expenditures exceeded the revenues. It is anticipated that future revenues from State grants and other sources will offset these expenditures.

The City of Tracy's General Fund has a fund balance of \$35.1 million. Of this amount, \$33.4 million is unrestricted. The total unrestricted fund balance represents approximately 67% of the total General Fund expenditures.

The Housing Successor Fund has a fund balance of \$3.0 million, of which 100% is restricted to low and moderate income housing projects.

The North East Industrial Plan Area #1 Fund has a fund balance of \$3.8 million, of which 100% is restricted for the purpose of the project.

# **Financial Analysis of Proprietary Funds**

The proprietary funds of the City of Tracy provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements as the governmental funds but is shown with more detail.

The total unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds is \$31.1 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. This is less than 0.1% lower than the prior fiscal year unrestricted net position of \$31.3 million. This decrease is due to operating losses during the fiscal year.

Total operating revenues for the Water Fund increased by 19.3% and operating expenses increased by 2.6% resulting in an operating loss of \$3.2 million. Compared to the prior fiscal year, the fiscal year's loss was 43.8% lower. Increased revenues are due to one-time bulk water sales.

The Sewer Fund also posted an operating loss of \$2.3 million, which was an increase from the prior fiscal year's loss of \$1.7 million. Like the Water Fund, total operating revenues increased by 8.0%, however, operating expenses increased by 11.1%. The increase in operating expenses was the result of higher operating and maintenance costs and also higher depreciation charges.

The Airport Fund posted a \$0.1 million increase in total operating revenues and an increase in operating expenses slightly less than \$0.1 million.

# **Financial Analysis of Proprietary Funds (Continued)**

Solid Waste Fund operating expenses increased by 4.2% while total operating revenues increased by 5.7%, resulting in an excess revenue of \$2.6 million. The excess revenue was due to a rate adjustment in a prior fiscal year.

The operations of the Transit Fund posted an operating loss of \$0.9 million, which was 41.7% lower than the prior fiscal year's loss of \$1.6 million. The lower loss is attributed to an increase in transit subsidies from federal, state, and county agencies.

The Drainage Fund reflected an operating loss of \$2.9 million, which was a 7.1% increase from the prior fiscal year's operating loss of \$2.7 million.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

- The actual revenues of the General Fund were more than the estimated amount by \$3.3 million.
- The actual expenditures reported a favorable variance. The actual expenditures were lower than the estimated by \$1.05 million.
- The net budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is \$4.3 million before operating transfers out.

Actual revenues exceeded the estimated revenues in taxes, primarily property taxes and sales taxes, and intergovernmental and charges for services while other revenue sources were down. The favorable variance in expenditures can be attributed to ongoing cost savings measures that the City undertook during the fiscal year.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets. The City of Tracy's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$899 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include the asset descriptions shown on the table below. The total increase in the City's investments in capital assets for the fiscal year is negligible at less than 0.01%. There is a 1.4% increase in capital assets for governmental activities while business-type activities experienced a decrease of 1.8% due to accumulated depreciation. More detailed information of the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

Table 3
City of Tracy
Schedule of Capital Assets
June 30, 2014
(in Thousands)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals		
Description	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Land	\$ 164,351	\$ 160,091	\$ 11,841	\$ 11,841	\$ 176,192	\$ 171,932	
Streets and Roads	222,316	213,780			222,316	213,780	
Construction in-Progress	14,575	19,759	7,042	4,824	21,617	24,583	
Buildings and Improvements	159,351	153,828	225,454	223,211	384,805	377,039	
Grading, Curbs & Gutters,							
Sidewalks & Driveway Approaches	27,947	27,947			27,947	27,947	
Traffic Signals	18,089	17,374			18,089	17,374	
Equipment	26,253	24,860	44,446	44,163	70,699	69,023	
Infrastructure	11,079	8,580	248,406	246,080	259,485	254,660	
Intangible Assets	968	866	76,731	69,222	77,699	70,088	
Less: Total Accumulated Depreciation	(114,241)	(103,685)	(245,703)	(224,437)	(359,944)	(328, 122)	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 530,688	\$ 523,400	\$ 368,217	\$ 374,904	\$ 898,905	\$ 898,304	

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of fiscal year 2014, the City's total debt showed a slight reduction of 5.2% or \$3.9 million. This decline was due to the principal payments on the long-term debt during the fiscal year.

A detailed discussion of the entire City's long-term debt can be found under Notes 7, 8, 11 and 18. Standard and Poor's and Moody's credit ratings of AAA and Aaa, respectively, were received by the City's most recent insured debt issuance.

Table 4
City of Tracy
Schedule of Long Term Debt
June 30, 2014
(in Thousands)

	Government		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Totals					
Debt Description		2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013	
2000 Lana Barraya Barra	•	40.045	•	40.400	•		•		•	40.045	•	40.400	
2008 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	19,015	\$	19,160	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,015	\$	19,160	
2007 Lease Revenue Bonds-A		2,690		2,690						2,690		2,690	
2007 Lease Revenue Bonds-B		1,295		1,395						1,295		1,395	
Capital Leases		909								909			
2003 Wastewater Revenue Bonds								345				345	
2004 Wastewater Revenue Bonds						26,630		27,300		26,630		27,300	
Irrigation District Notes								3,000				3,000	
State of California-Department of													
Transportation Loan						33		54		33		54	
State of California-Department of													
Health Services						14,489		15,392		14,489		15,392	
Compensated Absences		2,857		2,794		574		518		3,431		3,312	
Claims and Judgments		112		112						112		112	
Post Retirement Benefits		1,689		1,411						1,689		1,411	
Total Long Term Liabilities		28,567	\$	27,562	\$	41,726	\$	46,609	\$	70,293	\$	74,171	

#### **Economic Outlook and Major Initiatives**

As reflected in this fiscal report, the City is experiencing the positive effects in an improved economic climate. Property values have continued to increase and sales tax is strong and has surpassed the highs established in 2007. These positive changes have enabled the City to replenish its reserves for the second consecutive year. However, the City must continue its path of fiscal prudence as it prepares for the expiration of Measure E, an added one-half cent sales tax that expires in April 2016. More detail about the City's economic outlook is discussed in the accompanying transmittal letter.

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to the Administrative Services Department, Finance Division at 333 Civic Center Plaza, Tracy, California 95376.

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#### CITY OF TRACY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	128,055,381	\$	26,401,530	\$ 154,456,911
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		11,590,332		344,047	11,934,379
Accounts receivable		11,254,499		11,255,646	22,510,145
Inventory				570,994	570,994
Interest receivable		386,518		58,090	444,608
Prepaid items		1,055,830		220,257	1,276,087
Internal balances		2,818,862		(2,818,862)	
Due from Agency Funds		19,050			19,050
Due from Private Purpose Trust Funds		95,800			95,800
Deposits		1,000,000			1,000,000
Loans receivable		15,222,472			15,222,472
Advances to CDA successor agency		2,803,520			2,803,520
Capital assets, not being depreciated		401,241,520		18,883,389	420,124,909
Capital assets, being depreciated,					
net of accumulated depreciation		129,446,316		349,333,896	478,780,212
Total Assets		704,990,100		404,248,987	1,109,239,087
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		5,116,169		2,347,054	7,463,223
Accrued interest payable		351,057		97,678	448,735
Deposits payable		10,308,642		1,664,702	11,973,344
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year		1,341,440		1,811,063	3,152,503
Due in more than one year		27,226,008		39,915,351	67,141,359
Total Liabilities		44,343,316		45,835,848	 90,179,164
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		518,181,312		327,064,979	845,246,291
Restricted for:					
Debt service		581,627		247,471	829,098
Public safety		1,279,224			1,279,224
Streets and roads		5,297,967			5,297,967
Community development		1,482,784			1,482,784
Special districts		5,230,783			5,230,783
Projects		71,574,928			71,574,928
Housing		14,955,461			14,955,461
Unrestricted		42,062,698		31,100,689	73,163,387
Total Net Position	\$	660,646,784	\$	358,413,139	\$ 1,019,059,923

#### **CITY OF TRACY** STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants		
Governmental Activities:						
General government						
Legislative	\$ (101,960)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
City attorney	(738,500)					
Administration	(1,729,646)					
Personnel	(567,348)					
Finance	(2,102,067)					
Community Promotion	(109,481)					
Non-departmental	(109,905)	1,040,346		212,022		
Economic development	(953,313)		265,528	1,373,579		
Public safety						
Police	(22,032,488)	327,870	1,358,461	90,111		
Fire	(15,942,120)	250,665	6,730,090			
Public works						
Development and engineering	(7,860,171)	3,038,560		370,643		
Public works	(24,498,222)	5,039,907	2,609,597	15,971,199		
Culture and leisure						
Cultural arts	(1,911,806)	262,685				
Parks and community services	(2,756,004)	837,567		148,927		
Interest on long-term debt	(1,341,850)					
Unallocated depreciation	(587,000)					
Total Governmental Activities	(83,341,881)	10,797,600	10,963,676	18,166,481		
Business-type Activities:						
Water	(22,300,082)	18,699,523		1,204,871		
Sewer	(16,441,797)	12,940,434		1,459,974		
Airport	(628,745)	394,934		458,586		
Solid waste	(18,922,933)	21,520,880				
Transit	(2,556,230)	1,631,373		353,148		
Drainage	(3,404,500)	546,910		2,859,946		
Total Business-type Activities	(64,254,287)	55,734,054		6,336,525		
Total Government	\$ (147,596,168)	\$ 66,531,654	\$ 10,963,676	\$ 24,503,006		

#### General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Sales and use taxes

Transient occupancy tax

Business license taxes

Transfer tax

Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Other Revenue

**Total General Revenues** 

Change in Net Position

Net Position July 1, 2013

Prior Period Adjustments Net Position July 1, 2013, Restated

Net Position, June 30, 2014

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position						
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
7.00.7.00						
\$ (101,960) (738,500) (1,729,646) (567,348)	) 	\$ (101,960) (738,500) (1,729,646) (567,348)				
(2,102,067) (109,481) 1,142,463 685,794	)	(2,102,067) (109,481) 1,142,463 685,794				
(20,256,046) (8,961,365)		(20,256,046) (8,961,365)				
(4,450,968) (877,519)		(4,450,968) (877,519)				
(1,649,121) (1,769,510) (1,341,850) (587,000)		(1,649,121) (1,769,510) (1,341,850) (587,000)				
(43,414,124)		(43,414,124)				
	(2,395,688) (2,041,389) 224,775 2,597,947 (571,709) 2,356	(2,395,688) (2,041,389) 224,775 2,597,947 (571,709) 2,356				
	(2,183,708)	(2,183,708)				
(43,414,124)	(2,183,708)	(45,597,832)				
15,699,554 2,593,225 22,721,973 974,314 706,573 271,761		15,699,554 2,593,225 22,721,973 974,314 706,573 271,761				
35,662 1,129,123 1,052,258 581,814	264,038	35,662 1,393,161 1,052,258 581,814				

264,038

(1,919,670)

360,504,465

(171,656) 360,332,809

<u>\$ 660,646,784</u> <u>\$ 358,413,139</u> <u>\$ 1,019,059,923</u>

46,030,295

1,019,969,709

(1,342,249) 1,018,627,460

432,463

45,766,257

2,352,133

659,465,244

(1,170,593) 658,294,651 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

GASB Statement No. 34 revised the format of the Fund Financial Statements so that only individual major funds are presented, while nonmajor funds are combined in a single column. Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current fiscal year. No distinction is made between fund types and the practice of combining like funds and presenting their totals in separate columns (Combined financial Statements) has been discontinued, along with the use of the General Fixed Assets and General Long-term Debt Account Groups.

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City for the fiscal year 2014. Individual nonmajor funds may be found in the Other Supplemental Information Section.

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City Funds, and the related expenditures.

#### **HOUSING SUCCESSOR**

This fund was established to account for housing activities assumed by the City from the former Tracy Community Redevelopment Agency.

#### **NORTH EAST INDUSTRIAL PLAN AREA #1**

The North East Industrial Plan Area # 1 was established to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

#### CITY OF TRACY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2014

	General Fund	Housing Successor	North East Industrial Plan Area #1	Other Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 37,816,063	3 \$ 199,692	\$ 5,479,780	\$ 72,246,614
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	4 E11 CC	)		11,590,332
Accounts receivable Interest receivable	4,511,662 173,188		14,671	6,855,768 198,092
Prepaid items	12,394		55,246	2,127
Deposits	,00	•	33,213	1,000,000
Loans receivable	525,790	13,054,001		2,442,500
Due from other funds	1,318,16	7		5,606,000
Advances to CDA successor agency		2,803,520		
Advances to other funds	244,05	<del>7</del>		1,747,454
Total Assets	\$ 44,601,32	1 \$ 16,057,780	\$ 5,549,697	\$ 101,688,887
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	IRCES			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,249,007	7 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,493,886
Due to other funds		_		4,349,362
Deposits payable	7,280,967	/	4 747 454	3,027,675
Advances from other funds	-	<del>-</del>	1,747,454	
Total Liabilities	9,529,974	1	1,747,454	9,870,923
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned revenue - loans		13,054,001		2,442,500
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,054,001		2,442,500
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	0.500.07	40.054.004	4 747 454	10.010.100
of Resources	9,529,974	13,054,001	1,747,454	12,313,423
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid items	12,394	1	55,246	2,127
Advances	244,05			
Loans receivable	525,790			
Restricted	346,363		3,746,997	90,650,992
Assigned Unassigned	523,00			(1 277 655)
Orlassigned	33,419,738	<u> </u>		(1,277,655)
Total Fund Balances	35,071,34	3,003,779	3,802,243	89,375,464
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 44,601,32	1 \$ 16,057,780	\$ 5,549,697	\$ 101,688,887

Total Governmental Funds						
\$ 115,742,149 11,590,332 11,367,430 386,518 69,767 1,000,000 16,022,291 6,924,167 2,803,520 1,991,511						
\$ 167,897,685						
\$ 4,742,893 4,349,362 10,308,642 1,747,454						
21,148,351						
15,496,501 15,496,501 36,644,852						
69,767 244,057 525,790 97,748,131 523,005 32,142,083						
\$ 167,897,685						

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# CITY OF TRACY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

Fund balances of governmental funds			\$ 131,252,833
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds because of the following:			
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.(These do not include Internal Service Funds Assets)  Capital assets  Less: accumulated depreciation	\$	619,266,523 (93,710,206)	525,556,317
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources, therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (Does not include Internal Service Funds)			(340,760)
The liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.  Compensated absences (Does not include Internal Service Funds)  Bonds payable  Postretirement benefit accrual		(2,697,671) (23,000,000) (1,689,216)	(27,386,887)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position	۱.		16,868,599
In governmental funds, other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures, and therefore, are offset by unearned revenue.			15,700,275
In governmental funds, other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures:  Conditional grant balance allowance			(1,003,593)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 660,646,784

## CITY OF TRACY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

DEVENUE		General	;	Housing Successor		North East Industrial Plan Area #1	Go	Other overnmental Funds
REVENUES	<b>ው</b>	40 202 407	Φ		æ		φ	2 522 205
Taxes	\$	40,282,107 3,813,645	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,522,295 194,256
Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and penalties		790,326						72,663
Use of money and property		832,258		61,768		59,289		72,663 745,637
Intergovernmental		1,533,055		01,700		39,209		11,394,536
Charges for services		8,588,914						305,208
Special assessments		370,643						6,810,604
Contributions		070,010				300,000		4,046,394
Other revenues		1,184,106						582,545
Total Revenues		57,395,054		61,768		359,289		27,674,138
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government								
Economic development		436,893						513,967
General government		3,165,940						82,956
Finance		2,102,067						
Non-departmental		372,061						377,065
Public safety		04 =00 044						
Police		21,582,841						9,397
Fire		9,231,255						6,638,018
Public works		0.004.000						405 574
Development and engineering Public works		6,301,000						165,574
Culture and leisure		3,648,617						4,822,535
Culture and leisure  Cultural arts		1,310,025						
Parks and community services		1,802,656						
Capital outlay		55,225				9,776,754		17,346,716
Debt service:		00,220				0,770,701		17,010,710
Principal payments								245,000
Interest and fiscal charges								1,344,592
•								
Total Expenditures		50,008,580				9,776,754	-	31,545,820
Excess of Revenues over (under)								
Expenditures		7,386,474		61,768		(9,417,465)		(3,871,682)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in								1,213,671
Transfers out		(1,208,709)						(26,962)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,208,709)						1,186,709
		(1,200,709)					•	1,100,709
Net Changes in Fund Balances		6,177,765		61,768		(9,417,465)		(2,684,973)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2013		28,893,582		2,942,011		13,219,708		92,060,437
Fund Balances, June 30, 2014	\$	35,071,347	\$	3,003,779	\$	3,802,243	\$	89,375,464

Total Governmental					
	Funds				
\$	43,804,402 4,007,901 862,989 1,698,952 12,927,591 8,894,122 7,181,247 4,346,394 1,766,651				
	85,490,249				
	950,860				
	3,248,896 2,102,067				
	749,126				
	21,592,238 15,869,273				
	6,466,574 8,471,152				
	1,310,025 1,802,656 27,178,695				
	245,000 1,344,592				
	91,331,154				
	(5,840,905)				
	1,213,671 (1,235,671)				
	(22,000)				
	(5,862,905)				
	137,115,738				
\$	131,252,833				

#### **RECONCILIATION OF THE**

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which measure only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		\$ (5,862,905)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Repayment of long-term receivables is treated as revenue in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term receivables in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of long-term receivables is treated as expenditures in the governmental funds, but the issuance increases long-term receivables in the Statement of Net Position.		(2,453)
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay expenditures are added back to fund balances  Depreciation expense not reported in governmental funds	\$ 16,459,966 (9,054,352)	7,405,614
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Costs associated with the issuance of long-term debt are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position, the costs are deferred and amortized throughout the period during which the related debt is outstanding. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities. Repayment of debt principal is added back to fund balance		245,000
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (require) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):  Postretirement benefit accrual Interest payable  Accrued interest receivable on loans  Compensated absences	(278,398) 2,742 203,774 (31,336)	(103,218)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental activities.		 670,095
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 2,352,133

#### **MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The concept of *major funds* established by GASB Statement No. 34 extends to Proprietary Funds. The City has identified the funds below as major proprietary funds in the fiscal year 2014.

#### **WATER UTILITY FUND**

This fund accounts for the provision of water services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administrative, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing, and related debt service, and billing and collection.

#### **SEWER UTILITY FUND**

This fund accounts for the activities associated with operating and maintaining the City's sewer and surface drainage system. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing, and related debt service, and billing and collection.

#### MUNICIPAL AIRPORT FUND

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the City's airport.

#### **SOLID WASTE FUND**

This fund accounts for the provision of refuse collection services to residents of the City, accomplished through a franchised operator. This fund is also used to account for the activities of the City's recycling program.

#### **MUNICIPAL TRANSIT FUND**

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the City's public transit activities, and has particular emphasis on serving the elderly and handicapped.

#### **DRAINAGE FUND**

Activities of the City's storm drainage operations are accounted for in this fund.

# CITY OF TRACY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds						
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Municipal Airport				
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 5,234,631	\$ 14,441,917	\$ 3,909				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable - net	2,787,816	344,047 2,338,335	478,868				
Inventory	570,994	2,000,000	170,000				
Interest receivable	11,518	31,817					
Prepaid expenses		2,429	40,000				
Due from other funds	1,336,000						
Total current assets	9,940,959	17,158,545	522,777				
Noncurrent:							
Advances to other funds	862,500	5,000,000					
	862,500	5,000,000					
Capital Assets:							
Nondepreciable	00.040	0.050.040	45.000				
Land Construction in progress	29,016 1,693,473	6,050,640 4,702,621	15,826 580,949				
Construction in progress	1,093,473	4,702,021	300,949				
Total nondepreciable capital assets	1,722,489	10,753,261	596,775				
Depreciable							
Infrastructure	109,854,181	80,656,823					
Buildings	44,000,539	78,775,756	356,080				
Improvements	29,612,034	22,666,696	6,602,406				
Equipment	11,445,578	29,782,734	120,843				
Intangibles	76,404,122	125,878	191,726				
Total depreciable capital assets	271,316,454	212,007,887	7,271,055				
Less accumulated depreciation	(100,345,389)	(95,296,919)	(5,649,765)				
Net depreciable capital assets	170,971,065	116,710,968	1,621,290				
Net capital assets	172,693,554	127,464,229	2,218,065				
Total noncurrent assets	173,556,054	132,464,229	2,218,065				
Total assets	\$ 183,497,013	\$ 149,622,774	\$ 2,740,842				

	Enterpris	se Funds		Governmental Activities - Internal
 Solid	Municipal	oo i diido		Service
Waste	Transit	Drainage	Totals	Funds
 TTUCE	Transit	Brainage	Totalo	T dildo
\$ 5,456,505	\$ 411,784	\$ 852,784	\$ 26,401,530 344,047	\$ 12,313,232
2,810,329	2,802,725	37,573	11,255,646 570,994	1,919
11,981	903	1,871	58,090	
555	000	177,273	220,257	986,063
		,	1,336,000	000,000
			, ,	
8,279,370	3,215,412	1,069,501	40,186,564	13,301,214
 			5,862,500	
			5,862,500	
 			0,002,000	
	1,427,226	4,318,335	11,841,043	
-		65,303	7,042,346	
 	1,427,226	4,383,638	18,883,389	
	187,228	57,707,607	248,405,839	
	12,132,375	31,101,001	135,264,750	201,414
	3,731,931	27,576,312	90,189,379	554,752
44,219	2,956,107	96,713	44,446,194	24,095,773
11,210	8,884	00,7 10	76,730,610	810,623
 ,				
44,219	19,016,525	85,380,632	595,036,772	25,662,562
 (44,196)	(5,439,534)	(38,927,073)	(245,702,876)	(20,531,043)
23	13,576,991	46,453,559	349,333,896	5,131,519
00	15 004 047	50 007 407	260 247 205	E 121 E10
23	15,004,217	50,837,197	368,217,285	5,131,519
23	15,004,217	50,837,197	374,079,785	5,131,519
 	. 5,551,211	23,337,107	<u> </u>	3,101,010
\$ 8,279,393	\$ 18,219,629	\$ 51,906,698	\$ 414,266,349	\$ 18,432,733
				(Continued)

# CITY OF TRACY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014

(Continued)

	Enterprise Funds						
		Water		Sewer		Municipal	
		Utility		Utility		Airport	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	991,365	\$	211,700	\$	3,635	
Deposits payable		801,392		4,500		47,675	
Due to other funds				00		1,336,000	
Accrued interest payable				96,576		1,102	
Claims payable, current portion  Current portion - compensated absences		90,759		59,350		4,224	
Current portion - long-term debt		924,249		695,000		21,194	
Total current liabilities		2,807,765		1,067,126		1,413,830	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Advances from other funds		5,000,000				1,106,557	
Capital lease payable							
Notes payable		13,564,908		405.000		11,955	
Compensated absences Claims payable		246,927	125,902			11,679	
Certificates of participation payable			25,935,000				
Total noncurrent liabilities		18,811,835		26,060,902		1,130,191	
Total Liabilities		21,619,600		27,128,028		2,544,021	
		_					
NET POSITION		150 204 207		100 024 220		2 104 016	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service		158,204,397		100,834,229 247,471		2,184,916	
Unrestricted		3,673,016		21,413,046		(1,988,095)	
Total Net Position	\$	161,877,413	\$	122,494,746	\$	196,821	

#### Activities -**Enterprise Funds** Internal Solid Municipal Service Waste Transit **Totals** Funds Drainage \$ 834,499 26,880 278,975 2,347,054 \$ 373,276 811,135 1,664,702 14,805 3,910,805 2,560,000 97,678 10,297 56,247 3,614 7,032 5,641 170,620 49,888 1,640,443 82,518 852,918 2,846,007 843,656 9,831,302 572,226 6,106,557 825,998 13,576,863 492 7,999 10,489 403,488 109,663 56,247 25,935,000 <u>10,4</u>89 492 7,999 46,021,908 991,908 853,410 2,854,006 854,145 55,853,210 1,564,134 23 15,004,217 50,837,197 327,064,979 4,223,003 247,471 7,425,960 361,406 215,356 31,100,689 12,645,596 \$ 358,413,139 7,425,983 \$ 15,365,623 \$ 51,052,553 16,868,599

Governmental

# CITY OF TRACY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water Utility			Sewer Utility	1	Municipal Airport
Operating Revenues	•	10.010.110	•	40.005.000	•	004004
Sales and charges for services Other operating revenues	\$ ——	16,042,440 2,657,083	\$ —	12,925,036 15,398	\$ ——	394,934
Total Operating Revenues		18,699,523		12,940,434		394,934
Operating Expenses						
Purchase of water		3,884,603				
Maintenance and operation		8,354,226		6,867,711		286,198
Administration		546,227		343,555		82,770
Insurance costs and claims						
Depreciation		9,077,601		7,995,564		257,786
Total Operating Expenses		21,862,657		15,206,830		626,754
Operating Income (Loss)		(3,163,134)		(2,266,396)		(231,820)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest income		14,153		105,894		
Interest expense		(437,425)		(1,234,967)		(1,991)
Total Non-Operating Income (Loss)		(423,272)		(1,129,073)		(1,991)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions						
and Transfers		(3,586,406)		(3,395,469)		(233,811)
Capital Contributions and Grants		1,204,871		1,459,974		458,586
Transfers in Transfers out		20,880				(20,880)
Change in Net Position		(2,360,655)		(1,935,495)		203,895
Net Position, July 1, 2013 Prior Period Adjustments		164,238,068		124,601,897 (171,656)		(7,074)
Net Position, July 1, 2013, Restated		164,238,068		124,430,241		(7,074)
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$	161,877,413	\$	122,494,746	\$	196,821

**Enterprise Funds** Internal Solid Municipal Service Totals Waste **Transit** Drainage **Funds** \$ 21,520,880 \$ \$ 546,910 \$ \$ 8,844,730 106,962 51,537,162 1,524,411 4,196,892 845,458 21,520,880 1,631,373 546,910 55,734,054 9,690,188 3,884,603 1,467,491 4,694,105 18,862,903 370,071 36,208,600 59,747 65,070 50,559 1,147,928 153,384 2,777,478 283 1,023,669 1,503,207 2,983,870 21,338,773 18,922,933 2,556,230 3,404,500 62,579,904 9,128,174 2,597,947 (924,857) (2,857,590)(6,845,850)562,014 139,860 1,773 264,038 2,358 (1,674,383)2,358 1,773 139,860 (1,410,345)2,737,807 (922,499)(2,855,817)(8,256,195)562,014 353,148 2,859,946 86,081 6,336,525 20,880 22,000 (20,880)4,129 2,737,807 (569,351)(1,919,670)670,095 4,688,176 51,048,424 360,504,465 16,198,504 15,934,974 (171,656)15,934,974 4,688,176 51,048,424 360,332,809 16,198,504 \$ 7,425,983 51,052,553 16,868,599 15,365,623 358,413,139

Governmental Activities-

# CITY OF TRACY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Funds						
	Water Utility			Sewer Utility		/lunicipal Airport	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund charges Payments to suppliers and users Payments to employees	\$	18,762,911 (8,605,218) (4,071,527)	\$	13,089,659 (4,297,018) (2,853,951)	\$	(59,500) 428,000 (230,652) (178,101)	
						<u> </u>	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		6,086,166		5,938,690		(40,253)	
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:  Due to/from other funds  Advances to/from other funds  Transfers in  Transfers out		(1,336,000) 5,000,000 20,880		(5,000,000)		(20,880)	
						(20,000)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		3,684,880		(5,000,000)		(20,880)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Capital contributions and grants received		1,204,871		1,288,318		458,586	
Acquisitions of capital assets Interest paid		(9,010,014) (444,927)		(1,739,435) (1,242,979)		(370,913) (2,667)	
Principal payments - long-term debt Proceeds from issuance of debt		(3,902,995)		(1,015,000)		(20,329)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(12,153,065)		(2,709,096)		64,677	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received		21,985		283,765			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		21,985		283,765			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,360,034)		(1,486,641)		3,544	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2013		7,594,665		16,272,605		365	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2014	\$	5,234,631	\$	14,785,964	\$	3,909	
Noncash Transactions Disposition of assets	\$	-	\$	83,212	\$	-	
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents  To Statement of Net Position							
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$	5,234,631	\$	14,441,917 344,047	\$	3,909	
Total Cash and Investments	\$	5,234,631	\$	14,785,964	\$	3,909	

		Governmental Activities -									
	Solid		Enterprise Municipal			Internal Service					
	Waste		Transit		Drainage		Totals		Funds		
	21,753,252 (19,296,505) (137,061)	\$	260,966 1,265,000 (994,201) (354,162)	\$	\$ 541,205		1,693,0 (223,345) (33,646,9		1,693,000 (33,646,939)		- 9,688,269 (6,182,164) (2,131,951)
	2 210 696		177 602		140 776		14 624 669		1 274 154		
	2,319,686	-	177,603		142,776		14,624,668		1,374,154		
							(1,336,000) 20,880 (20,880)		22,000		
							(1,336,000)		22,000		
			10,536 (420,806)		2,859,946 (3,122,755)		5,822,257 (14,663,923) (1,690,573) (4,938,324)		86,081 (1,385,358) 10,297 908,516		
			(410,270)		(262,809)		(15,470,563)		(380,464)		
	131,008		2,656		2,382		441,796				
	131,008		2,656		2,382	441,796					
	2,450,694 3,005,811		(230,011) 641,795		(117,651) 970,435		(1,740,099) 28,485,676		1,015,690 11,297,542		
\$	_	Φ.		•		•			12,313,232		
Ψ	5,456,505	\$	411,784	<u>\$</u>	852,784	<u>\$</u>	26,745,577	\$	12,010,202		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,688	\$	134,900	\$	1,905		
\$	5,456,505	\$	411,784	\$	852,784	\$	26,401,530 344,047	\$	12,313,232		
\$	5,456,505	\$	411,784	\$	852,784	\$	26,745,577	\$	12,313,232		

(Continued)

## CITY OF TRACY PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Enterprise Funds						
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		Water Utility	Sewer Utility			Municipal Airport	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(3,163,134)	\$	(2,266,396)	\$	(231,820)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)							
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:  Depreciation		9,077,601		7,995,564		257,786	
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:							
Accounts receivable		(33,622)		149,225		(447,249)	
Inventory Prepaid items		28		(2,429)		(40,000)	
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		69,094		42,090		258	
Due to other funds Compensated absences		39,189		20,636		428,000 (43)	
Deposits payable		97,010				(7,185)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	\$	6,086,166	\$	5,938,690	\$	(40,253)	

Solid Waste	Enterprise  Municipal  Transit	nds Drainage	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
\$ 2,597,947	\$ (924,857)	\$ (2,857,590)	\$ (6,845,850)	\$	562,014		
283	1,023,669	2,983,870	21,338,773		1,503,207		
232,372	(1,370,407)	37,095	(1,432,586)		(1,919)		
		27,272	(15,129)		(986,063)		
(510,140)	187,602 1,265,000	(5,675)	(216,771) 1,693,000		264,792		
(776)	(3,404)	604 (42,800)	56,206 47,025		32,123		
\$ 2,319,686	\$ 177,603	\$ 142,776	\$ 14,624,668	\$	1,374,154		

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#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

#### **TRUST FUNDS**

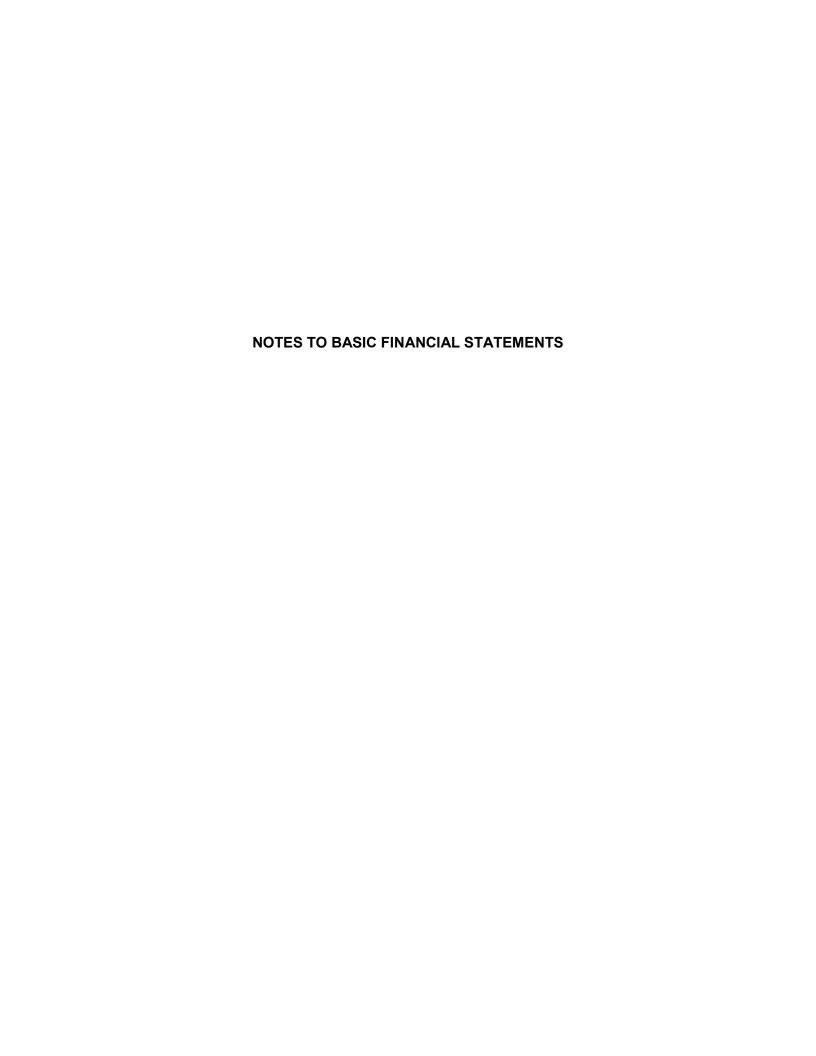
Trust funds are used to account for resources held and administered by the City in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

#### CITY OF TRACY FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds		
Cash and investments, restricted Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable Interest receivable Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 51,671 3,892,396 3,563,795 11,212 2,581,457 670,533	\$ - 11,869,846 13,260,398 19,644 23,906		
Total Assets	10,771,064	\$ 25,173,794		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unamortized loss on debt refunding  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,608,436 1,608,436			
Accounts payable Due to the City of Tracy Accrued interest payable Deposits payable Due to assessment district bondholders Noncurrent liabilities:	36,788 95,800 815,627	\$ 137,429 19,050 3,433,547 21,583,768		
Due within one year  Due in more than one year	1,360,000 46,418,520			
Total Liabilities	48,726,735	\$ 25,173,794		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unearned revenue - RPTTF Distribution	1,500,056			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,500,056			
NET POSITION Unrestricted	(37,847,291)			
Total Net Position	\$ (37,847,291)			

# CITY OF TRACY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:	¢ 60,030
Investment revenue Taxes and assessments	\$ 69,029 4,314,113
raxes and assessments	
Total additions	4,383,142
Deductions:	
Administration	213,682
Public works	05.750
Development and engineering Depreciation	95,756 89,973
Transfer to City of Tracy	588,340
Interest expenses	2,528,403
·	
Total deductions	3,516,154
Change in net position	866,988
Net Position July 1, 2013	(37,444,189)
Prior period adjustments	(1,270,090)
Net Position July 1, 2013, restated	(38,714,279)
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$ (37,847,291)



### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. <u>Description of the Reporting Entity</u>

The City of Tracy was incorporated as a general law city on July 10, 1910. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administration services, and redevelopment.

#### B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Units. There are no entities which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61 criteria for discrete disclosure within these basic financial statements.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements are presented on the basis set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65

For the fiscal year June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 65 did have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Some items reported as assets and liabilities are now reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources. Please see Note 21, Prior Period Adjustments for more information regarding the prior period adjustments due to this pronouncement.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation (Continued)</u>

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 66

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 66, "Technical Correction – 2012." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", and GASB Statement No. 62 Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements." Since the release of these Statements, questions have arisen concerning differences between the provisions in Statement 54 and Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, regarding the reporting of risk financing activities. Questions also have arisen abut differences between Statement 62 and Statement No. 13, Accounting for Operating Leases with Scheduled Rent Increases, regarding the reporting of certain operating lease transactions, and No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Equity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, concerning the reporting of the acquisition of a loan or a group of loans and the recognition of servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans" and No. 50 "Pension Disclosures" as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements 25 and 50 remain applicable to pension plans that are not administered through trusts covered by the scope of this Statement and to defined contribution plans that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 67 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 70

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve the recognition, measurement, and disclosure guidance for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are non-exchange transactions. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation (Continued)</u>

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations, except for interfund services provided and used, have been made to minimize double counting or internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular programs, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Internal service funds are also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These Internal service funds account for charges to other funds and departments for insurance, maintenance, and equipment acquisition.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operation of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government units, and/or other funds. The City collects assessments and pays property enhancement and rehabilitation costs and debt service for various assessment districts within the City. The City also maintains accounts for the activities of the successor to the former redevelopment agency.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Major Funds

GASB Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the City's major governmental and proprietary funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called nonmajor funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to or greater than ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of all fund-type totals. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

**General Fund** - This fund accounts for all financial resources, except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the City.

**Housing Successor Fund** - This fund was established to account for housing activities assumed by the City from the former Tracy Community Redevelopment Agency.

**North East Industrial Plan Area # 1 Capital Projects Fund** – This fund was established to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

The City reported all its enterprise funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Water Utility – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's water supply system.

**Sewer Utility** – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's surface drainage, sewage collection, and treatment system.

**Municipal Airport** – This fund accounts for the activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the City's airport.

**Solid Waste** – This fund accounts for the City's refuse collection activities.

**Municipal Transit** – This fund accounts for the activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the City's public transit activities and has particular emphasis on serving the elderly and the handicapped.

**Drainage** – This fund accounts for the City's storm drainage activities.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, and proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and along with fiduciary funds using the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, OPEB and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis* of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liabilities are incurred.

Internal service funds are used to account for charges to various funds and/or departments for costs such as insurance, maintenance, and equipment acquisition.

Fiduciary Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and, thus, do not involve measurement of results of operations. Trust funds use the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Other revenues susceptible to accrual include other taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest, and charges for services.

Utility service accounts receivable are reported net of allowance for doubtful collections and include unbilled receivables using actual amounts billed in July for June services.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted resources may be available to finance program expenditures/expenses. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity, except for interfund services provided and used, has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### F. Property Taxes

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level, and consist of secured, unsecured, and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices relating to property taxes:

<u>Property Valuations</u> – are established by the Assessor of the County of San Joaquin for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls; the utility property tax rolls are valued by the State Board of Equalization. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution (Proposition 13 adopted by the voters on June 6, 1978) properties are assessed at 100% of full value. From this base of assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2%. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

<u>Tax Levies</u> – are limited to 1% of full value which results in a tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation, under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

<u>Tax Levy Dates</u> – are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Property Taxes (Continued)

<u>Tax Collections</u> – are the responsibility of the county tax collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments: The first is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

The County of San Joaquin levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year of levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution", known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of San Joaquin. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County of San Joaquin to allocate 100 percent of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of San Joaquin remits tax monies to the City in three installments as follows:

50 percent remitted in December 45 percent remitted in April 5 percent remitted in June

<u>Tax Levy Apportionments</u> – Due to the nature of the City-wide maximum levy, it is not possible to identify general purpose tax rates for specific entities. Under state legislation adopted subsequent to the passage of Proposition 13, apportionments to local agencies are made by the county auditor-controller based primarily on the ratio that each agency represented of the total City-wide levy for the three years prior to fiscal year 1979.

<u>Property Tax Administration Fees</u> – The State of California FY 1990-91 Budget Act authorized counties to collect an administrative fee for collection and distribution of property taxes. Property taxes are recorded as net of administrative fees withheld during the fiscal year.

#### G. Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date contributed. The City's policy is to capitalize all capital assets with costs exceeding \$1,000 (infrastructure is \$50,000).

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### G. Capital Assets (Continued)

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each fiscal year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets with limited useful lives be depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Alternatively, the "modified approach" may be used for infrastructure (streets and roads) capital assets. Depreciation is not provided under this approach, but all expenditures on these assets are expensed, unless they are additions or improvements.

Except for streets and roads covered by the modified approach, depreciation has been provided on capital assets. Depreciation of all capital assets is charged as an expense against operations each fiscal year until the asset is fully depreciated. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method which depreciates evenly over the assets' useful life. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Buildings	10-30 years
Improvements	5-50 years
Equipment	2-20 years
Grading, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, driveway approaches	40 years
Traffic signals	20 years
Street drainage	40 years
Other	5-40 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

#### H. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences are accrued as earned by employees, and consist only of vacation leave. The City measures vacation accrual annually; however, vacation payments are not distinguished from regular payroll paid during the fiscal year, nor are accruals made other than annually. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded in various governmental funds or proprietary funds as appropriate. For all governmental funds, amounts expected to be paid out of current financial resources are recorded as fund liabilities; as these liabilities represent the matured value due to retirement or resignations; the long-term portion is recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability only when matured. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### I. Postemployment Benefits

Employees who retire with at least ten years of service may elect to convert all accrued sick leave at the time of retirement to a medical insurance bank. Miscellaneous employees except members of the Teamsters Bargaining Unit can bank their unused sick leave upon retirement. Members of the Teamsters can also bank their unused sick leave only if they have at least ten (10) years of employment with the City. Safety employees: Police employees can bank their unused sick leave if they have at least ten (10) years of employment. Fire employees have a choice to bank their unused sick leave. Fire employees also need at least ten (10) years of employment to receive this benefit. The value of the medical insurance bank is determined by multiplying the number of accrued sick leave hours by the employees' hourly rate of pay.

The retired employee and his/her dependents are entitled to continued group health insurance coverage currently in effect with premiums for such coverage being deducted from the medical leave bank until that bank is exhausted.

The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as health care premiums are paid. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, those costs for 45 retirees totaled \$271,100, and the total liability amount in the medical leave bank is \$853,447.

#### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB and American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), requires management to make assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### K. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

### 1. Cash Management

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate cash management. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested and reported as investments. It is the City's intent to hold investments to maturity. However, the City may, in response to market conditions, sell investments prior to maturity in order to improve the quality, liquidity or yield of the portfolio. Interest earnings are apportioned among funds based on ending accounting period cash and investment balances.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### K. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

#### 2. Investments Valuation

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investment and for External Investment Pools, highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

#### 3. State Investment Pool

The City participates in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), an investment pool managed by the State of California. LAIF has invested a portion of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as a result of changes in interest rates.

#### 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. All cash investments of the proprietary fund types are pooled with the City's pooled cash and investments.

## NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental fund types except capital projects funds on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City's budget ordinance requires that in June of each fiscal year the City Manager submit a preliminary budget that includes projected expenditures and the means of financing them, to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. As modified during public study sessions, the preliminary budget becomes the proposed budget. Following public hearings on the proposed budget, the final annual budget is adopted by the City Council. After adoption of the final budget, transfers of appropriations within a general fund department, or within other funds, can be made by the City Manager. Budget modifications between funds; increases or decreases to a fund's overall budget; transfers between general fund departments; or transfers that affect capital projects, must be approved by the City Council. Numerous properly authorized amendments are made during the fiscal year.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

#### A. <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

The City does not adopt budgets for the Proposition 1B, Residential and Commercial Rehabilitation Loan, Traffic Congestion Relief, and Grow Tracy Special Revenue Funds, Parks COP and Regional Mall COP Debt Service Funds, and all Capital Projects Funds.

Budgetary control is enhanced by integrating the budget into the general ledger accounts. Encumbrance accounting (e.g., purchase orders) is employed by the City.

#### B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

#### **Nonmajor Funds**

A deficit fund balance of \$13 exists in the Business Improvement District Special Revenue Fund. The deficit is due to the City incurring costs in advance of receiving revenues.

A deficit fund balance of \$29,210 exists in the Community Development Block Grant. The deficit is due to the City incurring costs in excess of revenues.

A deficit fund balance of \$44 exists in the Prop 1B Special Revenue Fund. The deficit is due to the City incurring costs in excess of revenues.

A deficit fund balance of \$1,248,388 exists in the TEA Grant Special Revenue Fund. The deficit is due to the City incurring costs prior to being reimbursement from an intergovernmental source.

#### Fiduciary Fund – Private Purpose Trust Funds

A deficit net position of \$37,847,291 exists in the Private Purpose Trust Funds. The deficit is due to the long term liabilities exceeding assets. This will be alleviated by receipt of revenues in the future per the RDA dissolution plan.

## C. <u>Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations</u>

The Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund had actual expenditures that were \$3,398 above budgeted amounts due to higher than budget revenues.

The TDA Special Revenue Fund had actual expenditures that were \$15,354 above budgeted amounts due to higher than budget revenues.

The CDBG Special Revenue Fund had actual expenditures that were \$19,483 above budgeted amounts due to higher than budget revenues.

The Community Access CTV Special Revenue Fund had actual expenditures that were \$12,706 above budgeted amounts due to unforseen costs.

The 2008 Lease Revenue Bond Debt Serice fund has actual expenditures that were \$1,362 above budget amounts due to higher than expected interest expenditures.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

# **NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:		
Cash and investments	\$	154,456,911
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		11,934,379
Fiduciary funds:		
Restricted cash and investments		51,671
Cash and investments		15,762,242
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		16,824,193
		_
Total cash and investments	\$	199,029,396
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 consist of the following	ng:	
	_	
Cash on hand	\$	1,209
Deposits with financial institutions		10,450,838
Investments		188,577,349
	_	
Total cash and investments	_\$	199,029,396

#### NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## A. <u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment</u> Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Tracy (City) by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	M axim um
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	\$50 million
			per account
California Asset Management Plan	N/A	None	10%
Safekeeping Services Sweep Accounts	N/A	None	10%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Corporate Bonds	N/A	None	None
Municipal Bonds	N/A	None	None
Insured Deposits with Banks and Savings			
and Loans	N/A	None	10%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	10%
Purchase Agreements	92 days	20% of	10%
		base value	
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	10%
Bankers Acceptances (must be dollar			
denominated)	6 months	30%	10%
Commercial Paper	9 months	25%	5%
Negotiable Time Certificates of Deposit	18 months	30%	10%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Mutual Funds (must be comprised of eligib	le		
securities permitted under this policy)	N/A	15%	10%
Money Market Funds (must be comprised			
of eligible securities permitted under this			
policy)	N/A	None	10%

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### B. <u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the Investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	None	None	None

### C. <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

		Remaining maturity (in Months)				
		12 Months	13 to 36	37 to 60	Over 60	
Investment Type	Totals	or Less	Months	Months	Months	
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 17,038,794	\$ -	\$ 17,038,794	\$ -	\$ -	
Money Market Funds	14,912,421	14,912,421				
Federal Agency Securities	66,694,494		37,492,123	29,202,371		
Commerical Paper	4,045,328	4,045,328				
Corporate Notes	45,024,391	8,723,921	24,832,194	11,468,276		
Negotiable Time Deposits	1,706,524		1,706,524			
State Investment Pool	10,396,825	10,396,825				
Held by Debt Trustee:						
U.S. Treasury Notes	815,027		815,027			
Money Market Funds	22,032,479	22,032,479				
Federal Agency Securities	5,911,066	5,911,066				
	\$188,577,349	\$ 66,022,040	\$ 81,884,662	\$ 40,670,647	\$ -	

#### D. Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

#### E. <u>Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk</u>

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

# NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### E. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk (Continued)

				Rating as of Fiscal Year End							
		Minimum	Exempt								
		Legal	From								Not
Investment Type	Amount	Rating	Disclosure		AAA	AA			A	F	Rated
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 17,038,794	N/A	\$ 17,038,794	\$	-	\$ -		\$	-	\$	-
Money Market Funds	14,912,421	N/A			120,978					14	,791,443
Federal Agency Securities	66,694,494	N/A				66,694,49	94				
Commerical Paper	4,045,328	N/A						4,0	45,328		
Corporate Notes	45,024,391	N/A			1,725,267	14,580,12	25	28,7	18,999		
Negotiable Time Deposits	1,706,524	N/A								1	,706,524
State Investment Pool	10,396,825	N/A								10	,396,825
Held by Debt Trustee:											
U.S. Treasury Notes	815,027	N/A	815,027								
Money Market Funds	22,032,479	N/A								22	,032,479
Federal Agency Securities	5,911,066	N/A				5,911,00	66				
Total	\$188,577,349	<u> </u>	\$ 17,853,821	\$	1,846,245	\$ 87,185,68	35	\$ 32,7	64,327	\$ 48	,927,271

## F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

		Reported
Issuer	Investment Type	 Amount
FHLB	Federal agency securities	\$ 23,714,168
FNMA	Federal agency securities	18,950,982
FHLMC	Federal agency securities	20,505,965
FFCB	Federal agency securities	8,797,950
FAMC	Federal agency securities	316,983
FM	Federal agency securities	319,512

There are no investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, Mutual funds, and external investment pools) by reporting unit (primary government, governmental activities, business type activities, fiduciary funds, major funds, nonmajor funds in the aggregate, etc.).

June 30, 2014

### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2014, \$10,450,838 of the City's deposits with financial institutions was covered by federal depository insurance limits or was held in collateralized accounts. As of June 30, 2014, City investments in the following investment types were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City to buy the securities:

	Reported		
Investment Type	Amount		
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	17,038,794	
Federal Agency Securities		66,694,494	
Commercial Paper		4,045,328	
Corporate Notes		45,024,391	
Negotiable Time Deposits		1,706,524	

#### H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 4 – LOANS RECEIVABLE**

#### A. Community Development Agency Loans

As of February 1, 2012, the following Community Development Agency Loans were transferred to the City of Tracy Housing Successor Fund.

The City administers a residential and commercial rehabilitation program using Housing and Urban Development funds. Federal funds received by the City are deposited with a commercial bank. Upon approval of the loans, the funds are disbursed and collected by an outside collection agency. The programs are designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. The balance of the loans receivable arising from these programs was \$277,163 at June 30, 2014.

In 1994, the Agency loaned \$609,000 in Low and Moderate Income Housing funds to Mountain View Townhomes Association, a partnership of non-profit corporations, to assist in the construction of thirty-seven residential rental units, thirty-six of which are available to low income families. The loan is secured by a second deed of trust, is payable over twenty-three years beginning in 2026 and accrues interest at 3%. As of June 30, 2014, principal and accrued interest totaled \$910,455.

In 1996, the Agency agreed to loan Eden Housing Inc., up to \$2,208,691 to assist in the development and construction of seventy-two low income housing units. The loan is payable over ten years beginning forty years after the project is complete, and accrues interest at 1% per year. As of June 30, 2014, principal and accrued interest totaled \$2,440,143.

In 2000, the Agency agreed to loan Habitat for Humanity up to \$100,000 to construct/reconstruct from five to seven properties to ownership housing for very low-income families. The funds are to be used to pay all City fees necessary to develop and build affordable housing under the sponsorship of Habitat for Humanity. To date, Habitat for Humanity has expended \$40,093 of the loan proceeds. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property and may be forgiven if the property remains occupied by a low-income family for a period of ten years. Unexpended loan funds are kept in a City of Tracy account available for use by Habitat for Humanity as needed. The balance of the outstanding loan as of June 30, 2014 including accrued interest is \$52,146.

The City loaned 37 individuals from the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund of the Redevelopment Agency. The loans have been authorized for each of the recipients as part of the housing down payment assistance program. The City is the beneficiary of the promissory notes issued, recorded, and secured by real property. The loans are due when the underlying property is sold. As of June 30, 2014, principal and accrued interest totaled \$2,036,935.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

#### A. Community Development Agency Loans (Continued)

The City, through the Housing Successor Fund, formerly the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund of the Redevelopment Agency, has entered into a loan agreement (a below market deferred loan) with City Development, Inc. for an amount not to exceed \$4,404,512 to be used as a gap financing instrument for the development of a 50 unit affordable senior housing complex. The loan is a 1%, 40 year loan. As of June 30, 2014, the developer owes \$4,650,535 including accrued interest.

In November 2007, the Community Development Agency of the City of Tracy (Agency) entered into an Owner Participation and Loan Agreement with DHI Tracy Garden Associates, LP (DHI). DHI will develop and rehabilitate an 88 unit Senior Housing Complex for low income senior households. The maximum amount of loan from the Agency will be \$1,975,000. Simple interest shall accrue annually at 3%. Upon default, the rate will increase to the lesser of 10% or the maximum allowed by law. The loan is secured by a trust deed on the underlying property. This trust deed is subordinated to all other loans. Maturity of the loan is November 1, 2064. Payment on the loan is deferred until maturity unless the property is conveyed (other than that approved by the City) or there is a default. Total amount owed as of June 30, 2014 is \$2,362,235 which includes accrued interest of \$387,235.

## B. <u>Conditional Grants</u>

The City has several programs under which it extends loans to qualifying individuals or groups for the purpose of improving the City's housing stock and/or its supply of low-and-moderate income housing. Certain of these loans provide for the eventual forgiveness of the loan balance if the borrower complies with all the terms of the loan over its full term. The City accounts for these loans as conditional grants in the government-wide financial statements, and provides a reserve against their eventual forgiveness using the straight-line method over the life of the respective loan. Total amount of allowance at June 30, 2014 was \$1,003,593.

#### C. Development Loan

In September 2006, the City loaned a property owner \$40,000 to assist in the demolition of a structure in order for the property owner to construct new housing units on the site. The loan is due and payable when the properties are sold. The balance as of June 30, 2014 is \$40,000.

June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

#### D. Housing Loan (Related Party)

The City of Tracy loaned \$595,000 to its previous City Manager (Related Party). The proceeds from the loan were to assist in the purchase of a home within the City. The loan is a 30 year fully amortized loan with monthly payments of \$2,446 including principal and interest at 4%. The balance of the loan as of June 30, 2014 is \$485,790.

### E. Tracy Mall Partners, L.P. Loan

The West Valley Mall Revitalization Program provides a financial incentive to the owners of the West Valley Mall (Mall Owner) or a prospective tenant to be used for tenant improvements.

During the fiscal year 2011, the City and the Tracy Mall Partners, L.P. entered into an agreement where the City will provide a financial contribution to the Mall Owner. In exchange, the Mall Owner will guarantee that Macy's will lease the anchor tenant location for a minimum of 10 years. Over the 20 year term, the Mall Owner is obligated to repay the City for the financial incentive at the rate of \$151,250 a year or \$3,025,000 for the 20 year term. The contribution amount will be forgiven to the extent that increased sales tax revenue to the City exceeds \$151,250 per year from Macy's or new tenants of the Mall.

As of June 30, 2014, the balance of the loan is \$2,442,500.

#### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Governmental Activities	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2014
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 160,090,822	\$ 4,259,913	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 164,350,735
Roads accounted for using the					
modified approach	213,780,425	3,350,927		5,184,581	222,315,933
Construction in progress	19,759,433			(5,184,581)	14,574,852
Total Nondepreciable Capital					
Assets	393,630,680	7,610,840			401,241,520

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2014
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements	\$ 75,559,984 78,268,316	\$ 3,480,478 2,043,148	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,040,462 80,311,464
Grading, curb & gutter, sidewalk,					
and driveway approaches	27,946,623	744.000			27,946,623
Traffic signals	17,374,347 24,859,956	714,390 1,395,220	(1,905)		18,088,737 26,253,271
Equipment Infrastructure and drainage	24,659,956 8,579,871	2,498,808	(1,905)		11,078,679
Intangibles	865,889	102,440			968,329
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	233,454,986	10,234,484	(1,905)		243,687,565
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(22.020.400)	(2.094.045)			(25 011 415)
Buildings and improvements Improvements	(22,930,400) (39,322,241)	(2,081,015) (5,189,006)			(25,011,415) (44,511,247)
Grading, curb & gutter, sidewalk,	(33,322,241)	(3,103,000)			(44,511,241)
and driveway approaches	(11,260,225)	(659,892)			(11,920,117)
Traffic signals	(10,492,340)	(662,245)			(11,154,585)
Equipment	(18,397,436)	(1,621,810)	1,905		(20,017,341)
Infrastructure and drainage	(498,873)	(303,877)	•		(802,750)
Intangibles	(784,080)	(39,714)			(823,794)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(103,685,595)	(10,557,559)	1,905		(114,241,249)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	129,769,391	(323,075)			129,446,316
Net Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 523,400,071	\$ 7,287,765	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 530,687,836
Business-type Activities	Balance at				Balance at
Water Utility	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2014
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 29,016	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,016
Construction in progress	1,178,205	515,268			1,693,473
Total Nondepreciable					
Capital Assets	1,207,221	515,268			1,722,489

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type Activities Water Utility (Continued)	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	ditions Deletions Transfers		Balance at June 30, 2014
Dannasiahla Carital Assata					
Depreciable Capital Assets: Infrastructure	\$ 109,422,175	\$ 432,006	¢.	\$ -	\$ 109,854,181
			\$ -	Ф -	
Buildings	43,467,914	532,625			44,000,539
Improvements	29,612,034	20 115			29,612,034
Equipment	11,415,463	30,115			11,445,578
Intangibles	68,904,122	7,500,000	<del></del>	-	76,404,122
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	262,821,708	8,494,746			271,316,454
Accumulation Depreciation					
Infrastructure	(32,446,175)	(2,233,415)			(34,679,590)
Buildings	(17,386,697)	(1,337,490)			(18,724,187)
Improvements	(17,069,627)	(1,849,856)			(18,919,483)
		,			
Equipment	(7,541,559)	(904,142)			(8,445,701)
Intangibles	(16,823,730)	(2,752,698)			(19,576,428)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(91,267,788)	(9,077,601)			(100,345,389)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	171,553,920	(582,855)			170,971,065
Net Water Utility Capital Assets	\$ 172,761,141	\$ (67,587)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 172,693,554
Business-type Activities	Balance at				Balance at
Sewer Utility	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2014
como: camey	<u> </u>	7 taditionio	2010110110	1141101010	00110 00, 2011
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 6,050,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,050,640
Construction in progress	3,235,993	1,466,628			4,702,621
Total Nondepreciable					
Capital Assets	9,286,633	1,466,628			10,753,261
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Infrastructure	90 531 003	135,821			90 656 922
	80,521,002	133,021			80,656,823
Buildings	78,775,756				78,775,756
Improvements	22,666,696	400.000	(04.040)		22,666,696
Equipment	29,729,764	136,986	(84,016)		29,782,734
Intangibles	125,878				125,878
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	211,819,096	272,807	(84,016)		212,007,887
Accumulation Depreciation					
Infrastructure	(28,388,106)	(1,611,814)			(29,999,920)
Buildings	(32,417,236)	(2,306,709)			(34,723,945)
Improvements	(11,212,395)	(1,038,439)	70.040		(12,250,834)
Equipment	(15,243,115)	(3,031,486)	72,649		(18,201,952)
Intangibles	(113,152)	(7,116)			(120,268)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(87,374,004)	(7,995,564)	72,649		(95,296,919)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	124,445,092	(7,722,757)	(11,367)	-	116,710,968
Net Sewer Utility Capital Assets	\$ 133,731,725	\$ (6,256,129)	\$ (11,367)	\$ -	\$ 127,464,229

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type Activities Municipal Airport	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2014
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 15,826 261,724	\$ - 319,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,826 580,949
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	277,550	319,225			596,775
Capital Assets	277,550	319,225		· ·	590,775
Depreciable Capital Assets: Buildings Improvements Equipment Intangibles	356,080 6,550,718 120,843 191,726	51,688			356,080 6,602,406 120,843 191,726
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	7,219,367	51,688			7,271,055
Accumulation Depreciation Buildings Improvements Equipment Intangibles	(210,653) (4,904,404) (85,196) (191,726)	(12,391) (238,143) (7,252)		-	(223,044) (5,142,547) (92,448) (191,726)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,391,979)	(257,786)			(5,649,765)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	1,827,388	(206,098)	-	_	1,621,290
Net Municipal Airport Capital Assets	\$ 2,104,938	\$ 113,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,218,065
Business-type Activities Solidwaste	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2014
Depreciable Capital Assets: Equipment	\$ 44,219	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,219
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	44,219				44,219
Accumulation Depreciation Equipment	(43,913)	(283)		_	(44,196)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(43,913)	(283)			(44,196)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	306	(283)		_	23
Net Solid Waste Capital Assets	\$ 306	\$ (283)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type Activities Municipal Transit	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2014	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,427,226 51,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - (51,368)	\$ 1,427,226	
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,478,594			(51,368)	1,427,226	
Depreciable Capital Assets: Infrastructure Buildings Improvements Equipment Intangibles	12,059,833 3,651,402 2,833,116	187,228 21,174 80,529 122,991 8,884		51,368	187,228 12,132,375 3,731,931 2,956,107 8,884	
Total depreciable Capital Assets	18,544,351	420,806		51,368	19,016,525	
Accumulation depreciation Buildings Improvements Equipment	(1,815,361) (551,625) (2,048,879)	(528,316) (237,386) (257,967)			(2,343,677) (789,011) (2,306,846)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,415,865)	(1,023,669)			(5,439,534)	
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	14,128,486	(602,863)		51,368	13,576,991	
Net Transit Capital Assets	\$ 15,607,080	\$ (602,863)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,004,217	
Business-type Activities Drainage	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2014	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 4,318,335 96,903	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - (31,600)	\$ 4,318,335 65,303	
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	4,415,238			(31,600)	4,383,638	

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type Activities Drainage (Continued)	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions Transfers		Balance at June 30, 2014	
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Infrastructure	\$ 56,136,170	\$ 1,539,837	\$ -	\$ 31,600	\$ 57,707,607	
Improvements	26,070,483	1,505,829	Ψ	Ψ 01,000	27,576,312	
Equipment	19,624	77,089			96,713	
de L						
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	82,226,277	3,122,755		31,600	85,380,632	
Accumulation Depreciation						
Infrastructure	(18,422,657)	(1,147,240)			(19,569,897)	
Improvements	(17,500,922)	(1,835,988)			(19,336,910)	
Equipment	(19,624)	(642)			(20,266)	
_qa.p	(10,02.)	(0:2)			(20,200)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(35,943,203)	(2,983,870)			(38,927,073)	
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	46,283,074	138,885		31,600	46,453,559	
Net Drainage Capital Assets	\$ 50,698,312	\$ 138,885	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,837,197	
Total Business-type Activities	Balance at				Balance at	
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2014	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 11,841,043	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,841,043	
Construction in progress	4,824,193	2,301,121		(82,968)	7,042,346	
Total Nondepreciable						
Capital Assets	16,665,236	2,301,121		(82,968)	18,883,389	
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Infrastructure	246,079,347	2,294,892		31,600	248,405,839	
Buildings	134,659,583	553,799		51,368	135,264,750	
•	88,551,333	1,638,046		51,300	90,189,379	
Improvements Equipment	44,163,029	367,181	(94.016)		44,446,194	
Intangibles	69,221,726		(84,016)		76,730,610	
intangibles	09,221,720	7,508,884			70,730,010	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	582,675,018	12,362,802	(84,016)	82,968	595,036,772	
Accumulation Depreciation						
Infrastructure	(70.256.020)	(4 002 460)			(94 240 407)	
	(79,256,938)	(4,992,469)			(84,249,407)	
Buildings	(51,829,947)	(4,184,906)			(56,014,853)	
Improvements	(51,238,973)	(5,199,812)	70.040		(56,438,785)	
Equipment	(24,982,286)	(4,201,772)	72,649		(29,111,409)	
Intangibles	(17,128,608)	(2,759,814)			(19,888,422)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(224,436,752)	(21,338,773)	72,649		(245,702,876)	
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	358,238,266	(8,975,971)	(11,367)	82,968	349,333,896	
Net Business-type Capital Assets	\$ 374,903,502	\$ (6,674,850)	\$ (11,367)	\$ -	\$ 368,217,285	

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

#### B. Depreciation Allocations

Depreciation expense was charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program were as follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

GOVERNMENT NORTHER PROPERTY.	
City administration - nondepartmental	\$ 1,200,395
Police	440,250
Fire	72,847
Development and engineering	1,393,597
Public works	5,308,341
Cultural arts	601,781
Parks and recreation	953,348
Unallocated	587,000
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 10,557,559
Business-type Activities:	
Water utility	\$ 9,077,601
Sewer utility	7,995,564
Municipal airport	257,786
Solid waste	283
Municipal transit	1,023,669
Drainage	2,983,870
-	
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 21,338,773

#### C. Roads Covered by the Modified Approach

The City has elected to use the modified approach discussed above with respect to its roads, most of which are relatively new. The City's policy is to maintain these roads at an overall condition index level averaging 73%, instead of providing depreciation. During the fiscal year 2014, the City expended \$1,387,484 to preserve its roads. The City estimates that it will be required to expend approximately \$3,183,569 in the fiscal year 2014 to maintain its roads at this condition level. Please see Modified Approach to Reporting Street Pavement Costs section of the Required Supplementary Information section on page 97 for more detailed information.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

## NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

# A. <u>Current Interfund Balances</u>

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business (i.e. one fund loaning funds to pay for current expenditures) and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. The following is a summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2014.

Receivable Funds	Amount	Payable Funds	Amount
Major Governmental Fund		Major Proprietary Funds	
General	\$ 1,318,167	Municipal Airport	\$ 1,336,000
		Solid Waste	14,805
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Municipal Transit	2,560,000
Capital Projects Deposit	3,033,000		
General Projects	2,573,000	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
		TEA Grant	2,052,000
Major Proprietary Funds		Community Development	
Water	1,336,000	Block Grant	13,000
		South County Fire Authority	1,303,362
		Transportation Development	981,000
Totals	\$ 8,260,167	Totals	\$ 8,260,167

## B. Long-term Interfund Advances

At June 30, 2014, the funds below had made advances which were not expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

Funds making advances	Funds receiving advances		Amount
Major Governmental Funds General	Major Proprietary Fund  Municipal Airport		244,057
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	Major Governmental Fund		
Northeast Industrial	Northeast Industrial		
Plan Area #2	Plan Area #1		1,747,454
Major Governmental Funds Housing Successor	Private Purpose Trust Fund Successor Agency		2,803,520
Major Proprietary Fund	Major Proprietary Fund		
Sewer	Water		5,000,000
Water	Municipal Airport		862,500
Totals		\$	10,657,531

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

#### B. <u>Long-term Interfund Advances</u>

**Municipal Airport** advance to be repaid over 33 years at 2.42% interest, interest only for 3 years, annual payments of \$40,770 for remaining 30 years. The land of the airport serves as security for the advance, which carries an interest rate of 6%. The funds were used for projects at the airport.

**Northeast Industrial Plan Area # 1** advance is being repaid over five years, where early repayment of principal is permitted, with an interest rate equal to funds invested in Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). The funds were used for projects within the project area.

#### C. Interfund Transfers

Receiving Funds	Transfers In	Paying Funds	Transfer	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Major Governmental Fund		
Downtown Business	\$ 3,144	General	 \$	1,208,709
2007 Lease Revenue Bonds	467,440			
2008 Lease Revenue Bonds	743,087	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
		Asset Forfeiture		22,000
Major Proprietary Fund		Regional Mall COP		4,962
Water	20,880	-		
		Major Proprietary Fund		
Internal Service Fund		Municipal Airport		20,880
Equipment Acquisition	22,000			_
		-	\$	1,256,551
Totals	\$ 1,256,551	<u>-</u>		

In general, the City uses interfund transfers to (1) move revenues from the funds that collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to help finance various programs and capital projects accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization, (3) move cash to debt service funds from the funds responsible for payment as debt service payments become due and (4) move various dollars from capital projects funds to funds where the projects were completed.

In general, the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

### D. Advance to CDA Successor Agency

As of February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency ceased operations as a component unit of the City and all assets and liabilities were transferred to a private purpose trust fund except for housing assets. The \$2,803,520 was an advance payment from Community Development Housing fund to Community Development Agency Debt Service to provide sufficient cash to pay the debt service payments due in September 2011. Due to the State SERAF payment requirement during fiscal year 2010 and 2011, the fund had insufficient cash to make the payment. Borrowing from the Housing Fund was authorized by State SERAF legislation. The fund will repay to the Housing Successor Fund upon approval from Department of Finance.

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

#### A. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits which can be converted to cash at termination of employment. The portion of these vested benefits, payable in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, at June 30, 2014, total \$2,857,222 for governmental activities and \$574,108 for business-type activities.

## B. <u>Certificates of Participation</u>

#### 1) 2004 Wastewater Certificates of Participation

The City issued Wastewater Certificates of Participation (COPs) in March 2004. The Wastewater COPs are special obligations of the City and are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Utility System. Principal payments commence on December 1, 2007, and are payable annually on December 1, thereafter. Interest payments commence on December 1, 2004, and are payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1, thereafter. The outstanding balance of the COPs at June 30, 2014 was \$26,630,000. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 695,000	\$ 1,205,826	\$ 1,900,826
2016	720,000	1,178,754	1,898,754
2017	745,000	1,149,814	1,894,814
2018	775,000	1,119,027	1,894,027
2019	805,000	1,086,235	1,891,235
2020-2024	4,585,000	4,862,481	9,447,481
2025-2029	5,755,000	3,677,685	9,432,685
2030-2034	7,280,000	2,148,571	9,428,571
2035-2039	5,270,000	383,325	5,653,325
	\$26,630,000	\$16,811,718	\$ 43,441,718

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

#### C. Revenue Bonds

# 1) 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds

On December 16, 2008, the City under the Tracy Operating Partnership (TPA) issued \$19,765,000 of 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds are to be used for acquisition and construction of projects, prepay the outstanding principal balance (\$9.835,000) of the 1998 Certificates of Participation, and pay costs of issuance. Interest payments on the bonds are due semi-annually each April 1 and October 1 at rates varying between 3% and 6.375%. Principal is due annually each October 1 with \$3,850,000 of serial bonds due between 2009 and 2027 and \$15,915,000 of term bonds due between 2028 and 2038. The JPA has pledged revenue pursuant to a site and facility lease between the City and the JPA for the Police Department Headquarters and the Fire Administration Building. The lease rental payments are due semi-annually and are in an amount sufficient to make payments on the bonds. Upon issuance of the bonds \$10,135,356 (which includes \$865,475 cash available from the 1998 Certificates) was deposited to prepay in full the 1998 Certificates on December 16, 2008 which included a call premium in the amount of \$196,700. The net proceeds of \$9,300,548 were deposited in the City (\$7,174,242) and the former Redevelopment Agency (\$2,126,306). outstanding balance of the bonds at June 30, 2014 is \$19,015,000

Future minimum debt requirements for the bonds are:

Fiscal Years				
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2015	\$ 170,000	\$ 1,151,462	\$ 1,321,462	
2016	195,000	1,143,919	1,338,919	
2017	220,000	1,134,826	1,354,826	
2018	250,000	1,123,938	1,373,938	
2019	285,000	1,110,875	1,395,875	
2020-2024	1,980,000	5,278,643	7,258,643	
2025-2029	3,240,000	4,531,160	7,771,160	
2030-2034	5,055,000	3,272,782	8,327,782	
2035-2039	7,620,000	1,293,577	8,913,577	
	\$19,015,000	\$20,041,182	\$ 39,056,182	

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

## C. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

#### 2) 2003 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

The City issued Wastewater Revenue Bonds in May, 2003 to provide funds to refund the balance of the 1993 Wastewater Certificates of Participation. The refunding resulted in an overall savings of \$419,472 and an economic gain of \$291,760. The Wastewater Revenue Bonds are special obligations of the City and are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of net revenues of the Wastewater Utility System. Principal payments commence on December 1, 2003, and are payable annually on December 1, thereafter. Interest payments commence on December 1, 2003, and are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, thereafter. This bond was paid off as of June 30, 2014.

# 3) 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds - Series A

On October 25, 2007, the City issued \$2,690,000 of 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A. The proceeds of the bonds are to be used to finance the acquisition and construction of a fire station and to pay costs of issuance including an insurance premium to acquire a reserve fund surety bond. The bonds are secured by a lien on the revenues consisting mainly of rental payments made by the City under a property lease dated October 1, 2007. The bonds bear interest ranging from 4.375% to 4.5%. Principal is payable annually beginning March 1, 2025. Interest is payable semi-annually every March 1 and September 1. Final maturity of the bonds is March 1, 2037. The outstanding balance of the bonds at June 30, 2014 is \$2,690,000. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

#### 2007 Revenue Bonds A

Fiscal Years				
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2015	\$ -	\$ 119,500	\$ 119,500	
2016		119,500	119,500	
2017		119,500	119,500	
2018		119,500	119,500	
2019		119,500	119,500	
2020-2024		597,500	597,500	
2025-2029	830,000	532,530	1,362,530	
2030-2034	1,085,000	323,900	1,408,900	
2035-2039	775,000	70,876	845,876	
	\$ 2,690,000	\$ 2,122,306	\$ 4,812,306	

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

## C. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

#### 4) 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds - Series B

On October 25, 2007, the City issued \$1,980,000 of 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds Series B. The proceeds of the bonds were used to prepay the outstanding 1995 Refunding Certificates of Participation and to pay costs of issuance including an insurance premium to acquire a reserve fund surety bond. The bonds are secured by a lien on the revenues consisting mainly of rental payments made by the City under a property lease dated October 1, 2007. The bonds bear interest rate ranging from 4% to 4.25%. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal is payable annually beginning on March 1, 2009. Final maturity of the bonds is March 1, 2025. The outstanding balance of the bonds at June 30, 2014 was \$1,295,000.

The proceeds from the bonds along with a reserve fund from the 1995 Certificates were used to immediately call the 1995 bonds. The City has a total overall savings on the refunding of \$281,934 and a net present value savings (economic gain) of \$166,312. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Years				
Ending June 30,	F	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2015	\$	105,000	\$ 53,180	\$ 158,180
2016		110,000	48,980	158,980
2017		115,000	44,580	159,580
2018		115,000	39,980	154,980
2019		120,000	35,380	155,380
2020-2024		680,000	99,230	779,230
2025-2029		50,000	 2,125	 52,125
	\$	1,295,000	\$ 323,455	\$ 1,618,455

#### D. Notes and Loans Payable

#### 1) 1992 State of California Department of Transportation Division of Aeronautics Loans

The 1992 loan helped fund the construction of the Tracy Municipal Airport. In January 1995, the City received an additional loan of \$150,000 for the construction of the ten unit hangar at the airport. In November 1998, the City received an additional loan of \$250,000 for the paving of runways and fence construction. Principal and interest on each loan is payable annually each April 2 and January 12. The outstanding balance of the loans at June 30, 2014 was \$33,149. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

#### D. Notes and Loans Payable (Continued)

# 1) <u>1992 State of California Department of Transportation Division of Aeronautics Loans</u> (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

	Fiscal Years					
_	Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
	2015	\$	21,194	\$	1,653	\$ 22,847
	2016		11,955		596	 12,551
		\$	33,149	\$	2,249	\$ 35,398

#### 2) State of California Department of Health Services Loan

In 2006, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Department of Health Services in the amount of \$20,000,000 for assistance in the construction of its new Water Treatment Plant. The proceeds from the loan can be drawn down by the City as needed for construction. The loan is a fully amortized loan over 20 years at an annual interest rate of 2.34%. The City will be obligated to make semi-annual payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$628,960 beginning July 1, 2009 with a final maturity date of January 1, 2028. As of June 30, 2014, the City has balance due of \$14,489,157. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 924,249	\$ 333,671	\$ 1,257,920
2016	946,002	311,916	1,257,918
2017	968,268	289,651	1,257,919
2018	991,058	266,860	1,257,918
2019	1,014,384	243,534	1,257,918
2020-2024	5,441,496	848,100	6,289,596
2025-2028	4,203,700	199,020	4,402,720
	\$14,489,157	\$ 2,492,752	\$ 16,981,909

## **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

## D. Notes and Loans Payable (Continued)

#### 3) Banta Community Irrigation District Note

The City received a \$6,500,000 note agreement with an interest rate of 3% from the Banta Community Irrigation District. Principal is payable annually. Interest is payable monthly. This note has been paid off as of June 30, 2014.

### E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2014	Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
2008 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$19,160,000	\$ -	\$ 145,000	\$ 19,015,000	\$ 170,000
2007 Revenue Bonds A	2,690,000			2,690,000	
2007 Revenue Bonds B	1,395,000		100,000	1,295,000	105,000
Capital Leases		948,743	40,227	908,516	82,518
Compensated Absences	2,793,763	867,404	803,945	2,857,222	927,675
Claims and Judgments	112,494			112,494	56,247
Postretirement Benefits	1,410,818	278,398		1,689,216	
Totals	\$27,562,075	\$ 2,094,545	\$ 1,089,172	\$ 28,567,448	\$ 1,341,440

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

### E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2014	Due within One Year
Business-type Activities:					
Certificates of Participation:					
2004 Wastewater Certificates of					
Participation	\$27,300,000	\$ -	\$ 670,000	\$ 26,630,000	\$ 695,000
Bonds Payable:					
2003 Wastewater Revenue Bonds	345,000		345,000		
Notes Payable:					
State of California Department					
of Transportation	53,478		20,329	33,149	21,194
State of California Department					
of Health Services	15,392,152		902,995	14,489,157	924,249
Irrigation District Notes	3,000,000		3,000,000		
Compensated Absences	517,902	157,584	101,378	574,108	170,620
Totals	\$46,608,532	\$ 157,584	\$ 5,039,702	\$ 41,726,414	\$ 1,811,063

# F. <u>Deferred Gain/Loss on Debt Refunding</u>

Deferred gain/loss on refundings are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

#### G. Defeased Debt

As of June 30, 2014, all prior debt defeased has been paid in full, there are no outstanding debt balances.

### NOTE 8 - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT DEBT WITH NO CITY COMMITMENT

Special Assessment Districts in various parts of the City have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their boundaries. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by these Districts, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt is not included as debt of the City. The outstanding balance of each of these issues as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

### NOTE 8 - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT DEBT WITH NO CITY COMMITMENT (Continued)

Description	Fisca Issue Year	Maturity Year Year	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2014
93-1 Community Facilities District 99-1 Community Facilities District, 04 Refunding 93-1 Community Facilities District, Series 2002 2003-01 Assessment District 2005C Revenue bonds (JPA) 2005B Revenue Bonds Junior Lien (JPA) 2005A Revenue Bonds Senior Lien (JPA) 2006-01 NE Industrial Phase II 2011 TOP JPA Revenue Bonds 2014 A Tracy Public Financing Authority Revenue Bonds	1997 2004 2003 2003 2006 2006 2006 2007 2012 2014	2027 2025 2033 2029 2036 2036 2029 2037 2028 2025	\$ 925,000 6,300,000 1,855,000 725,000 12,885,000 2,620,000 55,425,000 10,420,000 12,330,000 17,215,000
			\$ 120,700,000

#### **NOTE 9 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

The City had commitments under construction and similar contracts that approximate \$3.9 million at June 30, 2014.

The City is subject to other litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits; however, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 10 - CITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN)

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City of Tracy contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office – 400 P Street – Sacramento, CA 95814.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Participants are required to contribute 7% (9% for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined combined rate of 15.125% for miscellaneous employees and 27.693% for fire and police safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost: For 2014, the City's annual pension cost of \$6,945,941 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. In addition, the City paid employee contribution was \$2,777,503. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service, and (c) .25% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.75%. The actuarial value of PERS was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period (smoothed market value). PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 was 30 years for safety, and 23 years for miscellaneous.

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>: As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the miscellaneous plan and safety plan were 81.3 percent and 80.7 percent funded, respectively. The actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits were \$97.9 million (miscellaneous) and \$112.3 million (safety), and the actual value of assets were \$79.6 million (miscellaneous) and \$90.6 million (safety), resulting in unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) of \$18.2 million (miscellaneous) and \$21.6 million (safety). The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plans) was \$19.5 million and \$17.1 million for miscellaneous and safety, respectively. The ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 93.4% and 126.5%, respectively.

The schedules of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

# NOTE 10 – CITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (Continued)

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION FOR PERS					
Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Cost	Percentage of Annual Pension Cost Contributed		Pension ligation	
Miscellaneous					
6/30/2012	\$ 2,552,157	100%	\$	_	
6/30/2013	2,612,414	100%		-	
6/30/2014	2,611,548	100%		-	
Safety					
6/30/2012	\$ 4,608,752	100%	\$	-	
6/30/2013	4,245,630	100%		-	
6/30/2014	4,251,569	100%		_	

#### NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

<u>Plan Description</u> The City of Tracy administers a single employer defined benefit (implicit subsidy) healthcare plan (Plan).

The City offers medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to its employees, retirees, and their dependents. The City does not explicitly pay for the cost of retiree health premiums, however. The medical plans consist of two HealthNet HMO options, a HealthNet PPO, HealthNet High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP), and a Kaiser HMO, all fully insured. Medical premiums for retirees under age 65 are the same as those charged for active employees.

The City allows retirees to convert accrued sick leave to an account balance, called a "Medical Bank", that can be used for medical, dental and vision premiums. After the account is exhausted, the retiree has option either to terminate coverage or elect to continue paying the medical (but not dental or vision) premiums from personal funds. Spouses and eligible dependent children of retirees may also be covered at the retiree's expense. While the City does not directly contribute towards the cost of premiums for retirees, the ability to obtain coverage at an active employee rate constitutes a significant economic benefit to the retirees, called an "implicit subsidy" under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB 45). The inclusion of the retirees increases the City's overall health insurance rates; it is, in part, the purpose of this valuation to determine the amount of the subsidy.

The ability to participate in the City's health plan by self-paying the premiums extends for the lifetime of the retiree; however, upon attaining the age of Medicare eligibility (65), the retiree may enter a plan coordinated with Medicare. Standard actuarial practice assumes that Medicare supplement plans do not generally give rise to an implicit subsidy, and while we have included Medicare eligible retirees in this valuation, both their liability under GASB 45 and their annual implicit subsidy are both \$0.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

The Plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirement of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City.

Annual OPEB and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$	446,268
Plus - Interest on OPEB Obligation		56,433
Less - Amortization of OPEB Obligation		(81,588)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		421,113
Contributions made		(142,715)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		278,398
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of fiscal year		1,410,818
Net OPEB obligation - end of fiscal year	\$	1,689,216

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	Net	
Year		Annual OPEB	OPEB	
Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contribution	Obligation	
6/30/12	\$ 416,301	35%	\$ 1,141,564	
6/30/13	411,969	35%	1,410,818	
6/30/14	421,113	34%	1,689,216	

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,556,938, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3,556,938. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$33.2 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 10.7 percent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit Cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0 percent initially, graded down 1% per year to an ultimate 5% per year beginning in 2016. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2013 was thirty years.

#### **NOTE 12 – JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT**

During the fiscal year 2000, the City and the Tracy Rural Fire District formed the South County Fire Authority (Authority), a joint powers agreement. As part of this agreement, the employees of Tracy Rural Fire District became City employees and the City took over the management of the Authority's fire stations. The Authority is governed by a Board composed of two members each from the City and the Authority. Financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from the City of Tracy at 325 East Tenth Street, Tracy, CA 95376.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 13 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES**

#### A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. are divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined only at the government-wide level, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds and are described below.

Net Investment in Capital Assets describe the portion of net position, which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describe the portion of net position, which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions, which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, redevelopment funds restricted for low-and-moderate income purposes, and gas tax funds for street construction.

*Unrestricted* describes the portion of net position which is not restricted as to use.

#### B. Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2014, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

**Committed** – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the governing board.

**Assigned** – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the City's adopted policy, only the governing board or director may assign amounts for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** – all other spendable amounts. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 13 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

#### B. Fund Balances (Continued)

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the City against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The unassigned balance in an amount of \$33,419,738 includes a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties in an amount of \$12,036,923.

### **NOTE 14 – RESTRICTED**

Restrictions are subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted Net Position at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Governmental	al Business-type	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
\$ -	\$ 247,471	
581,627		
581,627	247,471	
4 044 500		
1,279,224		
5,297,967		
1,482,784		
5,230,783		
273,352		
71,301,576		
71,574,928		
14,955,461		
\$ 100,402,774	\$ 247,471	
	\$ - 581,627 1,241,528 37,696 1,279,224 5,297,967 1,482,784 5,230,783 273,352 71,301,576 71,574,928 14,955,461	

Included in total governmental restricted net position at June 30, 2014 are restricted by enabling legislation of \$86,530,389.

# CITY OF TRACY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 15 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. (see Note 13 for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	General	Housing Successor	North East Industrial Plan Area #1	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable	<b>6</b> 40.004	Φ.	ф <u>ББ 040</u>	Ф 0.40 <del>7</del>	Ф 00 <b>7</b> 07
Prepaid items Advances	\$ 12,394 244,057	\$ -	\$ 55,246	\$ 2,127	\$ 69,767 244,057
Loans receivable	525,790				525,790
Loans receivable	323,790				525,790
Total nonspendable fund balances	782,241		55,246	2,127	839,614
Restricted for:					
Traffic fines	316,648				316,648
Law enforcement	29,715				29,715
Housing	•	3,003,779			3,003,779
Special area projects			3,746,997	63,820,781	67,567,778
Debt service				932,684	932,684
Community development				470,154	470,154
Asset forfeiture				35,782	35,782
Streets and roads				5,297,967	5,297,967
Landscaping district				5,230,770	5,230,770
Fire authority				1,241,328	1,241,328
Cable TV				285,982	285,982
Tracy GROW				1,000,000	1,000,000
Capital projects				12,335,544	12,335,544
Total restricted fund balances	346,363	3,003,779	3,746,997	90,650,992	97,748,131
Assigned to:					
General	500,813				500,813
AC Trust	22,192			-	22,192
	523,005				523,005
Unassigned	40,000,000				40,000,000
Economic uncertainty	12,036,923			(4.077.055)	12,036,923
Unassigned	21,382,815			(1,277,655)	20,105,160
	33,419,738			(1,277,655)	32,142,083
Total fund balances	\$ 35,071,347	\$3,003,779	\$ 3,802,243	\$ 89,375,464	\$131,252,833

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 16 - REVENUE LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 218

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November 1996, will regulate the City's ability to impose, increase, and extend taxes, assessments, and fees. Any new, increased, or extended taxes, assessments, and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218, require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments, and fees are subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future years by the voters.

#### NOTE 17 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN AND TRUST

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the employees. Accordingly, the plan/trust assets have been excluded from the City's reported assets.

#### NOTE 18 – RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. <u>Coverage</u>

The City and 51 other entities in the Central San Joaquin area are members of a joint powers agreement called the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (RMA), which was established to provide for the sharing of risk among the member agencies. The RMA is governed by a Board of Directors elected by the member agencies; it is not a component unit of the City.

The RMA provides general liability coverage of \$900,000 above the City's self insurance limit of \$100,000 per occurrence, and property damage insurance up to \$1,000,000 including the City's deductible of \$1,000 to \$25,000 per occurrence. General liability claims in excess of \$1,000,000 up to a maximum of \$15,000,000 are covered through RMA's participation in the California Affiliated Risk Management Authority. The remaining excess is covered by the RMA through a policy with an independent insurance carrier up to \$29,000,000.

The RMA participates in an excess pool which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$500,000 to \$1,500,000 and purchases excess reinsurance above \$5,000,000 to the statutory limit.

The RMA maintains separate records for each member for each year of participation. The records track cash paid to the RMA through deposit premium assessments, the City's self-insured retention portion of claims paid, and the City's allocation of shared risks. Three years after the close of the workers' compensation coverage year and five years after the close of the general liability coverage year, the RMA assesses the status of all members for the year, then either makes a refund to a member if it has positive balance (i.e. payout and reserve experience is less than premiums paid) or collects any deficit.

### CITY OF TRACY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 18 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

#### A. Coverage (Continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City contributed \$2,565,208 for current year coverage.

Audited financial statements are available from the Central San Joaquin Risk Management Authority at 6371 Auburn Boulevard, Citrus Heights, CA 95621.

#### B. <u>Liability for Uninsured Claims</u>

The City provides for the uninsured portion of claims and judgments, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported, in the Insurance Internal Service Fund. Claims and judgments are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of asserting and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. As discussed above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible, or uninsured portion of these claims. The City has estimated that 50% of total claims will become due and payable within one year.

The City's liability for uninsured claims was estimated by management based on prior year claims experience and the third party JPA where the City as of June 30, 2014 has reserve deposits which cover claims and IBNRs except for \$112,494.

			Tc	otal
Beginning balance	Worker's Compensation \$ 60,838	General Liability \$ 51,656	2014 \$ 112,494	2013 \$112,494
Increase in estimated liability for prior and current fiscal claims and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) Claims paid				
Ending balance	\$ 60,838	\$ 51,656	\$ 112,494	\$ 112,494

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

### NOTE 19 - SUCCESSORY AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Tracy that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets unitil they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 17, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City resolution number 2012-021.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs State Controller of the State of California review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the state Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Prior to that date, the final seven months of activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City. After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

# CITY OF TRACY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 20 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY**

A. Capital assets of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

	Balance at uly 1, 2013	A	dditions	Deletions		Balance at ne 30, 2014
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land	\$ 2,581,457	\$		\$		\$ 2,581,457
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	2,581,457					2,581,457
Capital assets, being depreciated Improvements	 1,450,790					1,450,790
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	 1,450,790					 1,450,790
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements	 (690,284)		(89,973)			 (780,257)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 (690,284)		(89,973)			 (780,257)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	 760,506		(89,973)			 670,533
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,341,963	\$	(89,973)	\$		\$ 3,251,990

#### B. Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

	Balance at July 1, 2013	Additions	_Reductions_	Balance at June 30, 2014	Due within One Year
2003 Tax Allocation Bonds Advances from Successor Housing Fund	\$ 46,275,000 2,803,520	\$ -	\$ 1,300,000	\$44,975,000 2,803,520	\$ 1,360,000
Totals	\$ 49,078,520	\$ -	\$ 1,300,000	\$47,778,520	\$ 1,360,000

#### **Tax Allocation Bonds**

#### Former Community Development Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

In 1994, the former Agency issued Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$20,605,000 to finance redevelopment projects. Agency tax increment revenue is pledged for the repayment of these Bonds. Principal and interest payable semi-annually each March 1 and September 1. The Agency issued \$55,720,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 6.15% to advance refund \$17,290,000 of outstanding 1994 Tax Allocation Bonds. As a result, the \$17,290,000 of outstanding Tax Allocation Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed.

# CITY OF TRACY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 20 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY (Continued)

#### Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

#### Former Community Development Agency Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

In March 2001, the Agency issued the Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A, in the amount of \$15,000,000 to fund infrastructure improvements and redevelopment activities of benefit to the Project Area. Agency tax increment revenue is pledged for the repayment of these Bonds. Principal and interest are payable semi-annually each March 1 and September 1. The Agency issued \$55,720,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 6.15% to advance refund \$15,000,000 of outstanding 2001 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A. As a result, the \$15,000,000 of outstanding Tax Allocation Bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed.

During the 2004-05 fiscal year, the Agency issued Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$55,720,000, with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 6.15% per annum, to provide funds for certain projects of the Agency and to defease the 1994 and 2001 Tax Allocation Bonds. The bonds mature semiannually on each March 1, through 2034. The outstanding balance of the bonds at June 30, 2014 was \$44,975,000. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Years			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 1,360,000	\$ 2,343,988	\$ 3,703,988
2016	1,420,000	2,292,460	3,712,460
2017	1,485,000	2,227,661	3,712,661
2018	1,550,000	2,159,336	3,709,336
2019	1,630,000	2,085,136	3,715,136
2020-2024	9,455,000	9,113,816	18,568,816
2025-2029	12,195,000	6,370,872	18,565,872
2030-2034	15,880,000	2,694,908	18,574,908
	\$ 44,975,000	\$29,288,177	\$74,263,177

#### Advances from Successor Housing Fund

**Successor Housing Fund** advance was to provide sufficient cash to pay the debt service payments due in September 2011. Due to the State SERAF payment requirement during fiscal year 2010 and 2011, the fund had insufficient cash to make the payment. Borrowing from the former Housing Fund was authorized by State SERAF legislation. The fund will repay the Housing Successor Fund upon approval from Department of Finance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 21 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS**

The prior period adjustment of (\$171,656) in the Sewer Fund, (\$1,270,090) for the CDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund, and on the government-wide statements for governmental activities (1,170,593) were all related to cost of issuance of debt not meeting the definition of deferred outflows of resources per GASB Statement No. 65.

#### **NOTE 22 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management of the City has evaluated subsequent events through December 17, 2014, the date of these financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined there were no material events requiring disclosure.



### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

#### **Pension Trend Information**

Date

6/30/2011

6/30/2012

6/30/2013

			Misc	ellane	eous Plan				
	Entry Age				Unfunded				
Actuarial	Normal		Actuarial	Liability		Annual	UAAL As a		
Valuation	Accrued		Value of		(Excess	Funded	Covered	% of	
Date	Liability		Assets		Assets)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
6/30/2011	\$ 97,889,894	\$	79,630,086	\$	18,259,808	81.3%	\$ 19,548,907	93.4%	
6/30/2012	104,330,883		72,381,226		31,949,657	69.4%	18,801,924	169.9%	
6/30/2013	111,972,835		82,108,458		29,864,377	73.3%	17,600,937	169.7%	
		RE	QUIRED SUPPI	LEME	NTARY INFOR	MATION			
			ξ	Safety	Plan				
	Entry Age				Unfunded				
Actuarial	Normal		Actuarial		Liability		Annual	UAAL As a	
Valuation	Accrued		Value of		(Excess	Funded	Covered	% of	

#### Modified Approach to Reporting Street Pavement Costs

**Assets** 

90,646,980

83,698,375

95,582,360

Liability

\$ 112,291,769

119,995,394

124,979,832

GASB Statement No. 34 allows the City to use the Modified Approach with respect to infrastructure assets instead of depreciating these assets. The Modified Approach may be used if two requirements are met:

Assets)

21,644,789

36,297,019

29,397,472

Ratio

80.7%

69.8%

76.5%

Payroll

17,113,799

16.588.964

15,881,156

Payroll

126.5%

218.8%

185.1%

- 1. The City must have an asset management system (AMS) with certain features:
  - It must maintain an up-to-date inventory of the infrastructure assets.
  - It must estimate the annual costs to maintain and preserve those assets at the condition level the City has established and disclosed through administrative or executive policy or legislative action.
  - The AMS must be used to assess the condition of the assets periodically, using a measurement scale.
  - The condition assessments must be replicable as those that are based on sufficiently understandable and complete measurement methods such that different measurers using the same methods would reach substantially similar results.
- 2. The City must document that the roads are being preserved approximately at or above the condition level the City has established and disclosed. This documentation must include the results of the three most recent complete condition assessments and must provide reasonable assurance that the assets are being preserved approximately at or above the intended condition level.

# CITY OF TRACY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

#### Modified Approach to Reporting Street Pavement Costs (Continued)

The City has elected to use the Modified Approach to report street pavement costs. The City uses the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's (MTC) Pavement System to track the condition levels of each of the street sections.

The conditions of the pavement are based on a weighted average of seven distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The MTC pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index ranging from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for pavement with perfect conditions. The condition index is used to classify pavement in good or better condition (70-100), fair condition (50-69), and substandard condition (less than 50).

The City's preservation costs are budgeted to be \$3,387,213 in fiscal year 2015. The Pavement Condition Index (PC) for the City's street pavement for the latest years is as follows:

		Maintenance	Actual		
Year	PCI	Budget	Maintenance		
2002	76	\$1,505,620	\$1,389,043		
2003	77	1,621,170	1,642,556		
2004	77	2,043,580	14,441,690		
2005	81	2,303,227	13,943,191		
2006	78	2,653,860	14,874,752		
2007	76	4,244,964	8,647,067		
2008	74	13,605,000	19,466,614		
2009	72	1,667,146	19,115,824		
2010	73	4,457,510	3,333,185		
2011	82	4,355,038	3,096,185		
2012	82	1,775,290	1,347,061		
2013	77	2,973,800	1,387,484		
2014	77	3,183,569	3,350,927		
2015	74	3,387,213			

The City's administrative policy is to achieve a minimum rating of 73 for all street pavement. This rating allows for minor cracking and revealing of payment along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at posted speed. The City expended \$3,350,927 for street preservation for fiscal year 2014.

# CITY OF TRACY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

#### Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions

#### **Trend Information**

	Pr	ojected Unit			Unfunded					
Actuarial	C	Credit Cost	Ac	tuarial	Liability Annual		Annual	UAAL As a		
Valuation		Accrued	Va	alue of	(Excess	Funde	ed	Covered	% of	
Date		Liability	A	ssets	 Assets)	Ratio	)	Payroll	Payroll	
7/1/2009	\$	2,295,979	\$	-	\$ 2,295,979		0%	\$ 37,101,371	6.2%	
7/1/2011		3,213,284		-	3,213,284		0%	33,174,229	9.7%	
7/1/2013		3,556,938		-	3,556,938		0%	33,223,032	10.7%	

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2014

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

Through the budget, the City Council sets the direction of the City, allocates its resources and establishes its priorities. The Annual Budget assures the efficient and effective uses of the City's economic resources, as well as establishing that the highest priority objectives are accomplished.

The Annual Budget serves from July 1 to June 30, and is a vehicle that accurately and openly communicates these priorities to the community, businesses, vendors, employees and other public agencies. Additionally, it establishes the foundation of effective financial planning by providing resource planning, performance measures, and controls that permit the evaluation and adjustment of the City's performance.

The City collects and records revenue and expenditures within the following categories:

- Governmental Activities
- Business-Type Activities

The Governmental Funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects funds. All funding sources are kept separate for both reporting and use of the money. The General Fund is where most City services are funded that are not required to be segregated.

The budget process begins as a team effort in January of each year, starting with an annual strategic planning meeting. Then the individual departments use projected revenue assumptions to prioritize and recommend the next fiscal year's objectives. The City Manager's Office and the Finance Department review all budget proposals and revenue assumptions, as well as all current financial obligations before preparing the document that is proposed to the City Council. The City Council reviews the Proposed Budget through a series of committees and workshops and the final adoption of the budget is scheduled for June of each year.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Before the beginning of the fiscal year the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the year commencing July 1.
- 2. A public meeting is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is subsequently adopted through passage of a resolution and is not included herein but is published separately.
- 4. All appropriations are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council and all unencumbered budgeted amounts lapse at year-end, except in the General Fund where an expenditure control budget policy allows departments to carryover a portion of the unexpended amounts into the next fiscal year.

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2014

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### A. Budgetary Data (Continued)

- 5. Continuing Appropriations are re-budgeted by the City Council as part of the adoption of subsequent year's budgets.
- 6. Legally adopted budget appropriations are set for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds.
- 7. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. A Department Head may transfer appropriations within the department. Expenditures may exceed appropriations at this level to the extent that departmental owned revenues are sufficient to offset the excess. Expenditures in excess of departmental owned revenues must be approved by the City Council. The City Council, by the affirmative vote of three members, may amend the budget to add or delete appropriations, transfer between appropriations within a fund or change appropriation transfers between funds.
- 8. Budgets for General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the budgeted governmental funds.

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances, since the commitments will be honored through subsequent years' continuing appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities for US GAAP reporting purposes.

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# CITY OF TRACY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 36,148,160	\$ 38,012,980	\$ 40,282,107	\$ 2,269,127		
Licenses, permits, and fees	3,759,950	3,865,830	3,813,645	(52,185)		
Fines and forfeitures	1,404,000	1,404,000	790,326	(613,674)		
Use of money and property	1,165,000	1,165,000	832,258	(332,742)		
Intergovernmental	1,039,750	1,419,259	1,533,055	113,796		
Charges for services	6,016,030	6,463,660	8,588,914	2,125,254		
Special assessments	300,000	300,000	370,643	70,643		
Contributions	130,000	130,000		(130,000)		
Other revenues	1,357,400	1,357,400	1,184,106	(173,294)		
Total revenues	51,320,290	54,118,129	57,395,054	3,276,925		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:						
Economic development	466,860	485,890	436,893	48,997		
General government	2,291,930	2,475,700	3,165,940	(690,240)		
Finance	1,923,230	2,025,230	2,102,067	(76,837)		
Non-departmental	215,020	299,025	372,061	(73,036)		
Public safety:	•	,	,	,		
Police	22,715,220	22,879,785	21,582,841	1,296,944		
Fire	9,052,090	9,052,090	9,231,255	(179,165)		
Public works:	, ,	, ,	,	,		
Development and engineering	5,870,360	6,443,580	6,301,000	142,580		
Public works	3,971,370	4,015,821	3,648,617	367,204		
Culture and leisure:	, ,	, ,	, ,	,		
Cultural arts	1,406,480	1,406,480	1,310,025	96,455		
Parks and community services	1,971,240	1,971,240	1,802,656	168,584		
Capital outlay	,- , -	,- , -	55,225	(55,225)		
Total expenditures	49,883,800	51,054,841	50,008,580	1,046,261		
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	1,436,490	3,063,288	7,386,474	4,323,186		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(1,204,000)	(1,204,000)	(1,208,709)	(4,709)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,204,000)	(1,204,000)	(1,208,709)	(4,709)		
Net change in fund balance	232,490	1,859,288	6,177,765	4,318,477		
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	28,893,582	28,893,582	28,893,582			
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 29,126,072	\$ 30,752,870	\$ 35,071,347	\$ 4,318,477		

# CITY OF TRACY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING SUCCESSOR FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actual		ance with al Budget
	Original			Final	Amounts	Positiv	/e (Negative)
REVENUES							
Use of money and property	\$	25,500	\$	25,500	\$ 61,768	\$	36,268
Total revenues		25,500		25,500	 61,768		36,268
Net change in fund balance		25,500		25,500	61,768		36,268
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		2,942,011		2,942,011	 2,942,011		
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	2,967,511	\$	2,967,511	\$ 3,003,779	\$	36,268

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

#### **BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND**

Established to accumulate revenues from business licenses for subsequent transfer to the General Fund in order to provide donations to the Main Street Tracy Program.

#### **ASSET FORFEITURE FUND**

Established to account for the revenues that occur from asset seizures. They are specifically restricted for the purchase of law enforcement equipment and supplies.

#### **PROPOSITION 1B FUND**

Established to account for the revenues from the State of California generated by the issuance of general obligation bonds. The revenues are to be used for highway safety, traffic reduction, and air quality.

#### TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT FUND

Established to account for the City's share of the quarter cent statewide transportation sales tax devoted to street maintenance purposes. The tax first goes to the Transportation Development Fund.

#### PROPOSITION K TRANSPORTATION FUND

Established to account for the City's share of the half cent transportation sales tax of San Joaquin County. It is used for street maintenance and repairs.

#### STATE GAS TAX STREET FUND

Established to account for the City's share of State-Imposed motor vehicle gas taxes, which are legally restricted to acquisition, construction, improvement, and maintenance of the City's streets.

#### **TEA GRANT FUND**

Established to account for the revenues from transportation efficiency act grant projects.

#### COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

Established to account for federal grant monies received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for Community Development Block Grants.

#### LANDSCAPING DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for transactions of the City's landscaping benefit assessment districts.

#### RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL REHABILITATION LOAN FUND

Used to account for Department of Housing and Urban Development Fund (HUD) trust monies which are used for low interest loans to qualified borrowers for inner city rehabilitation projects in accordance with HUD agreements.

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)**

#### SOUTH COUNTY FIRE AUTHORITY FUND

This fund was established to account for revenues and liabilities of the Authority, which is a Joint Powers Agreement between the City and the Tracy Rural Fire District. The Authority is responsible for fire prevention and suppression in parts of the City and in surrounding unincorporated areas.

#### **COMMUNITY ACCESS CTV FUND**

Used to account for fees collected from City cable TV customers to cover expenses for videotaping and broadcasting the City Council meetings.

#### **GROW TRACY FUND**

To establish a fund to assist local business owners through the issuance of small business loans.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

#### 2007 LEASE REVENUE BONDS FUND

Established to accumulate funds for the payment of debt service on the lease revenue bonds issued to 1) refund the prior Certificates of Participation and 2) finance the acquisition and construction of a fire station.

#### **PARKS COP FUND**

Established to accumulate funds for payment of certificates of participating (COP) principal and interest. This COP provided the resources to purchase the Tracy Community Park as well as other public facilities sites.

#### 2008 LEASE REVENUE BONDS FUND

Established to accumulate funds for the payment of debt service on the 2008 lease revenue bonds that were originally issued to reflect prior certifications of participation and finance construction of certain City facility.

#### REGIONAL MALL COP DEBT SERVICE FUND

Established to accumulate funds for the payment of debt service on the COPs issued for public infrastructure in the new Regional Mall area. Funds are transferred from the general fund into this fund for this debt service.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

#### RESIDENTIAL SPECIFIC PLAN PROJECTS FUND

Established to account for capital projects financed by fees levied on developers in the City's 1987 Residential Specific Plan area.

#### NORTH EAST INDUSTRIAL PLAN AREA # 2 FUND

Established to account for capital projects to separate development in the North East Industrial area of the City.

#### **INFILL PROJECTS FUND**

Established to account for capital projects financed through capital development fees levied upon developers in the City's infill areas.

#### **I-205 AREA IMPROVEMENTS FUND**

Established to account for monies received from the sale of bonds for the purpose of construction of various community facilities within a specific area in the City.

#### **URBAN MANAGEMENT PLAN FACILITIES FUND**

Established to account for expenditures for the planning, design, and construction of capital facilities required for new development beyond the current infill, Residential Specific Plan (RSP), and I-205 development.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS DEPOSIT FUND

Established to account for monies received from developers, contractors, and other entities for the purpose of reimbursing the City for expenditures incurred in studies, research, etc., regarding their proposed development.

#### SOUTH MACARTHUR PLAN AREA FUND

Established to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

#### INDUSTRIAL SPECIFIC PLAN SOUTH FUND

Established to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

#### PRESIDIO PLAN AREA FUND

Established to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

#### REDEVELOPMENT OBLIGATIONS FUND

This fund is used to account for CDA grant proceeds used by the City to complete redevelopment projects.

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)**

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS (Continued)**

#### TRACY GATEWAY AREA FUND

Established to account for projects to support development in a specific area of the City financed by assessments and/or development impact fees.

#### **PLAN C FUND**

Plan C is a development area of the City which was approved in 1998. Capital development fees levied on developers in this area and the related expenditures are accounted for in this fund.

#### **GENERAL PROJECTS FUND**

Established to account for capital projects financial through transfers from the general fund.

#### CITY OF TRACY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2014

				Special Re	evenue	e Funds		
	Impr	ovement District	<u></u> F	Asset orfeiture	Pro	oposition 1B	Transportation Development	
Assets								
Cash and investments with fixed agents	\$	1,982	\$	39,629	\$	19,551	\$	60,868
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable Interest receivable Due from other funds Deposits				113		56		2,324,814 174
Advances to other funds  Loans receivable								
Prepaid items				1,914				
Total Assets	\$	1,982	\$	41,656	\$	19,607	\$	2,385,856
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:			_				_	
Accounts payable  Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	3,960	\$	19,651	\$	- 981,000
Deposits payable		1,995						301,000
Total Liabilities		1,995		3,960		19,651		981,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenue - loans								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								
of Resources		1,995		3,960		19,651		981,000
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items Restricted				1,914 35,782				1,404,856
Assigned				33,702				1,404,000
Unassigned		(13)			-	(44)		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(13)		37,696		(44)		1,404,856
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,982	\$	41,656	\$	19,607	\$	2,385,856

	Special Revenue Funds										
Proposition K Transportation Tax	State Gas Tax Street		TEA Grant	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant	Lá	andscaping District				
\$ 1,986,619	\$ 1,828,090	\$	406	\$	430	\$	5,427,409				
296,258 5,651	249,317 5,193		1,078,707				15,422				
							13				
\$ 2,288,528	\$ 2,082,600	\$	1,079,113	\$	430	\$	5,442,844				
\$ 419,046	\$ 58,971	\$	275,501 2,052,000	\$	16,640 13,000	\$	212,061				
419,046	58,971		2,327,501		29,640		212,061				
	,		, ,		,		,				
419,046	58,971		2,327,501		29,640		212,061				
							13				
1,869,482	2,023,629						5,230,770				
			(1,248,388)		(29,210)						
1,869,482	2,023,629		(1,248,388)		(29,210)		5,230,783				

 \$ 2,288,528
 \$ 2,082,600
 \$ 1,079,113
 \$ 430
 \$ 5,442,844

(Continued)

# CITY OF TRACY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2014 (Continued)

				Special Re	evenu	ıe Funds		
		esidential Commercial habilitation Loan	South County Fire Authority			ommunity Access CTV	Grow Tracy	
Assets								
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$	196,245 557	\$	- 2,642,375 86	\$	235,459 78,572 669	\$	-
Due from other funds Deposits Advances to other funds Loans receivable								1,000,000
Prepaid items				200				
Total Assets	\$	196,802	\$	2,642,661	\$	314,700	\$	1,000,000
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits payable	\$	-	\$	78,887 1,303,362 18,884	\$	28,718	\$	-
Total Liabilities				1,401,133		28,718		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenue - loans								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows  of Resources				1,401,133		28,718		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable								
Prepaid items Restricted Unassigned		196,802		200 1,241,328		285,982		1,000,000
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		196,802		1,241,528		285,982		1,000,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	196,802	\$	2,642,661	\$	314,700	\$	1,000,000

	2007		Debt Sei		2008		
	2007					Desien	al Mall
	Lease				Lease		nal Mall
	Revenue	Darila	- 00D		Revenue		OP
_	Bonds	Park	s COP		Bonds	Debt S	Service
		•			.=	•	
\$	88,844	\$	-	\$	653,390	\$	3
	188,340						
	252				1,855		
\$	277,436	\$	-	\$	655,245	\$	3
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ		*		Ψ		Ψ	
	077 400				055.645		_
	277,436				655,245		3
	277,436				655,245		3
\$	277,436	\$		\$	655,245	\$	3

**Debt Service Funds** 

(Continued)

# CITY OF TRACY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Capital Projects Funds							
		Residential pecific Plan Projects		North East Industrial Plan Area # 2		Infill Projects		-205 Area provements
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	2,984,324	\$	3,432,102	\$	2,116,567	\$	3,628,373
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		0.070		3,090,693		4.040		
Accounts receivable Interest receivable		2,678 8,449		9,772		4,048 5,994		10,294
Due from other funds		0,449		9,112		5,994		10,294
Deposits								
Advances to other funds				1,747,454				
Loans receivable		2,442,500		, , -				
Prepaid items								
Total Assets	\$	5,437,951	\$	8,280,021	\$	2,126,609	\$	3,638,667
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:			•	0.4.0.000	_		_	0.0=4
Accounts payable	\$	3	\$	219,936	\$	30,462	\$	2,051
Due to other funds				25 944				762.059
Deposits payable				35,844			•	762,058
Total Liabilities		3		255,780		30,462		764,109
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenue - loans		2,442,500						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,442,500						
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								_
of Resources		2,442,503		255,780		30,462		764,109
Fund Balances: Nonspendable								
Prepaid items								
Restricted		2,995,448		8,024,241		2,096,147		2,874,558
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		2,995,448		8,024,241		2,096,147		2,874,558
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	5,437,951	\$	8,280,021	\$	2,126,609	\$	3,638,667

	Capital Projects Funds										
Urban Management Plan Facilities	Capital Projects Deposit	South MacArthur Plan Area	Industrial Specific Plan South	Presidio Plan Area	Redevelopment Obligations						
\$ 3,290,679 83,199 9,348	\$ 2,495,953 7,020 3,033,000	\$ 10,352,133 250,002 29,394	\$ 2,957,370 8,393	\$ 5,974,073 5,033 16,955	\$ 180,043 95,800 509						
\$ 3,383,226	\$ 5,535,973	\$ 10,631,529	\$ 2,965,763	\$ 5,996,061	\$ 276,352						
\$ 526,656 342,484	\$ - <u>832,265</u>	\$ 35,651	\$ 998	\$ - <u>825,000</u>	\$ -						
869,140	832,265	35,651	998	825,000	3,000						
869,140	832,265	35,651	998	825,000	3,000						
2,514,086	4,703,708	10,595,878	2,964,765	5,171,061	273,352						
2,514,086	4,703,708	10,595,878	2,964,765	5,171,061	273,352						
\$ 3,383,226	\$ 5,535,973	\$ 10,631,529	\$ 2,965,763	\$ 5,996,061	\$ 276,352						

(Continued)

# CITY OF TRACY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Capital Projects Funds							
		Tracy Gateway Area		Plan "C"		General Projects	(	Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable	\$	3,097,304	\$ ^	18,722,954	\$	2,475,814 8,056,264	\$	72,246,614 11,590,332 6,855,768
Interest receivable Due from other funds Deposits Advances to other funds Loans receivable Prepaid items		8,789		53,147		2,573,000		198,092 5,606,000 1,000,000 1,747,454 2,442,500 2,127
Total Assets	\$	3,106,093	\$ ^	18,776,101	\$	13,105,078	\$	101,688,887
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits payable	\$	-	\$	1,305	\$	563,389 206,145	\$	2,493,886 4,349,362 3,027,675
Total Liabilities				1,305		769,534		9,870,923
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenue - loans								2,442,500
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows								2,442,500
of Resources				1,305		769,534		12,313,423
Fund Balances: Nonspendable								
Prepaid items Restricted Unassigned		3,106,093		18,774,796		12,335,544		2,127 90,650,992 (1,277,655)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		3,106,093		18,774,796		12,335,544		89,375,464
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,106,093	\$ ^	18,776,101	\$	13,105,078	\$	101,688,887

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# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

				Special Re	venue l	Funds		
		siness ovement istrict	Asset Forfeiture		Proposition 1B		Transportation Development	
REVENUES:	\$		¢		œ		œ	2 224 214
Taxes Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and penalties Use of money and property Intergovernmental Special assessments Contributions Other revenues Charges for services		- 113,979	\$	72,663 422	\$	- (44) (19,651)	\$	2,324,814 390
Total Revenues		113,979		73,085		(19,695)		2,325,204
EXPENDITURES:  Current:  General government  Economic development  General government  Non-departmental  Public safety  Police  Fire  Public works  Development and engineering  Public works  Capital outlay  Debt service:  Principal payments  Interest and fiscal charges		113,992		9,397 6,901		(17,187)		30,000 165,574 1,454,520
Total Expenditures		113,992		16,298		(17,187)		1,650,094
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(13)		56,787		(2,508)		675,110
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out		3,144		(22,000)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,144		(22,000)				
Net Changes in Fund Balances		3,131		34,787		(2,508)		675,110
Fund Balances (Deficits), July 1, 2013		(3,144)		2,909		2,464		729,746
Fund Balances (Deficits), June 30, 2014	\$	(13)	\$	37,696	\$	(44)	\$	1,404,856

Special	Revenue	Funds
---------	---------	-------

oposition K ansportation Tax	State Gas Tax Street	TEA Grant	Community Development Block Grant	Landscaping District
\$ 1,197,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
15,494	15,095 2,614,155	1,395,887	59 561,313	37,927 2,657,497
				732
1,212,975	2,629,250	1,395,887	561,372	2,696,156
			399,975	
	28,590			74,822
798,097	1,063,621 852,957	2,745,052	36,728	1,972,453 18,579
798,097	1,945,168	2,745,052	436,703	2,065,854
414,878	684,082	(1,349,165)	124,669	630,302
414,878 1,454,604	684,082 1,339,547	(1,349,165)	124,669 (153,879)	630,302 4,600,481
\$ 1,869,482	\$ 2,023,629	\$ (1,248,388)	\$ (29,210)	\$ 5,230,783

(Continued)

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds								
	and (	esidential Commercial nabilitation Loan	South County Fire Authority		Community Access CTV			Grow Tracy	
REVENUES:									
Taxes Licenses, permits, and fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 194,256	\$	-	
Fines and penalties		4.040		4 007		4004			
Use of money and property Intergovernmental		1,249		1,237 6,728,853		1384			
Special assessments				0,720,000					
Contributions									
Other revenues									
Charges for services				250,665		168			
Total Revenues		1,249		6,980,755		195,808			
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government									
Economic development									
General government						82,956			
Non-departmental				199,843		43,810			
Public safety									
Police									
Fire				6,638,018					
Public works									
Development and engineering									
Public works									
Capital outlay				49,604					
Debt service:									
Principal payments									
Interest and fiscal charges									
Total Expenditures				6,887,465		126,766			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,249		93,290		69,042			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Changes in Fund Balances		1,249		93,290		69,042			
Fund Balances (Deficits), July 1, 2013		195,553		1,148,238		216,940		1,000,000	
Fund Balances (Deficits), June 30, 2014	\$	196,802	\$	1,241,528	\$	285,982	\$	1,000,000	

	Debt Service Funds											
F	2007 Lease Revenue Bonds		ks COP		2008 Lease Revenue Bonds	Regional Mall COP Debt Service						
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
	880				5,767		7,183					
					581,813							
	880				587,580		7,183					

100,000		145,000	
181,830		 1,162,762	 
281,830	_	 1,307,762	
(280,950)		 (720,182)	7,183
467,440		 743,087	(4,962)
467,440	_	 743,087	(4,962)
186,490		22,905	2,221
90,946		 632,340	(2,218)
\$ 277,436	\$ -	\$ 655,245	\$ 3

(Continued)

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Capital Projects Funds									
	Residential Specific Plan Projects			North East Industrial Plan Area # 2		Infill Projects	I-205 Area Improvements			
REVENUES: Taxes	æ		æ		æ		\$			
Licenses, permits, and fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ф	-		
Fines and penalties										
Use of money and property		49,260		58,789		27,760		45,838		
Intergovernmental										
Special assessments Contributions				2,593,805		46,984				
Other revenues										
Charges for services										
<b>3</b>										
Total Revenues		49,260		2,652,594		74,744		45,838		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government										
Economic development										
General government Non-departmental										
Public safety										
Police										
Fire										
Public works										
Development and engineering										
Public works		2.059.606		060 271		704 295		922 090		
Capital outlay Debt service:		2,058,606		960,371		794,285		823,980		
Principal payments										
Interest and fiscal charges										
· ·		0.070.000		000.074		704005				
Total Expenditures		2,058,606		960,371		794,285		823,980		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,009,346)		1,692,223		(719,541)		(778,142)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in										
Transfers out										
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(2,009,346)		1,692,223		(719,541)		(778,142)		
Fund Balances (Deficits), July 1, 2013		5,004,794		6,332,018		2,815,688		3,652,700		
Fund Balances (Deficits), June 30, 2014	\$	2,995,448	\$	8,024,241	\$	2,096,147	\$	2,874,558		

Capital Projec	xs Funas	3
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Urban				Industrial				
nagement Plan acilities	Capital Projects Deposits	South Specific MacArthur Plan Plan Area South		Plan	Presidio Plan Area	Redevelopment Obligations		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
26,980	52,646	85,321		30,450	56,392		1,457	
3,962,294		986,959		1,266				
54,375								
 4,043,649	 52,646	1,072,280		31,716	56,392		1,457	

3,886,001	441,682	96,810	36,963		8,340	
3,886,001	441,682	96,810	36,963		8,340	
157,648	(389,036)	 975,470	 (5,247)		48,052	 1,457
157,648	(389,036)	975,470	(5,247)		48,052	1,457
2,356,438	5,092,744	9,620,408	 2,970,012		5,123,009	271,895
\$ 2,514,086	\$ 4,703,708	\$ 10,595,878	\$ 2,964,765	\$	5,171,061	\$ 273,352

(Continued)

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

DEVENUE O.		Tracy Gateway Area	Plan "C"	General Projects	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES:  Taxes Licenses, permits, and fees	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,522,295 194,256
Fines and penalties Use of money and property Intergovernmental		32,024	186,453	5,224	72,663 745,637 11,394,536
Special assessments Contributions Other revenues Charges for services			509,068	15,025 84,100	6,810,604 4,046,394 582,545 305,208
Total Revenues		32,024	695,521	104,349	 27,674,138
EXPENDITURES:  Current:  General government  Economic development  General government  Non-departmental  Public safety  Police  Fire  Public works  Development and engineering  Public works  Capital outlay  Debt service:  Principal payments  Interest and fiscal charges		117,235	138,120	331,941 3,493,592	513,967 82,956 377,065 9,397 6,638,018 165,574 4,822,535 17,346,716 245,000 1,344,592
Total Expenditures		117,235	138,120	3,825,533	31,545,820
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(85,211)	557,401	(3,721,184)	(3,871,682)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):  Transfers in  Transfers out					1,213,671 (26,962)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 		1,186,709
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(85,211)	557,401	(3,721,184)	(2,684,973)
Fund Balances (Deficits), July 1, 2013		3,191,304	18,217,395	16,056,728	92,060,437
Fund Balances (Deficits), June 30, 2014	\$	3,106,093	\$ 18,774,796	\$ 12,335,544	\$ 89,375,464

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## CITY OF TRACY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Busine	ess Improvement	District	Asset Forfeiture					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and penalties Use of money and property Intergovernmental Special assessments Contributions Other revenues Charges for services	117,150	113,979	(3,171)	26,500	72,663 422	46,163 422			
Total Revenues	117,150	113,979	(3,171)	26,500	73,085	46,585			
Expenditures: Current: General government Economic development General governmental Non-departmental Public safety Police Fire Public works Development and engineering Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges	117,200	113,992	3,208	6,000	9,397	(3,397)			
Total Expenditures	117,200	113,992	3,208	12,900	16,298	(3,398)			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(50)	(13)	37_	13,600	56,787	43,187			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		3,144	3,144	(22,000)	(22,000)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,144	3,144	(22,000)	(22,000)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (50)	3,131	\$ 3,181	\$ (8,400)	34,787	\$ 43,187			
Fund Balances (Deficits), July 1, 2013		(3,144)			2,909				
Fund Balances (Deficits), June 30, 2014		\$ (13)			\$ 37,696				

Trans	spor	tation Develo	pmer	nt	Proposi	tion	K Transporta	tion	Тах	State Gas Tax Street					
Final Budget		Actual	I	/ariance Positive legative)	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)		Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
\$ 1,500,000	\$	2,324,814	\$	824,814	\$ 1,100,000	\$	1,197,481	\$	97,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
		390		390			15,494		15,494		2,435,150		15,095 2,614,155		15,095 179,005
 1,500,000		2,325,204		825,204	 1,100,000		1,212,975		112,975		2,435,150		2,629,250		194,100
35,200		30,000		5,200							3,400		28,590		(25,190)
160,000 1,439,540		165,574 1,454,520		(5,574) (14,980)	2,264,225		798,097		1,466,128		1,362,060 2,389,243		1,063,621 852,957		298,439 1,536,286
 1,634,740		1,650,094		(15,354)	2,264,225		798,097		1,466,128		3,754,703		1,945,168		1,809,535
(134,740)		675,110		809,850	 (1,164,225)		414,878		1,579,103		(1,319,553)		684,082		2,003,635
\$ (134,740)		675,110	\$	809,850	\$ (1,164,225)		414,878	\$	1,579,103	\$	(1,319,553)		684,082	\$	2,003,635
		729,746					1,454,604						1,339,547		
	\$	1,404,856				\$	1,869,482					\$	2,023,629		

### CITY OF TRACY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

		TEA Grant		Communi	ty Development Bl	ock Grant
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	•		•	•	•	•
Taxes Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and penalties	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Use of money and property Intergovernmental Special assessments Contributions Other revenues Charges for services	416,720	1,395,887	979,167	517,785	59 561,313	59 43,528
Total Revenues	416,720	1,395,887	979,167	517,785	561,372	43,587
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government Economic development Administration				402,770	399,975	2,795
Non-departmental Public safety Police Fire						
Public works  Development and engineering  Public works						
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal payments	7,096,520	2,745,052	4,351,468	14,450	36,728	(22,278)
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total Expenditures	7,096,520	2,745,052	4,351,468	417,220	436,703	(19,483)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,679,800)	(1,349,165)	5,330,635	100,565	124,669	24,104
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (6,679,800)	(1,349,165)	\$ 5,330,635	\$ 100,565	124,669	\$ 24,104
Fund Balances (Deficits), July 1, 2013		100,777			(153,879)	
Fund Balances (Deficits), June 30, 2014		\$ (1,248,388)			\$ (29,210)	

-	L	andscaping Dist	rict	S	outh C	ounty Fire Aut	hority	Co	CTV	
Fin Bud		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - 188,000	\$ - 194,256	\$ - 6,256
1	19,000	37,927	18,927	6,545,18	24	1,237 6,728,853	1,237 183,669		1,384	1,384
2,64	40,190	2,657,497	17,307	0,545, 10	) <del>4</del>	0,720,000	165,009			
		732	732	169,97	70	250,665	80,695	500	168	(332)
2,65	59,190	2,696,156	36,966	6,715,15	54	6,980,755	265,601	188,500	195,808	7,308
Ę	58,010	74,822	(16,812)	199,68	50	199,843	(193)	86,350 27,710	82,956 43,810	3,394 (16,100)
				6,866,12	29	6,638,018	228,111			
2,23	37,150	1,972,453 18,579	264,697 (18,579)			49,604	(49,604)			
2,29	95,160	2,065,854	229,306	7,065,77	79	6,887,465	178,314	114,060	126,766	(12,706)
36	64,030	630,302	266,272	(350,62	25)	93,290	443,915	74,440	69,042	(5,398)
\$ 36	64,030	630,302	\$ 266,272	\$ (350,62	<u> </u>	93,290	\$ 443,915	\$ 74,440	69,042	\$ (5,398)
		4,600,481	-			1,148,238			216,940	
		\$ 5,230,783	=		\$	1,241,528			\$ 285,982	

### CITY OF TRACY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### BUDGETED NONMAJOR FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	2007	Lease Revenue B	Bonds	2008 Lease Revenue Bonds					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses, permits, and fees	Ψ -	φ -	ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -			
Fines and penalties									
Use of money and property		880	880		5,767	5,767			
Intergovernmental									
Special assessments Contributions									
Other revenues					581,813	581,813			
Charges for services					001,010	001,010			
-									
Total Revenues		880	880		587,580	587,580			
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Economic development									
Administration Non-departmental									
Public safety									
Police									
Fire									
Public works									
Development and engineering									
Public works									
Capital outlay									
Debt service: Principal payments	100,000	100,000		145,000	145,000				
Interest and fiscal charges	182,300	181,830	470	1,161,400	1,162,762	(1,362)			
interest and useal charges	102,300	101,000	410	1,101,400	1,102,702	(1,302)			
Total Expenditures	282,300	281,830	470	1,306,400	1,307,762	(1,362)			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(282,300)	(280,950)	1,350	(1,306,400)	(720,182)	586,218			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		467,440	467,440	1,324,900	743,087	(581,813)			
Transfers out				·					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		467,440	467,440	1,324,900	743,087	(581,813)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (282,300)	186,490	\$ 468,790	\$ 18,500	22,905	\$ 4,405			
Fund Balances (Deficits), July 1, 2013		90,946			632,340				
Fund Balances (Deficits), June 30, 2014		\$ 277,436			\$ 655,245				

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The concept of major funds introduced by GASB Statement No. 34 does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that for the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund be eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the Fund Financial Statements, including the funds below:

#### **CENTRAL GARAGE FUND**

Established to account for the maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles which services the transportation needs of City departments and divisions.

#### **CENTRAL SERVICES FUND**

Established to account for monies received from various funds for postage, telephone, and copying charges.

#### **EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION FUND**

Established to account for the replacement of equipment utilized by City departments.

### **BUILDING MAINTENANCE FUND**

Established to account for monies received from various funds for the repair and maintenance of all City owned and operated buildings.

#### **INSURANCE FUND**

Established to finance and account for the City's risk management and insurance programs.

# CITY OF TRACY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	Central Garage	Central Services	Equipment Acquisition
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable - net	\$ 756,191	\$ 100,085	\$ 8,788,999
Prepaid expenses		37,320	 948,743
Total current assets	 756,191	 137,405	 9,737,742
Depreciable: Buildings Improvements	67,824 545,513	9,239	133,590
Equipment Intangibles	27,704	 125,001	 23,938,398 810,623
Total depreciable capital assets	641,041	134,240	24,882,611
Less accumulated depreciation	 (595,240)	 (133,648)	 (19,797,485)
Depreciable capital assets, net	45,801	592	 5,085,126
Total capital assets, net	 45,801	 592	 5,085,126
Total Assets	\$ 801,992	\$ 137,997	\$ 14,822,868

Building iintenance	Insurance		Totals
\$ 466,430	\$ 2,201,527 1,919	\$	12,313,232 1,919 986,063
 466,430	2,203,446		13,301,214
4,670			201,414 554,752 24,095,773 810,623
4,670 (4,670)			25,662,562 (20,531,043)
(4,070)			5,131,519
			5,131,519
\$ 466,430	\$ 2,203,446	\$	18,432,733
		(C	ontinued)

# CITY OF TRACY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	Central Central Garage Services			Equipment acquisition	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Claims and judgments payable	\$	31,205	\$	39,478	\$ 281,692
Capital lease payable Compensated absences Accrued interest payable		9,954		21,753	 82,518 10,297
Total current liabilities		41,159		61,231	374,507
Noncurrent Liabilities: Capital lease payable Compensated absences Claims and judgments payable		4,076		47,922	825,998
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,076		47,922	 825,998
Total Liabilities		45,235		109,153	1,200,505
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		45,801 10,956		592 28,252	4,176,610 9,445,753
Total Net Position	\$ 7	56,757	\$	28,844	\$ 13,622,363

Building intenance	Insurance			Totals		
\$ 2,900	\$	18,001 56,247	\$ 373,270 56,24			
9,255		8,926		82,518 49,888 10,297		
 12,155		83,174		572,226		
25,773		31,892 56,247		825,998 109,663 56,247		
25,773		88,139		991,908		
 37,928		171,313		1,564,134		
428,502		2,032,133		4,223,003 12,645,596		
\$ 428,502	\$	2,032,133	\$	16,868,599		

# CITY OF TRACY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Central Garage			Central Services	Equipment Acquisition		
Revenues: Charges for services Other revenues	\$	1,449,594 3,824	\$	1,408,099 9,130	\$	1,796,400 9,604	
Total Operating Revenues		1,453,418		1,417,229		1,806,004	
Expenses:  Maintenance and operation  Administration  Insurance costs and claims		1,364,057 63,570		1,439,846		20,937	
Depreciation		38,573		645		1,463,989	
Total Expenses		1,466,200		1,440,491		1,484,926	
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers		(12,782)		(23,262)		321,078	
Capital Contributions Transfers in						86,081 22,000	
Change in Net Position		(12,782)		(23,262)		429,159	
Net Position, July 1, 2013		769,539		52,106		13,193,204	
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$	756,757	\$	28,844	\$	13,622,363	

	Building	Inquirance	Totalo				
IVI	intenance	 Insurance		Totals			
\$	801,442	\$ 3,389,195 822,900	\$	8,844,730 845,458			
	801,442	4,212,095		9,690,188			
	729,256 74,890	1,140,009 14,924 2,777,478		4,694,105 153,384 2,777,478 1,503,207			
	804,146	3,932,411		9,128,174			
	(2,704)	279,684		562,014			
				86,081			
				22,000			
	(2,704)	279,684		670,095			
	431,206	1,752,449		16,198,504			
\$	428,502	\$ 2,032,133	\$	16,868,599			

# CITY OF TRACY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Central Garage	Central Services	Equipment acquisition
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers/interfund charges Payments to suppliers and users Payments to employees	\$ 1,453,418 (978,823) (454,416)	\$ 1,417,229 (587,709) (858,190)	\$ 1,806,004 (689,418)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	20,179	(28,670)	1,116,586
Cash flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfer in			22,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities			22,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital contributions Proceeds from issuance of long term debt Interest paid Acquisitions of capital assets			86,081 908,516 10,297 (1,385,358)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		 	(380,464)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	20,179	(28,670)	758,122
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2013	 736,012	 128,755	 8,030,877
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2014	\$ 756,191	\$ 100,085	\$ 8,788,999
Noncash Transactions Disposition of assets	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 1,905
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (12,782)	\$ (23,262)	\$ 321,078
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	38,573	645	1,463,989
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses		(37,320)	(948,743)
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities: Accounts payable Compensated absences	(8,021) 2,409	28,791 2,476	280,262
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 20,179	\$ (28,670)	\$ 1,116,586

Building aintenance	Insurance	Totals
\$ 801,442 (315,975) (478,299)	\$ 4,210,176 (3,610,239) (341,046)	\$ 9,688,269 (6,182,164) (2,131,951)
 7,168	258,891	1,374,154
		22,000
		 22,000
		86,081 908,516 10,297 (1,385,358)
		 (380,464)
7,168	258,891	1,015,690
459,262	1,942,636	 11,297,542
\$ 466,430	\$ 2,201,527	\$ 12,313,232
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 1,905
\$ (2,704)	\$ 279,684	\$ 562,014
		1,503,207
	(1,919)	(1,919) (986,063)
54 9,818	(36,294) 17,420	264,792 32,123
\$ 7,168	\$ 258,891	\$ 1,374,154

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#### PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are fiduciary funds that include a statement of net position and statement of changes in net position. These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as trustee for the Successor Agency to the Community Development Agency of the City of Tracy. The trust funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations, however, they do use the full accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Private-purpose trust funds are presented separately in the Fund Financial Statements, including the funds below:

#### **DOWNTOWN PROJECTS FUND**

Established to account for the activities of the Successor Agency which relate to ongoing Downtown Projects.

#### **CDA SUCCESSOR AGENCY FUND**

The CDA Successor Agency Fund accounts for other current activities of the Successor Agency.

#### REDEVELOPMENT OBLIGATIONS FUND

The Redevelopment Obligations Fund accounts for activity related to enforceable obligations of the Successor Agency.

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# CITY OF TRACY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	wntown rojects	CDA Sud Age		Redevelopment Obligations		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 44	3,5	52,538 63,795 51,671 6,274	\$ 1,739,814 4,938	\$	3,892,396 3,563,795 51,671 11,212
Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation			70,533			2,581,457 670,533
Total Assets	 44_	9,0	26,268	 1,744,752		10,771,064
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unamortized loss on debt refunding	 	1,6	08,436			1,608,436
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 	1,6	08,436	 		1,608,436
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Due to City of Tracy Noncurrent liabilities:	95,800	8	36,788 15,627			36,788 815,627 95,800
Due within one year Due in more than one year		-	60,000 18,520			1,360,000 46,418,520
Total Liabilities	95,800	48,6	30,935	 		48,726,735
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unearned revenue - RPTTF Distribution				 1,500,056		1,500,056
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				1,500,056		1,500,056
NET POSITION Unrestricted	 (95,756)	(37,9	96,231)	244,696		(37,847,291)
Total Net Position	\$ (95,756)	\$ (37,9	96,231)	\$ 244,696	\$	(37,847,291)

# CITY OF TRACY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	owntown Projects	CDA Successor Agency	evelopment bligations	Total
Additions:				
Investment revenue	\$ -	\$ 55,518	\$ 13,511	\$ 69,029
Taxes and assessments			4,314,113	4,314,113
Transfer in		3,494,685	 	 3,494,685
Total additions		3,550,203	4,327,624	7,877,827
Deductions:				
Administration		213,682		213,682
Public works				
Development and engineering	95,756			95,756
Depreciation		89,973		89,973
Transfer to City of Tracy			588,340	588,340
Transfer out			3,494,685	3,494,685
Interest expenses	 	2,528,403	 	2,528,403
Total deductions	95,756	2,832,058	 4,083,025	7,010,839
Change in net position	(95,756)	718,145	244,599	 866,988
Net Position July 1, 2013		(37,444,286)	97	(37,444,189)
Prior period adjustment		(1,270,090)		(1,270,090)
Net Position July 1, 2013, restated		(38,714,376)	97	(38,714,279)
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$ (95,756)	\$ (37,996,231)	\$ 244,696	\$ (37,847,291)

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that Agency Funds be presented separately from the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, government entities, and non-public organizations. These funds include the following:

#### **87-3 ASSESSMENT FUND**

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 87-3 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 84-1 ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 84-1 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 89-1 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 89-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 94-1 ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 94-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 93-1 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 93-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 98-1 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 98-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 98-3 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 98-3 Community Facilities District Property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 98-4 ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 98-4 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 99-1 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 99-1 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### **AGENCY FUNDS** (Continued)

#### 99-2 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 99-2 Community Facilities District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 2000-01 ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 2000-01 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 2000-02 ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 2000-02 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 2006-01 NE INDUSTRIAL # 2 FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 2006-01 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 1999 I205 RESIDENTIAL REASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 93-2, 95-1, 96-1, 97-1, and 97-2 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 2000-03 ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 2000-03 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### 2003-01 ASSESSMENT DISTRICT FUND

Established to account for the assets held on behalf of the 2003-01 Assessment District property owners until they are remitted to the bond trustee.

#### **CULTURAL ARTS FUND**

Established to account for deposits received for cultural arts projects within the City.

#### **REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FUND**

Established to account for transportation impact fees collected by the City and which are to be used for transportation mitigation purposes.

#### **MEDICAL LEAVE BANK FUND**

Established to account for amounts deposited from employees converted sick leave.

#### POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST

Established to account for contributions on behalf of employees for postemployment benefits.

### **AGENCY FUNDS** (Continued)

#### **2011 TOP JPA REVENUE BONDS**

Established to refund two outstanding community facilities district bonds and to refund two limited obligation assessment bonds, and to finance public capital improvements.

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# CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

87-3 Assessment District		Balance y 1, 2013	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2014	
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$	-	\$	1 29	\$	- (27)	\$	1 29
Interest receivable  Total assets	\$	24 24	\$	13 43	\$	(37)	\$	30
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to City of Tracy Due to assessment district	\$	- 37	\$	-	\$	- (37)	\$	-
bondholders		(13)		43				30
Total liabilities	\$	24	\$	43	\$	(37)	\$	30
84-1 Assessment District  Assets: Cash and investments	\$	10,607	\$	38	\$	(25)	\$	10,620
Interest receivable				30				30
Total assets	\$	10,607	\$	68	\$	(25)	\$	10,650
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to assessment district bondholders	_\$	10,607	\$	68_	\$	(25)	\$	10,650
Total liabilities	\$	10,607	\$	68	\$	(25)	\$	10,650

### CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2013			Additions		Deductions	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2014
89-1 Community Facilities District								
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments	\$	2,900,826	\$	1,240,934	\$	(1,425,004)	\$	2,716,756
with fiscal agents Interest receivable Due from other funds		2,412,837 8,758 39,318		1,103,223		(2,414,153) (1,053) (39,318)		1,101,907 7,705
Total assets	\$	5,361,739	\$	2,344,157	\$	(3,879,528)	\$	3,826,368
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to assessment district	\$	-	\$	1,439,233	\$	(1,439,233)	\$	-
bondholders		5,361,739		904,924		(2,440,295)		3,826,368
Total liabilities	\$	5,361,739	\$	2,344,157	\$	(3,879,528)	\$	3,826,368
94-1 Assessment District								
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments	\$	332,846	\$	503,372	\$	(500,322)	\$	335,896
with fiscal agents Interest receivable		835,692 847		234,022 106		(870,685)		199,029 953
Total assets	\$	1,169,385	\$	737,500	\$	(1,371,007)	\$	535,878
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to assessment district	\$	204	\$	342,944	\$	(343,148)	\$	-
bondholders		1,169,181	_	394,556		(1,027,859)		535,878
Total liabilities	\$	1,169,385	\$	737,500	\$	(1,371,007)	\$	535,878

### CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(Continued)

	J	Balance uly 1, 2013	Additions		Deductions		Jui	Balance ne 30, 2014	
93-1 Community Facilities District									
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$	2,931,922	\$	766,507	\$	(511,030) (147,463)	\$	3,187,399 595,914	
Interest receivable  Total assets	\$	7,602 3,682,901	\$	1,445 767,952	\$	(658,493)	\$	9,047 3,792,360	
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to assessment district bondholders	\$	- 3,682,901	\$	511,030 256,922	\$	(511,030) (147,463)	\$	- 3,792,360	
Total liabilities	\$	3,682,901	\$	767,952	\$	(658,493)	\$	3,792,360	
98-1 Community Facilities District									
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Interest receivable	\$	808,693 2,030,927 2,365	\$	4,901,184 5,052,557 1,602	\$	(4,908,943) (5,028,797) (1,698)	\$	800,934 2,054,687 2,269	
Total assets	\$	2,841,985	\$	9,955,343	\$	(9,939,438)	\$	2,857,890	
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to assessment district bondholders	\$	- 2,841,985	\$	4,830,454 5,124,889	\$	(4,830,454) (5,108,984)	\$	- 2,857,890	
Total liabilities	\$	2,841,985	\$	9,955,343	\$	(9,939,438)	\$	2,857,890	
							(O = = C = = = 1)		

## CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

98-3 Community Facilities District	Balance July 1, 2013		Additions		Deductions		Jui	Balance ne 30, 2014
Assets:	Ф	76.004	Ф	200 077	œ.	(210.760)	<b>ው</b>	70 444
Cash and investments  Cash and investments	\$	76,094	\$	308,077	\$	(310,760)	\$	73,411
with fiscal agents		1,856,481		613,249		(316,094)		2,153,636
Interest receivable		230		255		(277)		208
Total assets	\$	1,932,805	\$	921,581	\$	(627,131)	\$	2,227,255
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	305,514	\$	(305,514)	\$	-
Due to assessment district		4 000 005		040.007		(004.047)		0.007.055
bondholders		1,932,805		616,067		(321,617)		2,227,255
Total liabilities	\$	1,932,805	\$	921,581	\$	(627,131)	\$	2,227,255
98-4 Assessment District  Assets:								
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	- 73	\$	16,337	\$	(16,337) (73)	\$	-
Total assets	\$	73	\$	16,337	\$	(16,410)	\$	
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to City of Tracy	\$	- 16,410	\$	-	\$	- (16,410)	\$	-
Due to assessment district bondholders		(16,337)		16,337				
Total liabilities	\$	73	\$	16,337	\$	(16,410)	\$	

## CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(Continued)

99-1 Community Facilities District	Balance July 1, 2013		Additions		Deductions		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2014
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments	\$	332,599	\$	668,804	\$	(650,383)	\$	351,020
with fiscal agents Interest receivable		1,400,666 953		43		(725,850)		674,816 996
Total assets	\$	1,734,218	\$	668,847	\$	(1,376,233)	\$	1,026,832
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to assessment district	\$	-	\$	650,383	\$	(650,383)	\$	-
bondholders		1,734,218		18,464		(725,850)		1,026,832
Total liabilities	\$	1,734,218	\$	668,847	\$	(1,376,233)	\$	1,026,832
99-2 Community Facilities District								
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	8,560	\$	(8,560)	\$	-
with fiscal agents Interest receivable		(8) 217		8		(217)		
Total assets	\$	209	\$	8,568	\$	(8,777)	\$	_
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to City of Tracy  Due to assessment district  bondholders	\$	8,777 (8,568)	\$	- 8,568_	\$	(8,777)	\$	-
Total liabilities	\$	209	\$	8,568	\$	(8,777)	\$	

## CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2013		 Additions		Deductions		Balance e 30, 2014
2000-01 Assessment District							
Assets:							
Cash and investments  Cash and investments	\$	182,728	\$ 959,445	\$	(963,385)	\$	178,788
with fiscal agents		662,437	943,960		(921,526)		684,871
Interest receivable		491	 623		(607)		507
Total assets	\$	845,656	\$ 1,904,028	\$	(1,885,518)	\$	864,166
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 947,379	\$	(947,379)	\$	-
Due to assessment district bondholders		845,656	956,649		(938,139)		864,166
bondholders		045,050	930,049		(930, 139)		004,100
Total liabilities	\$	845,656	\$ 1,904,028	\$	(1,885,518)	\$	864,166
2000-02 Assessment District							
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	(6,526)	\$ 8,326	\$	(1,800)	\$	
Total assets	\$	(6,526)	\$ 8,326	\$	(1,800)	\$	_
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 1,800	\$	(1,800)	\$	-
Due to assessment district bondholders		(6 F26)	6 526				
boriariolaers		(6,526)	 6,526				
Total liabilities	\$	(6,526)	\$ 8,326	\$	(1,800)	\$	_

# CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

2006-01 NE Industrial # 2	J	Balance uly 1, 2013	Additions		Deductions		Jur	Balance ne 30, 2014
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments	\$	7,960	\$	804,085	\$	(807,208)	\$	4,837
with fiscal agents Interest receivable		2,462,239		770,347 13		(679,013)		2,553,573 13
Total assets	\$	2,470,199	\$	1,574,445	\$	(1,486,221)	\$	2,558,423
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to assessment district	\$	-	\$	797,009	\$	(797,009)	\$	-
bondholders		2,470,199		777,436		(689,212)		2,558,423
Total liabilities	\$	2,470,199	\$	1,574,445	\$	(1,486,221)	\$	2,558,423
1999 I205 Residential Reassessment District								
Assets: Cash and investments Cash and investments	\$	658,527	\$	87,098	\$	(79,895)	\$	665,730
with fiscal agents Interest receivable		2,040,399 1,617		272		(1,030,797)		1,009,602 1,889
Total assets	\$	2,700,543	\$	87,370	\$	(1,110,692)	\$	1,677,221
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Due to assessment district	\$	1,394	\$	87,370	\$	-	\$	88,764
bondholders		2,699,149				(1,110,692)		1,588,457
Total liabilities	\$	2,700,543	\$	87,370	\$	(1,110,692)	\$	1,677,221

### CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(Continued)

	Balance ly 1, 2013	Additions		Deductions			Balance e 30, 2014
2000-03 Assessment District							
Assets:		_		_	()	_	
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 36,462	\$	578	\$	(20,693)	\$	16,347
Interest receivable	 110		110		(174)		46
Total assets	\$ 36,572	\$	688	\$	(20,867)	\$	16,393
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Due to assessment district bondholders	\$ 36,572	\$	688	\$	(20,867)	\$	16,393
					<u> </u>		
Total liabilities	\$ 36,572	\$	688	\$	(20,867)	\$	16,393
2003-01 Assessment District							
Assets:							
Cash and investments  Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	81,503	\$	(81,503)	\$	-
with fiscal agents	137,619		87,338		(82,342)		142,615
Interest receivable	 		243				243
Total assets	\$ 137,619	\$	169,084	\$	(163,845)	\$	142,858
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 223	\$	70,827	\$	(71,050)	\$	-
Due to City of Tracy	5,722 5,818		2,042				7,764 5,818
Deposits payable  Due to assessment district	5,616						5,616
bondholders	 125,856		96,215		(92,795)		129,276
Total liabilities	\$ 137,619	\$	169,084	\$	(163,845)	\$	142,858

# CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Cultural Arts	Balance July 1, 2013 Additions					eductions	Balance June 30, 2014		
<u>Oditural Arts</u>									
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	1,122	\$	2,103	\$	(2,078)	\$	1,147	
Total assets	\$	1,122	\$	2,103	\$	(2,078)	\$	1,147	
<u>Liabilities</u> Deposits payable	\$	1,122	\$	2,103	\$	(2,078)	\$	1,147	
Total liabilities	\$	1,122	\$	2,103	\$	(2,078)	\$	1,147	
Regional Transportation Impact									
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	2,602,219	\$	861,019	\$	(849,796)	\$	2,613,442	
Total assets	\$	2,602,219	\$	861,019	\$	(849,796)	\$	2,613,442	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	237,893 2,364,326	\$	137,893 723,126	\$	(327,121) (522,675)	\$	48,665 2,564,777	
Total liabilities	\$	2,602,219	\$	861,019	\$	(849,796)	\$	2,613,442	
Medical Leave Bank									
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	1,124,547	\$	25,625	\$	(296,725)	\$	853,447	
Total assets	\$	1,124,547	\$	25,625	\$	(296,725)	\$	853,447	
<u>Liabilities</u> Deposits payable	\$	1,124,547	\$	25,625	\$	(296,725)	\$	853,447	
Total liabilities	\$	1,124,547	\$	25,625	\$	(296,725)	\$	853,447	
							(Co	ontinued)	

## CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

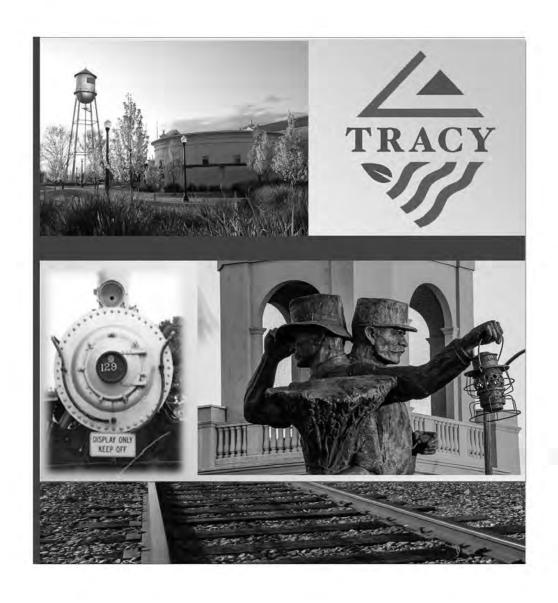
	Balance July 1, 2013		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2014		
Post Employment Benefit Trust									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	685,931	\$	(685,931)	\$	-	
Accounts receivable		19,289		187,758		(187,403)		19,644	
Total assets	\$	19,289	\$	873,689	\$	(873,334)	\$	19,644	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Due to City of Tracy	\$	8,372	\$	2,914	\$	-	\$	11,286	
Deposits payable		10,917		870,775		(873,334)		8,358	
Total liabilities	\$	19,289	\$	873,689	\$	(873,334)	\$	19,644	
2011 TOP JPA Revenue Bonds									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	78,312	\$	1,161,820	\$	(1,180,061)	\$	60,071	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		2,033,776		1,410,255		(1,354,312)		2,089,719	
Total assets	\$	2,112,088	\$	2,572,075	\$	(2,534,373)	\$	2,149,790	
<u>Liabilities</u>	_				_		_		
Accounts payable	\$	488	\$	1,176,706	\$	(1,177,194)	\$	-	
Due to assessment district bondholders		2,111,600		1,395,369		(1,357,179)		2,149,790	
5511411514515		2,111,000	•	.,000,000		(1,001,110)		2,::0,:00	
Total liabilities	\$	2,112,088	\$	2,572,075	\$	(2,534,373)	\$	2,149,790	
							(Continued)		

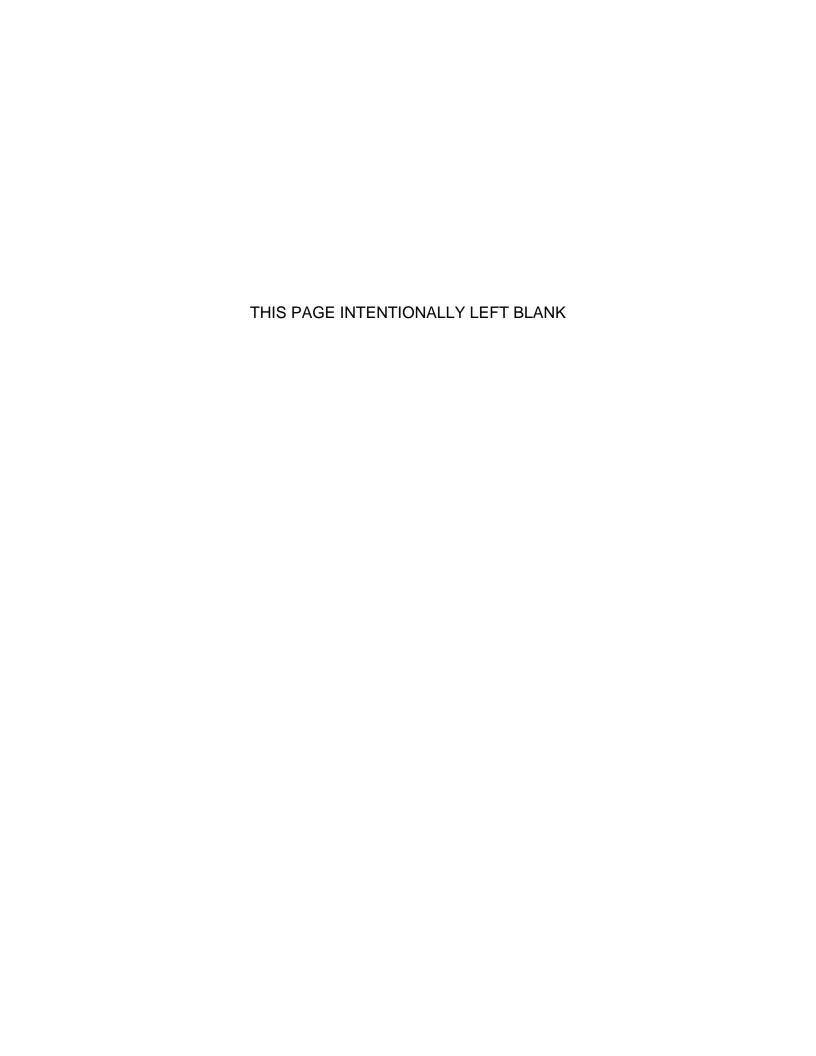
# CITY OF TRACY AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

	 Balance July 1, 2013		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2014	
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$ 12,078,938	\$	13,091,347	\$	(13,300,439)	\$	11,869,846	
Cash and investments								
with fiscal agents	16,616,442		10,214,988		(13,571,032)		13,260,398	
Accounts receivable	19,289		187,758		(187,403)		19,644	
Interest receivable	23,287		4,755		(4,136)		23,906	
Due from other funds	 39,318				(39,318)			
Total assets	\$ 28,777,274	\$	23,498,848	\$	(27,102,328)	\$	25,173,794	
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$ 240,202	\$	11,298,542	\$	(11,401,315)	\$	137,429	
Due to other governments								
Due to City of Tracy	39,318		4,956		(25,224)		19,050	
Deposits payable	3,506,730		1,621,629		(1,694,812)		3,433,547	
Due to assessment district								
bondholders	 24,991,024		10,573,721		(13,980,977)		21,583,768	
Total liabilities	\$ 28,777,274	\$	23,498,848	\$	(27,102,328)	\$	25,173,794	

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# Statistical Section





#### **CITY OF TRACY**

### Summary of Statistical Section Pages June 30, 2014

#### **Statistical Section**

This part of the City of Tracy's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
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These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
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These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's comprehensive annual financial reports for the year ended June 30, 2013. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 during 1999-2000 fiscal year; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in 2002.

### **FINANCIAL TRENDS**

# CITY OF TRACY NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In thousands)

Fiscal Year 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets 518,181 512,728 510,323 \$ 490,053 463,949 448,841 451,849 \$ 396,124 357,579 371,908 Restricted 100,403 111,131 105,425 118,367 120,961 157,162 134,092 135,593 139,007 62,021 35,606 Unrestricted 42,063 32,898 33,347 46,711 34,330 45,861 42,395 15,645 79,527 640,333 Total governmental activities net assets 660,647 659,465 648,646 512,231 513,456 641,767 631,621 631,802 574,112 Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets 327,065 328,985 340,536 345,554 340,944 346,861 352,609 353,095 339,971 288,340 237 Restricted 247 232 227 222 183 244 555 3.344 31,249 Unrestricted 31,283 31,101 29,148 40,621 46,123 38,826 34,303 25,827 25,174 5,240 360,505 Total business-type activities 358,413 369,916 386,402 387,289 385,870 387,156 379,477 368,489 324,829 Primary government: Net investment in capital assets 845,246 841,713 850,859 835,607 804,893 795,702 804,458 749,219 697,550 660,248 Restricted 100,650 111,368 105,657 118,594 121,183 157,345 134,336 136,148 142,351 93,270 Unrestricted 73,164 66,889 62,046 73,968 92,834 73,156 80,164 68,222 40,819 84,767 Total primary government \$ 1,019,060 \$ 1,019,970 \$ 1,018,562 \$ 1,028,169 \$ 1,018,910 \$ 1,026,203 \$ 1,018,958 953,589 880,720 838,285

Note - The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB 34 in the fiscal year 1999-2000.

Source: City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department:

# CITY OF TRACY CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 6,412	\$ 6,572	\$ 6,283	\$ 18,296	\$ 7,384	\$ 9,195	\$ 7,183	\$ 6,391	\$ 7,432	\$ 6,698
Public safety	37,974	37,248	37,602	35,509	36,567	36,663	35,074	30,178	28,434	26,684
Public works	32,358	25,954	52,418	24,371	21,855	29,492	24,661	29,391	24,821	20,952
Culture and leisure	4,668	4,709	5,097	5,143	12,202	9,159	7,502	3,929	3,760	4,119
Interest on long-term debt	1,342	1,399	1,925	4,121	4,063	4,201	3,548	4,084	3,994	3,626
Unallocated depreciation	586	520	566	617	631	295	820	649	506	860
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	83,340	76,402	103,891	88,057	82,702	89,005	78,788	74,622	68,947	62,939
Business-type Activities:										
Water	22,300	21,765	22,295	21,229	19,580	19,173	18,786	16,106	16,029	9,363
Sewer	16,442	14,970	18,980	17,133	14,874	15,380	11,415	9,639	10,281	8,987
Airport	629	590	686	705	912	742	542	666	592	471
Solid waste	18,923	18,820	18,585	17,473	16,962	17,893	17,088	16,492	16,367	15,604
Transit	2,556	2,404	2,436	2,291	1,733	1,277	1,531	1,499	1,438	381
Drainage	3,404	3,232	3,351	3,402	2,618	2,646	3,486	3,247	3,957	978
Total Business-Type Activities	64,254	61,781	66,333	62,233	56,679	57,111	52,848	47,649	48,664	35,784
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 147,594	\$ 138,183	\$ 170,224	\$ 150,290	\$ 139,381	\$ 146,116	\$ 131,636	\$ 122,271	\$ 117,611	\$ 98,723
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Development fees	\$ 3,039	\$ 2,460	\$ 1,617	\$ 1,805	\$ 6,925	\$ 8,840	\$ 5,289	\$ 4,700	\$ 5,281	\$ 4,030
Other public works	5,040	5,300	5,204	3,800	4,401	3,983	26,478	7,660	8,660	5,380
Parks and community services	838	878	789	757	1,208	1,065	1,206	1,480	3,621	973
Other activities	1,879	1,665	2,566	2,634	4,143	3,778	1,457	2,281	1,008	1,064
Operating grants and contributions	10,964	12,723	9,482	10,065	9,305	12,766	13,091	11,800	12,621	8,666
Capital grants and contributions	18,166	22,596	15,527	19,080	11,069	12,965	24,426	49,554	19,936	27,450
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	39,926	45,622	35,185	38,141	37,051	43,397	71,947	77,475	51,127	47,563
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Water	18,700	15,672	14,433	14,641	13,693	15,833	15,305	13,654	12,472	11,723
Sewer	12,940	11,978	11,480	12,032	11,490	11,661	12,513	12,115	8,471	7,805
Airport	395	272	375	342	373	257	281	265	272	278
Solid waste	21,521	20,352	18,852	16,321	17,320	16,774	17,950	15,006	15,147	13,937
Transit	1,631	818	822	899	1,295	940	92	1,231	109	113
Drainage	546	564	564	553	556	541	563	545	535	491
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	20	1,774	865	1,038	1,763
Capital grants and contributions	6,337	2,528	2,801	3,678	6,132	9,161	10,992	13,119	10,063	24,897
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	62,070	52,184	49,327	48,466	50,859	55,187	59,470	56,800	48,107	61,007
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 101,996	\$ 97,806	\$ 84,512	\$ 86,607	\$ 87,910	\$ 98,584	\$ 131,417	\$ 134,275	\$ 99,234	\$ 108,570

# CITY OF TRACY CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In thousands)

Fiscal Year 2014 2013 2012 2011 2008 2007 2006 2010 2009 2005 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (43,414)\$ (30,780)(68,706)\$ (49,916)(45,651)\$ (45,608)(6,841)\$ 2,853 \$ (17,820) \$ (15,376)Business-type activities (9,597)(17,006)(13,767)(5,820)(1,924)6,622 9,149 (557)(2,184)25,223 Total primary government net (expense) revenue (45,598)(40,377)(85,712)(63,683)(51,471)(47,532)(219)12.002 (18,377)9.847 General revenues and other changes in net assets Governmental activities: Taxes: 15,700 14,946 18,527 22,533 24,013 29,324 31,160 23,859 24,613 17,616 Property taxes Franchise taxes 2,593 2,500 2.443 2,474 2.223 2,138 1,991 2.010 1,808 1,700 Sales and use taxes 22,722 20,553 18,422 11,408 9,225 12,407 13,053 12,587 12,162 10,964 Other taxes 1,952 1,839 1,702 1,621 1,604 1,886 4,321 2,373 2,979 1,578 240 Unrestricted motor vehicle in lieu 36 43 41 376 277 360 6,228 437 5,665 1,129 165 801 4,840 9,023 12,016 10,406 7,934 5,738 Investment earnings 1,280 1,760 Miscellaneous 1,634 1,595 449 527 2,275 1,098 930 175 1,663 **Transfers** (42)(384)(5,563)Gain on Transfer of assets 31,889 Total governmental activities 45,766 41,599 75,585 40,971 37,031 54,139 64,530 59,028 51,288 44,634 Business-type activities: 264 520 1,038 Interest earnings 144 109 1,676 633 1,796 1,865 1,220 Miscellaneous 5 19 652 42 385 5,563 **Transfers** (1) Total business-type activities 264 186 520 494 7,239 638 1,795 1,865 1,872 1,057 Total primary government 46,030 41,785 76,105 41,465 44,270 54,777 65,587 60,823 53,153 46,506 Change in net assets Governmental activities 2.352 10.819 6.879 (8.945)(8.620)8.531 57.689 61.881 33.469 29.258 Business-type activities (1,920)(9,411)(16,486)(13,273)1,419 (1,286)7,679 10,944 1,308 27,095 Total primary government 432 \$ 1,408 (9,607)\$ (22,218)\$ (7,201)\$ 7,245 \$ 65,368 \$ 72,825 \$ 34,777 \$ 56,353

Note - The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 1999-2000. In 2004-2005 the City reported its depreciation on infrastructure as unallocated instead of public works.

## CITY OF TRACY PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,892	\$ 1,908	\$ 2,682	\$ 9,871	\$ 4,035	\$ 3,590	\$ 924	\$ 1,722	\$ 484	\$ 1,073
Police	1,775	2,330	1,390	1,365	1,513	1,984	1,422	1,760	1,691	1,380
Fire	6,980	8,692	4,765	6,302	6,386	10,372	7,506	7,648	5,635	4,678
Development and engineering	3,410	2,871	1,974	2,148	16,700	14,287	5,477	5,945	7,969	17,832
Public works	23,621	28,367	23,224	17,397	5,817	11,460	53,382	55,183	29,807	18,522
Parks, recreation, and community										
services	1,248	1,454	1,150	1,058	2,009	1,114	2,645	4,662	4,950	3,488
Interest in long-term debt					591	590	591	592	591	591
Subtotal governmental activities	39,926	45,622	35,185	38,141	37,051	43,397	71,947	77,512	51,127	47,564
Business-type activities:										
Water	19,905	15,672	14,501	14,658	15,534	16,859	19,044	16,050	12,487	17,230
Sewer	14,400	12,131	12,669	14,766	11,494	13,113	16,150	14,934	17,108	24,414
Solid waste	21,521	20,352	18,858	16,321	17,330	16,774	17,950	15,006	15,168	13,937
Airport	854	607	417	402	730	277	897	386	615	488
Transit	1,984	2,858	2,018	1,677	4,871	7,386	3,029	3,232	2,194	3,271
Drainage	3,406	564	864	640	900	777	2,400	7,190	535	1,667
Subtotal business-type activities	62,070	52,184	49,327	48,464	50,859	55,186	59,470	56,798	48,107	61,007
Total primary government	\$ 101,996	\$ 97,806	\$ 84,512	\$ 86,605	\$ 87,910	\$ 98,583	\$ 131,417	\$ 134,310	\$ 99,234	\$ 108,571

#### CITY OF TRACY FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In thousands)

						F	iscal Year					
	 2014	2013	2012	2011	2010		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
General Fund:												,
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,359	\$	1,218	\$ 1,386	\$ 1,755	\$ 1,028	\$ 762	\$ 911
Unreserved					17,626		16,705	17,193	17,356	19,471	19,038	18,905
Nonspendable	782	781	791	820								
Restricted	346	333	445	613								
Committed												
Assigned	523	277	22	2,198								
Unassigned	 33,420	 27,503	25,676	 23,356	 	_		 		 	 	
Total general fund	\$ 35,071	\$ 28,894	\$ 26,934	\$ 26,987	\$ 18,985	\$	17,923	\$ 18,579	\$ 19,111	\$ 20,499	\$ 19,800	\$ 19,816
All other governmental funds												
Reserved	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 44,708	\$	38,366	\$ 33,226	\$ 42,960	\$ 49,991	\$ 29,795	\$ 36,812
Unreserved reported in:					·		·	·			•	•
Special revenue funds					20,890		33,100	35,121	30,971	27,491	16,983	12,255
Capital projects funds					81,533		100,196	96,588	76,671	73,913	104,667	108,748
Debt service funds					-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	57		4,646	2,948								
Restricted	97,402	108,381	90,507	99,794								
Committed				4,131								
Assigned			15,339	20,043								
Unassigned												
Special revenue funds	(1,278)	(159)	(1,071)	(2,099)								
Capital projects funds												
Debt service funds	 	 		 	 	_		 		 	 	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 96,181	\$ 108,222	\$ 109,421	\$ 124,817	\$ 147,131	\$	171,662	\$ 164,935	\$ 150,602	\$ 151,395	\$ 151,445	\$ 157,815

Note - Beginning in 2004, the City classified all of its fund balances in its debt service funds as reserved due to the fact all the funds were in cash accounts earmarked for service, interest or as a revenue. Beginning in 2011, the City reclassified fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

Source: City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department

#### CITY OF TRACY CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(In thousands)

						Fisca	l Yea	ar				
	2014	2013	2012	2011		2010		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$ 43,804	\$ 40,503	\$ 41,393	\$ 36,334	\$	37,064	\$	44,680	\$ 48,048	\$ 48,343	\$ 40,105	\$ 30,827
Licenses, permits, and fees	4,008	3,564	3,174	3,092		3,040		3,112	2,839	3,501	3,688	4,944
Fines and forfeits	863	568	1,552	1,570		1,715		1,722	1,515	1,273	290	302
Use of money and property	1,699	700	1,459	2,792		4,197		9,046	11,992	9,900	7,479	5,361
Intergovernmental	12,928	16,038	11,992	17,758		15,282		12,899	13,578	18,130	16,948	18,537
Charges for services	8,894	9,147	8,388	10,110		8,525		8,438	5,186	4,913	5,041	6,529
Special assessments	7,181	13,406	4,095	4,933		4,699		5,583	4,843	8,845	10,796	20,580
Contributions from assessment districts	4,346	1,887	5,404	4,448		2,915		6,049	23,043	12,800	14,296	
Other	1,767	1,124	1,294	1,148		1,656		4,595	2,058	1,810	2,684	4,072
Total revenues	85,490	86,937	78,751	82,185		79,093		96,124	113,102	109,515	101,327	91,152
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government	7,050	6,434	6,854	17,599		7,054		7,569	8,730	6,274	4,700	4,534
Police	21,592	21,488	21,902	20,943		21,836		21,574	20,161	17,607	15,834	15,210
Fire	15,869	15,305	15,205	14,027		14,664		15,387	14,602	13,594	12,201	11,337
Community development	6,467	6,449	6,273	6,066		7,790		12,360	10,114	7,241	12,105	9,128
Public works	8,471	8,091	7,530	7,285		7,327		8,369	8,082	8,203	3,680	5,322
Parks and recreation	3,113	3,330	3,599	3,509		3,320		4,507	3,146	3,117	3,009	2,864
Intergovernmental	-,	2,222	-,	2,691		6,281		3,288	3,177	2,931	2,570	1,825
Debt Service:				_,00.		0,20.		0,200	0,	_,00.	_,0.0	.,020
Debt service-principal	245	220	195	1,315		1,490		11,300	3,620	1,430	1,390	5,060
Debt service-interest	1,345	1,352	2,623	3,945		3,994		3,799	3,390	3,934	3,849	3,484
Debt service-issue costs	1,010	1,002	2,020	0,010		0,001		1,163	237	0,001	0,010	0, 10 1
Capital Outlay	27,179	23,465	19,829	18,731		23,152		20,502	28,712	47,363	41,653	38,775
Total expenditures	 91,331	 86,134	 84,010	 96,111	-	96,908		109,818	 103,971	 111,694	 100,991	 97,539
Total experiultures	 31,001	 00,104	 04,010	 30,111		30,300		103,010	 100,571	 111,004	 100,331	 37,000
Excess of revenue over (under)												
expenditures	 (5,841)	 803	 (5,259)	 (13,926)		(17,815)		(13,694)	 9,131	 (2,179)	 336	 (6,387)
Other financing sources (uses):												
Bond proceeds								19,765	4,670			
Transfers in	1,214	20,600	2,699	3,836		21,828		26,040	12,680	22,148	11,595	9,304
Transfers out	(1,236)	(20,642)	(2,699)	(4,221)		(27,391)		(26,040)	(12,680)	(22,150)	(11,595)	(9,304)
Payment to bond escrow agent	 											
Total other financing sources (uses):	(22)	(42)	-	(385)		(5,563)		19,765	4,670	 (2)	-	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,863)	\$ 761	\$ (5,259)	\$ (14,311)	\$	(23,378)	\$	6,071	\$ 13,801	\$ (2,181)	\$ 336	\$ (6,387)
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	1.74%	2.33%	4.22%	6.25% 168		7.44%		16.91%	9.08%	7.35%	7.91%	14.47%

### **REVENUE CAPACITY**

CITY OF TRACY
TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

							Transportation	
Fiscal	Property	Property	Business				Tax and	
Year	Current	Transfer	License	Sales	Franchise	Transient	Other	Total
2005	14,725,983	1,047,848	686,826	11,775,349	1,699,614	777,878	1,398,516	32,112,014
2006	19,411,722	859,089	651,967	12,774,796	1,807,158	709,219	3,891,486	40,105,437
2007	23,859,318	480,284	816,891	13,298,126	2,010,294	795,223	7,082,375	48,342,511
2008	30,645,530	243,258	697,667	12,407,253	1,991,444	814,883	3,239,289	50,039,324
2009	29,323,472	409,317	657,597	10,963,986	2,137,393	721,649	1,977,865	46,191,279
2010	24,013,053	290,940	670,572	9,224,814	2,222,845	642,794	2,221,881	39,286,899
2011	22,532,932	273,325	671,278	11,408,245	2,474,332	675,819	2,771,540	40,807,471
2012	18,527,327	282,674	673,342	18,422,071	2,442,841	745,975	1,435,199	42,529,429
2013	14,946,468	362,793	689,323	20,553,264	2,499,946	786,827	1,802,598	41,641,219
2014	15,699,554	271,761	706,573	22,721,973	2,593,225	974,314	2,798,857	45,766,257

Source: City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department

## CITY OF TRACY ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

City of Tracy Redevelopment Agency / Successor Agency

		Commercial/				Taxable				Taxable	Total
Fiscal	Residential	Industrial	Agricultural		Less	Assessed			Less	Assessed	Direct
Year	Property	Property	Exemptions	Total	Exemptions	Value	Secured	Unsecured	Exemptions	Value	Tax Rate
2005	6,636,119,348	1,217,086,613	25,949,761	7,879,155,722	197,097,465	7,682,058,257	950,930,395	94,790,962	9,148,204	1,036,573,153	1.0000%
2006	7,676,540,593	1,407,903,370	30,018,206	9,114,462,169	203,710,884	8,910,751,285	1,064,000,083	118,029,640	8,894,854	1,173,134,869	1.0000%
2007	7,722,515,369	1,926,262,386	28,870,984	9,677,648,739	206,027,034	9,471,621,705	1,153,659,910	129,426,090	8,627,642	1,274,458,358	1.0000%
2008	7,100,460,195	1,802,322,555	29,831,945	8,932,614,695	210,456,479	8,722,158,216	1,064,845,371	119,462,219	8,442,153	1,175,865,437	1.0000%
2009	5,545,597,687	1,541,725,210	10,742,998	7,098,065,895	158,643,838	8,132,493,612	905,118,865	101,542,886	7,168,541	999,493,210	1.0000%
2010	4,992,382,327	1,113,010,224	197,778,028	6,303,170,579	120,292,254	6,182,878,325	1,099,272,042	159,835,031	101,875,950	1,157,231,123	1.0000%
2011	5,102,129,763	1,279,961,758	156,244,642	6,538,336,163	84,950,354	6,453,385,809	756,286,336	132,970,235	35,963,413	853,293,158	1.0000%
2012	4,576,276,289	1,132,426,026	181,181,654	5,889,883,969	119,824,162	5,770,059,807	1,009,329,631	139,116,864	91,037,853	1,057,408,642	1.0000%
2013	4,514,547,256	1,126,415,078	179,798,206	5,820,760,540	119,652,776	5,701,107,764	1,005,846,952	143,168,317	93,247,473	1,055,767,796	1.0000%
2014	5,010,295,280	1,136,022,186	215,287,460	6,361,604,926	117,977,641	6,243,627,285	1,053,197,694	140,059,801	96,074,732	1,097,182,763	1.0000%

Source: San Joaquin County -Office of the Auditor-controller and Assessor City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department

CITY OF TRACY
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES
(RATE PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2012 2011 2014 2013 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 Direct rates: City of Tracy 0.1561% 0.1561% 0.1561% 0.1702% 0.1702% 0.1702% 0.1703% 0.1729% 0.1207% 0.1206% San Joaquin County 0.1865% 0.1865% 0.1865% 0.1962% 0.1962% 0.1962% 0.1962% 0.1962% 0.1962% 0.1963% ERAF 0.2686% 0.2686% 0.2686% 0.0000% 0.2723% 0.2790% 0.2790% 0.2790% 0.2801% 0.2801% All Others 0.3889% 0.3889% 0.3889% 0.6336% 0.3613% 0.3546% 0.3545% 0.3519% 0.4030% 0.4030% Total Direct Rate 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% 1.0000% Overlapping rates: San Joaquin Delta College 0.0194% 0.0202% 0.0200% 0.0180% 0.0180% 0.0131% 0.0131% 0.0183% 0.0134% 0.0352% Tracy Unified School District (1,2,3) 0.0247% 0.0262% 0.0231% 0.0231% 0.1970% 0.1998% 0.1998% 0.0266% 0.1970% 0.1920% Tracy Unified School District (SFID 3) 0.0228% 0.0093% 0.0088% 0.0000% 0.0185% 0.0000% 0.0000% 0.0000% 0.0000% 0.0000% Total Overlapping Rate 0.0669% 0.0557% 0.0554% 0.0411% 0.0596% 0.2101% 0.2101% 0.2103% 0.2132% 0.2350% Total Tax Rate 1.0669% 1.0557% 1.0596% 1.2132% 1.0554% 1.0411% 1.2101% 1.2101% 1.2103% 1.2350%

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor data, MuniServices, LLC

<sup>1.</sup> Rates are not adjusted for ERAF

## CITY OF TRACY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent of Levy Collected	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Value of City Property Subject to Local Tax Rate
2005	10 206 024	40.206.024	100.00%	0.00	40 206 024	100.00%	7 774 522 440
	10,306,934	10,306,934		0.00	10,306,934	100.00%	7,774,533,118
2006	12,585,686	12,585,686	100.00%	0.00	12,585,686	100.00%	8,663,313,347
2007	17,529,617	17,529,617	100.00%	0.00	17,529,617	100.00%	9,003,246,048
2008	13,551,184	13,551,184	100.00%	0.00	13,551,184	100.00%	8,722,158,216
2009	12,771,479	12,771,479	100.00%	0.00	12,771,479	100.00%	9,131,986,822
2010	13,249,396	13,249,396	100.00%	0.00	13,249,396	100.00%	7,340,109,448
2011	10,028,301	10,028,301	100.00%	0.00	10,028,301	100.00%	7,306,678,967
2012	9,724,002	9,724,002	100.00%	0.00	9,724,002	100.00%	6,827,468,449
2013	9,607,770	9,607,770	100.00%	0.00	9,607,770	100.00%	6,756,875,560
2014	10,175,469	10,175,469	100.00%	0.00	10,175,469	100.00%	7,209,256,120

Note: San Joaquin County is on the Teeter Plan. The County remits 100% of all taxes assessed and keeps all penalties and interest on all delinquent taxes.

#### Source:

- 1. San Joaquin County Office of the Auditor-Controller
- 2. City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department

# CITY OF TRACY SALES TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Measure E Rate	Prop K Rate	Transportation Development Act Rate	San Joaquin County Rate	State Rate		Total Sales Tax Rate
2005	1%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5%		7.75%
2006	1%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5%		7.75%
2007	1%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5%		7.75%
2008	1%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	5%		7.75%
2009	1%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	6%	(1)	8.75%
2010	1%		0.50%	0.25%	1%	6%		8.75%
2011	1%	0.50%	0.50%	0.25%	1%	6%	(2)	8.75%
2012	1%	0.50%	0.50%	0.25%	1%	5%		8.25%
2013	1%	0.50%	0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.25%	(3)	8.50%
2014	1%	0.50%	0.50%	0.25%	1%	5.25%	(3)	8.50%

- (1) A 1% increase in Sales and Use Tax became effective as of April 1, 2009 to augment the State's budget. On May 19, 2009, the voters did not approve the proposed "Budget Stabilization" constitutional amendment and the expiration date of this 1% is on July 1, 2011.
- (2) Tracy voters approved Measure E, a half cent sales tax with a 5-year sunset effective April 1, 2011
- (3) Voters approved Proposition 30, a state-wide quarter cent sales tax with a 4-year sunset effective January 1, 2013

#### Source:

Office of the Auditor-Controller, San Joaquin County
Finance and Administrative Services Department, City of Tracy

## CITY OF TRACY WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Wat	ter	Wastewater
Monthly	Per 100	Monthly
Base Rate	cubic feet	Base Rate
		_
17.15	0.85	22.25
17.15	0.85	31.00
17.15	0.85	31.00
20.40	1.00	31.00
20.40	1.00	31.00
20.40	1.00	31.00
20.40	1.00	31.00
20.40	1.00	31.00
20.40	1.00	34.00
20.40	1.00	34.00
	Monthly Base Rate  17.15 17.15 17.15 20.40 20.40 20.40 20.40 20.40 20.40 20.40	Base Rate         cubic feet           17.15         0.85           17.15         0.85           17.15         0.85           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00           20.40         1.00

#### Notes:

100 cubic feet = 748 gallons

Rates are based on 1 inch meter-the standard household meter size in Tracy. Utiltiy charges an excess use rate above normal demand.

#### Source:

Finance & Administrative Services Department-City of Tracy

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### **DEBT CAPACITY**

CITY OF TRACY
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gove	ernmental Activitie	es		Business	Activity				
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Obligation Bonds (a)	Special Assessment Bonds (b)	Capital Leases (b)	Water Revenue Bonds (b)	Water/Sewer Notes Payable (b)	Sewer Revenue Bonds (b)	Airport Notes Payable (b)	Total Primary Government	Per Capita	Population
2005	13,435,000	146,735,000	265,345	945,000	9,211,877	33,785,000	184,966	204,562,188	2,612	78,310
2006	13,025,000	153,395,000	641,339	645,000	8,572,915	33,505,000	171,558	209,962,262	2,609	80,461
2007	12,600,000	158,750,000	520,835	330,000	25,176,853	33,215,000	157,285	230,749,973	2,845	81,107
2008	14,685,000	153,485,000	395,533	-	26,378,839	32,305,000	142,147	227,391,519	2,788	81,548
2009	24,215,000	147,940,000	265,356	-	25,414,136	31,420,000	126,144	229,380,636	2,807	81,714
2010	23,830,000	142,050,000	202,867	-	24,442,470	30,510,000	109,275	221,144,612	2,713	81,519
2011	23,660,000	135,810,000	137,879	-	23,402,994	29,580,000	91,541	212,682,414	2,550	83,418
2012	23,465,000	130,480,000	70,293	-	19,274,382	28,630,000	72,942	201,992,617	2,408	83,900
2013	23,245,000	124,800,000	-	-	18,392,152	27,645,000	53,478	194,135,630	2,309	84,060
2014	23,000,000	120,700,000	908,516	-	14,489,157	26,630,000	33,149	185,760,822	2,182	85,146

Note: Special Assessment Bonds have no City commitments.

#### Source:

<sup>(</sup>a) California Municipal Statistics

<sup>(</sup>b) Finance and Administrative Services Department, City of Tracy

# CITY OF TRACY RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Outstanding General Bond Debt

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Tax Allocation Bonds	Total	Percent of Assessed Value	Per Capita
2005	13,435,000	55,050,000	68,485,000	0.88%	875
2006	13,025,000	54,070,000	67,095,000	0.77%	834
2007	12,600,000	53,065,000	65,665,000	0.73%	810
2008	14,685,000	52,030,000	66,715,000	0.76%	818
2009	24,215,000	50,965,000	75,180,000	0.82%	920
2010	23,830,000	49,860,000	73,690,000	1.00%	904
2011	23,660,000	48,715,000	72,375,000	0.99%	868
2012	23,465,000	-	23,465,000	0.34%	280
2013	23,245,000	-	23,245,000	0.34%	277
2014	23,000,000	-	23,000,000	0.34%	274

Source:

Finance and Administrative Services Department, City of Tracy

## CITY OF TRACY DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2014

2013-14 Assessed Valuation: \$ 7,479,463,467

	Total Debt			City's Share of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	 06/30/2014	% Applicable (1	<u> </u>	ebt 06/30/2013
San Joaquin Delta Community College District	\$ 118,117,891	12.445 %	5	14,699,772
Tracy Unified School District	44,610,000	62.425		27,847,793
Tracy Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 3	32,487,637	91.178		29,621,578
Banta School District	655,000	34.829		228,130
Jefferson School District	29,281,664	65.180		19,085,789
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 87-1	12,045,000	100		12,045,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 89-1	5,730,000	100		5,730,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 93-1	2,780,000	100		2,780,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 98-1	53,290,000	100		53,290,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 98-3	2,450,000	100		2,450,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 99-1	5,425,000	100		5,425,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 99-2	9,745,000	100		9,745,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2000-1	12,525,000	100		12,525,000
City of Tracy Community Facilities District No. 2006-1	10,420,000	100		10,420,000
City of Tracy 1915 Act Bonds	8,705,000	100		8,705,000
California Statewide Community Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds	 7,175,350	100		7,175,350
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	\$ 355,442,542		\$	221,773,412
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:				
San Joaquin County Certificates of Participation	\$ 160,065,000	13.725 %	<b>6</b> \$	21,968,921
Lammersville Joint Unified School District General Fund Obligations	30,345,000	0.995		301,933
Byron -Bethany Irrigation District General Fund Obligation	4,995,000	10.978		548,351
City of Tracy General Fund Obligations	23,000,000	100		23,000,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			\$	45,819,205
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	44,975,000	100. %	, =	44,975,000
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT				23,000,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT:				289,567,617
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$	312,567,617 (2)

- (1) The percentage of overlapping adebt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

#### Ratios to 2013-14 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.97%
Total Direct Debt (\$23,000,000)	0.31%
Combined Total Debt	4.18%

#### Ratios to redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$837.597,196)

Source: MuniServices, LLC.
City of Tracy

# CITY OF TRACY LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Millions)

	Fiscal Year										
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	
Assessed Value	\$ 7,341	\$ 6,757	\$ 6,827	\$ 7,307	\$ 7,340	\$ 9,132	\$ 9,563	\$ 9,003	\$ 7,775	\$ 7,879	
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	
Adjusted assessed valuation	1,835	1,689	1,707	1,827	1,835	2,283	2,391	2,251	1,944	1,970	
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	
Debt limit	275	253	256	274	275	342	359	338	292	296	
Total net debt applicable to limit	65	69	71	121	122	138	132	136	125	130	
Legal debt margin	\$ 210	\$ 184	\$ 185	\$ 153	\$ 153	\$ 204	\$ 227	\$ 202	\$ 167	\$ 166	

#### Note:

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15 % of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year form the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

## CITY OF TRACY PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Water revenue bonds/EDA note										
Water revenue	\$ 18,713,676	\$ 15,649,302	\$ 14,559,197	\$ 14,651,850	\$ 15,036,909	\$ 15,963,584	\$ 15,433,890	\$ 14,341,129	\$ 13,381,880	\$ 12,354,096
Less: operating expenses	(12,785,056)	(13,103,307)	(12,196,098)	(12,450,281)	(10,740,838)	(10,485,876)	(10,360,873)	(9,384,661)	(8,821,723)	(5,383,787)
Net available revenue	5,928,620	2,545,995	2,363,099	2,201,569	4,296,071	5,477,708	5,073,017	4,956,468	4,560,157	6,970,309
Debt service:										
Principal	902,995	882,230	4,128,612	1,099,165	1,035,686	964,703	878,166	1,960,910	938,962	1,038,703
Interest	354,924	465,690	531,639	637,999	665,810	731,215	850,589	791,373	477,056	568,637
Total Debt Service	1,257,919	1,347,920	4,660,251	1,737,164	1,701,496	1,695,918	1,728,755	2,752,283	1,416,018	1,607,340
Coverage	4.71	1.89	0.51	1.27	2.52	3.23	2.93	1.80	3.22	4.34
Wastewater revenue bonds:										
Wastewater revenue	13,030,930	12,025,189	11,713,538	12,038,615	11,695,124	12,060,864	13,158,013	12,896,719	9,255,199	8,752,321
Less: operating expenses	(7,211,266)	(6,378,330)	(7,617,428)	(7,784,380)	(6,249,869)	(6,846,611)	(5,030,130)	(4,666,466)	(4,509,073)	(4,150,266)
Net available revenue	5,819,664	5,646,859	4,096,110	4,254,235	5,445,255	5,214,253	8,127,883	8,230,253	4,746,126	4,602,055
Debt service:										
Principal	1,015,000	985,000	950,000	993,010	911,535	885,000	910,000	290,000	280,000	280,000
Interest	1,236,956	1,285,258	1,313,920	1,342,757	1,366,758	1,375,786	1,370,803	1,413,783	1,429,186	1,699,361
Total Debt Service	2,251,956	2,270,258	2,263,920	2,335,767	2,278,293	2,260,786	2,280,803	1,703,783	1,709,186	1,979,361
Coverage	2.58	2.49	1.81	1.82	2.39	2.31	2.81	4.83	2.78	2.33
Tax allocation bonds:										
Tax increment	-	-	4,359,166	7,594,352	8,854,067	10,259,535	10,153,405	9,459,352	7,943,581	6,449,080
Debt service:										
Principal	-	-	1,195,000	1,145,000	1,105,000	1,065,000	1,035,000	1,005,000	980,000	670,000
Interest	-	-	1,262,289	2,576,992	2,613,989	2,669,812	2,690,489	2,714,677	2,739,269	2,753,317
Total Debt Service			2,457,289	3,721,992	3,718,989	3,734,812	3,725,489	3,719,677	3,719,269	3,423,317
Coverage	-	-	1.77	2.04	2.38	2.75	2.73	2.54	2.14	1.88

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation expenses.

Source: City of Tracy. Finance and Administrative Services Department

### **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION**

# CITY OF TRACY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

City of Tracy

San Joaquin County

	Labor		Unemp	oloyment	Census Ratios			Labor	Unemployment			
Fiscal	Population	Force	Employment	Rate	Number	Employed	Unemployed	Population	Force	Employment	Rate	Number
Year	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
2005	78,310	32,500	30,900	4.8%	1,600	N/A	N/A	655,866	284,200	261,700	7.8%	22,500
2006	80,461	32,700	31,200	4.5%	1,500	N/A	N/A	662,395	284,300	263,200	7.2%	21,100
2007	81,107	32,930	31,310	4.9%	1,620	N/A	N/A	667,886	289,200	265,800	7.7%	23,300
2008	81,548	34,100	32,000	6.2%	2,100	N/A	N/A	672,388	293,000	262,700	9.5%	30,300
2009	81,714	34,169	28,872	15.5%	5,297	N/A	N/A	674,860	298,200	252,600	14.8%	45,600
2010	81,519	32,800	29,600	9.7%	3,200	N/A	N/A	685,306	298,900	247,200	16.4%	51,800
2011	83,418	32,900	29,800	9.6%	3,100	0.116975	0.068724	682,660	295,300	244,000	16.7%	51,300
2012	83,900	32,900	29,800	9.5%	3,100	N/A	N/A	695,750	300,300	254,800	15.1%	45,500
2013	84,060	32,700	29,600	9.5%	3,100	0.116975	0.068724	692,997	298,500	253,200	15.2%	45,300
2014	85,146	33,100	30,500	8.0%	2,600	N/A	N/A	701,745	298,800	260,400	12.8%	38,400

#### Sources:

<sup>(1)</sup> California Employment Development Department-Labor Market Information

<sup>(2)</sup> California State Department of Finance (data shown is for the City of Tracy)

## CITY OF TRACY PRINCIPAL TAX PAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2014 2005 Taxable Percentage of Taxable Percentage of **Assessed Total Taxable** Assessed **Total Taxable Taxpayer Name** Value Assessed Value Value Rank Assessed Value Rank Tracy Mall Partners Lp 101,999,209 1.39% 85,161,913 2 1.29% Leprino Foods Company Corp 84,976,429 2 1.16% 93,041,455 1 1.41% Prologis 79,870,518 3 1.09% 11,247,608 22 0.17% Pac Corporate Center Tracy 53,658,630 4 0.73% Central Valley Ltd Liability 53,225,560 5 0.73% 45,540,821 3 0.69% Us Industrial Reit Container I 42.423.576 6 0.58% Tce Tracy Llc 32,712,488 7 0.45% Car Corral Hollow Llc 31,168,129 8 0.42% Us Cold Storage Of Calif 28,644,603 9 0.39% 16,716,841 14 0.25% Mg Waterstone Apartments Lp 25,250,000 10 0.34% 0.32% Excel Tracy Pavilion Llc 23,731,429 11 Yrc Inc 23,703,056 12 0.32% Wal Mart 0.16% 22.027.613 13 0.30% 10,256,555 23 21.937.745 0.30% Amb Property Lp 14 Lba Ppf Industrial Macarthur 21,675,000 15 0.30% Kaiser Foundation Health Plan 20,899,755 16 0.28% Sycamore Village Invest 20,232,568 17 0.28% 17,382,765 0.26% 13 Taylor Farms Pacific Inc 18,744,094 18 0.26% Queirolo Shirlee M 18,668,886 19 0.25% 16,304,838 17 0.25% Costco Wholesale Corp 18,069,665 20 0.25% 16,601,276 15 0.25% Save Mart Supermarket 0.25% 15,196,227 0.23% 18.054.127 21 19 Inland Container Corp 17,710,955 22 0.24% 17,904,657 9 0.27% Red Maple Village Lp 17,125,926 23 0.23% 2800 North Tracy Blvd 14,788,680 24 0.20% 25 0.19% Patterson Gary L 14,061,023 Orchard Supply Hardware Corp 0.44% 29,030,640 4 Yellow Freight System Inc 24,143,910 5 0.37% Standard Pacific Corp 20,072,963 0.30% 6 Consolidated Container Company 18,101,378 0.27% 7 Comcast Corp 17,959,889 8 0.27% Second Horizon Group LTD 17,775,730 10 0.27% Tracy Pavilion LLC 17,530,124 11 0.27% RRG RMC Tracy LLC 17,425,814 12 0.26% Pattillo Development Partners 16,482,383 16 0.25% 0.24% O'Brien Mark T 15,807,151 18 Distribution Ventures LLC 12.079.227 20 0.18% Stuart Limited Partnership 11,817,009 21 0.18% Rubio Larry R & Paige A 9,850,845 24 0.15% HD Development of Maryland Inc 25 9,300,000 0.14% 11.24% 8.83% Total Top 25 Taxpayers 825,359,664 Total Taxable Assessed Value 7,340,810,048 100.00% 6,602,740,428 100.00%

Source: San Joaquin County Assessor's Office, MuniServices, LLC

# CITY OF TRACY PRINCIPAL SALES TAX PRODUCERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2014 2005

Taxpayer Name	<b>Business Type</b>	Taxpayer Name	Business Type		
American Truck & Trlr Body	Auto Parts/Repair	Albertson'S Food Centers	Food Markets		
Arco Am/Pm Mini Marts	Service Stations	American Truck & Trlr Body	Auto Parts/Repair		
Barbosa Cabinets	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Arco Am/Pm Mini Marts	Service Stations		
Best Buy Stores	Furniture/Appliance	Best Buy Stores	Furniture/Appliance		
Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations	Boat Center	Misc. Vehicle Sales		
Costco Wholesale	Department Stores	Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations		
Crate & Barrel	Miscellaneous Retail	Costco Wholesale	Department Stores		
Home Depot	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Gottschalks Department Store	Department Stores		
Independent Utility Supply	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Home Depot	Bldg.Matls-Retail		
Macy'S Department Store	Department Stores	Kenko Utility Supply	Bldg.Matls-Whsle		
Nixon-Egli Equipment Company	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Leggett & Platt Inc.	Heavy Industry		
Premier Hyundai Of Tracy	Auto Sales - New	Morri Automotive	Auto Sales - New		
Safeway Service Stations	Service Stations	Nixon-Egli Equipment Company	Bldg.Matls-Whsle		
Shell Service Stations	Service Stations	Safeway Service Stations	Service Stations		
Target Stores	Department Stores	Safeway Stores	Food Markets		
Tracy Chevrolet	Auto Sales - New	Sears Roebuck & Company	Department Stores		
Tracy Ford Mercury	Auto Sales - New	Target Stores	Department Stores		
Tracy Honda	Auto Sales - New	Tracy Chevrolet	Auto Sales - New		
Tracy Mazda	Auto Sales - New	Tracy Chrysler/Plymouth/Dodge	Auto Sales - New		
Tracy Nissan	Auto Sales - New	Tracy Honda	Auto Sales - New		
Tracy Toyota	Auto Sales - New	Tracy Nissan	Auto Sales - New		
Tracy Truck & Auto Stop	Service Stations	Tracy Pontiac/Cadillac/Gmc	Auto Sales - New		
Wal Mart Stores	Department Stores	Tracy Toyota	Auto Sales - New		
Save Mart Supermarkets	Food Markets	Tracy Truck & Auto Stop	Service Stations		
Southwest School & Office Sply	Miscellaneous Retail	Wal Mart Stores	Department Stores		

Source: 2012-13 SBOE data, MuniServices, LLCTop Sales Tax Producers listed in alphabetical order.

# CITY OF TRACY FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year									
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Legislative	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
City Attorney	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
City Treasurer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Administrative	7	7	7	7	7	16	17	6	6	6
Human Resources	5	5	6	6	6	9	9	9	7	7
Finance & Information Systems	24	23	23	23	23	26	27	25	25	24
Police	135	135	134	133	135	154	155	141	132	126
Fire	78	80	82	78	78	85	84	81	107	104
Economic Development	2	2	4	8	6	6	5			
Development and Engineering	40	38	48	41	44	55	55	52	54	52
Public Works	46	46	59	59	66	71	74	80	64	66
Parks and Community Services	35	41	50	59	50	48	49	40	18	18
Water	39	39	40	40	41	44	44	40	38	38
Wastewater	27	26	28	28	29	29	29	25	24	24
Airport	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Solid waste	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Transit	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Drainage	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total	456	460	499	499	502	560	565	515	491	482

Source: City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department

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### **OPERATING INDICATORS**

## CITY OF TRACY OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal	Year				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
General Government										
Building Permits Issued	1,924	1,435	1,293	915	844	898	774	790	1,136	1,271
Building Inspections requested	9,128	6,189	4,568	2,975	3,377	2,859	5,334	7,920	18,008	24,093
Police:										
Arrests	2,541	2,765	2,896	2,941	3,415	4,435	4,450	4,448	3,561	3,787
Parking citations issued	1,454	1,472	2,196	3,153	4,704	2,948	2,916	2,292	2,107	2,282
Traffic violations	3,798	3,519	5,281	6,668	7,347	7,007	6,867	8,059	6,132	6,959
Fire:										
Number of emergency calls	6,443	6,322	5,951	5,570	5,717	6,159	6,165	6,580	5,907	5,135
Inspections	3,333	3,114	3,416	2,383	1,614	3,776	3,814	3,586	2,316	2,106
Water:										
Water Mains (miles)	420	410	410	402	402	402	402	400	395	390
New connections	45	23	20	20	22	25	40	40	600	1,200
Maximum Daily Capacity (gallons)										
(millions of gallons)	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
Average daily consumptions (gallons)										
(millions of gallons)	15	15	15	14.4	16	16	16	16	16	16
Sewer:										
Sanitary Sewer (miles)	415	410	410	400	400	400	400	400	395	390
New connections	45	22	14	20	22	25	40	40	600	1,200
Average daily treatment (gallons)										
(millions of gallons)	9.5	9.5	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Airport:										
Hangar rentals	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76
Solid waste:										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	211	205	198	194	227	339	342	339	325	339
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	66	65	64	66	49	26	28	27	27	27
Transit:										
Average daily passengers	444	418	357	325	334	323	329	325	318	361
Total route miles	228,817	237,089	226,808	152,284	158,211	154,937	236,684	236,689	213,928	206,975

Source: City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department

## CITY OF TRACY CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

					Fiscal	Year				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Police: Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire: Number of stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Public works: Number of street lights Number of traffic signals	5,430 84	5,430 78	5,430 78	5,430	4,781	4,770	4,763	4,752	4,658	3,967
Parks and recreation:  Number of parks  Number of community centers	76 3	76 3	76 3	76 3	76 3	76 3	76 3	74 3	74 3	69 3
Water: Water mains (miles)	420	410	410	395	395	395	395	395	395	390
Wastewater Sanitary sewers (miles)	415	410	410	395	395	395	395	395	395	390
Airport: Number of hangars	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76	76
Transit: Number of vehicles	9	8	8	8	8	8	6	8	8	8

Source: City of Tracy, Finance and Administrative Services Department

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